## Ronald Reagan Presidential Library Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual collections.

## WHORM Subject File Code: CO054-02

(Countries: Germany, Federal Republic of (West))

**Case File Number(s):** 604536 (1 of 2)

**Box:** 79

To see more digitized collections visit: <a href="https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library">https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library</a>

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library inventories visit: <a href="https://reaganlibrary.gov/document-collection">https://reaganlibrary.gov/document-collection</a>

Contact a reference archivist at: reagan.library@nara.gov

Citation Guidelines: <a href="https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing">https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing</a>

National Archives Catalogue: <a href="https://catalog.archives.gov/">https://catalog.archives.gov/</a>

RU

1D#604536 CU C0054-02

#### WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

□ O · OUTGOING				
□ H · INTERNAL				
□ I · INCOMING				
Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD)				
Name of Correspondent: Rhett B	Daws	n.		
☐ MI Mail Report User (	Codes: (A)_	([	3)	(C)
Subject: Presidential Rem	anks:	Chancel	lor Hel	mut
Kohl M. the Federal	Ponit	MIC M	Merma	111-
Dansetting	ngous	0	REACTION	g
Departure		τ-		
			1:	
ROUTE TO:	AC.	TION	DISP	OSITION
		Tracking	Туре	Completion
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Date YY/MM/DD	of Response	Date Code YY/MM/DD
cuholl )	ORIGINATOR	88,11,15		C88111115
611	Referral Note:	-		
cuat/44/	A	8811.15	NAN	C 88111115
	Referral Note:			
		1 1		1 1
	Referral Note:			
	nerenariote.	1 1		1 1
1		· · ·	<del></del>	-
1	Referral Note:		/L - w	
	_			
	Referral Note:		×	
ACTION CODES:		D	ISPOSITION CODES:	
C - Comment/Recommendation R - Di	nfo Copy Only/No Actirect Reply w/Copy	tion Necessary	A - Answered B - Non-Special Refer	C - Completed S - Suspended
	or Signature terim Reply			
to be used as Enclosure		F	OR OUTGOING CORR Type of Response =	
		-	Code = Completion Date =	"A"
Mr attacked	han	freen 1	ASSIMA A	d
Comments: She audiched	*	vere 7	OF CA CARON	A
w the thesial			1916	Ch
No further action	necessary	C. Dean Mo	Grath Jr	17/15/88
Keen this worksheet attached to the original	incoming lette	r	V	/

Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).

Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.

Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

#### RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

		CLASSIFICATION SECTION		
No. of Additional Correspondents:	Media: _	Individual Codes: _		
Prime Subject Code:		Secondary Subject Codes:		
				- *
		PRESIDENTIAL REPLY		
Code	Date	Comment	Form	
c		Time:	Р-	
DSP		Time:	Media:	
SIGNATURE CODES:		MEDIA	CODES:	

**CPn** - Presidential Correspondence

- n 0 Unknown
- n 0 Unknown n 1 Ronald Wilson Reagan n 2 Ronald Reagan n 3 Ron n 4 Dutch n 5 Ron Reagan n 6 Ronald n 7 Ronnie

CLn - First Lady's Correspondence n - 0 - Unknown n - 1 - Nancy Reagan n - 2 - Nancy n - 3 - Mrs. Ronald Reagan

CBn - Presidential & First Lady's Correspondence n - 1 - Ronald Reagan - Nancy Reagan n - 2 - Ron - Nancy

- B Box/package
- C Copy
  D Official document
- G Message H Handcarried

- H Handcarried L Letter M- Mallgram O Memo P Photo R Report S Sealed T Telegram V Telephone X Miscellaneous Y Study

## WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

11/14/88

BJECT:	PRESIDENTIAL	REMA	RKS:	CHANCELLOR HELMUT	KOHL OF TH	E FEDEI
				REPUBLIC OF GERMAN	IY - DEPART	URE
	AC	TION	FYI		ACTIO	N FYI
VICE PRESIDE	NT			KRANOWITZ		
DUBERSTEIN				MASENG		
POWELL				RANGE		
WRIGHT - ON	<b>IB</b>			RISQUE		
OGLESBY				RYAN		
CRIPPEN				SPRINKEL		
CULVAHOUS				TUCK		
DAWSON				TUTTLE		
DONATELLI				DOLAN		
FITZWATER						
HOBBS						
HOOLEY						
ARKS:	attached has be	en fo	rwarde	ed to the President	-	

(Podhoretz edit)
November 14, 1988
3:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT, KOHL OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY DEPARTURE STATEMENT TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1988

I've just completed a highly useful and productive discussion with Chancellor Kohl, on this, the sixth anniversary of his first visit to the White House as Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany. The many conversations we have had together demonstrate not only the close ties that exist between the Federal Republic of Germany and the United States, but the warm personal relationship that has developed between us. Chancellor Kohl is a close friend of the United States. His views are greatly valued and his commitment and personal efforts to strengthen German-American ties have made an enormous difference in the relationship between the United States and West Germany.

Today, we reviewed a broad range of important international issues. We discussed how our two countries, working together and within the NATO Alliance, could advance the cause of peace and freedom.

The Chancellor briefed me on his recent visit to Moscow. We agreed that important progress has been made in East-West relations, but that much still remains to be done -- in arms control, in ending regional conflicts, and with respect to human rights. We also noted that the Vienna Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, which is entering its final stage, required a balanced and substantive outcome.

I reaffirmed the strong American commitment to Berlin and underscored our determination to pursue the Berlin Initiative I first outlined in June 1987 when I spoke at the Berlin Wall. That divided city of Berlin remains a powerful symbol of a divided Europe and a litmus test of East-West relations.

We reviewed the positive state of the NATO Alliance. While seeking security and stability at lower levels of armaments, the United States and West Germany, together with our Allies, will ensure that our conventional and nuclear forces are kept up to date. We also agreed that, for the foreseeable future, there is no viable alternative to NATO's defense strategy of deterrence based on flexible response and forward defense. The Chancellor voiced support for an international conference on chemical weapons, and we reaffirmed our common goal of negotiating a global ban on these terrible weapons.

West Germany and the United States continue to seek ways to share fairly the risks, burdens, and responsibilities, as well as the benefits, of our common defense. We reviewed the difficulties each country faces in doing more, but pledged we would each do our fair share. In this regard, I paid special tribute to the German people for the sacrifices they bear on the frontline of freedom -- which is also America's frontline of defense -- and reiterated my condolences for the victims of the tragedy at the Ramstein air show last August.

We also reviewed trade and economic issues. Both the Chancellor and I expressed satisfaction with the present state of the world economy. I congratulated the Chancellor on the

decision of the European Community member states to take major steps toward closer economic integration by the end of 1992 and expressed our concern that this be done in a manner that promotes fair trade internationally. We agreed that trade protectionism must be avoided and reiterated our support for an amicable resolution of US/EC trade issues and for real progress during the mid-term review of the Uruguay Round trade negotiations. I will have something more to say on that point later in the week.

Helmut, this marks my last meeting as President with you. Six years ago, we stood together as I announced the formation of a Presidential Commission to commemorate the Tricentennial of the first German settlement in the United States. Six years to the day, I am proud to announce a product of that commission: The dedication of a garden, here in Washington, as a symbol of the friendship between our two countries.

In a few months, I will be leaving the White House. But, the garden -- and all it represents -- will remain, to be nurtured and sustained by the friendship between Germans and Americans and by the leadership you have provided. I am asking Charles Wick, the Director of the U.S. Information Agency, to represent me today at the dedication of the German-American friendship garden.

Helmut, I hope you will convey to the German people my personal thanks for their prayers and support over the past 8 years. And let me just add a final personal word to you, Helmut, to you for your friendship and counsel. Thank you, Helmut, and may God bless you, and may God bless our two great nations.

#### WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

O · OUTGOING H · INTERNAL Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD)  Name of Correspondent:  MI Mail Report Use Subject: Presidential	Codes: (A) Remai	do: C	(B) hancel	(C)
ROUTE TO:	AC	CTION	DISF	POSITION
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Completion Date Code YY/MM/DD
cuholl cuat by	ORIGINATOR Referral Note: Referral Note: Referral Note: Referral Note:	8811110	2DM menu	C88,11,14 6
C - Comment/Recommendation R - D - Draft Response S -	Info Copy Only/No A Direct Reply w/Copy For Signature Interim Reply	ction Necessary	DISPOSITION CODES:  A - Answered B - Non-Special Reference FOR OUTGOING CORR Type of Response = Code = Completion Date =	ESPONDENCE: Initials of Signer "A"

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.

Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).

Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.

Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

## RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

#### **CLASSIFICATION SECTION**

		CLASSIFICATION SECTION	
No. of Additional Correspondents:	Media: _	Individual Codes:	
Prime Subject Code:		Secondary Subject Codes:	*
		PRESIDENTIAL REPLY	
Code	Date	Comment	Form
		100	T <sub>N</sub> =
C		Time:	<u>P-</u>
DSP		Time:	Media:
SIGNATURE CODES:  CPn - Presidential C n - 0 - Unknown n - 1 - Ronald W n - 2 - Ronald R n - 3 - Ron n - 4 - Dutch n - 5 - Ron Reag n - 6 - Ronald n - 7 - Ronnie  CLn - First Lady's C n - 0 - Unknown n - 1 - Nancy Rei n - 2 - Nancy n - 3 - Mrs. Rona	ilson Reagan eagan an orrespondence agan	MEDIA CODES:  B - Box/packag C - Copy D - Official doc G - Message H - Handcarried L - Letter M - Maligram O - Memo P - Photo R - Report S - Sealed T - Telegram V - Telephone X - Miscellaned Y - Study	eument
n - 1 - Ronald Re	First Lady's Correspondant	ndence	



#### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 14, 1988

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY R. DOLAN

DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND

DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

FROM:

C. DEAN MCGRATH, JR./ JY

ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT:

Presidential Remarks: Chancellor Helmut Kohl

Departure Statement

Counsel's office has reviewed the above-referenced Presidential remarks, and we have no legal objection to their delivery.

cc: Rhett B. Dawson

## WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 11/10/88 ACT	ION/CONCURE	RENCE/C	COMMENT DUE BY:	NOON on 11/14/8	88
SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL RE	MARKS: C	HANCE	ELLOR HELMUT KOR	łL	
	D	EPART	TURE STATEMENT		
	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	I FYI
VICE PRESIDENT		K	KRANOWITZ		
DUBERSTEIN			MASENG		
POWELL			RANGE		
WRIGHT - OMB			RISQUE		
OGLESBY			RYAN		
CRIPPEN			SPRINKEL		
CULVAHOUSE			TUCK		
DAWSON			TUTTLE		
DONATELLI			DOLAN		
FITZWATER		K			
HOBBS			-		
HOOLEY					
-	_		_	ny Dolan by noon my office. Thar	
RESPONSE:					



(Podhoretz edit)
November 10, 1988
1:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL 1998 1999 11 2: 35

FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

DEPARTURE STATEMENT

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1988

I've just completed a highly useful and productive discussion with Chancellor Kohl, on this, the sixth anniversary of his first visit to the White House as Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany. The many conversations we have had together demonstrate not only the close ties that exist between the Federal Republic of Germany and the United States, but the warm personal relationship that has developed between us. Chancellor Kohl is a close friend of the United States. His views are greatly valued and his commitment and personal efforts to strengthen German-American ties have made an enormous difference in the relationship between the United States and West Germany.

Today, we reviewed a broad range of important international issues. We discussed how our two countries, working together and within the NATO Alliance, could advance the cause of peace and freedom.

The Chancellor briefed me on his recent visit to Moscow. We agreed that important progress has been made in East-West relations, but that much still remains to be done -- in arms control, in ending regional conflicts, and with respect to human rights. We also noted that the Vienna Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, which is entering its final stage, required a balanced and substantive outcome.

I reaffirmed the strong American commitment to Berlin and underscored our determination to pursue the Berlin Initiative I first outlined in June 1987 when I spoke at the Berlin Wall.

That divided city of Berlin remains a powerful symbol of a divided Europe and a litmus test of East-West relations.

We reviewed the positive state of the NATO Alliance. While seeking security and stability at lower levels of armaments, the United States and West Germany, together with our Allies, will ensure that our conventional and nuclear forces are kept up to date. We also agreed that, for the foreseeable future, there is no viable alternative to NATO's defense strategy of deterrence based on flexible response and forward defense. The Chancellor voiced support for an international conference in chemical weapons, and we reaffirmed our common goal of negotiating a global ban on these terrible creations.

West Germany and the United States continue to seek ways to share fairly the risks, burdens, and responsibilities, as well as the benefits, of our common defense. We reviewed the difficulties each country faces in doing more, but pledged we would each do our fair share. In this regard, I paid special tribute to the German people for the sacrifices they bear on the frontline of freedom -- which is also America's frontline of defense -- and reiterated my condolences for the victims of the tragedy at the Ramstein air show last August.

We also reviewed trade and economic issues. Both the Chancellor and I expressed satisfaction with the present state of the world economy. I congratulated the Chancellor on the

decision of the European Community member states to take major steps toward closer economic integration by the end of 1992 and expressed our hope that this be done in a manner that promotes fair trade internationally. We agreed that trade protectionism must be avoided and reiterated our support for an amicable resolution of US/EC trade issues and for additional progress during the mid-term review of the Uruguay Round trade negotiations.

Helmut, this marks my last meeting as President with you. Six years ago, we stood together as I announced the formation of a Presidential Commission to commemorate the Tricentennial of the first German settlement in the United States. Six years to the day, I am proud to announce a product of that commission: The dedication of a garden, here in Washington, as a symbol of the friendship between our two countries.

In a few months, I will be leaving the White House. But, the garden -- and all it represents -- will remain, to be nurtured and sustained by the friendship between Germans and Americans and by the leadership you have provided. I am asking Charles Wick, the Director of the U.S. Information Agency, to represent me today at the dedication of the German-American friendship garden.

Helmut, I hope you will convey to the German people my personal thanks for their prayers and support over the past 8 years. And let me just add a final personal word to you, Helmut, to you for your friendship and counsel. Thank you, Helmut, and may God bless you, and may God bless our two great nations.

. 3

#### UNCLASSIFIED NSC/S PROFILE

RECORD ID: 8808021 RECEIVED: 10 NOV 88 17

TO: DOLAN, A

FROM: STEVENS

DOC DATE: 14 NOV 88

SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: GERMANY F R

WH REFERRAL

VISIT SPEECHES

PERSONS: KOHL, HELMUT

SUBJECT: PRES REMARKS / CHANCELLOR KOHL DEPARTURE STATEMENT 15 NOV

ACTION: STEVENS SGD MEMO DUE DATE: 14 NOV 88 STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: LEDSKY

LOGREF: \$807797 8808051

FILES: WH

NSCIF:

CODES:

DOCUMENT DISTRIBUTION

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO LEDSKY

STEVENS

COMMENTS: DISPATCHED BY \_\_\_ DATE BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSJEC CLOSED BY: NSJEC

DOC 3 OF 3

UNCLASSIFIED
ACTION DATA SUMMARY REPORT

RECORD ID: 8808021

# DOCACTION OFFICERCAOASSIGNEDACTION REQUIRED001LEDSKYZ88111408PREPARE MEMO STEVENS TO DOLAN002STEVENSZ88111408FOR SIGNATURE003X88111408STEVENS SGD MEMO



## National Security Council The White House

12 A10 2		System# _ Package# _ DOCLOG _	8021 NO
	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
Bob Perito			
Marybel Batjer			
Paul Stevens	1	RM	A
John Negroponte			
Colin Powell			
Paul Stevens			
Situation Room		<del></del>	
West Wing Desk	2	APK 11/14	D
NSC Secretariat	. 3		N
1 = Information A = Acti	on R = Retain	D = Dispatch N =	No further Action
cc: VP Dube:	rstein <b>Ot</b>	her	
COMMENTS	Should be se	<b>en by</b> :([	Date/Time)

Document No. 404536

#### WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: ACTIO	ON/CONCUR	RENCE/CO	OMMENT DUE BY: _	NOON on 11/14/	38 
SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REM	MARKS: (	CHANCE	LLOR HELMUT KO	HL	
	Ι	EPART	URE STATEMENT		
	ACTION	I FYI		ACTION	l FYI
VICE PRESIDENT			KRANOWITZ		
DUBERSTEIN			MASENG		
POWELL			RANGE		
WRIGHT - OMB			RISQUE		
OGLESBY			RYAN		
CRIPPEN			SPRINKEL		
CULVAHOUSE			TUCK		
DAWSON			TUTTLE		
DONATELLI			DOLAN		
FITZWATER		K			
HOBBS					
HOOLEY					

Monday, November 14th, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.

RESPONSE:

November 14, 1988

NSC has reviewed the President's departure statement for Tuesday, November 15, and concurs with two changes on page 2.

Paul Schott Stevens Executive Secretary

Rhett Dawson Ext. 2702

(Podhoretz edit)
November 10, 1988
1:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL SE THE 2 35 FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY DEPARTURE STATEMENT

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1988

I've just completed a highly useful and productive discussion with Chancellor Kohl, on this, the sixth anniversary of his first visit to the White House as Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany. The many conversations we have had together demonstrate not only the close ties that exist between the Federal Republic of Germany and the United States, but the warm personal relationship that has developed between us. Chancellor Kohl is a close friend of the United States. His views are greatly valued and his commitment and personal efforts to strengthen German-American ties have made an enormous difference in the relationship between the United States and West Germany.

Today, we reviewed a broad range of important international issues. We discussed how our two countries, working together and within the NATO Alliance, could advance the cause of peace and freedom.

The Chancellor briefed me on his recent visit to Moscow. We agreed that important progress has been made in East-West relations, but that much still remains to be done -- in arms control, in ending regional conflicts, and with respect to human rights. We also noted that the Vienna Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, which is entering its final stage, required a balanced and substantive outcome.

I reaffirmed the strong American commitment to Berlin and underscored our determination to pursue the Berlin Initiative I first outlined in June 1987 when I spoke at the Berlin Wall.

That divided city of Berlin remains a powerful symbol of a divided Europe and a litmus test of East-West relations.

We reviewed the positive state of the NATO Alliance. While seeking security and stability at lower levels of armaments, the United States and West Germany, together with our Allies, will ensure that our conventional and nuclear forces are kept up to date. We also agreed that, for the foreseeable future, there is no viable alternative to NATO's defense strategy of deterrence based on flexible response and forward defense. The Chancellor voiced support for an international conference in chemical weapons, and we reaffirmed our common goal of negotiating a global ban on these terrible creations.

West Germany and the United States continue to seek ways to share fairly the risks, burdens, and responsibilities, as well as the benefits, of our common defense. We reviewed the difficulties each country faces in doing more, but pledged we would each do our fair share. In this regard, I paid special tribute to the German people for the sacrifices they bear on the frontline of freedom -- which is also America's frontline of defense -- and reiterated my condolences for the victims of the tragedy at the Ramstein air show last August.

We also reviewed trade and economic issues. Both the Chancellor and I expressed satisfaction with the present state of the world economy. I congratulated the Chancellor on the

decision of the European Community member states to take major steps toward closer economic integration by the end of 1992 and expressed our hope that this be done in a manner that promotes fair trade internationally. We agreed that trade protectionism must be avoided and reiterated our support for an amicable resolution of US/EC trade issues and for additional progress during the mid-term review of the Uruguay Round trade negotiations.

Helmut, this marks my last meeting as President with you. Six years ago, we stood together as I announced the formation of a Presidential Commission to commemorate the Tricentennial of the first German settlement in the United States. Six years to the day, I am proud to announce a product of that commission: The dedication of a garden, here in Washington, as a symbol of the friendship between our two countries.

In a few months, I will be leaving the White House. But, the garden -- and all it represents -- will remain, to be nurtured and sustained by the friendship between Germans and Americans and by the leadership you have provided. I am asking Charles Wick, the Director of the U.S. Information Agency, to represent me today at the dedication of the German-American friendship garden.

Helmut, I hope you will convey to the German people my personal thanks for their prayers and support over the past 8 years. And let me just add a final personal word to you, Helmut, to you for your friendship and counsel. Thank you, Helmut, and may God bless you, and may God bless our two great nations.

## NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

## TIME STAMP URGENT EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT STAFFING DOCU

Ledsky

SYSTEM LOG NUMBER:

8021

ACTION OFFICER: ROOM	DUE: 10	): DOA.M. 14 Nov
☐ Prepare Memo For Powell/Negr		evens to Peterson / Murr
Prepare Memo For <del>Dawson</del> /Dola	an CLIA-SCW   Appropriate Actio	n
Prepare Memo	to	
		3/10
CONCURRENCES/COMMENTS*	PHONE* to action officer at ext	
FYI  Addis	FYI Grimes	FYI □ Paal
☐ ☐ Andricos	☐ Heiser ☐	☐ Pastorino
☐ <b>X</b> Batjer	☐ ☐ Henhoeffer 💥	☐ Perina
☐ ☐ Beers	☐ ☐ Jameson	☐ Popadiuk
☐ ☐ Brintnall	☐ ★ Kelly, B	Porter
☐ ☐ Brooks	☐ ☐ Kelly, J	Rodman
☐ ☐ Burns	☐ Kimberling	Rostow
☐ ☐ Childress	Leach	☐ Saunders
Cobb	Ledsky	☐ Snider
☐ ☐ Cockell	_ Levin _	☐ Tahir-Kheli
☐ ☐ Cohen	☐ Lewis ☐	☐ Tice
☐ ☐ Curtin	_ Linhard	☐ Tillman
☐ ☐ Danzansky	□ □ Lowenkron □	☐ Tobey
☐ ☐ Dekok	☐ Mahley ☐	☐ Wiant
□ □ Donley	☐ McCue ☐	O
□ X Ebner	☐ Melby	O
☐ ☐ Farrar	☐ ☐ Menan ☐	
☐ ☐ Fortier	☐ Miskel ☐	
☐ ☐ Grant	☐ Onate	D
V		
INFORMATION A Stevens	Perito	Secretariat Secretariat
Powell (advance	Negroponte (advance)	Exec. Sec. Desk
COMMENTS		
		*

APK

#### National Security Council The White House

5 AT	15	System # Package DOCLOG	* 8021
	SEQUENCE TO		
<b>Bob Perito</b>		Rus	
Marybel Batjer			
Paul Stevens	<del></del>	_	
John Negroponte			
Colin Powell	-	-	
Paul Stevens		-	
Situation Room	·		
West Wing Desk	2		<u> </u>
NSC Secretariat	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_ ~
= Information A = Action	R = Retain	D = Dispatch	N = No further Action
c: VP Dubers	tein <b>O</b>	ther	
COMMENTS	Should be s	een by:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
			(Date/Time)

Document No. 001536

8021

#### WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

JECT:	PRESIDE	NTIAL REMA	AKKS:	CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL OF THE REPUBLIC OF GERMANY - DEPARTUR			
		ACTION	FYI			ACTION	I FYI
VICE PRESID	ENT			KRANOWITZ			4
DUBERSTEIN				MASENG	*		
POWELL				RANGE			
WRIGHT - OI	MB			RISQUE			
OGLESBY				RYAN			
CRIPPEN				SPRINKEL			
CULVAHOU!	SE			TUCK			
DAWSON				TUTTLE			
DONATELLI				DOLAN			
FITZWATER							
HOBBS							
HOOLEY							
ARKS: The	attached h	as been fo	orward	led to the Presid	lent.		

FYI: CLP JDN PSS RMP MB PWR RPO NCL

\*

(Podhoretz edit) November 14, 1988 3:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT, KOHL OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY DEPARTURE STATEMENT

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1988

I've just completed a highly useful and productive discussion with Chancellor Kohl, on this, the sixth anniversary of his first visit to the White House as Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany. The many conversations we have had together demonstrate not only the close ties that exist between the Federal Republic of Germany and the United States, but the warm personal relationship that has developed between us. Chancellor Kohl is a close friend of the United States. His views are greatly valued and his commitment and personal efforts to strengthen German-American ties have made an enormous difference in the relationship between the United States and West Germany.

Today, we reviewed a broad range of important international issues. We discussed how our two countries, working together and within the NATO Alliance, could advance the cause of peace and freedom.

The Chancellor briefed me on his recent visit to Moscow. We agreed that important progress has been made in East-West relations, but that much still remains to be done -- in arms control, in ending regional conflicts, and with respect to human rights. We also noted that the Vienna Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, which is entering its final stage, required a balanced and substantive outcome.

I reaffirmed the strong American commitment to Berlin and underscored our determination to pursue the Berlin Initiative I first outlined in June 1987 when I spoke at the Berlin Wall.

That divided city of Berlin remains a powerful symbol of a divided Europe and a litmus test of East-West relations.

We reviewed the positive state of the NATO Alliance. While seeking security and stability at lower levels of armaments, the United States and West Germany, together with our Allies, will ensure that our conventional and nuclear forces are kept up to date. We also agreed that, for the foreseeable future, there is no viable alternative to NATO's defense strategy of deterrence based on flexible response and forward defense. The Chancellor voiced support for an international conference on chemical weapons, and we reaffirmed our common goal of negotiating a global ban on these terrible weapons.

West Germany and the United States continue to seek ways to share fairly the risks, burdens, and responsibilities, as well as the benefits, of our common defense. We reviewed the difficulties each country faces in doing more, but pledged we would each do our fair share. In this regard, I paid special tribute to the German people for the sacrifices they bear on the frontline of freedom -- which is also America's frontline of defense -- and reiterated my condolences for the victims of the tragedy at the Ramstein air show last August.

We also reviewed trade and economic issues. Both the Chancellor and I expressed satisfaction with the present state of the world economy. I congratulated the Chancellor on the

decision of the European Community member states to take major steps toward closer economic integration by the end of 1992 and expressed our concern that this be done in a manner that promotes fair trade internationally. We agreed that trade protectionism must be avoided and reiterated our support for an amicable resolution of US/EC trade issues and for real progress during the mid-term review of the Uruguay Round trade negotiations. I will have something more to say on that point later in the week.

Helmut, this marks my last meeting as President with you. Six years ago, we stood together as I announced the formation of a Presidential Commission to commemorate the Tricentennial of the first German settlement in the United States. Six years to the day, I am proud to announce a product of that commission: The dedication of a garden, here in Washington, as a symbol of the friendship between our two countries.

In a few months, I will be leaving the White House. But, the garden -- and all it represents -- will remain, to be nurtured and sustained by the friendship between Germans and Americans and by the leadership you have provided. I am asking Charles Wick, the Director of the U.S. Information Agency, to represent me today at the dedication of the German-American friendship garden.

Helmut, I hope you will convey to the German people my personal thanks for their prayers and support over the past 8 years. And let me just add a final personal word to you, Helmut, to you for your friendship and counsel. Thank you, Helmut, and may God bless you, and may God bless our two great nations.

13

100 mm