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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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Collection Name WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT

(WHORM): SUBJECT FILE

Withdrawer

DLB 3/19/2010

File Folder

CO054 (GERMANY) (310000-599999)

FOIA

S10-0306/01

Box Number

74

SYSTEMATIC

DOC	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date R	estrictions
1	МЕМО	PATRICIA MACK BRYAN TO ANNE HIGGINS, RE: CORRESPONDENCE FROM MR. VAN BEEK, WITH NOTE ATTACHED 551561	1	12/31/1987	В6
2	МЕМО	COPY OF DOC #1 WITHOUT NOTE 551561	1	12/31/1987	В6

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

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B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

C0054

□ O:OUTGOING □ H - INTERNAL □ I - INCOMING □ Date Correspondence 85 10 4129 Received (YY/MM/DD) 85 10 4129 Name of Correspondent: //Mr.//Mrs.	Amiss &	anuta	Christi	8514478
☐ MI Mail Report User	Codes: (A)_		B)	(C)
Subject: Parents need from the German	thele	2 gell	ment	pension
ROUTE TO:	AC	TION	DIS	POSITION
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY1MM/DD	Type of Response	Completion Date Code YY/MM/DD
CoCoza	ORIGINATOR	85 105108		C 85/05/28
505	Referral Note:	85. 10.51/0		A 85 1051 24
	Referral Note:			
	Referral Note:			
	Referral Note:			
C - Comment/Recommendation R - I D - Draft Response S - I F - Furnish Fact Sheet X - I to be used as Enclosure	Info Copy Only/No Ac Direct Reply w/Copy For Signature nterim Reply		DISPOSITION CODES A - Answered B - Non-Special Ref FOR OUTGOING COR Type of Response Code Completion Date	C - Completed erral S - Suspended RESPONDENCE: Initials of Signer
Comments:				

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.

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RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

CLASSIFICATION SECTION

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	PRESIDENTIAL REPL	Y
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c	Time:	р.
DSP	Time:	Media:
SIGNATURE CORPO		
SIGNATURE CODES: CPn - Presidential Corresponder		MEDIA CODES:
n - 0 - Unknown n - 1 - Ronald Wilson Reaga		B - Box/package C - Copy
n - 2 - Ronald Reagan		D - Official document G - Message
n - 3 - Ron n - 4 - Dutch		H - Handcarried
n · 5 - Ron Reagan n · 6 - Ronald		L - Letter M - Mailgram
n - 7 - Ronnie		O - Memo P - Photo
CLn - First Lady's Corresponder	ice .	R - Report
n - 0 - Unknown n - 1 - Nancy Reagan		S - Sealed T - Telegram
n - 2 - Nancy n - 3 - Mrs. Ronald Reagan		V - Telephone X - Miscellaneous
		Y - Study
CBn - Presidential & First Lady's n - 1 - Ronald Reagan - Nand		
n - 2 - Ron - Nancy		



UNCLASSIFIED (Classification)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT TRANSMITTAL FORM

s/s_	8514478			
Date	MAY	2:4	1985	

For: Mr. Robert C. McFarlane
National Security Council

The White House

Reference:

To:	President Reagan From: Ms. Danuta Christine Miller
Date:	April 25, 1985 Subject: Pension for parents from
the F	
WH Ref	erral Dated: May 10, 1985 NSC ID# 314093 (if any)
letion mak	The attached item was sent directly to the Department of State.
Action Tak	A draft reply is attached.
	A draft reply will be forwarded. A translation is attached.
X	An information copy of a direct reply is attached.
	We believe no response is necessary for the reason cited below.
	The Department of State has no objection to the proposed travel.
	Other.

Remarks:

Nicholas Platt Executive Secretary

UNCLASSIFIED (Classification)





Washington, D.C. 20520

May 24, 1985

Dear Ms. Miller:

I am responding on behalf of the President to your letter of April 25 concerning pensions for your parents from the Federal Republic of Germany.

Unfortunately, you did not provide sufficient information to allow us to consider any means of assisting your parents. Specifically, you did not state whether your parents are U.S. citizens. If they are not U.S. citizens, it would be inappropriate for us to raise this matter with German authorities and I could only suggest that they seek private legal counsel in the Federal Republic of Germany for possible litigation. Given that possibility, I have enclosed for their information a list of attorneys who practice within the consular district of the American Embassy in Bonn.

If your parents are U.S. citizens, please have them provide me their complete names, dates and places of birth, address, copies of any correspondence with German authorities, and any other pertinent information concerning their claims. This information should be sent directly to me at CA/OCS/CCS/EUR, Room 4817, Department of State, Washington, D.C. 20520. Although this is a private legal matter and U.S. consular officers are prevented by Federal regulation from acting as their fiduciary or legal counsels, I will review this information to determine if we may be of any assistance.

Sincerely,

4

Dale L. Shaffer
Consular Affairs Officer
Europe and Canada Division
Office of Citizens Consular Services

Enclosure:

As stated.

Ms. Danuta Christine Miller
Pompano Beach Club North,
101 Briny Avenue-Suite 2512,
Pompano Beach, FL 33062.

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

REFERRAL

MAY 10, 1985

TO: DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ACTION REQUESTED:

DIRECT REPLY, FURNISH INFO COPY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 314093

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED APRIL 25, 1985

TO:

PRESIDENT REAGAN

FROM:

MS. DANUTA CHRISTINE MILLER POMPANO BEACH CLUB NORTH

101 BRINY AVENUE - SUITE 2512

POMPANO BEACH FL 33062

SUBJECT: PARENTS NEED HELP GETTING A PENSION FROM THE

GERMAN GOVERNMENT

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE (OR DRAFT) TO: AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE

> SALLY KELLEY DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Danuta Christine Miller

Interior Designer

8514478

(305) 946-6753

April 25th, 1985

314093

pensions

President Ronald Reagan
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Pear President Reagan:
Though I am not a particular fan of your, I am sorry to hear about all the controversy over your wreath laying ceremony in Germany.

Obviously people do not understand that when one lives in a country and it is at war, one must follow the dictates of the government-good or bad.

My mother was a prisoner in Germany during the second world war and also my father. Displaced people-I believe

a country and it is at war, one must follow the dictates of

aboan and pension s world war and also my father. Displaced people-I believe is the term that is used.

Pad n p My mother informed me that there were many innocent Germans who did not agree with the government policies, but were forced into service by the government. In fact she told me about a placed who had only one son who objected to being put into the seass. Needless to say, he was still drafted, sent to the front and killed.

The seas I sympathize with you, and all those countless souls, allies or germans who died during the war. I am sure that many that swere on the Russian front, or for that matter in Africa hated withing there.

That matter in Africa he was a national condition comes up, I would most certainly have to the country I live in. (Another examples the way the Air Traffic Controllers situation was handle to making such a big deal over this. We must learn that a matter that a country I live in the way the Air Traffic Controllers situation was handle to making such a big deal over this. We must learn that a matter that a country is a start to be a shamed of themselves for the country in the country in this country. These groups should spend more time campaigning the start of the women and children of this country. streeting inere.

The street of am certainly against war, but if I live in the U.S. and a national condition comes up, I would most certainly have to follow the dictates of the country I live in. (Another example the way the Air Traffic Controllers situation was handled). These people who object should be ashamed of themselves for these people who object should be ashamed of themselves for these people who object should be ashamed of themselves for

These groups should spend more time campaigning for the rights so the women and children of this country to see that situations such as this do not occur again.

I lived in Australia many years and I remember the bigotry the Auzzies felt towards the Japaniese Even in this day and age I recall seeing people throwing verbal abuse at orientals.

Pompano Beach Llub North Suite 2512, 101 Bring Avenue Pompano Beach, Florida 33062

Danuta Christine Miller ...

Interior Designer

(305) 946-623

April 24th, 1985

hope to america in this

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May 20 ne can than an

Legislative Meeting in Tall egislator's. Let us hope an is discrimated against said to me recently-my moth

the

with and o

speak

Senator Lawton Chiles The Federal Building Lakeland, Florida

Dear Senator:

I am again writing to you regarding the conditions of the women and children of this country, or for that matter-any single parent, regardless of sex.

It is interesting to note how many individuals are raped and plundered by mortgage companies in the United States. I do not necessarily blame the insurance companies for their exorbitant rates and balloon mortgages that are leaving many families homeless, either because of lack of child support or illness or other extenuating conditions, since

The government permits Shylocking (legally).

It only takes a month or two to fall behind in some of these payments and these individuals are penalized by having their homes and their livelihoods taken from them. I think it is a deplorable condition and Congress permits these type of atrocieties to be perpurtrated. Hitler at least gassed people to death rather quickly-but many women (white women in particular) who do not qualify for welfare because they have received the house etc. in a divorce settlement are in positions that they cannot pay some of these payments, and when they loose their homes they are forced to run like gypsies from one condominium to another looking for accomodations that in most cases discrimate against children.

Being a real estate agent and active on the Legislative Committee, I can assure you I speak for many many people who are having difficulties and are only offered choices that are similar to being offered "cancer". You die slowly so to speak because the government cannot do anything, or will not do anything to protect the homestead rights of these people. It is a disgusting condition.

Many mothers have been dependent upon the salaries of their spouses, and if they do not receive child support or alimoney they are immediately sent late notices etc. It is difficult once you find yourself in that hole, and needless to say, there is always someone around to help you out-at SHYLOCK prices. Do you think they should pay 18%, because they have been raising their families of this country.

16 there were no children-there would be no future citizens Pompano Boach Glub North Suito 2512, 101 Bring Avenue Pompano Beach, Florida 33062

government who only protect th

interests

t you for your help.

therefore no need of urent to lobby the loudes.



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Current Status	None	
User Name	dbarrie	
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No.	Status	Date	User	Case Number	Notes
1	None	2010-03-12	dbarrie		Transferred to CO054-02



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Current Status Details for CTRH RECID: 380136 MAIN SUBCODE: CO054

Current Status	None
User Name	dbarrie
Status Date	2010-03-12
Case Number	
Notes	Transferred to CO090

Change Status

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Review Status History

No.	Status	Date	User	Case Number	Notes	
1	None	2010-03-12	dbarrie		Transferred to CO090	

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THE WHITE HOUSE

CO054 PR014-08 PR016

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WASHINGTON

CJ 4

May 8, 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR PAT BUCHANAN

FROM:

MITCH DANIELS WILLS

SUBJECT:

Attached letter

Jeff Bergner is one of ours and knows the German situation very well. If he says the interview would make sense, he's probably right.

Welcome home.

10 (1)

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NSC pretens after le of the pequest.

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Till land front 5. 6-10-86

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U.S. National Archives & Records Administration

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Current Status	None
User Name	dbarrie
Status Date	2010-03-12
Case Number	
Notes	Transferred to CO054-02

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Review Status History

No.	Status	Date	User	Case Number	Notes	
1	None	2010-03-12	dbarrie		Transferred to CO054-02	

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE



505363 1110 <u>C0054</u> LG Berli I-E009

June 5, 1987

MEMORANDUM FOR KEN KRIEG

FROM DAN ENGLER

RE PROCLAMATION FOR 750TH ANNIVERSARY OF BERLIN

For your information, all Senior Staff offices but one cleared this proclamation without change. We have made two changes to the version that was cleared, however -- both at the request of Bob Kruger in Counsel's Office, and we concur with them.

One change is the addition of the language "by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States" in the next-to-last paragraph, which needs to be present when no other authority is cited.

The other change is the reintroduction of a reference to "the wall that presently divides the city" -- language in the original draft -- at the end of the second paragraph, and the deletion of the opening clause of the third paragraph for style.

Believe no additional clearances are needed for these changes, because the language for the wall reference was present in the first draft and because no office requested any further changes.

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

June 5, 1987

FOR THE RECORD --

The proclamation recognizing the 750th Anniversary of Berlin has been approved by the following Senior Staff:

A. B. CULVAHOUSE per Bob Kruger 6/06/87

NANCY RISQUE per Heide Ward 6/06/87

WILL BALL per Gwen 6/06/87

GARY BAUER per M. Driggs 6/06/87

FRANK DONATELLI per Lisa 6/06/87

COMMUNICATIONS no comment per Agnes Waldron 6/06/87

MARI MASENG per Brenda Wong 6/06/87

GRANT GREEN per Julie Madison 6/06/87

Amy Miller Admin. Asst. to Anne Higgins



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

June 5, 1987

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

James M. Frey Assistant Director Legislative Reference

SUBJECT:

Berlin's 750th Anniversary, 1987

Attached is a proclamation which would recognize Berlin's 750th anniversary year.

The proposed proclamation was submitted by the Department of State and the National Security Council, and has been edited in this office.

The proposed proclamation has the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Attachment

750TH ANNIVERSARY OF BERLIN, 1987

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA A PROCLAMATION

Berlin, one of the world's great cities and the largest German city, this year observes its 750th anniversary. This is cause for celebration for Berliners and for all Germans, and also for the people of the United States and the rest of the world.

The history and character of Berlin and its people give powerful testimony about human nature and its capabilities. After three-quarters of a millennium and many shocks and reversals through the ages, Berlin is yet a young city -- young with all the capacity of the human spirit to renew itself, to strive and to seek, to build anew and create, and, most of all, to hope. Time and again, Berlin has overcome desolation and isolation with will, energy, and courage. Even now, its spirit towers over the wall that presently divides the city -- totalitarianism's monument to its own futility.

Today Berlin remains close to the spiritual center of the Western world. Americans have a special affinity for Berlin that goes beyond formal political or economic ties, because we feel a kinship with its spirit of strength and creativity and because we see our own hopes and ideals mirrored in the deep attachment of its people to freedom and its blessings.

Thousands of Americans -- scholars, service men and women and their families, business people, diplomatic personnel, and so on -- live in Berlin and make vital contributions to the life of the city. We have helped Berlin grow, and we have shared its spirit.

As we near the end of the 20th century, we see that

Berlin, though ancient, is a city of the future. We know that
the courageous and freedom-loving spirit that has guided so
much of Berlin's past will help ensure a future of freedom for
all mankind in the years to come. "Berlin bleibt doch

Berlin -- Berlin is still Berlin."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, do hereby recognize Berlin's 750th Anniversary, 1987. I call upon the people of the United States to join in celebrating and honoring Berlin's 750th anniversary with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this

day of June, in the year of our Lord

nineteen hundred and eighty-seven, and of the Independence

of the United States of America the two hundred and eleventh.

UNCLASSIFIED

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Rhett Dawson/ Ho	tel Orologio - Venice		
Tom Griscom/ Hote	el Orologio - Venice		
Katherine Ladd/	Hotel Orologio - Venice		
AMATION ADDEES/LOCATION	I/TIME OF RECEIPT		
CIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REMARK	50		
Attached is the I	roclamation 750th Annive	rsary of Berlin, 1987.	

FOR MORNING DELIVERY, PLEASE.

UNCLASSIFIED

WHCA FORM 6. 15 OCTOBER 84

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SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REMARKS:

UNCLASSIFIED

750TH ANNIVERSARY OF BERLIN, 1987

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA A PROCLAMATION

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this

day of June, in the year of our Lord

nineteen hundred and eighty-seven, and of the Independence

of the United States of America the two hundred and eleventh.

507927 4800 <u>CD054</u> PU FE009 30

July 23, 1987

Dear Mrs. Jensen:

Thank you very much for your beautiful letter, and I'm sorry to be so late in responding. I'm happy to have your personal remembrances of when the Berlin Wall was built, and I can see that those remembrances are linked very much to your husband and his work in Germany. Nancy and I send our heartfelt sympathy to you on your loss.

I thought you might enjoy having this proclamation of the 750th anniversary of Berlin, and I'm delighted to also send you a copy of my speech in West Berlin. I join your prayers that one day we will see that wall come down.

With our appreciation and best wishes,

Sincerely,

RONALD REAGAN

Mrs. Jean A. Jensen 1632 Millcreek Way Salt Lake City, Utah 84106

RR: AVH: pps

Encls: Proclamation
West Berlin RR Speech

9/nn

Salt Lake City, Whah 84106 June 17, 1987

President and Mrs. Ronald Reagan The White House Washington, D.E. 20500

Dear President and Mrs. Reagan,

your recent visit to West Berlin, Germany and your plea, President Reagan, to Mr. Lor-locker to take the Wall down, made me so happy that I wish to congratulate you on your courage and your wisdom. I and many others will support you and continue to hope and pray that your request will come true.

For you that is very precious to me with the hope that it will be of interest to you in understanding my deep feelings in regard to this terrible wall that still separates loved ones after 26 years!

Last summer I returned first to Darme stadt Germany to the 25th anniversary of the Germanic Area Building Program for the Church of Jasus Christ of Latter day Saints and had the glorious experience of reunion with the young men who had worked with us, and the added bonus of meeting their wives and children.

I took my daughter Lynne, who did not accompany us on the mission, because of her marriage, so that she could enjoy this occasion and then a trip into West Berlin to see the beautiful church her father built.

It was a nostalgic, traumatic and mingledemotion experience to be in West Derlin again Whind the Fron Enrain where we lived and worked for 2 years and 8 months right af-ter the Wall went up.

Suffice it to say, the church and its Congregation were even more beautiful than I remembered, but the Wall was uglier and sadder than ever. I know the tragedies of that Wall and I will continue to pray and hope that you will be successful in your effort to get it down, and in all the other challenges and problems you face daily.

Be thankful for each other my husband died in January, 1985 leaving a big void in our lives, but we are thankful for what he accomplished, If the combined love, prayers and work of the people of the United States and their allies were strong enough I know that Wall could come tumbling down like the Walls of Jericho!

Tod bless you and yours, and our nation in all your righteous efforts, With My Love and Best Wishes, (Widow of Mr. L. Marcus Jensen)

AROUND THE CHURCH

Chapel Erected Near Wall

By DOUGLAS PALMER

Berlin-a chapel and a wall. That's the memory imprinted on the minds of the L. Marcus Jensen family, recently returned from West Berlin in the Germanic Building Mission.

The Jensens, members of Valley View Sixth Ward, Valley View Stake, returned from Berlin last June after nearly three years, but the memories linger:

Men, women and youngsters toiling despite hardships to erect a chapel, just a 20-minute drive from the barbed-wire-topped Berlin Wall which divides a people, their families and freedoms.

A chunk from the wall was given to the Jensens as a memento of their stay in Berlin by Ulrich Kohn, a member of the Neukolin Branch. ×

Mr. Jensen supervised construction of the Tempelhof Lankwitz Branch chapel, a Church tool used to "help tear down the 'wall' around the hearts of the German people so they might understand the Gospel." Mrs. Jensen said.

Church chapels in Germany are a potent force in uniting the people and eliminating the "wall that shuts out light and truth," she added.

Mr. and Mrs. Jensen and children, Carol, Mary Anne, Jay and Larry, faced the challenge of constructing a \$200,000 building in a 70-member branch where approximately 25 were active. By January 1964, building activity spurred membership rolls to 285.

Old footings from a building bombed during the war had to be dug out on the building site and the area combed with a detector for unexploded bombs, Mr. Jensen explained.

Work of U.S. Army units in

X Ellrich paid this piece of the Wall was taken down by our love and that your the only way it could come



Mr. and Mrs. L. Marcus Jensen admire piece of Berlin Wall, given as memento of stay in Berlin by German Church member.

excavating the site, which saved the branch \$7,000, was praised by the building supervisor.

Eighteen building missionaries were assigned to the project under Mr. Jensen, who commended their efforts and the work of German Saints.

"The people put their hearts and souls into the work and in helping the building missionaries," Mr. Jensen said,

Women branch members and Mrs. Jensen frequently pitched in to speed construction. Several were in their 60s and 70s.

Pictures taken by the Jensens show women, young and old, digging trenches, shoveling sand, operating wheel barrows.

One member, Martha Ludwig, who lost her left arm the day before the war ended, assisted by cooking meals and working on the building. During the project Germany experienced its coldest winter in 100 years. The temperature dropped to about 10 below. Still the people pressed on, Mr. Jensen recalled.

were active in school, Church and athletic activities.

Mary Anne won a college scholarship while attending Berlin American High School, presented by the American Women's Clubs of Berlin. Carol tended children during Relief Society and worked on Golden Gleaner requirements.

Larry was a representative from his school at the Transatlantic Association of Student Councils convention. He also won letters in track and football and was a student officer. Jay was a student officer and received a basketball letter

besides being in duted into the National Honor Society.

(mary Anne teaches German and in helping conduct a Student Jour in Europe at this time 6/17/1984.)

[see next page]

"I often said I'd be willing to scrub floors to go on a mission, but I didn't realize how soon it would come true," Mrs. Jensen said, who also served on the Berlin Stake Relief Society Board and directed the 40-woman Relief Society chorus. They also proselyted and Mr. Jensen served on the high council.

Branch members arranged the noon meal at the project site for building missionaries, who dined with the Jensen family in the evening. Olga Hornke, wife of the first counselor in the Berlin Stake presidency, made meal arrangements for the missionaries.

Karl Heinz Aulfes was branch president when the building was started and Helmut Beer succeeded him about a year after construction began.

Before returning to Utah Mr. Jensen assisted in construction of a free-standing stairway at the Neukolln Branch and supervised remodeling of the mission home at Dahlem, West Berlin.

Mr. Jensen formerly served as a missionary in the Swiss German mission where he served as district president.

The Jensen children, in addition to helping on the chapel,



U.S. National Archives & Records Administration

Current Status Details for CTRH RECID: 551561CU MAIN SUBCODE: C0054-01

Current Status	None	
User Name	dbarrie	
Status Date	2010-03-12	
Case Number		
Notes	Transferred to CO054	

Change Status Close Window

Review Status History

No.	Status	Date	User	Case Number	Notes
1	None	2010-03-12	dbarrie		Transferred to CO054

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WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

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C - Comment/Recommendation B - Draft Response S	I - Info Copy Only/No A R - Direct Reply w/Copy S - For Signature	ction Necessary	A - Answered B - Non-Special Refer	C - Completed s - Suspended
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Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.

Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).

Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.

Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

		CLASSIFICA	TION SECTION		
No. of Additional Correspondents:	Media: _e	L Indivi	dual Codes: 4.0	900	
Prime Subject Code: <u>CO</u>	054-01	Secondary Subject Cod	des: <u>CQ</u> 059	4-02	
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CLn - First Lady's Correspondence
n - 0 - Unknown
n - 1 - Nancy Reagan
n - 2 - Nancy
n - 3 - Mrs. Ronald Reagan

CBn - Presidential & First Lady's Correspondence n - 1 - Ronald Reagan - Nancy Reagan n - 2 - Ron - Nancy

G - Message

H - Handcarried

L · Letter

M · Mailgram

O · Memo

P · Photo

P - Photo
R - Report
S - Sealed
T - Telegram
V - Telephone
X - Miscellaneous
Y - Study

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name

Withdrawer

WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT

DLB 3/19/2010

(WHORM): SUBJECT FILE

File Folder

FOIA

CO054 (GERMANY) (310000-599999)

S10-0306/01

SYSTEMATIC

Box Number

74

36

DOC Document Type NO Document Description

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1 **MEMO** 12/31/1987 B6

PATRICIA MACK BRYAN TO ANNE HIGGINS, RE: CORRESPONDENCE FROM MR. VAN BEEK, WITH NOTE ATTACHED 551561

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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Collection Name Withdrawer

WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT DLB 3/19/2010 (WHORM): SUBJECT FILE

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CO054 (GERMANY) (310000-599999) S10-0306/01

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2 MEMO 1 12/31/1987 B6

COPY OF DOC #1 WITHOUT NOTE

551561

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

July 14, 1987

The President Ronald Reagan
The White House
c/o Mrs. Ann Higgins
Special Assistant to the President
and Director of Correspondence
Room 94, OE08
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Your display of concern, courage and wisdom on June 12, 1987, in Berlin, inspired me to write.

This very act could be the beginning to unlock the door at a most opportune time of: Glasnost = Openness introduced by Mr. Gorbatschow to challenge the Russian leaders into cooperation in the reunification of the Germanies through nationwide free vote.

This plan, pioneered by America, not only as a follow-up of your idea but mostly based on our true Western ideals of freedom and unification in accordance and cooperation with our strong and trusted Allies.

When you boarded the train of thought of world politics it was already full speed on the wrong track, it still is and will be unless we catastrophically derail or switch towards:

Conciliation and not confrontation to create conditions for mutual understanding and benefits through cunning and wise diplomacy and planning. To bring about enormous potential of a turnaround. The ideology factor is our greatest offensive and defensive factor of real strength, especially among the young communistic generation.

Besides uniting one of the most ingenious and industrial people into one country again is not only constructive but futuristic and humanistic.

When Khrushchev opposed the Eisenhower and Adenauer plan to unite the Germanies, and build the wall of shame, thereby not only walling in the people (his own and part of Germanies), but also the system, because it did not work and never will (see performance statistics enclosed - from same people, same country, under 2 different systems).

This historic, dramatic event was the beginning of immense suffering and stagnation of normal world development.

Most respectfully yours

Gys Jansen van Beek

Enclosure

BUNDESKANZLERAMT

212 - K 6016/87

5300 Bonn 1, den 3. August 1987
Postfach
Adenauerallee 141
Fernruf 0228/56..... -- 2250
oder 0228/561 (Vermittlung)
Telex 886750
Telefax 0228/562357

Herrn
Gys Jansen van Beek
Route No. 9, Box 71
Caldwell, Idaho 83605
U.S.A.

Sehr geehrter Herr van Beek,

im Auftrag von Herrn Bundeskanzler Dr. Kohl danke ich Ihnen herzlich für Ihr Schreiben vom 14. Juli 1987.

Den Entwurf Ihres Schreibens an den Präsidenten der Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika halte ich für sehr interessant. Die Frage der Wiedervereinigung Deutschlands und des politischen Zusammenschlusses Europas ist eine Aufgabe von historischer Dimension, der alle Bundesregierungen verpflichtet sind und waren.

Bundeskanzler Dr. Kohl hat in seiner Regierungserklärung vom 18. März 1987 hervorgehoben, daß die Freundschaft und enge Zusammenarbeit mit den Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika für die Bundesrepublik Deutschland von existenzieller Bedeutung ist. Sie erhöht die Chancen, daß unsere deutschen und die europäischen Interessen Eingang finden in alle Entscheidungen zu Politik und Strategie, zu Wirtschaft und Währung in der westlichen Gemeinschaft. Grundlage dieser Freundschaft bleibt die gemeinsame Wertordnung und das gegenseitige Vertrauen, wie es gerade in den jüngsten Begegnungen zwischen Bundeskanzler Dr. Kohl und Präsident Reagan sichtbar erneuert wurde.

Mit freundlichen Grüßen

(Dr. Hartmann)

Translation of Letter from Bundeskanzleramt August 3, 1987

Dear Mr. van Beek,

1 .

On behalf of Mr. Bundeskanzler Dr. Kohl I thank you very much for your letter of July 14, 1987.

I find the draft of your letter to the President of the United States very interesting. The question of a reconciliation of Germany and the political union of Europe is a task of historical dimension which all Federal Governments were and are committed to.

Bundeskanzler Dr. Kohl, in his speech on March 18, 1987, emphasized that the friendship and close collaboration with the United States of America is important to the survival of the Federal Republic of Germany. It increases the chances that our German and European interests find consideration in all decisions regarding politics and strategies, trade and currency in the western union. Basis of this friendship is the common standard of values and the mutual trust, the renewal of which became especially evident during the most recent meetings between Bundeskanzler Dr. Kohl and President Reagan.

Sincerely,

(Dr. Hartman)

July 14, 1987

Bundeskanzler Helmuth Kohl Bundeskanzleramt Adenauerallee 141 5300 Bonn 1 Federal Republic of Germany

Dear Mr. Kohl:

Enclosed please find a proposed letter to: President Ronald Reagan (copies to Pentagon and Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany, Washington D.C.).

As a follow-up on Mr. Reagan's extraordinary display of courage and wisdom on June 12th, in Berlin.

Please advise, correct or add to this plan what also is extraordinary coming from a citizen of the U.S. Democratic System and a member of the Association of the U.S. Army.

I will wait for your reply before sending this of to the above mentioned places of high offices.

Also enclosed one answer from earlier writings and suggestions to the Pentagon, in cooperation with the Civilian Advisor to the Army: Dr. William Keppler. I remain most appreciative and respectful for your cooperation in advance.

Sincerely

Gys Jansen van Beek Route No. 9, Box 71 Caldwell, Idaho 83605 U.S.A.

Enclosure

cc: The Office of the Chairman Chiefs of Staff J.C.S. Room 2E 860 Pentagon Washington, D.C. 20301 Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany 4645 Reservoir Rd. N.W., Washington, D.C.

esident and Communist Party First Secretary or Zhivkov has been in power for 39 years, longer any other Soviet-bloc leader. He and his carbon of the KGB, namely the Durzhavna Sigurnost, have a reputation for obedience to Moscow, and stringent security measures relieve the Soviets of requirement for stationing Russian troops in aria. Furthermore, the Russians have shown a prosity to employ the Bulgarian security service for just stranything they wish. The Bulgarians have admitto supplying weapons to leftist insurgents in Angola, nam, Algeria, Mozambique and South Africa. is smuggled into Lebanon, Yemen, Chile and Tana are known to be of Bulgarian origin. Bulgaria's itation as an exporter of dirty tricks lends some ence to Italy's charges of complicity in the attempassassination of Pope John Paul II.

tidbits of decision authority to the nation's massive istrial and agricultural combines and has also enraged small private agricultural endeavors on the of many industrial workers. His economic program of nearly so ambitious as that of Hungary, but supsare plentiful and life is good in Bulgaria. Residents the themselves on accomplishing through hard work which others have attempted through borrowing. Sia's \$2.4 billion debt to the West is the lowest in tern Europe.)

lany years of close ties with Moscow, tight security abundant supplies ensure that Bulgaria will remain

ependable Soviet ally.

xport = 16,200 Mill \$
import = 17,600 Mill \$

German Democratic Republic

'opulation: 16,760,000.

lovernment: Communist dictatorship.

INP: \$73 billion.

'er Capita Income: \$5,340. Defense Expenditures: \$8 billion.

wrmed Forces: Army — 116,000 (69,000 conscripts), 80,000 reserves; Navy — 14,000 (8,000 conscripts), 5,000 reserves; Air Force — 37,000 (15,000 concripts), 30,000 reserves, 359 combat aircraft; Paranilitary — 74,000.

orces Abroad: 2,320.

'otal Regular Armed Forces: 167,000 (92,000 concripts).

The Soviet Union's relationship with East Germany is derscored by a blend of reluctant cooperation and tehful concern. Moscow tolerates the German Demotic Republic's cultivation of trade with West Oermy only because it helps promote stability for the momy. Most of the watching is accomplished by the 3,000 Russian troops stationed in the GDR.

Currently, a glimmer of light seems to be appearing at the end of East Germany's economic tunnel. Of all Eastern bloc nations, the GDR is second only to Poland in gross debt to the West — \$12.26 billion as of 30 June 1983. In 1983, that debt was reduced by about \$1 billion and the annual national income increased by 3.9 percent, reversals of the stagnation of 1981 and 1982. This financial turnaround prompted West German bankers in July to grant the Easterners a guaranteed loan of \$380 million, the first of its type for the financially strapped country in several years.

Reciprocally, East German border restrictions have been relaxed, as have currency-exchange rules. The two Germanys have recently entered into new postal, cultural and environmental agreements that heretofore were considered impossible.

These nudges toward Western dependency have not gone unnoticed by the GDR's Kremiin mentors. At the annual meeting of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (COMECON) in October, East Germany was castigated for its balance-of-payments deficit with Moscow and for its slowly evolving dependence on trade with the West. The Soviets threatened to reduce exports to the Germans If this continues. The GDR, dependent on the USSR for 90 percent of its petroleum, natural gas and raw materials, is in a precarious position that may eventually force it to look more and more to the West for its economic survival.

To compound the GDR's disfavor with Moscow, an antinuclear weapons movement, sponsored by the country's clergy and targeted on both the United States and Soviet arsenals is becoming more visable. At a West Germany rally in October, an East German Protestant pastor warned that the planned NATO deployment of Pershing II and cruise missiles would mean that "East Germans will also get more missiles, more weapons and less freedom." East German Communist Party newspapers, in an unprecedented act, published several church letters to the head of state, Eric Honecker, opposing both East and West nuclear weapons deployments, and a growing number of young East Germans have been participating in church-sponsored antinuclear campaigns. All of this has provoked fitful repression by a government that ironically provides the West German Communist Party with over \$20 million in support of antinuclear activities.

Domestic problems have not kept the GDR from meddling in foreign affairs. They still maintain a large presence in Africa, a steadily growing involvement in Central America, and, in November, an East German physicist was indicted in Boston, Mass., on espionage charges.

In spite of slowly growing tendencies toward Western economic reliance and some loss of favor with Moscow during 1983, the presence of 380,000 Soviet troops and a head of state who is a staunch supporter of communist dogma ensure the continued presence of the GDR in the Soviet camp.

reace in Peril

Libyan-backed rebels struck south through Chad. President Mitterrand came to the aid of the former French colony by dispatching 2,500 troops, supported by a dozen strike aircraft, which proved sufficient to halt the rebel offensive. The opposing forces were stalemated for the last half of 1983.

President Mitterrand has remained consistently antly. Moscow in his foreign policy dealings and, while keeping the French military apart from NATO control, he avidly supported the deployment of new intermediaterange missiles to NATO bases.

France's own commitment to the defense of Western Europe was bolstered in 1983 when the government announced the operational readiness of nine new S3 IRBMs and the successful testing of two new nuclear missiles and a neutron weapon. Thus, while the French are presently struggling against domestic economic problems of mountainous proportions, they still can be counted on as staunch allies in the defense of Europe.

1986

Export = 192,901 Mill. \$ Import = 187,933 Mill. \$

The Federal Republic of Germany

Population: 61,600,000.

Government: Parlimentary democracy

GDP: \$659 billion.

Per Capita Income: \$11,142.
Defense Expenditures: \$19 billion.

Armed Forces: Army — 335,500 (185,000 conscripts); Navy — 36,400 (11,000 conscripts); Air Force — 105,900 (40,000 conscripts), 501 combat aircraft; Paramilitary — 20,000; Reserves all services — 750,000.

Total Regular Armed Forces: 495,000 (236,000 conscripts).

The strength of the Atlantic alliance was bolstered by the 6 March German elections in which Chancellor Helmut Kohl was not only returned to office but his Christian Democratic Union severely defeated the neutralists who would have seriously undermined West Germany's future participation in security and economic relations with the West. Kohl's victory was cheered in London and Washington and put him in a strong position to carry out the NATO plan for installing Pershing II and cruise missiles on German soil, a plan which proceeded on schedule following a reaffirming vote in the West German parliament in November.

One of the more interesting aspects of the election campaign, and one which tends to make Kohl's victory all the sweeter, is the ham-handed intervention of Moscow to defeat Kohl and halt NATO's missile deployment plans. Soviet papers sustained an unprecedented barrage of anti-Kohl propaganda, all to no avail.

Kohl not only won the election but he supported the missile deployment in the face of mounting pacifist opposition.

However, it was Kohl's probusiness orthodoxy that appealed most to German voters who see in him the best chance to revive a badly stalled economy. The Impressive rates of economic growth to which Germans have been long accustomed are no more. The 1983 increase in industrial production was little more than one-quarter of one percent. Unemployment topped ten percent with 2.5 million workers idle.

Kohl's first challenge is to administer a program of government austerity and free enterprise incentives to cure his country's financial woes. He has pledged to cut business taxes in order to encourage investment and he ha instituted basic structural changes in the nation's burgeoning social welfare system.

Solving West Germany's economic problems is the biggest test Mr. Kohl faces. But he faces other major problems: from the unions who demand that the workweek be cut to 35 hours; from industry executives who argue that this would increase production costs and give the advantage to Germany's market competitors; from ecologists who decry acid rain and pesticide damage to one third of the nation's forests; from scholars who see the German educational system crumbling; and from the young who are increasingly rejecting the traditional NATO defense policies out of fear that their homes will be the first battlefield in any military confrontation between East and West.

Clearly, West Germany's postwar economic miracle has fallen on some pretty hard times. West Germans are also worried that the East-West buildup will some day turn their homeland into a battieground. These anxieties have contributed to a sense of national malaise which can only be countered by a resurgence of national pride and traditional German industriousness. Mr. Kohi has four years in which to prove that he can fulfill the responsibilities of leadership and provide the impetus to regain West Germany's standing as Europe's most affluent society.

Italy

Population: 57,400,000. Government: Republic.

GDP: \$343 billion.

Per Capita Income: \$6,914.

Defense Expenditures: \$8 billion.

Armed Forces: Army — 258,000 (187,000 conscripts) (545,000 teserves); Navy — 44,500 (23,700 conscripts) (221,000 reserves); Air Force — 70,600 (28,300 conscripts) (28,000 reserves), 300 combat aircraft; Paramilitary — 90,000.



OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WASHINGTON, D.C. 20001

31 May 1984 ...

Mr. Gys Jansen van Beek Route No. 9, Box 71 Caldwell, Idaho 83605

Dear Mr. van Beek,

I read with interest your letter to me of May 10, together with the rest of your correspondence. I appreciate your taking the time to write.

Your concern for world peace is very understandable, and I want you to be assured that the plans you suggest to enhance our national defense will be looked at and seriously considered. You provided some thought-provoking ideas.

Please give my regards to Dr. Keppler. I hope that your personal fortunes take a turn for the best in the future.

Sincerely,

OHN W. VESSEY, JR.

Chairman

Joint Chiefs of Staff

Now BEING FOLLOWED UP BY: COL. WILLIAM STOKES III) Chip of the

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT

TRANSMITTAL FORM

8805432

Date March 3, 1988

S/S

Mr. Paul Schott Stevens

Executive Secretary

National Security Council

The White House	PY AS
REFERENCE:	
To: The President	
From: Mr. Gregory Myers	
Date: January 15, 1988	
Subject: Inner-German relations	
WH Referral Dated: Originally referred to NSC ID# (if any): forwarded to DoS for	DoD, which in turn action (without WH referral slip.)
The attached item was sent directly Department of State.	y to the
ACTION TAKEN:	
A draft reply is attached.	
A draft reply will be forwarded.	
A translation is attached.	
x An information copy of a direct rep	ly is attached.
We believe no response is necessary cited below.	for the reason
The Department of State has no object proposed travel.	ction to the
Other (see remarks).	
REMARKS:	

NSC 8801688

UNCLASSIFIED

WHITE HOUSE

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MOOR MOITAUTIE



United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

March 3, 1988

Mr. Gregory Myers 916 Eastgate Frankenmuth, Michigan

Dear Mr. Myers:

Thank you for your January 15 letter to President Reagan requesting information on the Federal Republic of Germany and the German Democratic Republic. I have been asked to respond on the President's behalf.

Your inquiry touches on a number of complex issues which are difficult to address fully in a short letter. In a effort to assist your research, I am enclosing a number of documents which deal with the questions you pose. The Background Notes for both countries will provide a general overview while the 1987 Human Rights Reports cover more specifically the points of interest to you. The twenty-second semiannual report of the implementation of the Helsinki Final Act for the German Democratic Republic provides considerable detail on human rights and contacts within that country. Your library of course will have other materials on the inner-German relationship responsive to your specific line of inquiry.

I am pleased to respond to your interest in German affairs. I hope these materials are of use to you.

Sincerely

Thomas Frank Foulger East-West Affairs



FEB | 1 | 1988

916 Eastgate Frankenmuth, Michigan 48734 January 15, 1988

The President
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I saw an article in the newspaper a few weeks ago about 118 Polish tourists jumping off a vacation cruise ship to get into West Germany. The article said that last year 4,625 Poles used this way to defect into West Germany. Thats 40 percent more than last year.

It sort of pondered on me that those figures were so high. Is it that easy to get into West Germany? Has there been a lot of people escaping into West Germany? Since the war has it been hard for East Germans to get into West Germany?

If it would be at all possible could you send me some information on the West and East German conflicts. I know with that your a very busy man and I thank you for your time to read this, thank you and God Bless.

Respectively yours,

Legon Myers
Mr. Greg Myers

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

•	12 Feb 88	
Niemo For_	Department of State	tiga kalan an anggan
SUBJECT:	Transferral of Correspondence	
		886543

Although the White House referred the attached mail to us for response, we believe the correspondence raises issues within your jurisdiction. Therefore, we are transferring it to you for appropriate action.

Len Shupe
Chief, White House Liaison
Office of the Secretary
of Defense
(695-6151)

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

	12 Feb 88
Memo For	Department of State

SUBJECT: Transferral of Correspondence

8805432

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Len Shupe Chief, White House Liaison Office of the Secretary of Defense (695-6151)

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NSC/S PROFILE

RECORD ID: 8801688 RECEIVED: 04 MAR 88 10

TO: PRESIDENT

FROM: MYERS, GREGORY

DOC DATE: 15 JAN 88

ORIGINAL SUBJECT:

INNER GERMAN RELATIONS

ACTION: FOR RECORD PURPOSES

STATUS: C FILES: WH

CODES:

DUE DATE: 08 MAR 88

STAFF OFFICER: LEDSKY

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FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO KELLY, B ERMARTH LEDSKY RODMAN PERINA

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