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THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

February 11, 1981

Dear Dr. Theisen:

Thank you for your very thoughtful letter to Mrs. Reagan and for the suggestions on the exchange of gifts by the President and visiting Heads of State.

We have been working closely with the State Department and a policy has already been determined. However, we want you to know that we appreciate your insights on this subject and thank you for sharing them with us.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Linda Faulkner Assistant Social Secretary

de Faullen

to the White House

Dr. Lee Scott Theisen
Director
Central Arizona Museum of History
1242 N. Central
Phoenix, Arizona 85004

February 11, 1981

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Dr. Lee Scott Theisen
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Central Arizona Museum of History
1242 N. Central
Phoenix, Arizona 85004



Central Arizona Museum of History

1242 N. Central, Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 255-4479

January 28, 1981

Mrs. Nancy Reagan The White House Washington, D.C. 20500

004202

Dear Mrs. Reagan:

Each administration receives hundreds of thousands of suggestions. I would like to offer the following based on my experience as a Republican, as a museum director and on my work with Presidential Libraries and Museums and the Smithsonian.

Each President exchanges Head of State gifts with foreign leaders. In modern times, the public forms part of its perceptions of a Presidency in history by these gifts. Thus, sooner, rather than later, you might wish to consider the questions of Presidential Head of State gifts and a Reagan Presidential Library. An examination of those in the collections of the Smithsonian and the various Presidential Museums shows there are museum quality items as well as a good deal of junk. Most of the latter is collected because little thought has been given to the contents of a Presidential Museum.

I would like to suggest that the Reagan administration gather samples of America's finest art and native crafts to exchange with foreign leaders. These gifts include art glass, paintings, porcelins, ceramics, historical folk art or toys, Indian items, and textiles. They would be drawn from all sections and people's of America. The presentation of such Head of State gifts would enhance American awareness of the Reagan administration's concern for the arts.

Thus, the opportunities would be two fold. For a woman of your obvious discriminating taste, this program would enable you to leave your imprint on American arts. Politically, it would enable the administration to develop yet another patronage arm, something I learned the importance of as a Legislative Assistant to former Congressman Fred Schwengel (Republican, Iowa). It would present an opportunity to strengthen and widen the administration's ties with each state.

There would be a three tiered structure. In each state, a board could be appointed by the President with the aid of that state's Republican Senators, or if so desired, a Democratic Senator. Thus, a political, but seemingly non-political reward. I would suggest creating a board made up of historians, museum administrators, art supporters, and friends of the administration, rather than using existing arts councils. The group would be responsible for screening possible choices for gifts. Above them would be a regional board which would

Central Arizona Chapter . Arizona Historical Society

be additional appointees who would screen state nominations. At the top would be a national panel, who would, along with the First Lady, choose the final gifts as they were needed. The President would not need to be involved until this stage. The selection for a foreign leader could be the occasion for a meeting of the artist with the First Family. There might be regular showings of items at the regional level which were deemed worthy, but were not chosen as final gifts. These might be used in other presentations. The object of all this would be to strengthen America's arts and native crafts. It would also provide a coherent theme for the gifts and end the public impression of Democrats being the only ones interested in the arts.

In turn, foreign leaders would be encouraged to present the President with the outstanding examples of art and native craft items from their own country. These, plus representative pieces of the American arts selection from the final judging would be set aside for the Reagan Museum. Such American and foreign pieces would offer the Museum visitors a broad international experience. The Reagan Library and Museum would quickly develop an outstanding collection of museum artifacts which could not be matched in any other Presidential Library and indeed, in few other national museums. It would represent an enduring monument to the thought and taste of the President and First Lady.

Sincerely.

kee Scott Theisen, Ph. D.

Director

LST/ad

ws ///

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 26, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR FRANK LILLY

FROM:

MARY LAWTON

SUBJECT:

Citations relevant to outline of gift policy

1. None

2. P.L. 95-521, sec. 202(a)(2)

3. P.L. 95-521, sec. 202(a)(2); 18 USC 201, 209; 5 USC 7251; E.O. 11222 sec. 201; 3 CFR 100.735-14

4. None

5. None

6. None

7. None

Gifts from foreign officials are covered by 5 USC 7342; 22 USC 2690; 22 CFR 3.5; 41 CFR 101-49.

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WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

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CORRESP	PONDENCE TRAC	CKING WORK	SHEET		
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C - Comment/Recommendation D - Draft Response	R - Direct Reply w/Copy S - For Signature	non necessary	B - Non-Special Refer		Suspended
F - Furnish Fact Sheet to be used as Enclosure	X - Interim Reply		FOR OUTGOING CORR		
			Code = Completion Date =	"A"	
Comments:	THE STATE OF				7-11-11

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.

Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).

Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.

Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

	CLASSIFICA	TION SECTION	
No. of Additional Correspondents:	Media: A Indiv	idual Codes: 4.2	00 1.111 4.640
Prime Subject Code: GI	Secondary Subject Co	des: <u>PP 012</u>	.10
	PRESIDE	NTIAL REPLY	
<u>Code</u> <u>C</u>	Date	Comment	Form
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SIGNATURE CODES: CPn - Presidential Correspondential	andanca	MEDIA CODES	
n - 0 - Unknown		B - Box/pack	age
n - 1 - Ronald Wilson Re n - 2 - Ronald Reagan	eagan	C - Copy D - Official d	ocument
n - 3 - Ron		G - Message H - Handcarr	
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n - 6 - Ronald		M- Mailgram	
n - 7 - Ronnie		O - Memo P - Photo	
CLn - First Lady's Correspo	ndence	R - Report	
n - 1 - Nancy Reagan		S - Sealed T - Telegram	
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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 25, 1981

Dear Bill:

I have your letter of October 29, 1981, that reiterates your request to present the President with a pair of Johnston and Murphy shoes. Let me elaborate on the reasons why we continue to feel your request should not be granted.

Normally, gifts to the President from a friend, as you suggest in the last paragraph of your letter, may be accepted. This is true, however, only if the personal relationship between the giver and the President is the motivating factor for the gift. In your previous letter, you make it clear that the motivation for this gift is your desire to perform a favor for an ex-client.

As to corporate gifts, the policy is, generally, to accept no such gifts whatever. This policy is especially rigid when the corporation seeking to make the gift has an interest that may be affected by the performance of the President's duties. The domestic shoe industry clearly has an interest that may be affected by, among other things, the President's decisions on international trade policies.

The above two guidelines have been in effect at least since 1966 when President Johnson issued Executive Order 11222, and they are also consistent with Federal Election laws regarding political contributions. Another long-standing policy of this and previous Administrations is that the President will not be associated in any fashion with promotional, advertising or marketing activities on behalf of any commercial product.

In your previous letter, you state that the proposed gift by GENESCO would be "a source of corporate pride, but it is NOT something that is in any way commercialized or used in their advertising." What I'm sure you're not aware of is that within the past few weeks advertising has been heard on at least one local radio station claiming that "every President for 150 years" has worn Johnston and Murphy shoes. Clearly, by now accepting a pair of Johnston and Murphy shoes, the President would be giving credence to that claim and would be associating his office with advertising activities on behalf of a commercial product.

The gift of the Tony Lama cowboy boots to which you refer in your letter did receive some unfortunate publicity that indicated the boots were a gift from the manufacturer. The fact is, however, that the boots were a personal gift from a long-time friend of the President.

Bill, it is with personal regret that I came to the decision to deny your request, but it is just such publicity as that arising out of the gift of the boots that I am hoping to avoid. I know you will understand the reasons for this decision and the policies behind it that, after all, are designed to protect the integrity of the President and the Presidency.

Sincerely,

Orig. signed by FFF

Fred F. Fielding Counsel to the President

Mr. William E. Timmons Timmons and Company, Inc. 1850 K Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20006

cc: Dawid C. Fischer

FFF:CH:aw 11/25/81

cc: FFFielding CHicks Subj. Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 24, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

CHRISTOPHER HICKS

SUBJECT:

Bill Timmons' Request

Attached is a reply to Bill Timmons with a revised second page incorporating your changes.

I finally did talk to Dave Fischer. He agreed completely with our effort to discourage gifts -- even bona fide personal gifts.

By the way -- a bit of Presidential trivia here -- according to Dave, President Reagan must have all his shoes custom made because of foot problems.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 18, 1981

CIL We hands " wine

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

CHRISTOPHER HICKS

SUBJECT:

Bill Timmons' Request

Attached is a proposed reply to Bill Timmons latest missive regarding his request to give the President of a pair of Johnston and Murphy shoes.

My delay in getting a response back to you is that I was trying to find out what Timmons was talking about when he made reference to a gift of cowboy boots in California. Although Dave Fischer has still not called me back to confirm, it is my understanding from Mary Lawton that the President ordered and intended to pay for the boots in question. Apparently, when the president of the boot company delivered the boots personally to President Reagan, he refused to accept the President's payment.

Attachment

TIMMONS AND COMPANY, INCORPORATED 1850 K STREET, N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006 (202) 331-1760 October 29, 1981 WILLIAM E. TIMMONS President TOM C. KOROLOGOS Vice President and 046285 Director of Legislative Affairs MICHAEL L REED Vice President and Secretary Dear Fred: JOHN M. NUGENT, JR. Vice President Thanks for your October 16th letter with the HOWARD G. PASTER

disappointing news on White House policy regarding gifts.

As you know, every other President in modern history has worn American-made J & M shoes, and I regret this President may break the chain. This is also puzzling in light of recent publicity surrounding a gift of cowboy boots to the President on the West Coast. I believe they were handmade and probably very valuable!

Fred, as an alternative, could I purchase a pair of J & M shoes and send them to him as a personal, non-corporate gift?

Sincerely,

William E. Timmons

The Honorable Fred Fielding Counsel to the President The White House Washington, D. C. 20500

Vice President

MICHAEL J. BATES Director of Research

WASEL CIL

October 16, 1981

4 . 41 6.

Dear Bill:

Greg Newell has referred your letters of September 2, 1981, and March 18, 1981, to me for a response.

I am sorry to have to tell you that we cannot grant your request, made on behalf of GENESCO, to present the President with a pair of Johnston and Murphy Shoes. I certainly hope this doesn't cause you any inconvenience, Bill, but since we would have no control over the possible commercial use of the presentation by GENESCO, which as you say is no longer a client of yours, I am sure you can understand the reason for our decision.

On behalf of the President, please pass on my appreciation to GENESCO for their kind offer.

Very truly yours,

Fred F. Fielding Counsel to the President

Mr. William E. Timmons Timmons and Company, Inc. 1850 K Street, NW Wasshington, D.C. 20006 WASHINGTO



October 16, 1981

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Very truly yours,

Orig. signed by FFF

Fred F. Fielding Counsel to the President

Mr. William E. Timmons Timmons and Company, Inc. 1850 K Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20006

cc: Greg Newell



U.S. National Archives & Records Administration

Current Status Details for CTRH RECID: 052302 MAIN SUBCODE: GI002

Current Status	None
User Name	dbarrie
Status Date	2022-03-14
Case Number	
Notes	1 p Transferred to GI

Change Status

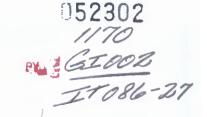
Close Window

Review Status History

No.	Status	<u>Date</u>	User	Case Number	Notes	
1	None	2022-03-14	dbarrie		1 p Transferred to GI	

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON
December 9. 1981



Dear Madam Ambassador:

Enclosed, as you requested, are materials concerning the law and policy relating to acceptance of gifts. Specifically I have included:

- 1. The Foreign Gifts and Decorations Act with accompanying instructions from the Department of State.
- 2. The GSA regulations on disposal of foreign gifts with an October 20, 1981 amendment redefining "minimal value."
- 3. The provisions of the Ethics in Government Act applicable to the Executive Branch, with subsequent amendments.
- 4. The Ethics Act report form (SF 278) with instructions on reporting.
- 5. Executive Order 11222.
- 6. The White House Standards of Conduct.
- 7. The White House Staff Manual summary of gift law and policy.
- 8. A recent White House staff memorandum concerning gifts.

I hope these materials are helpful. If I can be of further assistance please call on me.

and the

Mary C. Lawton

Sincerely,

Administrative Law Officer

Ambassador Jeane J. Kirkpatrick
U.S. Mission to the United Nations
799 United Nations Plaza
New York, New York 10017

- encl.

- Jan

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON
December 8, 1981

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MEMORANDUM FOR WHITE HOUSE STAFF

FROM:

FRED F. FIELDING

Counsel to the President

SUBJECT:

Holiday Season Reminder on Gift Policy

(re gifts réceived by STAFF FOR
Themselves & For President & First Lady)

With the advent of the Holiday season, it is especially important for you to review White House policy regulating the receipt of gifts. This memorandum summarizes and supplements material contained in the Staff Manual.

Gifts that may not be accepted

No member of the White House staff may accept a gift from a person who --

- o has or is seeking to do business with any part of the Executive Branch,
- o is involved in activities which are regulated by the Executive Branch,
- o has an interest which would be substantially affected by the staff member's performance of official duties.

If such a gift is received by a staff member either at the office, or at home, the staff member has the obligation to return it to the donor with the explanation that it cannot be accepted. A copy of the letter returning the gift should be retained in your files with a copy to this Office. If for some reason you feel you cannot return the gift (donor unknown, the address of donor unknown, or other) you should advise this Office. If, after analysis, it is confirmed that return is not possible, the gift should be turned over to the Counsel's Office for disposal, with an accompanying memorandum explaining the rationale for not returning the item. Of course, these prohibitions apply to your spouse and immediate household as well.

Gifts between Staff Members

Federal law expressly prohibits gifts from a subordinate employee to his supervisor or others in the office whose pay status is higher than the employee's. This does not prohibit customary exchanges of gifts of nominal value between coworkers, but any lavish gifts or gifts to superiors which are not part of a traditional exchange are prohibited.

Gifts that may be accepted

Gifts from family and relatives may, of course, be accepted.

Gifts from friends may also be accepted, but only if it is clear that the motivation is personal and the circumstances are such that no appearance of conflict of interest is created. Thus, for example, if you have traditionally exchanged gifts with a neighbor you may continue to do so even though he happens to be a lawyer with occasional cases involving the government or he is a banker subject to federal regulation. It would be imprudent to accept such a gift, on the other hand, if the neighbor has a specific interest in an issue which is under review in your particular office. While perhaps totally innocent, a gift in these latter circumstances might create the appearance of conflict of interest.

Unsolicited advertising and promotional materials of nominal value may be accepted even if they come from individuals or businesses having business with or regulated by the government. This only extends to such customary items as desk calendars, pens, pocket diaries, etc.; however, by way of example, this rule would not permit acceptance of a case of cognac, a piece of furniture, or other items of substantial value.

Reporting Requirements

In addition to the recordkeeping set forth above, those staff members required to file financial disclosure reports (SF 278) are reminded that they have an obligation to report certain gifts received from persons other than relatives. Any gift over \$100 in value must be reported. Also gifts over \$35 in value must be reported if the aggregate of such gifts received from the same source within a year totals over \$100. Thus, it would be prudent to make a record of all gifts valued over \$35 which you receive so that you can determine, at reporting time, whether there is a reporting requirement. Please note that the \$35 reporting limit is not related to the issue of whether a gift may be accepted. The propriety of accepting any gift must be determined without regard to its value, except as provided herein.

Gifts from Foreign Governments or Officials

The United States Constitution and a federal statute generally prohibit government officials from accepting gifts from foreign governments or from foreign multinational organizations. The following general guidelines obtain:

Gifts valued at under \$140 may be accepted and retained by the official (note that this is a recent increase in the definition of minimal value for these purposes), unless the acceptance would otherwise violate the regulations pertaining to domestic gifts. These gifts must be reported as any other gift.

Gifts that are valued at \$140 or more become the property of the United States. They should be turned over as soon as possible and within sixty (60) days to the White House Gift Unit for recording and the necessary reporting to the General Services Administration.

Gifts for the President or First Lady

Under no circumstances should a staff member accept such a gift intended for the President or the First Lady without first checking with this Office. Any member of the staff who receives a gift intended for the President or the First Lady should ensure that it goes through the security unit before entering the complex. It should then be immediately delivered to the White House Gift Unit so that it can be properly recorded and a decision made as to its disposition.

A Word of Caution

It is an unfortunate, but necessary, reminder that staff members should be particularly cautious about gifts of consumables, and about packages delivered at home. The Secret Service makes it a practice to destroy consumables received at the White House unless both the donor and the source are personally well known. Likewise, all packages and letters received at the White House by mail or delivery are scanned to make sure they are not hazardous. If you receive a package at home from a source not personally known to you, please take it to Room 45 OEOB, for scanning before opening or before turning it over to the Counsel's office. Under no circumstances should you bring it into the complex without such screening.

Additional Questions

This memorandum is necessarily summary and does not deal with all questions that may arise. If you are in doubt about the propriety of accepting any gift please consult with the Counsel's Office. Comy to alon Rauf 9-22-87

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ID# 052724 GI

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

□ O · OUTGOING □ H · INTERNAL □ I · INCOMING Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) Name of Correspondent: □ MI Mail Report User Subject: Holiday Season	Codes: (A)	Staff der on	(B)Gift Poli	(C)
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C - Comment/Recommendation R - D D - Draft Response S - F	nfo Copy Only/No Ad lirect Reply w/Copy or Signature nterim Reply	etion Necessary	DISPOSITION CODES: A - Answered B - Non-Special Referred FOR OUTGOING CORRECT Type of Response = 1 Code = 6 Completion Date = 1	SPONDENCE: Initials of Signer
Comments:				

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.

Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).

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RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

	CLASSIFICATION SECTION	
No. of Additional Correspondents: Media:	Individual Codes:	
Prime Subject Code:	Secondary Subject Codes:	
	PRESIDENTIAL REPLY	
Code Date	Comment	Form
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DSP	Time:	Media:
SIGNATURE CODES:	MEDIA CODES:	The state of the state of
CPn - Presidential Correspondence	B - Box/package	
n - 0 - Unknown n - 1 - Ronald Wilson Reagan	C - Copy	
n - 2 - Ronald Reagan	D - Official document G - Message	
n - 3 - Ron n - 4 - Dutch	H - Handcarried	
n - 5 - Ron Reagan	L - Letter M- Maligram	
n - 6 - Ronald n - 7 - Ronnie	O - Memo	
	P - Photo	
CLn - First Lady's Correspondence n - 1 - Nancy Reagan	R - Report S - Sealed	
n - 2 - Nancy	T - Telegram	
n - 3 - Mrs. Ronald Reagan	V - Telephone X - Miscellaneous	
CBn - Presidential & First Lady's Correspo	M Av A	
n - 1 - Ronald Reagan - Nancy Reagan		
n - 2 - Ron - Nancy		

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON December 8, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR WHITE HOUSE STAFF

FROM:

FRED F. FIELDING signed by FFF

Counsel to the President

SUBJECT:

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upo/

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

December 1, 1981

033/97 1110 GI CO PE001

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM:

Mary C. Lawton

SUBJ:

Foreign Gifts Act/Minimal Value

Attached is a page from the Federal Register amending the Foreign Gift Act regulations to raise the definition of "minimal value" to \$ 140. Accordingly, federal employees may now retain gifts from foreign officials assessed at or below this level.

140

Copies sent to jane Kratwil 12-20-83