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Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name TEICHER, HOWARD: FILES

Withdrawer

SMF

8/15/2007

File Folder

IRAN-SENSITIVE (4)

FOIA

M2007-075

BATTLE

Box Number

91671

ID Doc Type Document Description No of Pages

40477 MEMO DUPLICATE OF 40475 W/ANNOTATIONS 1 2/27/1986 B1

PAR 6/20/2013 M075/1

404// MEMO	PAR	6/20/2013	M075/1	1	2/2 // 1986	BI	
40478 TALKING POINTS	DUPL	ICATE OF 40476		2	ND	B1	
	D	2/6/2017	M075/1				
40479 LETTER	PERES	S TO RR		2	2/28/1986	B1	
	D	8/9/2010	MR075/1				
40480 MEMO		IER/CANNISTRAR(EMORANDUM	O TO POINDEXTER	1	3/1/1986	B1	
	D	7/26/2012	M075/1				
40481 MEMO	POINI	DEXTER TO CASEY		2	ND	B1	
	D	7/26/2012	M075/1				
40482 MESSAGE	RE DO	ON GREGG'S MEET	ING	2	ND	B1	
40483 TRANSMITTAL	RE MI	EETING		1	4/8/1986	B1	
40484 OUTLINE	RE US	-IRAN DIALOGUE		3	ND	B1	
	R	8/9/2010	MR075/1				
40485 COVER SHEET	FOR N	ИЕМО		1	ND	B1	
	R	8/9/2010	MR075/1				

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

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IRAN-SENSITIVE (4)

FOIA

M2007-075

Box Number

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		48
ID Doc Type	Document Description	No of Doc Date Restrictions Pages
40486 MEMO	NORTH/TEICHER TO POINDEXTER HOSTAGES	RE 2 7/15/1986 B1
	D 3/6/2013 M075/1	
40487 CABLE	030619Z JUL 86	7 7/3/1986 B1
	PAR 8/9/2010 MR075/.	1
40488 OUTLINE	DUPLICATE OF 40484	3 ND B1
	R 8/9/2010 MR075/.	1

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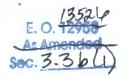
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NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

System IV 40086

· 4027

SECRET

February 27, 1986

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN M. POINDEXTER

FROM:

HOWARD R. TEICHER

VINCENT M. CANNISTRARO

SUBJECT:

Meeting with Dr. Shahpour Bakhtiar, Firday,

February 28, 1986, 4:00 p.m. - 4:30 p.m.

This memo provides you with background and talking points for the subject meeting.

Background

Bakhtiar is extremely pleased that you have agreed to meet with him. We recommend you see him privately, without any of his advisors to ensure that he speaks as freely as possible.

Your meeting can achieve several objectives:

- An opportunity for you to establish a personal relationship with Bakhtiar and candidly appraise our ability to work together.
- To hear Bakhtiar's personal assessment of the evolving internal situation in Iran and prospects
- Determine whether he is satisfied with our cooperation.
- If a decision has been made, indicate you will shortly send an emissary to Crown Prince Abdallah.

Taken together with Thursday evening's discussion with Bill Casey on Iran you should be thoroughly briefed on the Agency's assessment of Bakhtiar's prospects.

RECOMMENDATION

That you draw from the talking points at Tab A.	That	you	draw	from	the	talking	points	at	Tab	A.
---	------	-----	------	------	-----	---------	--------	----	-----	----

Approve		Disapprove	
---------	--	------------	--

SECRET

Declassify on: OADR

DECLASSIFIED IN PART

NLRRMD7-075# 40477

BY RW MARA DATE 6/2013

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Collection Name
Withdrawer
TEICHER, HOWARD: FILES
SMF 8/15/2007

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IRAN-SENSITIVE (4) M2007-075

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40478 TALKING POINTS

2 ND B1

DUPLICATE OF 40476

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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REQUEST FOR APPOINTMENTS

To: Officer-in-charge
Appointments Center
Room 060, OEOB

Pleas	e admit the following appointments on_	February	28		, 19
	John M. Poindexter		of	NSC	
	NAME OF PERSON TO BE VI	SITED)		AGENC	Y)

Shahpour Bakhtiar Mehrdad Khonsarî General Shardar

Howard Teicher Vince Cannistraro

MEETING LOCATION

Building West Wing Requested by Howard Teicher

Room No. Boindexter's Office Room No. 348 Telephone 5650

Time of Meeting 4:00 p.m. Date of request 2/28/86

Additions and/or changes made by telephone should be limited to five (5) names or less.

APPOINTMENTS CENTER: SIG/OEOB - 395-6046 or WHITE HOUSE - 456-6742

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Collection Name
TEICHER, HOWARD: FILES

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FOIA

IRAN-SENSITIVE (4)

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48

ID	Document Type
	Document Description

No of Doc Date pages

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es tions

40479 LETTER

2 2/28/1986

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PERES TO RR

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3/1/1986

B1

TEICHER/CANNISTRARO TO POINDEXTER RE MEMORANDUM

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

40480 MEMO

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ID	Document Type	No of Doc Date	Restric-
	Document Description	pages	tions

40481 MEMO

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POINDEXTER TO CASEY

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Box Number					
91671	48				
ID Document Type	No of Doc Date Restric-				
Document Description	pages tions				
40482 MESSAGE	2 ND B1				
RE DON GREGG'S MEETING					

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

RE MEETING

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SENSITIVE

U.S.-Iran Dialogue

40484

T. BASIC PILLARS OF U.S. FOREIGN POLICY

- -- President Reagan came into office at a time when Iran had had a certain impact on the American political process -- perhaps not what you intended.
- -- The President represents and embodies America's recovery from a period of weakness. He has rebuilt American military and economic strength.
- -- Most important, he has restored American will and self-confidence. The U.S. is not afraid to use its power in defense of its interests. They are not intimidated by Soviet pressures, whether on arms control or Angola or Central America or Afghanistan.
- -- At the same time, they are prepared to resolve political problems on the basis of reciprocity.
- -- They see many international trends -- economic, technological, and political -- working in their favor.

II. U.S. POLICY TOWARD IRAN: BASIC PRINCIPLES

- A. U.S. Assessment of Iranian Policy.
- The U.S. views the Iranian revolution as a fact. The U.S. is not trying to turn the clock back.
- The present U.S. attitude toward Iran is not a product of prejudice or emotion, but a clear-eyed assessment of Iran's present policies.
- The U.S. sees Iran's activity in many parts of the world, including even Central America.
- The U.S. knows how Iran views the Soviet Union. But Iranian subversion of Western interests and friends objectively serves Soviet interests on a global scale.
- U.S. assessment is that a decisive Iranian victory in the war with Iraq would only unleash greater regional instability, a further erosion of the Western position, and enhanced opportunities for Soviet trouble-making. The U.S. believes the Soviets are fully prepared to intervene militarily to prevent an Iraqi defeat.

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- The U.S. will therefore do what it can to prevent such a development. The U.S. regards the war as dangerous in many respects and would like to see an end to it.

B. Possible Intersections of U.S.-Iranian Interests.

- Despite fundamental conflicts, the U.S. perceives several possible intersections of U.S. and Iranian interests. They propose to explore these areas.
- First, the U.S. has had a traditional interest in seeing Iran preserve its territorial integrity and independence. This has not changed. The U.S. opposes Soviet designs on Iran.
- Second, the U.S. has no interest in an Iraqi victory over Iran. The U.S. had no relationship with Iraq when the war began and, in fact, had worked with Iran against Iraq in earlier periods. The U.S. seeks an end to this conflict and wants to use an improved relationship with Iran to further that end.
- Third, the U.S. and Iran have parallel views on Afghanistan. Soviet policy there is naked aggression, a threat to all in the region. Mutual friends -- China and Pakistan -- are threatened. The U.S. has ties with different elements of the Mujahideen -- but the objective is the same: the Soviets must get out and let the Afghan people choose their own course.

C. U.S. Objective Today.

- The U.S. has no illusions about what is possible in a bilateral relationship. Perhaps a direct meeting will reveal only a limited, momentary, tactical coincidence of interests. Perhaps more. The U.S. is prepared either way.
- In essence, the U.S. is prepared to have whatever kind of relationship with Iran that Iran is prepared to have with the U.S.

III. SOVIET MILITARY POSTURE

- -- Moscow has designs on parts of Iran. The U.S. believes that Moscow will intervene to prevent an Iranian victory over Iraq. The Soviets' Arab equities are too important.
- -- Afghanistan illustrates the price the Soviets are ready to pay to expand areas under their direct control.

SECRET



- -- There are significant Soviet capabilities along the border and inside Afghanistan which threaten Tehran.
- -- U.S. is aware of Soviet activity in Baluchistan, air strikes and military threat to Pakistan.
- -- Soviets have ben preparing for invasion of Iran if necessary.
- -- Iranian support to Sandinista regime in Nicaragua aids and abets Soviet designs -- makes U.S.-Iranian relationship more difficult.
- -- U.S. is willing to help Iran cope with Soviet threat.

IV. AFGHANISTAN

- -- There is real value in Iran and U.S. cooperating against Moscow in Afghanistan.
- -- U.S. can provide humanitarian assistance for refugees as well as military aid for Mujahideen.
- -- The U.S. is willing to work quietly with Iran to devise a strategy to expolit Iranian contact with certain elements of the Afghan Mujahideen.

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ROUTING Name and Address Initials Date R. C. McFarlane 1 2 3 4 5 6 ACTION FILE APPROVAL INFORMATION COMMENT PREPARE REPLY RECOMMENDATION CONCURRENCE DIRECT REPLY RETURN SIGNATURE DISPATCH REMARKS:

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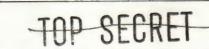
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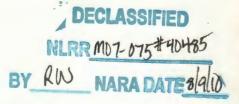
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IRAN-SENSITIVE (4)

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BATTLE

Box Number

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ID Document Type

Document Description

No of Doc Date pages

Restrictions

40486 MEMO

2 7/15/1986

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NORTH/TEICHER TO POINDEXTER RE HOSTAGES

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S E C R E T SECTION 01 OF 02 TOKYO 12946

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DEPARTMENT PLEASE REPEAT AS APPROPRIATE

E. O. 12356: DECL: OADR

TAGS: PREL, PTER, JA, IR, IZ, XF

SUBJECT: MOFA DIRGEN MIYAKE'S TALKS IN TEHRAN, JUNE 27-29:

DISCUSSION OF HOSTAGES

1. SECRET - ENTIRE TEXT.

2. WE UNDERSTAND THAT THE JAPANESE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS HAS CABLED TO JAPANESE EMBASSY WASHINGTON A FULL ACCOUNT OF DIRECTOR GENERAL FOR MIDDLE EASTERN AND AFRICAN AFFAIRS WASUKE MIYAKE'S DISCUSSIONS IN TEHRAN, JUNE 27-29, AND HAS INSTRUCTED THAT THIS BE SHARED WITH THE DEPARTMENT PROMPTLY.



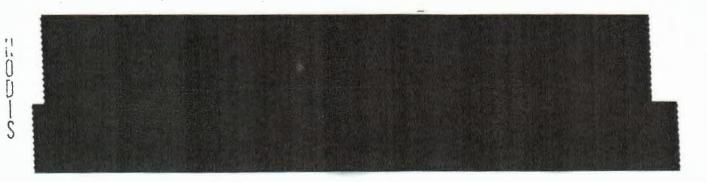
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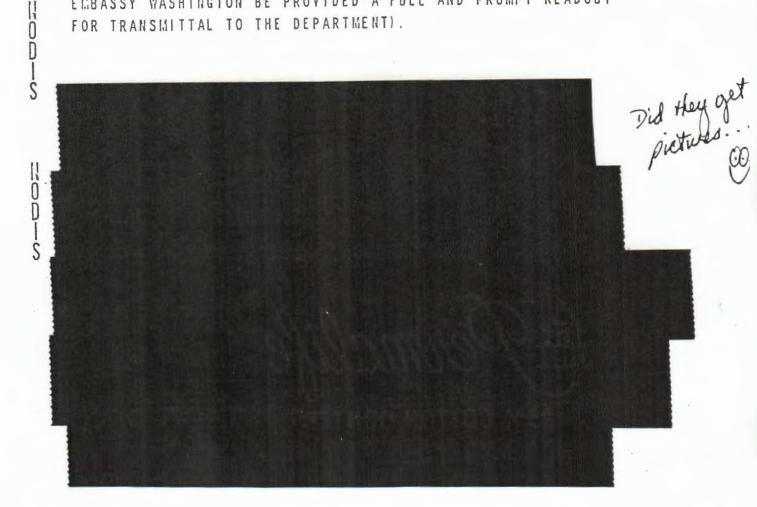
PAGE 02 OF 04 TOKYO 2946

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DTG: 030619Z JUL 86 PSN: 062



3. MOFA SECOND MIDDLE EAST DIVISION DIRECTOR WATANABE AND DEPUTY DIRECTOR SUZUKI, WHO PREPARED THE BRIEFING BOOKS FOR DIRGEN MIYAKE'S TRIP TO TEHRAN AND WHO HELD A COMPLETE SET OF MINUTES FROM MIYAKE'S DISCUSSIONS, SHARED HIGHLIGHTS WITH THE EMBASSY ON JULY 3 (FOLLOWING A REVIEW OF KEY POINTS AND IMPLICATIONS WITH MIYAKE HIMSELF, WHO HAD PERSONALLY INSTRUCTED THAT JAPANESE EMBASSY WASHINGTON BE PROVIDED A FULL AND PROMPT READOUT FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE DEPARTMENT).



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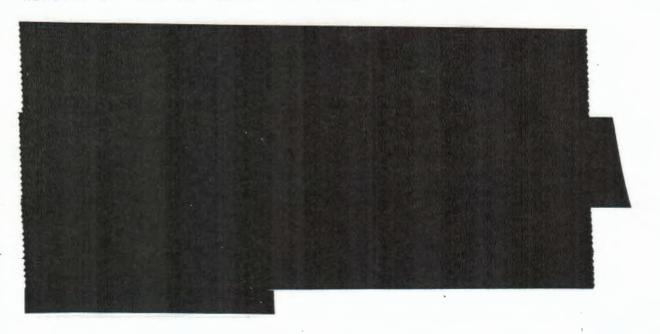
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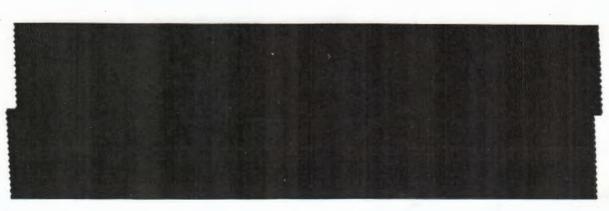
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THUS

DIFFERENT, AND SEEMINGLY MORE CONCILIATORY TACK, HOWEVER, SORAJANI NOTED THAT IRAN WAS EXTREMELY CONCERNED ABOUT THE SOVIET ADVANCE INTO THE REGION. IN RESISTING THAT ADVANCE, HE CONTINUED, THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT SHARED A COMMON STRATEGIC GOAL WITH THE U.S. GOVERNMENT. THUS, THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT HAD CONTINUED TO MAINTAIN CLOSE. COOPERATIVE RELATIONS WITH TURKEY AND PAKISTAN -- A FACT WHICH THE U.S. NEED ONLY ANALYZE TO "UNDERSTAND THE REALITY OF IRANIAN POLICY AND INTENTIONS."





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PAGE U4 OF Ø4 TOKYO 2946

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PAGE 01 OF 03 TOKYO 2946

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S E C R E T SECTION Ø2 OF Ø2 TOKYO 12946

HODIS

DEPARTMENT PLEASE REPEAT AS APPROPRIATE

E.O. 12356: DECL: OADR TAGS: PREL, PTER, JA, IR, IZ, XF SUBJECT: MOFA DIRGEN MIYAKE'S TALKS IN TEHRAN, JUNE 27-29:

VELAYATI DID
NOT RESPOND DIRECTLY TO ANY OF THIS, DECLARING SIMPLY THAT
"THE U.S. ATTITUDE TOWARD IRAN IS NOTHING MORE THAN A
DEMONSTRATION OF ANTIPATHY. SO LONG AS THIS ATTITUDE
REMAINS, IRAN WILL DO NOTHING." AT THIS JUNCTURE,
HOWEVER, VELAYATI AGAIN SUGGESTED THAT MIYAKE RAISE THE
SUBJECT WITH RAFSANJANI.

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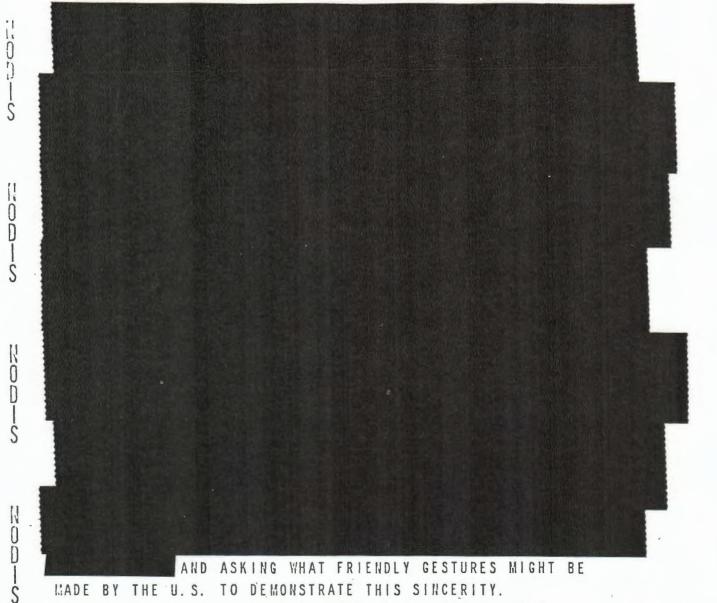
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WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

PAGE 02 OF 03 TOKYO 2346

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AND ASKING WHAT FRIENDLY GESTURES MIGHT BE MADE BY THE U.S. TO DEMONSTRATE THIS SINCERITY.

RAFSANJANI DODGED A DIRECT REPLY, DECLARING WITHOUT FURTHER ELABORATION THAT "THE U.S. GOVERNMENT KNOWS WHAT IT SHOULD DO. THE U.S. MUST DEMONSTRATE ITS GOOD WILL BY CONCRETE ACTIONS OVER A CERTAIN PERIOD. CURRENTLY THE IRANIAN PEOPLE HARBOR DEEP MISTRUST OF THE U.S. HENCE, IF THE U.S. (NEW) ATTITUDE TOWARD IRAN IS DEMONSTRATED THROUGH CERTAIN ACTIONS, THEN THE IRANIAN PEOPLE WOULD UNDERSTAND. THEN IRAN AND THE U.S. COULD START TALKING. THE ONLY WAY THAT AN IMPROVEMENT OF RELATIONS COULD

WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

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OCCUR IS BY U.S. ACTIONS WHICH DEMONSTRATE GOOD WILL."

NEVERTHELESS, THEY COME OUT OF THEIR

MEETINGS IN TEHRAN WITH NO ADVICE, NO PRESCRIPTIONS FOR NEXT MOVES, AND NO REAL SENSE THAT MUCH HAS CHANGED. END COMMENT.

6. IRAN-IRAO CONFLICT. WE WILL NOT REPEAT WHAT WE UNDERSTAND IS TO BE SHARED WITH DEPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON, BUT OUR SENSE IS THAT THE BOTTOM LINE IS SIMPLY: NO MOVEMENT, AND NO DISPOSITION TO MOVE, IN TEHRAN. RAFSANJANI AND THE OTHERS REPEATED THEIR LONG-STANDING DEMAND THAT SADDAM HUSSEIN BE REMOVED, AND THEY OFFERED THE JAPANESE NO ENCOURAGEMENT REGARDING POSSIBLE UNITED NATIONS INVOLVEMENT.

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U.S.-Iran Dialogue

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T. BASIC PILLARS OF U.S. FOREIGN POLICY

- -- President Reagan came into office at a time when Iran had had a certain impact on the American political process -- perhaps not what you intended.
- -- The President represents and embodies America's recovery from a period of weakness. He has rebuilt American military and economic strength.
- -- Most important, he has restored American will and self-confidence. The U.S. is not afraid to use its power in defense of its interests. They are not intimidated by Soviet pressures, whether on arms control or Angola or Central America or Afghanistan.
- -- At the same time, they are prepared to resolve political problems on the basis of reciprocity.
- -- They see many international trends -- economic, technological, and political -- working in their favor.

II. U.S. POLICY TOWARD IRAN: BASIC PRINCIPLES

- A. U.S. Assessment of Iranian Policy.
- The U.S. views the Iranian revolution as a fact. The U.S. is not trying to turn the clock back.
- The present U.S. attitude toward Iran is not a product of prejudice or emotion, but a clear-eyed assessment of Iran's present policies.
- The U.S. sees Iran's activity in many parts of the world, including even Central America.
- The U.S. knows how Iran views the Soviet Union. But Iranian subversion of Western interests and friends objectively serves Soviet interests on a global scale.
- U.S. assessment is that a decisive Iranian victory in the war with Iraq would only unleash greater regional instability, a further erosion of the Western position, and enhanced opportunities for Soviet trouble-making. The U.S. believes the Soviets are fully prepared to intervene militarily to prevent an Iraqi defeat.



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- The U.S. will therefore do what it can to prevent such a development. The U.S. regards the war as dangerous in many respects and would like to see an end to it.
- B. Possible Intersections of U.S.-Iranian Interests.
- Despite fundamental conflicts, the U.S. perceives several possible intersections of U.S. and Iranian interests. They propose to explore these areas.
- First, the U.S. has had a traditional interest in seeing Iran preserve its territorial integrity and independence. This has not changed. The U.S. opposes Soviet designs on Iran.
- Second, the U.S. has no interest in an Iraqi victory over Iran. The U.S. had no relationship with Iraq when the war began and, in fact, had worked with Iran against Iraq in earlier periods. The U.S. seeks an end to this conflict and wants to use an improved relationship with Iran to further that end.
- Third, the U.S. and Iran have parallel views on Afghanistan. Soviet policy there is naked aggression, a threat to all in the region. Mutual friends -- China and Pakistan -- are threatened. The U.S. has ties with different elements of the Mujahideen -- but the objective is the same: the Soviets must get out and let the Afghan people choose their own course.

C. U.S. Objective Today.

- The U.S. has no illusions about what is possible in a bilateral relationship. Perhaps a direct meeting will reveal only a limited, momentary, tactical coincidence of interests. Perhaps more. The U.S. is prepared either way.
- In essence, the U.S. is prepared to have whatever kind of relationship with Iran that Iran is prepared to have with the U.S.

III. SOVIET MILITARY POSTURE

- -- Moscow has designs on parts of Iran. The U.S. believes that Moscow will intervene to prevent an Iranian victory over Iraq. The Soviets' Arab equities are too important.
- -- Afghanistan illustrates the price the Soviets are ready to pay to expand areas under their direct control.

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- -- There are significant Soviet capabilities along the border and inside Afghanistan which threaten Tehran.
- -- U.S. is aware of Soviet activity in Baluchistan, air strikes and military threat to Pakistan.
- -- Soviets have ben preparing for invasion of Iran if necessary.
- -- Iranian support to Sandinista regime in Nicaragua aids and abets Soviet designs -- makes U.S.-Iranian relationship more difficult.
- -- U.S. is willing to help Iran cope with Soviet threat.

IV. AFGHANISTAN

- -- There is real value in Iran and U.S. cooperating against Moscow in Afghanistan.
- -- U.S. can provide humanitarian assistance for refugees as well as military aid for Mujahideen.
- -- The U.S. is willing to work quietly with Iran to devise a strategy to expolit Iranian contact with certain elements of the Afghan Mujahideen.

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