Ronald Reagan Presidential Library Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual collections.

WHORM Subject File Code: SP-1150 Casefile Number(s): 502621 (1)

To see more digitized collections visit: <u>https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library</u>

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library inventories visit: <u>https://reaganlibrary.gov/document-collection</u>

Contact a reference archivist at: reagan.library@nara.gov

Citation Guidelines: <u>https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing</u>

National Archives Catalogue: <u>https://catalog.archives.gov/</u>

WITHDRAWAL SHEET **Ronald Reagan Library**

Collection: WHORM: Subject File

Archivist: ggc

File Folder: SP 1150 (502621) [1 of 2]

Date: 1/17/97

| 1. memo to Thomas Griscom from Colin Powell re Presidential remarks at Tempelhof Airport (1p, partial) n.d. P5 1. memo 1/16/01 1/16/01 1 | DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE | SUBJECT/TITLE | DATE | RESTRICTION |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|------|-------------|
| | | | n.d. | |

RESTRICTION CODES

- Presidential Records Act [44 U.S.C. 2204[a)] P-1 National security classified information [(a)(1) of the PRA]. P-2 Relating to appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]. P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]. P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information ((a)(4) of the PRA]. (a)(4) of the PRA). Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or P-5
- between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]. P-6
- Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA].
- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- F-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA].
 F-2 Release could disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]. Release would violate a Federal statue [(b)(3) of the FOIA]. Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information F-3
- F-4
- [(b)(4) of the FOIA]. Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the F-6 FOIA].
- F-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]. Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(r) of the FOIA].
- F-8 [(b)(8) of the FOIA]. Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of
- F-9 the FOIA].

WITHDRAWAL SHEET **Ronald Reagan Library**

Collection: WHORM: Subject File

Archivist: ggc

File Folder: SP 1150 (502621) [1 of 2]

Date: 1/17/97

| DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE | SUBJECT/TITLE | DATE | RESTRICTION |
|--------------------------|---|------|-------------|
| | to Thomas Griscom from Colin Powell re Presidential remarks at Tempelhof Airport (1p, partial) | n.d. | P5 |
| | | | |

RESTRICTION CODES

- Presidential Records Act [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)] P-1 National security classified information [(a)(1) of the PRA]. P-2 Relating to appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA].
- P-3
- Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]. Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information P-4
- [(a)(4) of the PRA].
- [(a)(4) or the PRA].
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA].
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA].
- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

- Freedom of Information Act [5 U.S.C. 552(b)] F-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA].
- F-2 Release could disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]. F-3 Release would violate a Federal statue [(b)(3) of the FOIA].
- F-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA].
- F-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA].
- F-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of
- the FOIA]. Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions F-8 [(b)(8) of the FOIA].
- F-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA].



The President has seen (Robinson/Griscom)

6:00 p.m. (Italy) 5

June 9, 1987

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT WEST BERLIN, GERMANY FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1987

Thank you, thank you all. Chancellor Kohl, Mayor Diepgen, General Mitchell, ladies and gentlemen: It's an honor for me to be able to join you today at this 750th birthday party for the city of Berlin. I'm especially pleased to be here today because -- well, it's not often that I get to go to a birthday party for something older than myself.

Let me begin by conveying the warmest greetings of the American people to all of you here today. While only a small fraction of the Berlin community can be here in this hall, our good wishes go to all the residents of this marvelous city, wherever they may live.

I am happy to see so many young people here this afternoon. There are two groups of local teenagers I would like to greet in a special way -- the graduating classes of the Berlin-American high school and of the city's John F. Kennedy School.

Congratulations on a job well done!

HLANG M

This is a celebration for all of Berlin. To those of you in the East who are watching on television but unable to attend in person, you are here with us in spirit. The traditional banners of Berlin's twenty districts, east and west, around this hall, remind me of the kinship that exists among all people of this city.

By its very existence and character, Berlin remains the most compelling argument for an open world. We are reminded of the

NSC 8703586 4 8704354 Memo for Dolan from Grant Green dated Jun 8 87

1 - 11

many traditions of openness and democracy that have marked the history of this city.

certe e

America has a special relationship with Berlin that extends beyond formal political or economic ties. Like America, Berlin is a place of great energy. We see our own hopes and ideals mirrored in the energy and courage of Berliners and draw strength from our joint efforts here.

This sense is symbolized by the nearly 14,000 American soldiers, airmen, and their families who live and work in close cooperation with Berliners to ensure the defense of our common goals. And let me make one point clear: Our troops will remain here as long as they are wanted and needed by Berliners to demonstrate to the other side that force and coercion cannot succeed.

Several thousand other Americans from all walks of life make an important contribution to the business and cultural life of this city. We have joined the centuries-old tradition of Berlin and, in a real sense, we have become Berliners.

A few moments ago here at Tempelhof, I shook hands with three men who testify to the way you Berliners and we Americans play such a proud role in each others' lives: Three former U.S. Air Force pilots, veterans of one of the most remarkable operations in modern history, the Berlin Airlift.

On his flights, Colonel Gale Halvorsen tossed small, candy-filled parachutes to the children of Berlin as his plane approached the Tempelhof runway. Yes, Colonel Halvorsen was one of the famous Rosinenbomber [Rose-EEN-in-bomber] pilots who every

т. 62 — <u>Б</u>а

Berliner of that generation still remembers with warmth and affection.

cr - e fr - r

Another Airlift veteran, Captain Jack Bennett, has many friends here today; he lives in Berlin.

As for Colonel Allen Chealander, when the Soviets blockaded Berlin, Colonel Chealander had been back in civilian life for just 8 months. He and his wife had an infant son and another child on the way. Those precious 8 months were the first Colonel Chealander had been able to devote to his family since the long years of the War. Yet, when called up for the Airlift, he never hesitated. Looking back on those days of constant hardship, of danger scorned, Colonel Chealander says simply this: "We had a job to do, and we did it." In those few words, hear the understatement of a hero.

I am especially pleased that Colonel Chealander and his son, who saw him only briefly before he returned to service to help fight the Blockade and who is now my own military aide, are both with us here today.

I have met other heroes as well, German heroes of Berlin.

Truemmerfrauen [Try-mer-FRAU-in] -- women who 40 years ago collected and cleaned bricks from the rubble to rebuild their homes, their churches, their schools, their very way of life.

A political leader who served in that one freely-elected city parliament for all Berlin. But in those immediate post-war days, she discovered her own party falling under Communist influence and helped start the F.D.P. here in West Berlin.

1 5 1

A scholar, expelled by the Soviets from the city's old Humboldt University in the east, who then joined in founding what has become one of the world's major institutions of higher learning, the Free University of Berlin.

C t t tr

A group of RIAS [REE-oss] employees of the first hour who helped us get the voice of freedom on the city's airwaves in those early post-war years and ever since. For 40 years, radio in the American sector has been a voice of freedom and an essential part of our continuing commitment to Berlin. Now, we are taking another important step in German-American relations by moving forward to make RIAS [REE-oss] television a reality.

An East Berlin border guard who decided to live in freedom rather than building a wall that removes even the most basic rights of freedom and self-government.

Then, too, I have met Berliners whose actions speak with confidence of the city's present and future: A professor at the Free University who has flown in outer space as a member of the German D-1 astronaut program. Winners of the 1987 computer contest sponsored by the "Berlin-U.S.A." initiative. And the director of a school where the children of many East German and Polish emigre families receive their first Western education. Incidentally, I understand that each year these pupils are among the highest achievers in all Berlin.

In each face, I've seen abiding pride in this city and its accomplishments. Indeed, there has been something deeply moving -- something humbling -- about meeting these heroes of Berlin. I feel your pride in what you have done for your city, your zest for life, your confidence and hope from having overcome so many obstacles, and the strength of your commitment to overcome those that remain. You have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty, and perhaps the courage of your example is the greatest gift you give to us every day of our lives.

e e e tra a

Today, when most Americans think of Berlin, they recall our post-war relationship with this city. As we celebrate this 750th birthday, it's worth remembering that America's ties with Berlin go back many years. More than 20 American communities bear the name "Berlin." Three of our Founding Fathers -- Thomas Jefferson, Benjamin Franklin, and John Adams -- negotiated a treaty of friendship and commerce with Frederick the Great in 1785, establishing a basis for the special relationship we enjoy today.

Americans were affected in other ways by this city when some of the "best and brightest" people active in Berlin came to the United States. Albert Einstein, George Grosz [Grose], Arnold Schoenberg [SHEWN-berg], Kurt Weill [Vile], Mies [Meez] van der Rohe [ROW-ah] -- the list of former residents of this city who changed the face of modern America is practically limitless.

So, we celebrate with you today, remembering the heroic deeds of these [indicate on-stage heroes] and all Berliners, and the long-standing relationship between our two countries. But let's not forget the painful lessons of the not-so-recent past and draw on those experiences. Together, we can build a better future for this city, for Europe, and for the world.

er r'r r

As we look toward the 21st century, the ideals the world associates with the free part of Berlin are gaining in recognition. History did not come to an end in 1945, and it will not do so now. Berlin is a city of the future. It stands as a beacon for freedom and shines brightly for all Berliners to see.

In the name of the American people, I want to congratulate all 3 million Berliners on the occasion of your anniversary. Perhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the free people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. So it is that we have much to celebrate today. So it is that, on behalf of my Nation, I thank you.

Having witnessed your courage and determination for all these years, I am confident in extending the heartfelt best wishes of all Americans for your city's future.

Page 6

1. E. E.

Document No.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: _______ ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: ______

· · · ·

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT

| | ACTIO | N FYL | | | |
|----------------|-------|-------|-----------|--|----|
| VICE PRESIDENT | | ¥, | FITZWATER | | 4 |
| BAKER | | ¥, | GRISCOM | | é, |
| DUBERSTEIN | | ¥. | HENKEL | | |
| MILLER - OMB | | | HOBBS | | |
| BALL | | ¥. | KING | | |
| BAUER | | 7 | MASENG | | |
| CARLUCCI | | | RISQUE | | |
| CRIBB | | | RYAN | | |
| CRIPPEN | | | SPRINKEL | | |
| CULVAHOUSE | | ¥, | TUTTLE | | |
| DAWSON | □P | ss | DOLAN | | |
| DONATELLI | | | | | |

REMARKS: FYI -- The attached has been forwarded to the President.

RESPONSE:

Rhett Dawson Ext. 2702

er . .

. . .

8

Document No.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/10/87 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY:

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT

| | ACTIO | ACTION FY | | | |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|----|
| VICE PRESIDENT | | W, | FITZWATER | | 4 |
| BAKER | | V, | GRISCOM | | ¢, |
| DUBERSTEIN | | ¥ | HENKEL | | |
| MILLER - OMB | | | HOBBS | | |
| BALL | | ¢. | KING | | |
| BAUER | | 5 | MASENG | | |
| CARLUCCI | | M | RISQUE | | |
| CRIBB | | | RYAN | | |
| CRIPPEN | | • | SPRINKEL | | |
| CULVAHOUSE | | v, | TUTTLE | | 7 |
| DAWSON | _P | Iss | DOLAN | | |
| DONATELLI | | | | ۵ | |

REMARKS: FYI -- The attached has been forwarded to the President.

RESPONSE:

(Robinson/Griscom) June 9, 1987 6:00 p.m. (Italy)

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT WEST BERLIN, GERMANY FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1987

Thank you, thank you all. Chancellor Kohl, Mayor Diepgen, General Mitchell, ladies and gentlemen: It's an honor for me to be able to join you today at this 750th birthday party for the city of Berlin. I'm especially pleased to be here today because -- well, it's not often that I get to go to a birthday party for something older than myself.

Let me begin by conveying the warmest greetings of the American people to all of you here today. While only a small fraction of the Berlin community can be here in this hall, our good wishes go to all the residents of this marvelous city, wherever they may live.

I am happy to see so many young people here this afternoon. There are two groups of local teenagers I would like to greet in a special way -- the graduating classes of the Berlin-American high school and of the city's John F. Kennedy School. Congratulations on a job well done!

This is a celebration for all of Berlin. To those of you in the East who are watching on television but unable to attend in person, you are here with us in spirit. The traditional banners of Berlin's twenty districts, east and west, around this hall, remind me of the kinship that exists among all people of this city.

By its very existence and character, Berlin remains the most compelling argument for an open world. We are reminded of the

many traditions of openness and democracy that have marked the history of this city.

America has a special relationship with Berlin that extends beyond formal political or economic ties. Like America, Berlin is a place of great energy. We see our own hopes and ideals mirrored in the energy and courage of Berliners and draw strength from our joint efforts here.

This sense is symbolized by the nearly 14,000 American soldiers, airmen, and their families who live and work in close cooperation with Berliners to ensure the defense of our common goals. And let me make one point clear: Our troops will remain here as long as they are wanted and needed by Berliners to demonstrate to the other side that force and coercion cannot succeed.

Several thousand other Americans from all walks of life make an important contribution to the business and cultural life of this city. We have joined the centuries-old tradition of Berlin and, in a real sense, we have become Berliners.

A few moments ago here at Tempelhof, I shook hands with three men who testify to the way you Berliners and we Americans play such a proud role in each others' lives: Three former U.S. Air Force pilots, veterans of one of the most remarkable operations in modern history, the Berlin Airlift.

On his flights, Colonel Gale Halvorsen tossed small, candy-filled parachutes to the children of Berlin as his plane approached the Tempelhof runway. Yes, Colonel Halvorsen was one of the famous Rosinenbomber [Rose-EEN-in-bomber] pilots who every

BBØ

Berliner of that generation still remembers with warmth and affection.

Another Airlift veteran, Captain Jack Bennett, has many friends here today; he lives in Berlin.

As for Colonel Allen Chealander, when the Soviets blockaded Berlin, Colonel Chealander had been back in civilian life for just 8 months. He and his wife had an infant son and another child on the way. Those precious 8 months were the first Colonel Chealander had been able to devote to his family since the long years of the War. Yet, when called up for the Airlift, he never hesitated. Looking back on those days of constant hardship, of danger scorned, Colonel Chealander says simply this: "We had a job to do, and we did it." In those few words, hear the understatement of a hero.

I am especially pleased that Colonel Chealander and his son, who saw him only briefly before he returned to service to help fight the Blockade and who is now my own military aide, are both with us here today.

I have met other heroes as well, German heroes of Berlin.

Truemmerfrauen [Try-mer-FRAU-in] -- women who 40 years ago collected and cleaned bricks from the rubble to rebuild their homes, their churches, their schools, their very way of life.

A political leader who served in that one freely-elected city parliament for all Berlin. But in those immediate post-war days, she discovered her own party falling under Communist influence and helped start the F.D.P. here in West Berlin.

PAGE 02

Page 4

.A scholar, expelled by the Soviets from the city's old Humboldt University in the east, who then joined in founding what has become one of the world's major institutions of higher learning, the Free University of Berlin.

A group of RIAS [REE-oss] employees of the first hour who helped us get the voice of freedom on the city's airwaves in those early post-war years and ever since. For 40 years, radio in the American sector has been a voice of freedom and an essential part of our continuing commitment to Berlin. Now, we are taking another important step in German-American relations by moving forward to make RIAS [REE-oss] television a reality.

An East Berlin border guard who decided to live in freedom rather than building a wall that removes even the most basic rights of freedom and self-government.

Then, too, I have met Berliners whose actions speak with confidence of the city's present and future: A professor at the Free University who has flown in outer space as a member of the German D-1 astronaut program. Winners of the 1987 computer contest sponsored by the "Berlin-U.S.A." initiative. And the director of a school where the children of many East German and Polish emigre families receive their first Western education. Incidentally, I understand that each year these pupils are among the highest achievers in all Berlin.

In each face, I've seen abiding pride in this city and its accomplishments. Indeed, there has been something deeply moving -- something humbling -- about meeting these heroes of Berlin. I feel your pride in what you have done for your city,

your zest for life, your confidence and hope from having overcome so many obstacles, and the strength of your commitment to overcome those that remain. You have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty, and perhaps the courage of your example is the greatest gift you give to us every day of our lives.

Today, when most Americans think of Berlin, they recall our post-war relationship with this city. As we celebrate this 750th birthday, it's worth remembering that America's ties with Berlin go back many years. More than 20 American communities bear the name "Berlin." Three of our Founding Fathers -- Thomas Jefferson, Benjamin Franklin, and John Adams -- negotiated a treaty of friendship and commerce with Frederick the Great in 1785, establishing a basis for the special relationship we enjoy today.

Americans were affected in other ways by this city when some of the "best and brightest" people active in Berlin came to the United States. Albert Einstein, George Grosz [Grose], Arnold Schoenberg [SHEWN-berg], Kurt Weill [Vile], Mies [Meez] van der Rohe [ROW-ah] -- the list of former residents of this city who changed the face of modern America is practically limitless.

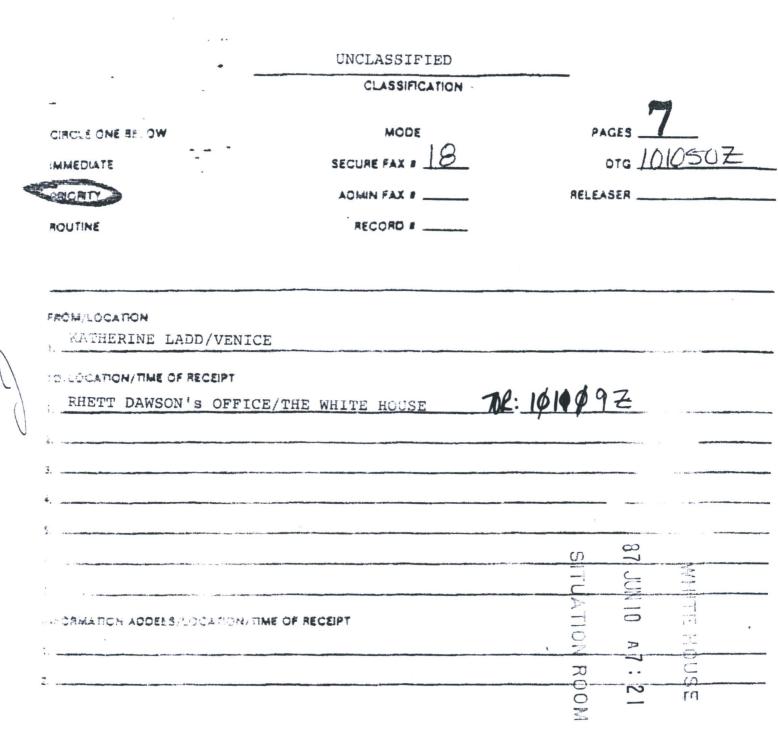
So, we celebrate with you today, remembering the heroic deeds of these [indicate on-stage heroes] and all Berliners, and the long-standing relationship between our two countries. But let's not forget the painful lessons of the not-so-recent past

and draw on those experiences. Together, we can build a better future for this city, for Europe, and for the world.

As we look toward the 21st century, the ideals the world associates with the free part of Berlin are gaining in recognition. History did not come to an end in 1945, and it will not do so now. Berlin is a city of the future. It stands as a beacon for freedom and shines brightly for all Berliners to see.

In the name of the American people, I want to congratulate all 3 million Berliners on the occasion of your anniversary. Ferhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the free people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. So it is that we have much to celebrate today, So it is that, on behalf of my Nation, I thank you.

Having witnessed your courage and determination for all these years, I am confident in extending the heartfelt best wishes of all Americans for your city's future.



SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REMARKS:

Phyllis/Ken: The attached Tempelhof remarks were forwarded to the President. I have distributed to everyone in Venice.

UNCLASSIFIED

Document No.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/8/87 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: NOON on 6/9/87

SUBJECT: REVISED PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT

1.4

r.e

(6/8 - 10am draft)

| | ACTION FYI | | | | ACTION FYI | |
|----------------|------------|-----|-----------|----------------|------------|--|
| VICE PRESIDENT | | Ξ, | FITZWATER | | | |
| BAKER | | ¥, | GRISCOM | >/ , | | |
| DUBERSTEIN | | | HENKEL | | | |
| MILLER - OMB | | | HOBBS | | | |
| BALL | | | KING 🥒 | | | |
| BAUER | Ξ, | | MASENG | | | |
| CARLUCCI | | | RISQUE | | | |
| CRIBB | | | RYAN | | | |
| CRIPPEN | | | SPRINKEL | | | |
| CULVAHOUSE | | | TUTTLE | | | |
| DAWSON | ₽ | Iss | DOLAN | | | |
| DONATELLI | | | | | | |

REMARKS: Please provide any comments directly to Tony Dolan in Venice by noon on Tuesday, June 9th, with an info copy to the Senior Staff Reception office. Thank you.

nu comment

RESPONSE:

Rhett Dawson Ext. 2702

* 'r

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

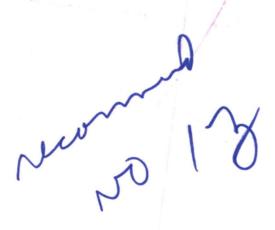
June 8, 1987

MEMORANDUM FOR TOM GRISCOM ANTHONY R. DOLAN

FROM: PETER M. ROBINSON

SUBJECT: Tempelhof Remarks

I'd urge the inclusion of one final line as indicated on the attached. This would permit the President to end on a burst of applause.



Interno Jugor CIPRIANI, ITALY. . VALUTEC 9.6

VALUIEU

6. 1. No.

600

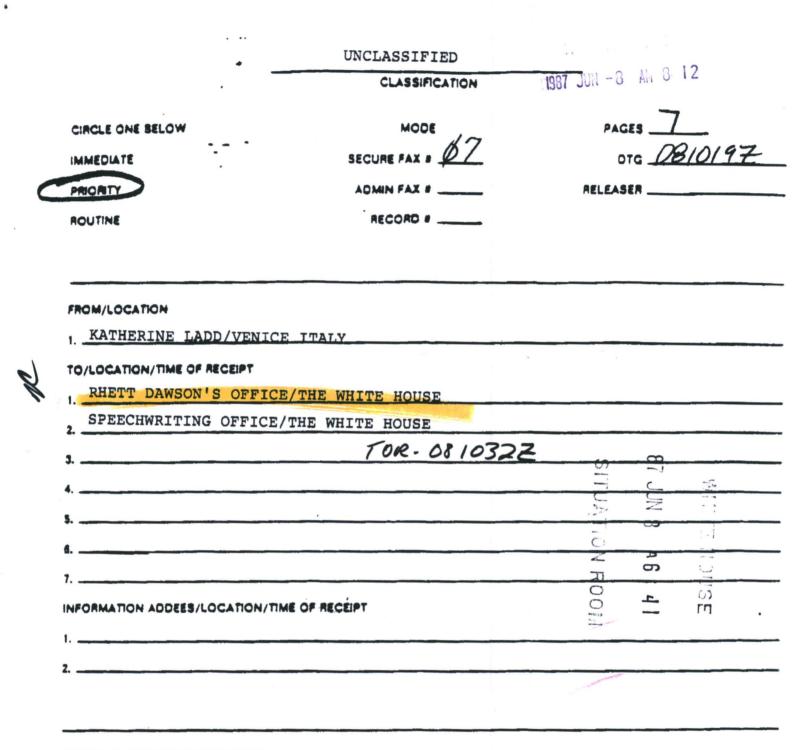
Tempelhof remarks

not do so now. Berlin is a city of the future. It stands as a beacon for freedom and shines brightly for all Berliners to see.

In the name of the American people, I want to congratulate all 3 million Berliners on the occasion of your anniversary. Perhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the free people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. So it is that we have much to celebrate today. So it is that, on behalf of my Nation, I thank you.

Having witnessed your courage and determination for all these years, I am confident in extending the heartfelt best wishes of all Americans for your city's future.

Jesterday, today, or tomorrow: Berlin bleibt immer Berlin EBerlin is always Berlin," a well-loved saying J.



SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REMARKS:

Phyllis/Ken: Attached is a revised set of remarks for Tempelhof on Friday. They are being circulated here in Venice, and a copy is being sent to the Speechwriting office there for research checks. Per Tom Griscom, there is no need to circulate this in D.C.

Document No.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/8/87 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: NOON on 6/9/87

SUBJECT: REVISED PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT (6/8 - 10am draft)

| | (070 - Itam diale) | | | | |
|---|--------------------|----|-----------|------------|--|
| and an an a star star star and star and star star star star star star star star | ACTION FYI | | | ACTION FYI | |
| VICE PRESIDENT | | Π, | FITZWATER | | |
| BAKER | | ۴, | GRISCOM | ×, | |
| DUBERSTEIN | | | HENKEL | | |
| MILLER - OMB | | | HOBBS | | |
| BALL | | | KING | | |
| BAUER | Ξ, | | MASENG | | |
| CARLUCCI | | | RISQUE | | |
| CRIBB | | | RYAN | | |
| CRIPPEN | | ٥ | SPRINKEL | | |
| CULVAHOUSE | | □/ | TUTTLE | | |
| DAWSON | | ss | DOLAN | | |
| DONATELLI | | | | | |

REMARKS: Please provide any comments directly to Tony Dolan in Venice by noon on Tuesday, June 9th, with an info copy to the Senior Staff Reception office. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

(Robinson/Griscom) June 8, 1987 10:00 a.m. (Italy)

TEMPELHOF AIRPORT PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: WEST BERLIN, GERMANY FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1987

Thank you, thank you all. Chancellor Kohl, Mayor Diepgen, General Mitchell, ladies and gentlemen: It's an honor for me to be able to join you today at this 750th birthday party for the city of Berlin. I'm especially pleased to be here today because -- well, it's not often that I get to go to a birthday party for something older than myself.

Let me begin by conveying the warmest greetings of the American people to all of you here today. While only a small fraction of the Berlin community can be here in this hall, our good wishes go to all the residents of this marvelous city, wherever they may live.

This is a celebration for all of Berlin. To those of you in the East who are watching on television but unable to attend in person, you are here with us in spirit. The traditional banners of Berlin's twenty districts, east and west, around this hall, remind me of the kinship that exists among all people of this city.

By its very existence and character, Berlin remains the most compelling argument for an open world. We are reminded of the many traditions of openness and democracy that have marked the history of this city.

America has a special relationship with Berlin that extends beyond formal political or economic ties. Like America, Berlin is a place of great energy, drawing creative people across

Germany and the world and turning them into productive citizens. We see our own hopes and ideals mirrored in the energy and courage of Berliners and draw strength from our joint efforts here.

This sense is symbolized by the nearly 20,000 American soldiers and airmen who work in close cooperation with Berliners to ensure the defense of our common goals. And let me make one point clear: Our troops will remain here as long as they are wanted and needed by Berliners to demonstrate to the other side that force cannot succeed.

Several thousand other Americans from all walks of life make an important contribution to the business and cultural life of this city. We have joined the centuries-old tradition of Berlin and, in a real sense, we have become Berliners.

A few moments ago here at Tempelhof, I shook hands with three men who testify to the way you Berliners and we Americans play such a proud role in each others' lives: Three former U.S. Air Force pilots, veterans of one of the most remarkable operations in modern history, the Berlin Airlift.

On each flight he made, Colonel Gale Halvorsen tossed small, candy-filled parachutes to the children of Berlin as his plane approached the Tempelhof runway. Yes, Colonel Halvorsen was one of the famous Rosinenbomber pilots who every Berliner of that generation still remembers with warmth and affection.

Another Airlift veteran, Captain Jack Bennett, has many friends here today; he lives in Berlin.

As for Colonel Alan Chealander, when the Soviets blockaded Berlin, Colonel Chealander had been back in civilian life for just 8 months. He and his wife had an infant son and another child on the way. Those precious 8 months were the first Colonel Chealander had been able to devote to his family since the long years of the War. Yet, when called up for the Airlift, he never hesitated. Looking back on those days of constant hardship, of danger scorned, Colonel Chealander says simply this: "We had a job to do, and we did it." In those few words, hear the understatement of a hero.

I am especially pleased that Colonel Chealander and his son, who saw hir only briefly before he returned to service to help fight the Blockade and who is now my own military aide, are both with us here today.

I have met other heroes as well, German heroes of Berlin.

Truemmerfrauen -- women who 40 years ago collected and cleaned bricks from the rubble to rebuild their homes, their churches, their schools, their very way of life.

A political leader who served in that one freely elected city parliament for all Berlin. But in those immediate post-war days, she discovered her own party falling under Communist influence and helped start the F.D.P. here in West Berlin.

A scholar, expelled by the Soviets from the city's old Humboldt University in the east, who then joined in founding what has become one of the world's major institutions of higher learning, the Free University of Berlin.

A group of RIAS employees of the first hour who helped us get the voice of freedom on the city's airwaves in those early post-war years and ever since. For 40 years, radio in the American sector has been a voice of freedom and an essential part of our continuing commitment to Berlin. Now, we are taking another important step in German-American relations by moving forward to make RIAS television a reality.

An East Berlin border guard who decided to live in freedom rather than building a wall that removes even the most basic rights of freedom and self-government.

Then, too, I have met Berliners whose actions speak with confidence of the city's present and future: A professor at the Free University who has flown in outer space as a member of the German D-1 astronaut program. Winners of the 1987 computer contest sponsored by the "Berlin-U.S.A." organization. And the director of a school where the children of many East German and Polish emigre families receive their first Western education. Incidentally, I understand that each year these pupils are among the highest achievers in all Berlin.

In each face, I've seen abiding pride in this city and its accomplishments. Indeed, there has been something deeply moving -- something humbling -- about meeting these heroes of Berlin. I feel your pride in what you have done for your city, your zest for life, your confidence and hope from having overcome so many obstacles, and the strength of your commitment to overcome those that remain. You have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty, and perhaps the courage of your

example is the greatest gift you give to us every day of our lives.

Today, when most Americans think of Berlin, they recall our post-war relationship with this city. As we celebrate this 750th birthday, it's worth remembering that America's ties with Berlin go back many years. More than 20 American communities bear the name "Berlin." Three of our Founding Fathers -- Thomas Jefferson, Benjamin Franklin, and John Adams -- negotiated a treaty of friendship and commerce with Frederick the Great in 1785, establishing a basis for the special relationship we enjoy today.

Americans were affected in other ways by this city when some of the "best and brightest" people active in Berlin sought refuge in the United States. Albert Einstein, George Grosz, Arnold Schoenberg, Kurt Weill, Mies van der Rohe -- the list of former residents of this city who changed the face of modern America is practically limitless.

So, we celebrate with you today, remembering the heroic deeds of these [indicate on-stage heroes] and all Berliners, and the long-standing relationship between our two countries. But let's not forget the painful lessons of the not-so-recent past and draw on those experiences. Together, we can build a better future for this city, for Europe, and for the world.

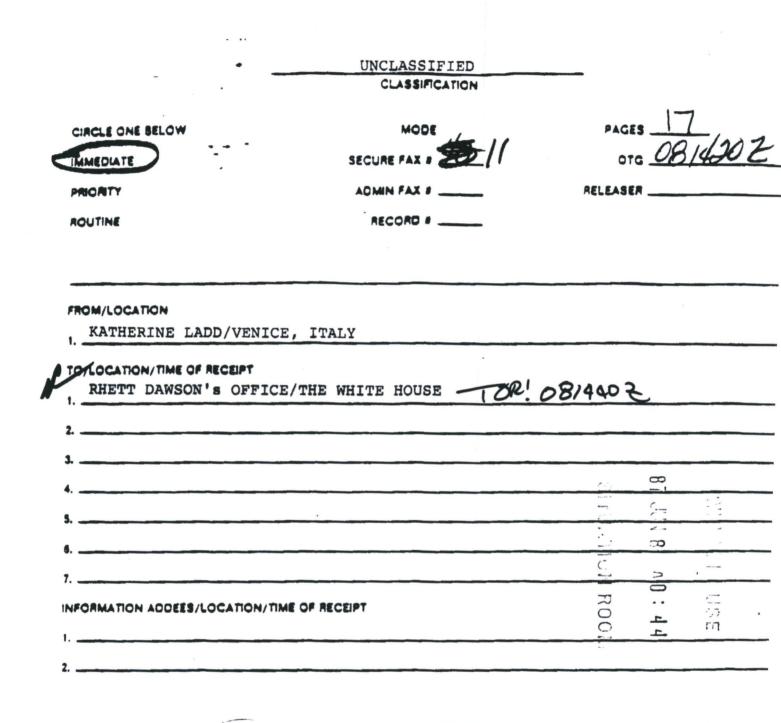
As we look toward the 21st century, the ideals the world associates with the free part of Berlin are gaining in recognition. History did not come to an end in 1945, and it will

not do so now. Berlin is a city of the future. It stands as a beacon for freedom and shines brightly for all Berliners to see.

In the name of the American people, I want to congratulate all 3 million Berliners on the occasion of your anniversary. Perhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the free people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. So it is that we have much to celebrate today. So it is that, on behalf of my Nation, I thank you.

Having witnessed your courage and determination for all these years, I am confident in extending the heartfelt best wishes of all Americans for your city's future.

| 200 | | 10000 | | | | |
|-----|-----------------|-------|-------------|-----|-----------|---------|
| 000 | CIPRIANI, ITALY | | VALUTEC 9.6 | 187 | 6-8 14:22 | |
| | | | | 0. | 0 0 14.22 | PAGE Ø1 |



SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REMARKS:

1.1

Phyllis/Ken: Per Tom Griscom following a conversation he just had with Colin Powell, attached are copies of the most recent versions of Brandenburg Gate and Tempelhof Airport. Tom has agreed to let Powell <u>ONLY</u> have a copy of these. No one else is to have copies. These are not being circulated here in Venice, FYI. Please deliver these to Powell.

UNCLASSIFIED

CLASSIFICATION

PAGE Ø8

1 3

(Robinson/Griscom) June 8, 1987 10:00 a.m. (Italy)

-

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT WEST BERLIN, GERMANY FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1987

Thank you, thank you all. Chancellor Kohl, Mayor Diepgen, General Mitchell, ladies and gentlemen: It's an honor for me to be able to join you today at this 750th birthday party for the city of Berlin. I'm especially pleased to be here today because -- well, it's not often that I get to go to a birthday party for something older than myself.

Let me begin by conveying the warmest greetings of the American people to all of you here today. While only a small fraction of the Berlin community can be here in this hall, our good wishes go to all the residents of this marvelous city, wherever they may live.

This is a celebration for all of Berlin. To those of you in the East who are watching on television but unable to attend in person, you are here with us in spirit. The traditional banners of Berlin's twenty districts, east and west, around this hall, remind me of the kinship that exists among all people of this city.

By its very existence and character, Berlin remains the most compelling argument for an open world. We are reminded of the many traditions of openness and democracy that have marked the history of this city.

America has a special relationship with Berlin that extends beyond formal political or economic ties. Like America, Berlin is a place of great energy, drawing creative people across

Page 2

Germany and the world and turning them into productive citizens. We see our own hopes and ideals mirrored in the energy and courage of Berliners and draw strength from our joint efforts here.

This sense is symbolized by the nearly 20,000 American soldiers and airmen who work in close cooperation with Berliners to ensure the defense of our common goals. And let me make one point clear: Our troops will remain here as long as they are wanted and needed by Berliners to demonstrate to the other side that force cannot succeed.

Several thousand other Americans from all walks of life make an important contribution to the business and cultural life of this city. We have joined the centuries-old tradition of Berlin and, in a real sense, we have become Berliners.

A few moments ago here at Tempelhof, I shook hands with three men who testify to the way you Berliners and we Americans play such a proud role in each others' lives: Three former U.S. Air Force pilots, veterans of one of the most remarkable operations in modern history, the Berlin Airlift.

On each flight he made, Colonel Gale Halvorsen tossed small, candy-filled parachutes to the children of Berlin as his plane approached the Tempelhof runway. Yes, Colonel Halvorsen was one of the famous Rosinenbomber pilots who every Berliner of that generation still remembers with warmth and affection.

Another Airlift veteran, Captain Jack Bennett, has many friends here today; he lives in Berlin.

PAGE 10

Page 3

As for Colonel Alan Chealander, when the Soviets blockaded Berlin, Colonel Chealander had been back in civilian life for just 8 months. He and his wife had an infant son and another child on the way. Those precious 8 months were the first Colonel Chealander had been able to devote to his family since the long years of the War. Yet, when called up for the Airlift, he never hesitated. Looking back on those days of constant hardship, of danger scorned, Colonel Chealander says simply this: "We had a job to do, and we did it." In those few words, hear the understatement of a hero.

I am especially pleased that Colonel Chealander and his son, who saw him only briefly before he returned to service to help fight the Blockade and who is now my own military aide, are both with us here today.

I have met other heroes as well, German heroes of Berlin.

Truemmerfrauen -- women who 40 years ago collected and cleaned bricks from the rubble to rebuild their homes, their churches, their schools, their very way of life.

A political leader who served in that one freely elected city parliament for all Berlin. But in those immediate post-war days, she discovered her own party falling under Communist influence and helped start the F.D.P. here in West Berlin.

A scholar, expelled by the Soviets from the city's old Humboldt University in the east, who then joined in founding what has become one of the world's major institutions of higher learning, the Free University of Berlin.

.

4.5 A.7

Page 4

A group of RIAS employees of the first hour who helped us get the voice of freedom on the city's airwaves in those early post-war years and ever since. For 40 years, radio in the American sector has been a voice of freedom and an essential part of our continuing commitment to Berlin. Now, we are taking another important step in German-American relations by moving forward to make RIAS television a reality.

An East Berlin border guard who decided to live in freedom rather than building a wall that removes even the most basic rights of freedom and self-government.

Then, too, I have met Berliners whose actions speak with confidence of the city's present and future: A professor at the Free University who has flown in outer space as a member of the German D-1 astronaut program. Winners of the 1987 computer contest sponsored by the "Berlin-U.S.A." organization. And the director of a school where the children of many East German and Polish emigre families receive their first Western education. Incidentally, I understand that each year these pupils are among the highest achievers in all Berlin.

In each face, I've seen abiding pride in this city and its accomplishments. Indeed, there has been something deeply moving -- something humbling -- about meeting these heroes of Berlin. I feel your pride in what you have done for your city, your zest for life, your confidence and hope from having overcome so many obstacles, and the strength of your commitment to overcome those that remain. You have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty, and perhaps the courage of your

٠

4 C - 5 C -

Page 5

example is the greatest gift you give to us every day of our lives.

Today, when most Americans think of Berlin, they recall our post-war relationship with this city. As we celebrate this 750th birthday, it's worth remembering that America's ties with Berlin go back many years. More than 20 American communities bear the name "Berlin." Three of our Founding Fathers -- Thomas Jefferson, Benjamin Franklin, and John Adams -- negotiated a treaty of friendship and commerce with Frederick the Great in 1785, establishing a basis for the special relationship we enjoy today.

Americans were affected in other ways by this city when some of the "best and brightest" people active in Berlin sought refuge in the United States. Albert Einstein, George Grosz, Arnold Schoenberg, Kurt Weill, Mies van der Rohe -- the list of former residents of this city who changed the face of modern America is practically limitless.

So, we celebrate with you today, remembering the heroic deeds of these [indicate on-stage heroes] and all Berliners, and the long-standing relationship between our two countries. But let's not forget the painful lessons of the not-so-recent past and draw on those experiences. Together, we can build a better future for this city, for Europe, and for the world.

As we look toward the 21st century, the ideals the world associates with the free part of Berlin are gaining in recognition. History did not come to an end in 1945, and it will .

-

Page 6

not do so now. Berlin is a city of the future. It stands as a beacon for freedom and shines brightly for all Berliners to see.

In the name of the American people, I want to congratulate all 3 million Berliners on the occasion of your anniversary. Perhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the free people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. So it is that we have much to celebrate today. So it is that, on behalf of my Nation, I thank you.

Having witnessed your courage and determination for all these years, I am confident in extending the heartfelt best wishes of all Americans for your city's future.

(Griscom) June 8, 1987 2:45 p.m. • • • •

SUGGESTED RESPONSE

. .

Our discussions on East-West issues here in Venice have reviewed the status of the arms reduction talks.

As I have said before, we will move forward with a U.S. decision on the INF negotiations only after allied support is achieved. I am very hopeful such support can be confirmed at the meeting of NATO Foreign Ministers later this week.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM DATE: 06/01/87 2:00 p.m. Tuesday 06/02 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT (06/01 6:30 p.m. draft) **ACTION FYI ACTION FYI VICE PRESIDENT** FITZWATER GRISCOM N/C BAKER HENKEL DUBERSTEIN HOBBS **MILLER - OMB** BALL KING BAUER MASENG CARLUCCI RISOUE CRIBB RYAN CRIPPEN SPRINKEL CULVAHOUSE NO LOGA OBI TUTTLE DOLAN 555 DAWSON BITCH STE GAM MONTS DONATELLI

REMARKS:

Please provide any comments/recommendations to Tony Dolan by 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, June 2nd, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.

RESPONSE:

a.t. 1.1

Document No.

(Robinson/ARD) June 1, 1987 6:30 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT [33] JUN -1 1. 7:08 WEST BERLIN, GERMANY FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1987

Thank you, thank you all. Chancellor Kohl, Mayor Diepgen, ladies and gentlemen: It's an honor for me to be able to join you today at this 750th birthday party for the city of Berlin. I'm especially pleased to be here today because -- well, it's not often that I get to go to a birthday party for something older than myself.

But if you'll permit me, I would like to say just a word about some of those it has been my privilege to meet during this visit to Berlin.

A few moments ago here at Tempelhof, I shook hands with three men who testify to the way you Berliners and we Americans play such a proud role in each others' lives: Three former U.S. Air Force pilots, veterans of one of the most remarkable operations in modern history, the Berlin Airlift.

On each flight he made, Colonel Gale Halvorsen tossed candy to the children of Berlin as his plane approached the Tempelhof runway -- yes, Colonel Halvorsen was the famous Rosinenbomber [candy bomber]. Captain Jack Bennett has many friends here today; he lives in Berlin.

As for Colonel Alan Chealander, when the Soviets blockaded Berlin, Colonel Chealander had been back in civilian life for just 8 months. He and his wife had an infant son and another child on the way, and those precious 8 months were the first Colonel Chealander had been able to devote to his family since

the long years of the War. Yet when called up for the Airlift, he never hesitated. Looking back on those days of constant hardship, of danger scorned, Colonel Chealander says simply this: "We had a job to do, and we did it." In that sentence, hear the understatement of a hero.

· · ·

I have met other heroes today, heroes of Berlin who are themselves Berliners:

...

Page 2

1 1

Truemmerfrauen -- women who 40 years ago collected and cleaned bricks to rebuild their homes, their churches, their schools. A scholar, expelled from Humboldt University by the Soviets, who then joined in founding what has become one of the world's major institutions of higher learning, the Free University of Berlin. A political leader who in the late 1940's discovered her own party falling under Communist influence, then helped to start the the F.D.P. here in West Berlin. And, yes, veterans of the uprising of 1953.

Then, too, I have met Berliners whose actions speak with confidence of the city's present and future: A professor at the Free University who has flown in outer space as a member of the German D-1 astronaut program. Winners of the 1987 computer contest sponsored by the "Berlin-U.S.A." organization. And the director of a school where the children of many East German and Polish emigre families receive their first Western education. Incidentally, I understand that each year these pupils are among the highest achievers in all Berlin.

In each face, I've seen abiding pride in this city and its accomplishments. Indeed, there has been something deeply

Page 3

moving -- something humbling -- about meeting these heroes of Berlin. And it has struck me that in this city where nothing is taken for granted -- where freedom is so deeply cherished -- you Berliners live life with a particular zest, a particular fullness. Perhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the free people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. So it is that we have much to celebrate today. So it is that, on behalf of my Nation, I thank you.

And now, from the people of America to the people of Berlin: A very happy birthday.

| • | BSI SWHITE | HOUSE ST. | AFFIN | G MEMORA | | | |
|----------|------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|--|--------|----------|
| DATE: | 06/01/87 | ACTION/CONCU | RRENCE/CO | OMMENT DUE BY: | 2:00 p.m. | Tuesda | ay 06/02 |
| SUBJECT: | PRESIDENT | IAL REMARKS: | TEMPEI | HOF AIRPORT | | | |
| | | | (06/01 | 6:30 p.m. d | lraft) | | |
| | | ΑΟΤΙΟ | N FYI | | atalija (<u>1997</u> , 19977, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, 1997, | ACTION | I FYI |
| VICE | PRESIDENT | | | FITZWATER | × | | |
| BAKI | ER | | ₽. | GRISCOM | | | |
| DUB | ERSTEIN | | | HENKEL | | | ~ |
| MILL | ER - OMB | | | HOBBS | | | |
| BALL | | | | KING | | | |
| BAU | ER | | | MASENG | | | |
| CARI | UCCI | | | RISQUE | | | |
| CRIB | B | | | RYAN | | | |
| CRIP | PEN | | | SPRINKEL | | | |

REMARKS:

CULVAHOUSE

DAWSON

DONATELLI

Please provide any comments/recommendations to Tony Dolan by 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, June 2nd, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.

□P

TUTTLE

DOLAN

RESPONSE:

6/2 ho commer RDV **Rhett Dawson** Ext. 2702

| | WHITE | HOUSE STA | FFIN | G MEMOR | ANDUM | | |
|----------|------------|---------------|----------|----------------|--------|-------------|------|
| DATE: | 06/01/87 | ACTION/CONCUR | RENCE/CO | DMMENT DUE BY: | 2:00 p | .m. Tuesday | 06/0 |
| SUBJECT: | PRESIDENTI | AL REMARKS: | TEMPEI | LHOF AIRPORT | | | |
| | | | (06/01 | L 6:30 p.m. | draft) | | |
| | | ΑCTIO | N FYI | | | ACTION | FYI |
| VICE | PRESIDENT | | | FITZWATER | | | ~ |
| BAK | ER | | ₽. | GRISCOM | | Dr | |
| DUB | ERSTEIN | | | HENKEL | | | ~ |
| MILL | ER - OMB | | | HOBBS | | | |
| BALL | | | | KING | | | |
| BAU | ER | | | MASENG | | | |
| CARI | LUCCI | | | RISQUE | | | |
| CRIB | B | | | RYAN | | | |
| CRIP | PEN | | | SPRINKEL | | | |
| CULV | AHOUSE | | | TUTTLE | | | |
| DAW | /SON | □P | 135 | DOLAN | | | |
| DON | ATELLI | | | | | | |

REMARKS:

Please provide any comments/recommendations to Tony Dolan by 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, June 2nd, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.

RESPONSE:

Rhett Dawson Ext. 2702

Lange the state

Document No.



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 2, 1987



MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY R. DOLAN DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

FROM: C. CHRISTOPHER COX SENIOR ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Presidential Remarks: Tempelhof Airport, West Berlin, Germany

As requested, this office has reviewed the June 1, 1987, 6:30 p.m. draft of remarks to be delivered by the President at Tempelhof Airport in West Berlin, Germany, on Friday, June 12, 1987. We have no legal objection or other comment.

cc: Rhett B. Dawson

| BEI SUWHITE | HOUSE ST. | AFFIN | Document N | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|----------|----------------|-----------|--------|--------------|
| DATE:06/01/87 | ACTION/CONCU | RRENCE/C | OMMENT DUE BY: | 2:00 p.m. | Tuesda | ay 06/03 |
| SUBJECT:PRESIDENTI. | AL REMARKS: | TEMPE | LHOF AIRPORT | | | |
| | | (06/0 | 1 6:30 p.m. d | raft) | | |
| | ΑΟΤΙΟ | N FYI | | | ACTION | I FYI |
| VICE PRESIDENT | | | FITZWATER | | | |
| BAKER | | V | GRISCOM | | | |
| DUBERSTEIN | | | HENKEL | | | ~ |
| MILLER - OMB | | | HOBBS | | | |
| BALL | V | | KING | | | |
| BAUER | | | MASENG | | | |
| CARLUCCI | 7 | | RISQUE | | | |
| CRIBB | | | RYAN | | | |
| CRIPPEN | | | SPRINKEL | | | |
| CULVAHOUSE | | | TUTTLE | | | |
| DAWSON | □P | 155 | DOLAN | | | \checkmark |
| DONATELLI | | | | | | |

REMARKS:

Please provide any comments/recommendations to Tony Dolan by 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, June 2nd, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.

RESPONSE:

(Robinson/ARD) June 1, 1987 6:30 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT WEST BERLIN, GERMANY FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1987

Thank you, thank you all. Chancellor Kohl, Mayor Diepgen, ladies and gentlemen: It's an honor for me to be able to join you today at this 750th birthday party for the city of Berlin. I'm especially pleased to be here today because -- well, it's not often that I get to go to a birthday party for something older than myself.

But if you'll permit me, I would like to say just a word about some of those it has been my privileged to meet during this visit to Berlin.

A few moments ago here at Tempelhof, I shook hands with Symbolize me proud and quite personal relationship three men who testify to the way you Berliners and we Americans which binds Berliners and Americans together: play such a proud role in each others' lives. Three former U.S. Air Force pilots, veterans of one of the most remarkable operations in modern history, the Berlin Airlift.

On each flight he made, Colonel Gale Halvorsen tossed candy to the children of Berlin as his plane approached the Tempelhof runway -- yes, Colonel Halvorsen was the famous Rosinenbomber [candy bomber]. Captain Jack Bennett has many friends here today; he lives in Berlin.

As for Colonel Alan Chealander, when the Soviets blockaded Berlin, Colonel Chealander had been back in civilian life for just 8 months. He and his wife had an infant son and another child on the way, and those precious 8 months were the first Colonel Chealander had been able to devote to his family since

Page 2

the long years of the War. Yet when called up for the Airlift, he never hesitated. Looking back on those days of constant hardship, of danger scorned, Colonel Chealander says simply this: "We had a job to do, and we did it." In that sentence, hear the understatement of a hero.

I have met other heroes today, heroes of Berlin who are themselves Berliners:

Truemmerfrauen -- women who 40 years ago collected and cleaned bricks to rebuild their homes, their churches, their schools. A scholar, expelled from Humboldt University by the Soviets, who then joined in founding what has become one of the world's major institutions of higher learning, the Free University of Berlin. A political leader who in the late 1940's discovered her own party falling under Communist influence, then helped to start the the F.D.P. here in West Berlin. And, yes, veterans of the uprising of 1953.

Then, too, I have met Berliners whose actions speak with confidence of the city's present and future: A professor at the Free University who has flown in outer space as a member of the German D-1 astronaut program. Winners of the 1987 computer contest sponsored by the "Berlin-U.S.A." organization. And the director of a school where the children of many East German and Polish emigre families receive their first Western education. Incidentally, I understand that each year these pupils are among the highest achievers in all Berlin.

In each face, I've seen abiding pride in this city and its accomplishments. Indeed, there has been something deeply

Page 3

moving -- something humbling -- about meeting these heroes of Berlin. And it has struck me that in this city where nothing is taken for granted -- where freedom is so deeply cherished -- you Berliners live life with a particular zest, a particular fullness. Perhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the free people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. So it is that we have much to celebrate today. So it is that, on behalf of my Nation, I thank you.

And now, from the people of America to the people of Berlin: A very happy birthday.

Document No.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: ______ ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: _____ 2:00 p.m. Tuesday 06/02

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT

. .

(06/01 6:30 p.m. draft)

| | ACTION | I FYI | | |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------|--|--|
| VICE PRESIDENT | | FITZWATER | | |
| BAKER | $\mathbf{\nabla}$ | GRISCOM | | |
| DUBERSTEIN | | HENKEL | | |
| MILLER - OMB | | HOBBS | | |
| BALL | | KING | | |
| BAUER | | MASENG | | |
| CARLUCCI | | RISQUE | | |
| CRIBB | | RYAN | | |
| CRIPPEN | | SPRINKEL | | |
| CULVAHOUSE | | TUTTLE | | |
| DAWSON | 255 | DOLAN | | |
| DONATELLI | | | | |

REMARKS:

Please provide any comments/recommendations to Tony Dolan by 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, June 2nd, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.

RESPONSE:

. . . .

| • | UNCLASSIFIED | sinspon si |
|--|----------------|------------|
| • | CLASSIFICATION | 0.41 |
| | MODE | PAGES |
| MMEDIATE - | SECURE FAX # | 0TG |
| YTROMY | | |
| ROUTINE | RECORD # | |
| | | |
| ROM/LOCATION | | |
| SHARON WAGNER/T | he White House | |
| | | |
| | т | |
| O/LOCATION/TIME OF RECEIP Andrew Littlefa | | |
| Andrew Littlefa | ir/Berlin | |

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REMARKS:

FOR MORNING DELIVERY PLEASE.

UNCLASSIFIED

CLASSIFICATION

WHCA FORM 8. 15 OCTOBER 84

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 5, 1987

MEMORADUM FOR ANDREW LITTLEFAIR BERLIN

ROBINSO

FROM:

SUBJECT: TEMPELHOF SPEECHES

PETER M.

What gives?

I thought I'd have two or three new pages from you by yesterday afternoon, but as of c.o.b. today I had still received nothing. In the meantime, Venice has been calling for a final version of the remarks.

If our Mission in Berlin doesn't get the new pages pulled together over the weekend, I'll have to put a final draft together without their suggestions. Please let John Kornblum know that the Tempelhof remarks have become urgent.

I'll give you a call first thing Monday morning.

Town the white house Town the white house Washington Bill Heatel: The office with MEMORANDUM FOR THOMAS C. GRISCOM FROM: COLIN L. POWELL State of the twice of twice of the twice of the twice of twice of twice of twice of the twice of twice

SUBJECT:

Presidential Remarks: Tempelhof Airport

The draft Presidential Remarks for the Tempelhof Airport ceremony are generally excellent. We would make the following, relatively minor, suggested changes:

In the heading, please change West Berlin, Germany, to Berlin Germany.

In the first paragraph, please reference, in addition to Chancellor Kohl and Mayor Diepgen, Major General John Mitchell (the United States Commander in Berlin).

There should be somewhere in the speech a paragraph referring to the United States military community now serving in Berlin. Such a paragraph appeared at the top of page 4 of the draft submitted to you on May 13 (# 3586).

Our Embassy in Bonn and our mission in Berlin also want a paragraph inserted concerning the establishment of RIAS, Berlin, as follows:

I am delighted to have learned from Chancellor Kohl that the German Bundestag has approved the release of funds for the joint financing of RIAS television. For 40 years radio in the American sector has functioned as a voice of freedom which has maintained the highest standards of objective and balanced news presentation. It has enjoyed wide support from all Berliners and Germans in East and West and has been an essential part of the American continuing commitment to Berlin. We are now taking another important step in German-American relations by moving forward to make RIAS television a reality.

Attachment

Tab A Revised Tempelhof Remarks

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 5, 1987

MEMORANDUM FOR: James L. Hooley

Andrew J. Littlefair(

FROM:

SUBJECT:

Proclamation

For your information, attached is the draft language for the development of the proclamation which is to be presented by the President at Tempelhof. I am not sure what the exact process is, but assume either Rhett Dawson or David Chew will need to have language reshaped and written in proclamation form. Please let me know if I need to do anything further.

JUN 5 187 5:37

1. . . .

PRESIDENTIAL RESOLUTION on the occasion of the 750th anniversary of Berlin

By its very existence and character, Berlin remains the most compelling argument for an open world. Berliners overcame desolation and isolation with will, energy, and courage. Their robust display of those qualities in the past 42 years has put their city at the spiritual center of the western world.

As we this year commemorate the entire span of Berlin's 750 years, we are reminded of the many traditions of openness and democracy which have marked the history of this city.

Three hundred years ago, Berlin set an example for all of Europe by receiving the French Huegenots. By the beginning of this century, Berlin had become a haven for Bohemians, East Europeans, Christians and Jews, those escaping oppression and those seeking an open, international metropolis.

Sixty years ago, Berlin entered a period of darkness and destruction.

But at the end of that era, Berliners sent a new message which set the accent for freedom in the post-war world.

At that time, when survival was the order of the day, there was certainly much room for disillusionment and despair. Instead of giving in to these sentiments, the Berliners demonstrated to the world that democracy does work. The Berliners did not philosophize, they voted and they fought: for a society based on the rule of law, on respect for the individual, on consent of the governed. Millions of people in the East voted with them, with their feet, for these same ideals.

Our common struggle for the freedom of this city united the West. Berlin proved to us that democracy is strong enough to beat all the odds. With its dynamism and its forward-looking character, Berlin continues to inspire us today.

America has a special affinity to Berlin which goes beyond formal political or economic ties. Like America, Berlin is a young society. It is a place of great energy, which draws creative people from throughout Germany and the world and turns them into productive citizens. Today this affinity is demonstrated in many ways. America's commitment to the freedom of Berlin is an affair of the heart. We see our own hopes and ideals mirrored in the energy and courage of Berliners and draw strength from our joint efforts here.

Nearly twenty thousand American soldiers and airmen and their families live in close cooperation with Berliners to ensure the defense of our common ideals. Several thousand other Americans from all walks of life make an important contribution to the business, intellectual, and cultural life of this city. We have joined the centuries-old tradition of Berlin. We have been welcomed. We have helped this city grow. Through out contributions we have in a very real sense become Berliners.

The erection of the wall in Berlin in 1961 was a tangible admission of failure by a society which remained closed - fearful of the world outside and unwilling to allow its citizens the most basic rights of freedom and self-government.

As we near the end of the Twentieth Century, the ideals which that system fears, the ideals the world has come to associate with the free part of Berlin, are gaining in recognition and urgency. History did not come to an end in 1945 and it will not do so now.

Berlin is a city of the future. It is a living proof of the strength of the human spirit. It demonstrates more than anywhere that freedom works. And its future will be secured in freedom.

I hereby extend the greetings of the American people to our fellow Berliners on the occasion of the 750th anniversary of Berlin. I pledge that America will work with fellow Berliners everywhere to ensure that unity and democracy will rule in Berlin and throughout Germany.

JUN 5 107 5:01 PAGE.01. UNCEASE PAGES _ 5 MODE CIRCLE ONE BELOW en cum der d ADMIN FAX # RELEASER ____ PRIORTY RECORD # . ROUTINE - _____ Atter , Aberlin 20. Gamman -1. JAMES HODLEY OROLOGIO STAFF OFFICE ITaly 2 JANNE HILDEBRAND / WAKE POREST VENICE 7 INFORMATION ADDEES/LOCATION/TIME OF RECEIPT m remarks. Added some it hand and dea yper Spen SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REMARKS: Please Notify - I deliver upon racingst. The steer. UNCLASS CLASSIFICATION WHCA FORM 8. 15 OCTOBER 84

Presidential Remarks: Tempelhof Central Airport Berlin, Germany 12 June 1987

Thank you, thank you all. Chancellor Kohl, Governing Mayor Diepgen, ladies and gentlemen: It's an honor for me to be able to join you today at this 750th birthday party for the city of Berlin. I'm especially pleased to be here today because -well, it's not often that I get to go to a birthday party for something older than myself.

I would like to begin by conveying the warmest birthday greetings of the American people to all of you here today. I realize only a <u>small fraction</u> of the Berlin community can be with us in this hall. The warm good wishes I have to bring you, though, go to all the residents of this marvelous city, wherever they may live.

This is a celebration for all of Berlin. To those of you in the east watching on television but unable to attend in person, please know that you are here with us in spirit. That is why the traditional banners of Berlin's twenty districts, east and west, are hanging in this hall.

For Nancy and me, a visit to Berlin is a special event in our lives. This is so because of the very special people we meet here.

A few moments ago here at Tempelhof, I shook hands with three men who testify to the way you Berliners and we Americans play such a proud role in each others' lives: three former U.S. Air Force pilots, veterans of one of the most remarkable operations in modern history, the Berlin Airlift.

On each flight he made, Colonel Gale Halvorsen tossed small, candy-filled parachutes to the children of Berlin as his plane approached the Tempelhof runway -- yes, Colonel Halvorsen was one of the famous Rosinenbomber pilots who every Berliner of that generation still remembers with warmth and affection.

Another Air Lift veteran, Captain Jack Bennett, is himself now a resident of Berlin.

As for Colonel Alan Chealander, when the Soviets blockaded Berlin, Colonel Chealander had been back in civilian life for just eight months. He and his wife had an infant son and another child on the way, and those precious eight months were the first Colonel Chealander had been able to devote to his family since the long years of the War. Yet when called up for the Airlift, he never hesitated. Looking back on those days of constant hardship, of danger scorned, Colonel Chealander says simply this: "We had a job to do, and we did it." In that sentence, hear the understatement of a hero. I am especially pleased that Colonel Chealander and that son he saw so briefly before returning to service to help fight the Blockade -- that son who is now my own military aide -- are both with us here today.

I have met other heroes today, Berliners who have served their city in extraordinary ways.

-- Truemmerfrauen -- women who forty years ago collected and cleaned bricks from the rubble to rebuild their homes, their churches, their schools.

-- A group of RIAS employees of the first hour who helped us Americans get the voice of freedom onto the city's airwaves in those early postwar years -- and ever since.

-- A political leader who served in that one freely elected city parliament for all Berlin which was later driven out of the old city hall before setting up shop again in Rathaus Schoeneberg. In those immediate post-war days she discovered her own party falling under Communist influence so helped to start the F.D.P. here in West Berlin.

-- A scholar, expelled by the Soviets from the city's old Humboldt University in the east, who then joined in founding what has become one of the world's major institutions of higher learning, the Free University of Berlin. JUN E 187, 8:30

PAGE.03

-- An East Berlin border guard who decided to opt for freedom rather than help construct the Wall.

Then, too, I have met Berliners whose actions speak with confidence of the city's present and future:

-- A professor at the Free University who has flown in outer space as a member of the German D-1 astronaut program.

-- A local high school winner of last year's computer contest sponsored by the "Initiative Berlin-USA."

-- And a man, himself a former resident of the GDR, who has devoted his life, as director of a Berlin school, to helping many children newly arrived from East Germany, Poland and other eastern bloc countries receive their first Western education. I understand, incidentally, that his pupils are among the highest achievers each year in all Berlin.

In each face, I've seen abiding pride in this city and its accomplishments. Indeed, there has been something deeply moving -- something humbling -- about meeting these distinguished Berliners, young and old, from all walks of life. I feel your pride in what you have done for your city, your zest for life, your confidence and hope from having overcome so many obstacles and the strength of your commitment to overcoming those that remain. Perhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. We have given you a number of birthday gifts today, but the courage of your example is your gift to us every day of our lives.

Every time I come to Berlin I discover a new city, and this visit is no exception. I know this 750th anniversary has been an occasion for Berliners everywhere to clean up, repair and even rebuild parts of the city. Whether it's the new chamber music hall or the Nikolai guarter, the Ephraim Palace or the Gropius Bulding, we all can take pride in these improvements to the face of your terrific city. With each improvement comes an improvement in the guality of life for Berliners everywhere. More than this, though, these changes help remind us what a special place Berlin has always been.

Today when most Americans think of Berlin, they recall our special post-war relationship to this city. As we celebrate with you Berlin's 750th birthday, though, it's worth remembering that America's ties to Berlin go back many, many years. It's no accident that more than twenty American communities, including some of the oldest, bear the name "Berlin." When three of America's founding fathers, Thomas Jefferson, Benjamin Franklin and John Adams, negotiated a treaty of friendship and commerce with Frederick the Great in 1785, they established the basis of the special relationship we enjoy today. Over the years Americans remained fascinated with Berlin. Mark Twain, Sinclair Lewis, Thornton Wilder and Thomas Wolf, some of America's most famous writers, spent time in this city and drew inspiration from it for their writing.

to Mana

Later still, Americans were affected in yet another way by this city when some of the "best and brightest" people active in Berlin sought refuge in the United States. Albert Einstein, George Grosz, Arnold Schoenberg, Kurt Weill, Mies van der Rohe -- the list of former residents of this city who changed the face of modern America is practically limitless.

I know myself how real pros like Max Reinhardt, Fritz Lang, Ernst Lubisch and Erwin Piscator transformed America's film world. And who can think back on Hollywood's glory days without recalling the likes of Peter Lorre, Lilli Palmer, Ursula Theiss or the great Marlene Dietrich?

I understand another great Hollywood veteran, Billy Wilder, paid a visit last month to Berlin, his former stomping ground. Being here today I wonder how many of you recall, as I do, that wonderful comedy of his, "One, Two, Three," with the late great Jimmy Cagney. The film ends here under the hanger of TCA in the days before most commercial traffic moved to Tegel airport. As I stood a few minutes ago at the now-barricaded Brandenburg Gate, I had to think back on those wonderful scenes from the movie with Cagney, Host Bucholz and the rest of the troop scurrying through the checkpoint which once stood there.

1 8 1 1 4

* ·> **

You know, the film never got the full acclaim it deserved, for shortly after it was filmed, the Wall went up. In the face of that terrible tragedy, no one could laugh about Berlin.

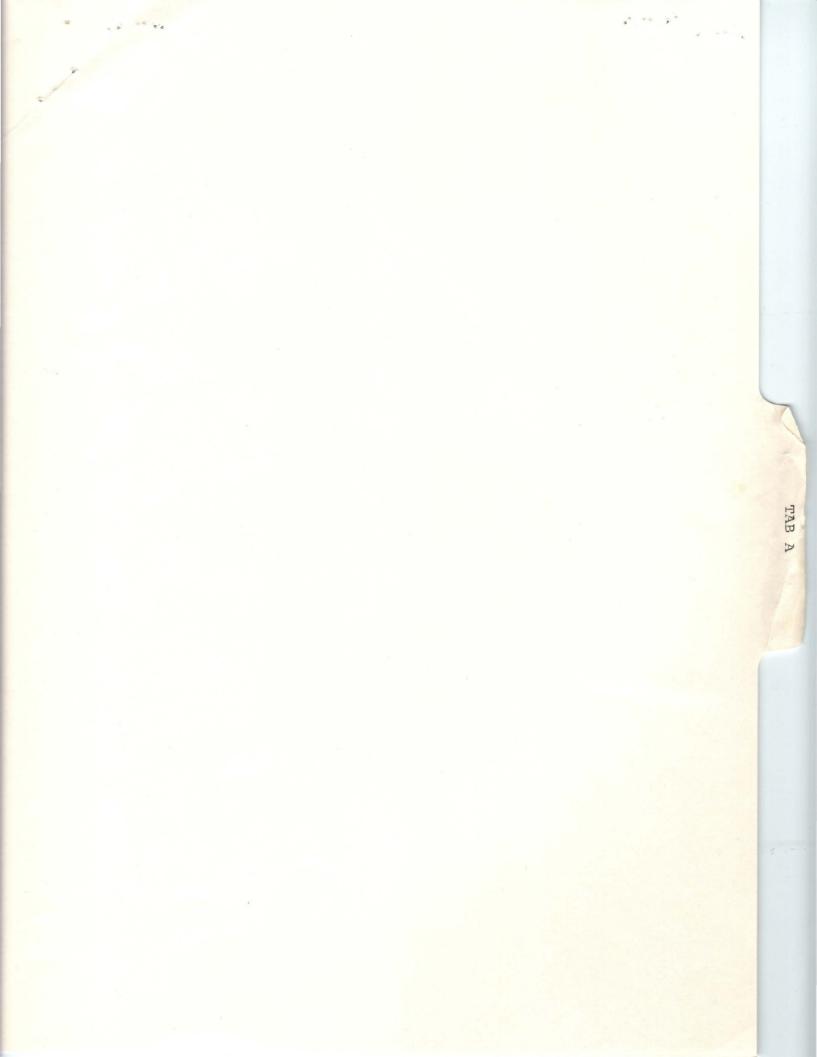
Nowadays, though, I understand "One, Two, Three" has become a real hit here in Berlin. New generations of Berliners have learned to laugh at those wonderful Wilder jokes. And that is as it should be. For despite the tragedy of the Wall, this city continues to live, not as a break outpost but as a vitally alive and integral part of our world.

As we celebrate with you today the 750th anniversary of your city's founding, let's think back on the heroic deeds of these [indicate on-stage "heroes"] and all Berliners, and on my country's long-standing and very special relationship to Berlin. Let's also not forget the terrible pains of the recent and not so recent past. In that way we can draw the lessons of those experiences and build a better future, for this city, for Europe and for the world.

Against the perspective of this city's 750-year-long history, a quarter century of division is a relatively short time. Each day of division is of course a new tragedy for those who must experience it in their daily lives, but this birthday celebration of Berlin's founding 750 years ago should give all of us confidence that this sad episode will one day pass away.

In the name of the American people, I want to congratulate all three million Berliners everywhere on the occasion of your anniversary celebration. Having witnessed your courage and determination for all these years, I feel confident in extending the heartfelt best wishes of all Americans for your city's future.

Now, if I may, Mr. Governing Mayor, I would like to make a few further presentations to you...



(Robinson/ARD) June 1, 1987 6:30 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS:

TEMPELHOF AIRPORT BERLIN, GERMANY FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1987

Thank you, thank you all. Chancellor Kohl, Mayor Diepgen, ladies and gentlemen: It's an honor for me to be able to join you today at this 750th birthday party for the city of Berlin. I'm especially pleased to be here today because -- well, it's not often that I get to go to a birthday party for something older than myself.

But if you'll permit me, I would like to say just a word about some of those it has been my privilege to meet during this visit to Berlin.

A few moments ago here at Tempelhof, I shook hands with three men who testify to the way you Berliners and we Americans play such a proud role in each others' lives: Three former U.S. Air Force pilots, veterans of one of the most remarkable operations in modern history, the Berlin Airlift.

On each flight he made, Colonel Gale Halvorsen tossed candy to the children of Berlin as his plane approached the Tempelhof runway -- yes, Colonel Halvorsen was the famous Rosinenbomber [candy bomber]. Captain Jack Bennett has many friends here today; he lives in Berlin.

As for Colonel Alan Chealander, when the Soviets blockaded Berlin, Colonel Chealander had been back in civilian life for just 8 months. He and his wife had an infant son and another child on the way, and those precious 8 months were the first Colonel Chealander had been able to devote to his family since the long years of the War. Yet when called up for the Airlift, he never hesitated. Looking back on those days of constant hardship, of danger scorned, Colonel Chealander says simply this: "We had a job to do, and we did it." In that sentence, hear the understatement of a hero.

. 11 -

I have met other heroes today, heroes of Berlin who are themselves Berliners:

Truemmerfrauen women who 40 years ago collected and cleaned bricks to rebuild their homes, their churches, their schools. A scholar, expelled from Humboldt University by the Soviets, who then joined in founding what has become one of the world's major institutions of higher learning, the Free University of Berlin. A political leader who in the late 1940's discovered her own party falling under Communist influence, then helped to start the the F.D.P. here in West Berlin. And, yes, veterans of the uprising of 1953.

Then, too, I have met Berliners whose actions speak with confidence of the city's present and future: A professor at the Free University who has flown in outer space as a member of the German D-1 astronaut program. Winners of the 1987 computer contest sponsored by the "Berlin-U.S.A." organization. And the director of a school where the children of many East German and Polish emigre families receive their first Western education. Incidentally, I understand that each year these pupils are among the highest achievers in all Berlin.

In each face, I've seen abiding pride in this city and its accomplishments. Indeed, there has been something deeply

WE are all Buliness To a col

Page 3

moving -- something humbling -- about meeting these heroes of Berlin. And it has struck me that in this city where nothing is taken for granted -- where freedom is so deeply cherished -- you Berliners live life with a particular zest, a particular fullness. Perhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the free people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. So it is that we have much to celebrate today. /So it is that, on behalf of my Nation, I thank you.

e 63 - "

And now, from the people of America to the people of Berlin: A very happy birthday.

50262155

Jun 8

3586 SPILS ADD-ON ONE

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEMORANDUM FOR THOMAS C. GRISCOM

FROM: COLIN L. POWELL

SUBJECT: Presidential Remarks: Tempelhof Airport

The draft Presidential Remarks for the Tempelhof Airport ceremony are generally excellent. We would make the following, relatively minor, suggested changes:

In the heading, please change West Berlin, Germany, to Berlin Germany.

In the first paragraph, please reference, in addition to Chancellor Kohl and Mayor Diepgen, Major General John Mitchell (the United States Commander in Berlin).

There should be somewhere in the speech a paragraph referring to the United States military community now serving in Berlin. Such a paragraph appeared at the top of page 4 of the draft submitted to you on May 13 (# 3586).

Our Embassy in Bonn and our mission in Berlin also want a paragraph inserted concerning the establishment of RIAS, Berlin, as follows:

I am delighted to have learned from Chancellor Kohl that the German Bundestag has approved the release of funds for the joint financing of RIAS television. For 40 years radio in the American sector has functioned as a voice of freedom which has maintained the highest standards of objective and balanced news presentation. It has enjoyed wide support from all Berliners and Germans in East and West and has been an essential part of the American continuing commitment to Berlin. We are now taking another important step in German-American relations by moving forward to make RIAS television a reality.

Attachment

Tab A Revised Tempelhof Remarks

(Robinson/ARD) June 1, 1987 6:30 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT MEDIA BERLIN, GERMANY FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1987

Thank you, thank you all. Chancellor Kohl, Mayor Diepgen, ladies and gentlemen: It's an honor for me to be able to join you today at this 750th birthday party for the city of Berlin. I'm especially pleased to be here today because -- well, it's not often that I get to go to a birthday party for something older than myself.

But if you'll permit me, I would like to say just a word about some of those it has been my privilege to meet during this visit to Berlin.

A few moments ago here at Tempelhof, I shook hands with three men who testify to the way you Berliners and we Americans play such a proud role in each others' lives: Three former U.S. Air Force pilots, veterans of one of the most remarkable operations in modern history, the Berlin Airlift.

On each flight he made, Colonel Gale Halvorsen tossed candy to the children of Berlin as his plane approached the Tempelhof runway -- yes, Colonel Halvorsen was the famous Rosinenbomber [candy bomber]. Captain Jack Bennett has many friends here today; he lives in Berlin.

As for Colonel Alan Chealander, when the Soviets blockaded Berlin, Colonel Chealander had been back in civilian life for just 8 months. He and his wife had an infant son and another child on the way, and those precious 8 months were the first Colonel Chealander had been able to devote to his family since Page 2

the long years of the War. Yet when called up for the Airlift, he never hesitated. Looking back on those days of constant hardship, of danger scorned, Colonel Chealander says simply this: "We had a job to do, and we did it." In that sentence, hear the understatement of a hero.

I have met other heroes today, heroes of Berlin who are themselves Berliners:

Truemmerfrauen women who 40 years ago collected and cleaned bricks to rebuild their homes, their churches, their schools. A scholar, expelled from Humboldt University by the Soviets, who then joined in founding what has become one of the world's major institutions of higher learning, the Free University of Berlin. A political leader who in the late 1940's discovered her own party falling under Communist influence, then helped to start the the F.D.P. here in West Berlin. And, yes, veterans of the uprising of 1953.

Then, too, I have met Berliners whose actions speak with confidence of the city's present and future: A professor at the Free University who has flown in outer space as a member of the German D-1 astronaut program. Winners of the 1987 computer contest sponsored by the "Berlin-U.S.A." organization. And the director of a school where the children of many East German and Polish emigre families receive their first Western education. Incidentally, I understand that each year these pupils are among the highest achievers in all Berlin.

In each face, I've seen abiding pride in this city and its accomplishments. Indeed, there has been something deeply

WE are all Buliness To of call

Page 3

moving -- something humbling -- about meeting these heroes of Berlin. And it has struck me that in this city where nothing is taken for granted -- where freedom is so deeply cherished -- you Berliners live life with a particular zest, a particular fullness. Perhaps more than the people of any other city, you, the free people of Berlin, have demonstrated to the world the value of human liberty. So it is that we have much to celebrate today. So it is that, on behalf of my Nation, I thank you.

And now, from the people of America to the people of Berlin: A very happy birthday.

3586 ADD-ON ONE

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

June 2, 1987

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR GRANT S. GREEN, JR.

NELSON C. LEDSKY FROM:

SUBJECT:

Presidential Remarks: Tempelhof Airport

Fritz marth and Peter sommer concur.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the Tab I memo forwarding our comments to Tony Dolan on the Tempelhof Airport speech.

Approve

Disapprove

Attachments

Tab I Memo to Dolan Tab A Revised Tempelhof Remarks

cc: Marybel Batjer Sally Grooms Ty Cobb

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY R. DOLAN

FROM:

GRANT S. GREEN, JR.

SUBJECT: Presidential Remarks: Tempelhof Airport

The draft Presidential Remarks for the Tempelhof Airport ceremony are generally excellent. We would make the following, relatively minor, suggested changes:

In the heading, please change West Berlin, Germany, to Berlin Germany.

In the first paragraph, please reference, in addition to Chancellor Kohl and Mayor Diepgen, Major General John Mitchell (the United States Commander in Berlin).

There should be somewhere in the speech a paragraph referring to the United States military community now serving in Berlin. Such a paragraph appeared at the top of page 4 of the draft submitted to you on May 13 (# 3586).

Our Embassy in Bonn and our mission in Berlin also want a paragraph inserted concerning the establishment of RIAS, Berlin, as follows:

I am delighted to have learned from Chancellor Kohl that the German Bundestag has approved the release of funds for the joint financing of RIAS television. For 40 years radio in the American sector has functioned as a voice of freedom which has maintained the highest standards of objective and balanced news presentation. It has enjoyed wide support from all Berliners and Germans in East and West and has been an essential part of the American continuing commitment to Berlin. We are now taking another important step in German-American relations by moving forward to make RIAS television a reality.

Attachment

Tab A Revised Tempelhof Remarks

cc Rhett Dawson

Document No. 3586

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: _______ ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: ______ 2:00 p.m. Tuesday 06/02
SUBJECT: ______ PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: TEMPELHOF AIRPORT

(06/01 6:30 p.m. draft)

| | ΑΟΤΙΟΝ | N FYI | | | |
|----------------|--------|-------------------|-----------|--|--|
| VICE PRESIDENT | | | FITZWATER | | |
| BAKER | | $\mathbf{\nabla}$ | GRISCOM | | |
| DUBERSTEIN | | | HENKEL | | |
| MILLER - OMB | | | HOBBS | | |
| BALL | | | KING | | |
| BAUER | | | MASENG | | |
| CARLUCCI | > | | RISQUE | | |
| CRIBB | | | RYAN | | |
| CRIPPEN | | | SPRINKEL | | |
| CULVAHOUSE | | | TUTTLE | | |
| DAWSON | □P | 255 | DOLAN | | |
| DONATELLI | | | | | |

REMARKS:

Please provide any comments/recommendations to Tony Dolan by 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, June 2nd, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.

RESPONSE:

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL EXECUTIVE SECRETARY REFERRAL

| 87. | JUN Ž A 8: 03 | SYSTEM I LOG NUMBER: _ | 3586 1) add on m |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| ACTION OFFICER: Prepare Memo Green Prepare Memo Green Prepare Memo Green Prepare Memo | to to Dolan CC. Dawso | ∽to | Taday June2 |
| CONCURRENCES/COMMEN | | DUE: TOORY ASA | P · |
| *PHONE to action officer a | t ext. 5112 | | |
| FYI | FYI | FYI | |
| Batjer | 🗌 🗌 Henhoeffe | v | |
| Bemis | | | nberg |
| Brooks | C Kelly, B. | | |
| Burns Childress | C Kelly, J. | C Rosto | |
| | 🗌 🗌 Kimberling | g 🗌 Saun | |
| | | □ □ Smitl | |
| | | 🖄 🗆 Somr | |
| | Mahley | | |
| Danzansky | Maincy Major | | |
| Dean, B. | ☐ ☐ Mathews | | |
| Donley | | | |
| | □ □ Oakley | | ipson |
| Ermarth | | | |
| Farrar | D Platt | | an |
| | | | |
| Fortier | Pugliaresi | | coms |
| Grimes | C Reger | | |
| | reen 🕅 | Pearson D E | xec. Sec. Desk |
| | · · | Powell (advance) | ecretariat |
| | | | |

Logged By_

TIME STAMP

Return to Secretariat

| | National Securi The White | ty Council House | - Ju |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | System # | 250 |
| 87 JUN 2 P | 4: 57 | Package a DOCLOG_ | the SI |
| Bob Pearson | SEQUENCE TO | HAS SEEN | DISPOSITION |
| Marybel Batjer | | 1h | .B. or |
| Grant Green | 2 | - | |
| Colin Powell | 3 | | A |
| Paul Thompson | 5. | | |
| Frank Carlucci | | | |
| Grant Green | | | |
| NSC Secretariat | 4 | 2.74 | h D |
| NSC Secretariat | / | | |
| Situation Room | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| I = Information A = Act | tion R = Retain | D = Dispatch | N = No further Action |
| cc: VP Baker | Other | | |

| | | NSC/S | PROFILE | UNC | LASSIFIE | > | | II | D 870 | 358 | 36 |
|-------|-------|-------|---------|-----------|----------|---|----------|----|-------|-----|----|
| · · · | | | | | | | RECEIVED | 11 | MAY | 87 | 19 |
| то | GREEN | | FROM | LEVITSKY, | М | | DOCDATE | 09 | MAY | 87 | |
| | | | | GREEN | | | | 13 | MAY | 87 | |
| | | | | DAWSON, R | | | | 01 | JUN | 87 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

SPEECHES

KEYWORDS: BERLIN

SUBJECT: DRAFT PRES REMARKS RE BERLIN - TEMPELHOF AIRPORT 12 JUN

| | مية هيؤ هيؤ هيؤ جيؤ جيؤ جيؤ جيؤ بييؤ بييؤ بييؤ هيؤ هيؤ هي | | | | | | *** |
|---------|---|--|---------|-----------|----------|----------|-----|
| ACTION: | MEMO GREEN TO | FITZWATER | DUE : | | STATUS C | FILES WH | |
| | FOR ACTION | n an | FOR CON | ICURRENCE | | FOR INFO | |
| | ERMARTH | SOMMER | | RODMAN | H | BATJER | |
| | | | | | (| GROOMS | |
| | | | | | (| GREEN | |
| | | | | | I | PEARSON | |

COMMENTS

| REF# 8713212 | LOG | | NSCIFID | (CF JF) |
|--|---|---------------|--|-----------|
| ACTION OFFICER (S) | ASSIGNED | ACTION REQUIR | ed due | COPIES TO |
| | שבר שבר שבר שבר שבר שבר שבר שבר שבר אבר שבר אות אות אות שבר | | יואס רושי אור איין אייז און איין אור | |
| אמר אחר אחר אחר איר איר איר איר איר איר איר איר איר אי | | | W/ATTCH | FILE WH |