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60453655 CO054-02 Presidential Rem. BLIC OF GERM RE STATE TUESDAY, NOVEHBER 15, 19 I'VE JUST CONDUCTED A REPORTY USER OF AND PRODUCTIVE DISCUSSION WITH CHANCELLOR KOHL ON THIS, THE SIXTH ANNIVERSARY OF HIS FIRST VISIT TO THE WHITE HOUSE AS CHANCELLOR OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY. \ THE MANY CONVERSATIONS WE HAVE HAD TOGETHER / DEMONSTRATE NOT ONLY THE CLOSE TIES THAT EXIST BETWEEN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY AND THE UNITED STATES / BUT THE WARM PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP THAT HAS DEVELOPED BETWEEN US. ; CHANCELLOR KOHL IS A CLOSE FRIEND OF THE UNITED STATES. [HIS VIEWS ARE GREATLY VALUED AND HIS COMMITMENT AND PERSONAL EFFORTS TO STRENGTHEN GERMAN-AMERICAN TIES HAVE MADE AN ENORMOUS DIFFERENCE/IN THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND WEST GERMANY.

TODAY, WE REVIEWED A BROAD RANGE OF IMPORTANT INTERNATIONAL ISSUES. WE DISCUSSED HOW OUR TWO COUNTRIES, WORKING TOGETHER AND WITHIN THE NATO ALLIANCE, COULD ADVANCE THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND FREEDOM.

THE CHANCELLOR BRIEFED ME ON HIS RECENT VISIT TO MOSCOW. WE AGREED THAT IMPORTANT PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE IN EAST-WEST RELATIONS, BUT THAT MUCH STILL REMAINS TO BE DONE -- IN ARMS CONTROL. IN ENDING REGIONAL CONFLICTS. AND WITH RESPECT TO HUMAN RIGHTS. WE ALSO NOTED THAT THE VIENNA CONFERENCE ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE, WHICH IS ENTERING ITS FINAL STAGE, REQUIRED A BALANCED AND SUBSTANTIVE OUTCOME. I REAFFIRMED THE STRONG AMERICAN COMMITMENT TO BERLIN AND UNDERSCORED OUR DETERMINATION TO PURSUE THE BERLIN INITIATIVE I FIRST OUTLINED IN JUNE 1987 WHEN I SPOKE AT THE BERLIN WALL.

THAT DIVIDED CITY OF BERLIN REMAINS A POWERFUL SYMBOL OF A DIVIDED EUROPE AND A LITMUS TEST OF EAST-WEST RELATIONS.

WE REVIEWED THE POSITIVE STATE OF THE NATO ALLIANCE. WHILE SEEKING SECURITY AND STABILITY AT LOWER LEVELS OF ARMAMENTS, THE UNITED STATES AND WEST GERMANY, TOGETHER WITH OUR ALLIES, WILL ENSURE THAT OUR CONVENTIONAL AND NUCLEAR FORCES ARE KEPT UP TO DATE. WE ALSO AGREED THAT, FOR THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE, THERE IS NO VIABLE ALTERNATIVE TO NATO'S DEFENSE STRATEGY OF DETERRENCE BASED ON FLEXIBLE RESPONSE AND FORWARD DEFENSE.

THE CHANCELLOR VOICED SUPPORT FOR AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON CHEMICAL WEAPONS, AND WE REAFFIRMED OUR COMMON GOAL OF NEGOTIATING A GLOBAL BAN ON THESE TERRIBLE WEAPONS.

WEST GERMANY AND THE UNITED STATES CONTINUE TO SEEK WAYS TO SHARE FAIRLY THE RISKS, BURDENS, AND RESPONSIBILITIES, AS WELL AS THE BENEFITS, OF OUR COMMON DEFENSE. WE REVIEWED THE DIFFICULTIES EACH COUNTRY FACES IN DOING MORE, BUT PLEDGED WE WOULD EACH DO OUR FAIR SHARE. IN THIS REGARD, I PAID SPECIAL TRIBUTE TO THE GERMAN PEOPLE FOR THE SACRIFICES THEY BEAR ON THE FRONTLINE OF FREEDOM --WHICH IS ALSO AMERICA'S FRONTLINE OF DEFENSE -- AND REITERATED MY CONDOLENCES FOR THE VICTIMS OF THE TRAGEDY AT THE RAMSTEIN AIR SHOW LAST AUGUST.

- 5 -

WE ALSO REVIEWED TRADE AND ECONOMIC ISSUES. BOTH THE CHANCELLOR AND I EXPRESSED SATISFACTION WITH THE PRESENT STATE OF THE WORLD ECONOMY. I CONGRATULATED THE CHANCELLOR ON THE DECISION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY MEMBER STATES TO TAKE MAJOR STEPS TOWARD CLOSER ECONOMIC INTEGRATION BY THE END OF 1992 AND EXPRESSED OUR CONCERN THAT THIS BE DONE IN A MANNER THAT PROMOTES FAIR TRADE INTERNATIONALLY. WE AGREED THAT TRADE PROTECTIONISM MUST BE AVOIDED AND REITERATED OUR SUPPORT FOR AN AMICABLE RESOLUTION OF U.S./E.C. TRADE ISSUES AND FOR REAL PROGRESS DURING THE MID-TERM REVIEW OF THE URUGUAY ROUND TRADE NEGOTIATIONS. I WILL HAVE SOMETHING MORE TO SAY ON THAT POINT LATER IN THE WEEK.

HELMUT, THIS MARKS MY LAST MEETING AS PRESIDENT WITH YOU. SIX YEARS AGO, WE STOOD TOGETHER AS I ANNOUNCED THE FORMATION OF A PRESIDENTIAL COMMISSION TO COMMEMORATE THE TRICENTENNIAL OF THE FIRST GERMAN SETTLEMENT IN THE UNITED STATES. SIX YEARS TO THE DAY, I AM PROUD TO ANNOUNCE A PRODUCT OF THAT COMMISSION: THE DEDICATION OF A GARDEN, HERE IN WASHINGTON, AS A SYMBOL OF THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. IN A FEW MONTHS, I WILL BE LEAVING THE WHITE HOUSE. BUT, THE GARDEN -- AND ALL IT REPRESENTS -- WILL REMAIN, TO BE NURTURED AND SUSTAINED BY THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN GERMANS AND AMERICANS AND BY THE LEADERSHIP YOU HAVE PROVIDED. I AM ASKING CHARLES WICK, THE DIRECTOR OF THE U.S. INFORMATION AGENCY, TO REPRESENT ME TODAY AT THE DEDICATION OF THE GERMAN-AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP GARDEN.

HELMUT, I HOPE YOU WILL CONVEY TO THE GERMAN PEOPLE MY PERSONAL THANKS FOR THEIR PRAYERS AND SUPPORT OVER THE PAST 8 YEARS. AND LET ME JUST ADD A FINAL PERSONAL WORD TO YOU, HELMUT, FOR YOUR FRIENDSHIP AND COUNSEL. THANK YOU, HELMUT, AND MAY GOD BLESS YOU, AND MAY GOD BLESS OUR TWO GREAT NATIONS.

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(Podhoretz edit) November 14, 1988 3:00 p.m.

11/15288

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY DEPARTURE STATEMENT TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1988

I've just completed a highly useful and productive discussion with Chancellor Kohl, on this, the sixth anniversary of his first visit to the White House as Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany. The many conversations we have had together demonstrate not only the close ties that exist between the Federal Republic of Germany and the United States, but the warm personal relationship that has developed between us. Chancellor Kohl is a close friend of the United States. His views are greatly valued and his commitment and personal efforts to strengthen German-American ties have made an enormous difference in the relationship between the United States and West Germany.

Today, we reviewed a broad range of important international issues. We discussed how our two countries, working together and within the NATO Alliance, could advance the cause of peace and freedom.

The Chancellor briefed me on his recent visit to Moscow. We agreed that important progress has been made in East-West relations, but that much still remains to be done -- in arms control, in ending regional conflicts, and with respect to human rights. We also noted that the Vienna Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, which is entering its final stage, required a balanced and substantive outcome. I reaffirmed the strong American commitment to Berlin and underscored our determination to pursue the Berlin Initiative I first outlined in June 1987 when I spoke at the Berlin Wall. That divided city of Berlin remains a powerful symbol of a divided Europe and a litmus test of East-West relations.

We reviewed the positive state of the NATO Alliance. While seeking security and stability at lower levels of armaments, the United States and West Germany, together with our Allies, will ensure that our conventional and nuclear forces are kept up to date. We also agreed that, for the foreseeable future, there is no viable alternative to NATO's defense strategy of deterrence based on flexible response and forward defense. The Chancellor voiced support for an international conference on chemical weapons, and we reaffirmed our common goal of negotiating a global ban on these terrible weapons.

West Germany and the United States continue to seek ways to share fairly the risks, burdens, and responsibilities, as well as the benefits, of our common defense. We reviewed the difficulties each country faces in doing more, but pledged we would each do our fair share. In this regard, I paid special tribute to the German people for the sacrifices they bear on the frontline of freedom -- which is also America's frontline of defense -- and reiterated my condolences for the victims of the tragedy at the Ramstein air show last August.

We also reviewed trade and economic issues. Both the Chancellor and I expressed satisfaction with the present state of the world economy. I congratulated the Chancellor on the

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decision of the European Community member states to take major steps toward closer economic integration by the end of 1992 and expressed our concern that this be done in a manner that promotes fair trade internationally. We agreed that trade protectionism must be avoided and reiterated our support for an amicable resolution of US/EC trade issues and for real progress during the mid-term review of the Uruguay Round trade negotiations. I will have something more to say on that point later in the week.

Helmut, this marks my last meeting as President with you. Six years ago, we stood together as I announced the formation of a Presidential Commission to commemorate the Tricentennial of the first German settlement in the United States. Six years to the day, I am proud to announce a product of that commission: The dedication of a garden, here in Washington, as a symbol of the friendship between our two countries.

In a few months, I will be leaving the White House. But, the garden -- and all it represents -- will remain, to be nurtured and sustained by the friendship between Germans and Americans and by the leadership you have provided. I am asking Charles Wick, the Director of the U.S. Information Agency, to represent me today at the dedication of the German-American friendship garden.

Helmut, I hope you will convey to the German people my personal thanks for their prayers and support over the past 8 years. And let me just add a final personal word to you, Helmut, to you for your friendship and counsel. Thank you, Helmut, and may God bless you, and may God bless our two great nations.

- 3 -



DATE:	11/14/88	ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY:							
SUBJECT:	PRES	GIDENTIAL	REMARKS:	CHANCELLOR	HELMUT	KOHL	OF	THE	FEDERAL
				REPUBLIC OF	GERMAN	1Y - I	DEPA	ARTUI	RE

	ACTION	FYI		
VICE PRESIDENT		KRANOWITZ		5
DUBERSTEIN		MASENG		
POWELL		RANGE		
WRIGHT - OMB		RISQUE		
OGLESBY		RYAN		
CRIPPEN		SPRINKEL		
CULVAHOUSE		ТИСК		
DAWSON		TUTTLE		
DONATELLI		DOLAN		
FITZWATER				
HOBBS				
HOOLEY				

REMARKS:

The attached has been forwarded to the President.

RESPONSE:

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- 3 -



DATE: 11/14/88 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: _____

SUBJECT: _____ PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY - DEPARTURE

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HOBBS			C]	כ
HOOLEY			C] [כ

REMARKS:

The attached has been forwarded to the President.

RESPONSE:



DATE:	11/14/88 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/C	OMMENT DUE BY:
SUBJECT:	PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS:	CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL OF THE FEDERAL
		REPUBLIC OF GERMANY - DEPARTURE

	ACTION	FYI		
VICE PRESIDENT		KRANOWITZ		F
DUBERSTEIN		MASENG		
POWELL		RANGE		
WRIGHT - OMB		RISQUE		
OGLESBY		RYAN		
CRIPPEN		SPRINKEL		
CULVAHOUSE		TUCK		
DAWSON	F	TUTTLE		
DONATELLI		DOLAN		
FITZWATER				
HOBBS				
HOOLEY				

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RESPONSE:



DATE: ______ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: ____

NOON on 11/14/88

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL

DEPARTURE STATEMENT

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FITZWATER		К			
HOBBS					
HOOLEY					

REMARKS: Please provide your comments directly to Tony Dolan by noon on Monday, November 14th, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.

RESPONSE:

(Podhoretz edit) November 10, 1988 1:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL SE WHE 0 PM 2:35 FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY DEPARTURE STATEMENT TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1988

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- 3 -

Needs to be staffed by 11 or 12 on Monday, please.

(Podhoretz edit) November 10, 1988 1:00 p.m.

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Document No. 404536

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 11/10/88 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: NOON on 11/14/88

SUBJECT: ______ PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL

DEPARTURE STATEMENT

VICE PRESIDENT			KRANOWITZ		
DUBERSTEIN			MASENG		
POWELL			RANGE		
WRIGHT - OMB			RISQUE		
OGLESBY			RYAN		
CRIPPEN			SPRINKEL		
CULVAHOUSE			тиск		
DAWSON			TUTTLE		□,
DONATELLI			DOLAN		
FITZWATER		K			
HOBBS					
HOOLEY					

REMARKS: Please provide your comments directly to Tony Dolan by noon on Monday, November 14th, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.

RESPONSE:

(Podhoretz edit) November 10, 1988 1:00 p.m.

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ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY:

NOON on 11/14/88

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL

DEPARTURE STATEMENT

	ACTION FYI				FYI
VICE PRESIDENT			KRANOWITZ		
DUBERSTEIN			MASENG		
POWELL			RANGE		
			RISQUE		
OGLESBY			RYAN		
CRIPPEN			SPRINKEL		
CULVAHOUSE			тиск		
DAWSON			TUTTLE		
DONATELLI			DOLAN		
FITZWATER		K			
HOBBS					
HOOLEY					

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Lega AFF. Truch

RESPONSE:

Rhett Dawson Ext. 2702

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

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November 10, 1988

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MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY R. DOLAN

FROM: GAPAUL SCHOTT STEVENS

SUBJECT: Presidential Departure Statement for German Chancellor Helmut Kohl, November 15

Attached at Tab A is the NSC revision of the State Department draft departure statement for the official working visit of German Chancellor Helmut Kohl.

Attachment

Tab A Departure Statement

cc: Rhett Dawson

PRESIDENT'S STATEMENT UPON DEPARTURE OF WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL NOVEMBER 15, 1988

I've just completed a highly useful and productive discussion with Chancellor Kohl. Today coincidentally marks the sixth anniversary of Chancellor Kohl's first visit to the White House as Chancellor. The many conversations we have had together demonstrate not only the close ties which exist between the Federal Republic of Germany and the United States, but the warm personal relationship which has developed between the Chancellor and me. Chancellor Kohl is a close friend of the United States, whose views are greatly valued and whose commitment and personal efforts to strengthen German-American ties have made an enormous difference in our relationship.

Today, we reviewed a broad range of important international issues. We discussed how our two countries, working together and within the NATO Alliance, could advance the cause of peace and freedom.

The Chancellor briefed me on his recent visit to Moscow. We agreed that important progress has been made in East-West relations, but that much still remains to be done -- in arms control, in ending regional conflicts and with respect to human rights. We also noted that the Vienna Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, which is entering its final stage, requires a balanced and substantive outcome.

I reaffirmed the strong American commitment to Berlin and underscored our determination to pursue the Berlin Initiative I first outlined in June 1987 when I spoke at the Berlin Wall. That divided city of Berlin remains a powerful symbol of a divided Europe and a litmus test of East-West relations.

We reviewed the positive state of the NATO Alliance. While seeking security and stability at lower levels of armaments, the United States and West Germany, together with our Allies, will ensure that our conventional and nuclear forces are kept up to date. We also agreed that for the foreseeable future, there is no viable alternative to NATO's defense strategy of deterrence based on flexible response and forward defense. The Chancellor voiced support for the international conference I have proposed on strengthening the ban on the use of chemical weapons, and we reaffirmed our common goal of negotiating a global ban on these terrible weapons.

West Germany and the United States continue to seek ways to share fairly the risks, burdens and responsibilities, as well as the benefits, of our common defense. We reviewed the difficulties each country faces in doing more, but pledged we would each do our fair share. In this regard, I paid special tribute to the

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German people for the sacrifices they bear on the frontline of freedom -- which is also America's frontline of defense -- and reiterated my condolences for the victims of the tragedy at the Ramstein air show last August.

We also reviewed trade and economic issues. Both the Chancellor and I expressed satisfaction with the present state of the world economy. I congratulated the Chancellor on the decision of the European Community member states to take major steps toward closer economic integration by the end of 1992 and expressed our hope that this be done in a manner that promotes fair trade internationally. We agreed that trade protectionism must be avoided and reiterated our support for amicable resolution of US/EC trade issues and for additional progress during the midterm review of the Uruguay Round trade negotiations.

Helmut, this marks my last meeting as President with you. Six years ago, we stood together as I announced the formation of a Presidential Commission to commemorate the Tricentennial of the first German settlement in the United States. Six years to the day, I am proud to announce a product of that commission: the dedication of a garden here in Washington as a symbol of the friendship between our two countries.

In a few months, I will be leaving the White House. But, the garden -- and all it represents -- will remain, to be nurtured

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and sustained by the friendship between Germans and Americans and by the leadership you have provided. I am asking Charles Wick, the Director of the US Information Agency, to represent me at the dedication of the German-American Friendship Garden.

Thank you, Helmut; and please convey to the German people my personal thanks for their prayers and support over the past eight years.



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

1988 NOV 14 MI 11: 51

November 14, 1988

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY R. DOLAN DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

C. DEAN MCGRATH, JR FROM: ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Presidential Remarks: Chancellor Helmut Kohl Departure Statement

Counsel's office has reviewed the above-referenced Presidential remarks, and we have no legal objection to their delivery.

cc: Rhett B. Dawson



WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM 14 M 10 23

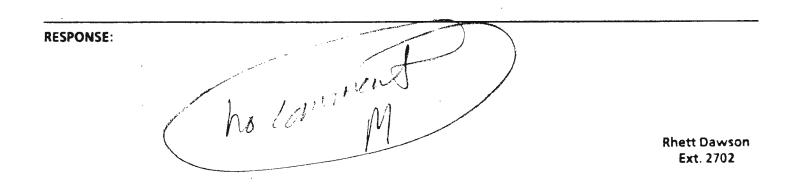
DATE: 11/10/88 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: NOON on 11/14/88

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL

DEPARTURE STATEMENT

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REMARKS: Please provide your comments directly to Tony Dolan by noon on Monday, November 14th, with an info copy to my office. Thanks.





WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

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DEPARTURE STATEMENT

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RESPONSE:

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL SE HHE 2:35 FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY DEPARTURE STATEMENT TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1988

I've just completed a highly useful and productive discussion with Chancellor Kohl, on this, the sixth anniversary of his first visit to the White House as Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany. The many conversations we have had together demonstrate not only the close ties that exist between the Federal Republic of Germany and the United States, but the warm personal relationship that has developed between us. Chancellor Kohl is a close friend of the United States. His views are greatly valued and his commitment and personal efforts to strengthen German-American ties have made an enormous difference in the relationship between the United States and West Germany.

Today, we reviewed a broad range of important international issues. We discussed how our two countries, working together and within the NATO Alliance, could advance the cause of peace and freedom.

The Chancellor briefed me on his recent visit to Moscow. We agreed that important progress has been made in East-West relations, but that much still remains to be done -- in arms control, in ending regional conflicts, and with respect to human rights. We also noted that the Vienna Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, which is entering its final stage, required a balanced and substantive outcome.

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We reviewed the positive state of the NATO Alliance. While seeking security and stability at lower levels of armaments, the United States and West Germany, together with our Allies, will ensure that our conventional and nuclear forces are kept up to date. We also agreed that, for the foreseeable future, there is no viable alternative to NATO's defense strategy of deterrence based on flexible response and forward defense. The Chancellor voiced support for an international conference in chemical weapons, and we reaffirmed our common goal of negotiating a global ban on these terrible creations.

West Germany and the United States continue to seek ways to share fairly the risks, burdens, and responsibilities, as well as the benefits, of our common defense. We reviewed the difficulties each country faces in doing more, but pledged we would each do our fair share. In this regard, I paid special tribute to the German people for the sacrifices they bear on the frontline of freedom -- which is also America's frontline of defense -- and reiterated my condolences for the victims of the tragedy at the Ramstein air show last August.

We also reviewed trade and economic issues. Both the Chancellor and I expressed satisfaction with the present state of the world economy. I congratulated the Chancellor on the

decision of the European Community member states to take major steps toward closer economic integration by the end of 1992 and expressed our hope that this be done in a manner that promotes fair trade internationally. We agreed that trade protectionism must be avoided and reiterated our support for an amicable resolution of US/EC trade issues and for additional progress during the mid-term review of the Uruguay Round trade negotiations.

Helmut, this marks my last meeting as President with you. Six years ago, we stood together as I announced the formation of a Presidential Commission to commemorate the Tricentennial of the first German settlement in the United States. Six years to the day, I am proud to announce a product of that commission: The dedication of a garden, here in Washington, as a symbol of the friendship between our two countries.

In a few months, I will be leaving the White House. But, the garden -- and all it represents -- will remain, to be nurtured and sustained by the friendship between Germans and Americans and by the leadership you have provided. I am asking Charles Wick, the Director of the U.S. Information Agency, to represent me today at the dedication of the German-American friendship garden.

Helmut, I hope you will convey to the German people my personal thanks for their prayers and support over the past 8 years. And let me just add a final personal word to you, Helmut, to you for your friendship and counsel. Thank you, Helmut, and may God bless you, and may God bless our two great nations.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING, MEMORANDUM

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changes p.J.3 **RESPONSE:**

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WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM 2: 24

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Rhett Dawson Ext. 2702

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V & Mark

OK H. J. glove THOMAS G. MOORE

Monut m IIII4 Rhett Dawson Ext. 2702

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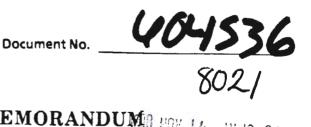
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RESPONSE:

November 14, 1988

NSC has reviewed the President's departure statement for Tuesday, November 15, and concurs with two changes on page 2.

Paul Schott Stevens Executive Secretary

Rhett Dawson Ext. 2702

cc: Rhett Dawson

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