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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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Collection Name	KRAEMER, SVEN: FILES	<i>Withdrawer</i> CAS 4/21/2009
File Folder	BRIEFING BOOK FOR THE VISIT BY THE SEC DEF TO UK 4/4/81-4/6/81, GERMANY 4/7/81-4/8/81, ROME, ITALY 4/9/81-4/10/81 (1)	FOIA
Box Number	91320	KERSTEN
ID Doc Type		oc Date Restrictions
69273 TITLE PAGE	FOR BRIEFING BOOK	ND B1
	R 7/31/2013 M126/5	
69274 PAPER	RE OVERVIEW FOR MEETING WITH UK 1 4 MOD JOHN NOTT	/6/1981 B1
	R 7/31/2013 M126/5	
69275 PAPER	RE US/UK COOPERATION ON TRIDENT 3	ND B1
	R 7/31/2013 M126/5	
69277 MEMO	THE SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO USD (R&E) 1 3/	20/1981 B1
	R 7/31/2013 M126/5	
69279 PAPER	RE AIRCRAFT 1	ND B1
	R 7/31/2013 M126/5	
69280 PAPER	RE SETTING 1	ND B1
	R 7/31/2013 M126/5	
69282 PAPER	RE BILATERAL WITH MOD LAGORIO 1	ND B1
69283 PAPER	RE OVERVIEW FOR MEETING WITH 1 ITALIAN MOD LELIO LAGORIO	ND B1
69284 PAPER	RE PREVIOUS MEMORANDA 1 R 7/31/2013 M126/5	ND B1

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA] B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA] B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

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BRIEFING BOOK



DECLASSIFIED NLRR M08-126/5#69273 BY_AW_NARA DATE 7/31/13

FOR THE VISIT BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE TO UNITED KINGDOM, 4-6 APRIL 81 GERMANY, 7-8 APRIL 81 ROME, ITALY, 9-10 APRIL 81

Prepared by:

OASD/ISP





UNITED KINGDOM

ITINERARY IN THE UK MONDAY, 6 APRIL

- 0900 Depart London/RAF Northolt (UK military air). Nott and his private secretary will accompany you throughout the day and fly with you to Bonn.
- 0945 Arrive RAF Cottesmore; observe Tornado Trinational Training Establishment flying demonstration and visit with pilots.
- 1115 Depart RAF Cottesmore
- 1145 Arrive RAF Lakenheath, home of USAF 48th Tactical Fighter Wing. Meet with Major General Robert W. Bazley, USAF, Commander Third Air Force, and visit with his troops.

LUNCH

1430 - Depart RAF Lakenheath for Bonn

Overview for Your Meeting with UK MOD John Nott (6 April 1981)

In view of your recent meetings with Prime Minister Thatcher and MOD Nott, the Sritish do not believe there need be any issue agenda. We agree, but believe you could take advantage of Nott's company to probe him on two issues:

(0) Southwest Asia

Ask for a read out on his just completed trip to the Persian Gulf.

(C) UK Defense Effort

Ask his thinking on matching the UK's defense budget resources with roles, missions, and tasks.

(Attached per your instruction: US/UK Cooperation on TRIDENT), TAB 1

UK Defense Spending, TAB 2

TORNADO, TAB 3

DECLASSIFIED NINR M08-126/5469274 BY RW MARA DATE-





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THE UNDER SECRED AND CHERKSE

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301

CH AND

2 0 MAR 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

SUBJECT: U.S./UK Cooperation on TRIDENT - INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

At your 11 March 1981 meeting with the UK MOD and other British defence representatives, you reaffirmed our commitment to make available to the UK whatever TRIDENT missile option we select as a follow-on to the TRIDENT I (C-4) missile. You also agreed, within the bounds of practicability, to afford them the use of U.S. storage and rework facilities as a fallback. The British representatives at the meeting noted that they have a near term problem regarding the obligation of funds for their TRIDENT program. You requested a paper on the relevant background material.

The attached paper discusses the requirements of the UK defence process in the near future as they apply to the obligation of funds for their TRIDENT program, as well as the impact of U.S. TRIDENT I follow-on decisions on UK TRIDENT program decisions.

Signed: J. P. Wade, Jr.

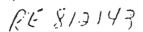
James P. Wade, Jr. Acting

Attachment

Prepared by: Capt OVShearer, OUSDRE(S&SS/CMS), X57036

UPON REMOVAL OF ATTACHMENTS THIS CAS 4/20109. DOCUMENT BECOMES UNCLASSIFIED

SEGRET



U.S./U.K. Cooperation on Trident (II)

(U) Near term United Kingdom problems relative to obligation of funds for the "K. Trident program relate to procurement of parts and components of the

'ent I (C-4) missile and guidance system well in advance of missile procure-.. These problems exist primarily because of the uncertainties about future

U.S. SLBM decisions and their potential impact on the U.K. strategic program. The U.S. is presently pursuing a three year Advanced Development Program for the Submarine Launched Ballistic Missile Program which protects three missile options. The options are: an improved accuracy Trident I (C-4) which is referred to as the C4U; a version of the C4U which provides increased range protection by adding a new and longer first stage which is referred to as C4L: and the Trident II (D-5) which is an all new missile that will maximize the use of the volume in the Trident SSBN launch tube to improve range and payload flexibility along with increased accuracy. Present plans are to select one of these options for development and production prior to the end of FY 1983.

(U) Since ballistic missiles cannot be tested adequately without expenditure through flight tests, reliability of the system depends on producing, as nearly as possible, missiles identical to those designed, tested and qualified in the development flights. In the Trident I program many missile and guidance piece parts, components and materials are being procured in advance of missile fabrication needs on continuous production lines at an optimum rate for quality to assure that the parts are identical to those qualified in the development program.

(U) Since some of the U.S. piece parts, component and material production lines begin to close in FY 1981, the U.K. has been and will continue providing funding 'n procure parts, components and materials to the same quality standards to assure ivalent reliability for U.K. missiles and guidance systems. Our SLBM Moderniion Program is funded at a level to proceed, at a minimum, with an improved accuracy Trident I (C4U) program. This decision accelerates the closing of certain guidance dedicated production lines. Therefore, the U.K. has been asked to accelerate its near term funding to protect future U.K. procurement of Trident I guidance systems. The U.S. is already proceeding with contract actions in the amount of \$38.4 million for advanced funding of the U.K. program. With the U.K. currently conmitted to C-4 and the 'J.S. to (at least) C4'J, U.K. funding requirements for the next two years to preserve the C-4 option consist of the following (\$ in millions):

In Process	4/81	11/81	2/82	4/82	11/82	2/83	TOTAL
38.4	18.9	24.9	46.4	29.1	24.3	45.6	227.6

For this and for all funding profiles that follow, the figures address only advance procurement requirements and not the total U.K. investment in the Trident system during the period. It should be noted that the above dates reflect required contract coverage; however, U.K. authorization requires ministerial approval, an administrative decision point, which must precede contract award by as much as eight months.

(U) The United Kingdom perceives the potential for near term cost avoidance. However, this potential is dependent upon both U.S. and U.K. decisions. Specially, the U.S. must decide on its follow-on missile system and its willingness

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SECRET BY RW NARA DATE 7/31/13

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to make the system available to the U.K. The U.K. must, in turn, decide if it will procure that system. The potential near term savings are further dependent upon the timing of both U.S. and U.K. decisions.

, Should the U.S. decide to proceed with Trident II the following options could be made available to the U.K. at that point:

a: (U) Proceed with C-4 as new procurement.

b. (U) Proceed with C-4 assuming purchase of excess U.S. missile and guidance system assets following the U.S. retirement of previously deployed C-4 (and replacement with D-5).

c. (U) Follow the U.S. to Trident II (D-5).

1. (U) For option a. the U.K. funding profile in the near term is estimated as follows (\$ in millions):

In Process	4/81	11/81	2/82	4/82	11/82	2/83	TOTAL
. 38.4	12.6	31.0	81.4	23.6	24.3	45.6	256.9

This profile reflects an acceleration of near term costs to retain production lines the U.S. would otherwise close down, amounting to approximately \$30 million. Additionally the U.K. could expect further cost accelerations beyond FY 1983 for similar reasons. Given a U.K. decision to remain with C-4, this option permits the U.K. to equip its forces with new missiles, as opposed to the option (h.) to

rchase older missiles from U.S. inventory. In either of these options the U.S. 4 force would be phasing out concurrently with introduction of the C-4 system Tor the U.K.

2. (S) For option b., the U.K. funding profile is estimated as follows (\$ in millions):

In Process	4/81	4/82	TOTAL
24.6*	4.2**	2.5**	31.3

* Assumes returns from contract terminations.

****** Reflects advance procurement of MK-4 reentry body materials.

Based on a U.S. D-5 IOC of CY 1989 and a U.K. C-4 IOC of 1992, current projections indicate excess U.S. missile and guidance assets can be used to meet U.K. requirements at the time of U.K. deployment. It should be recognized that the feasibility of this option and the availability of U.S. assets is schedule-dependent. While this option has the advantage of avoidance of near term costs, U.K. missiles would not be new and the U.K. system would be unique virtually at the beginning of its life. This profile is valid only for an immediate U.S. decision for D-5, and until that D-5 decision is made, the U.K. has no option that assures purchase of excess U.S. C-4 assets and must continue to fund production requirements as if a new neurement program were contemplated. Obligation of funds must continue until that meas the U.K. decides to rely on U.S. assets for its program.

SFCRFT

2

3. (U) For option c., the U.K. funding profile is identical to that for option b. It is valid in this instance only for an immediate decision by both the U.S. and the U.K. to proceed with the D-5 missile. Until a U.S. decision is ade, the U.K. must continue to obligate funds to retain the C-4 option. The .K. decision is likly to be later than that of the U.S., and the U.K. must con-

tinue to obligate funds until it has requested purchase of D-5 from the U.S. and the U.S. has agreed to sell.

(U) The current agreement with the U.K. provides only for Trident I (C-4) and improvements. It is considered probable that Arms Export and Control Act, Section 36b, notification to the Congress would be necessary to permit sale of the Trident II (D-5) to the United Kingdom.

(U) In general, both the U.S. and the U.K. face a similar dilemma with respect to expenditure of funds that could be avoided by an early D-5 decision as compared to maintaining all three options open through FY 1983. In the process of maintaining all the options, the U.S. must continue to expend funds to provide the necessary C-4 advanced funding and production continuity components should the decision not be made to proceed with a D-5 weapon system. The U.S. commitment to the C4U program, represented by the pending reprogramming action (1415) before the Congress, permits a reduction of \$27.9 million in FY 1981 by reducing Trident I guidance inventory objectives and avoiding certain advance procurement. An early decision by the U.S. to proceed with D-5 development and procurement, such as during the FY 1983 POM and budget process, would permit further cost avoidance in the near term. The later the D-5 decision is made, the more must be spent by both the U.S. and the U.K. to preserve the C4U option. It is estimated that U.S. C-4 procurements costs of \$67 million in FY 1982, \$11 million in FY 1983 and pproximately \$477 million in the following four years could be avoided by a D-5 Lecision prior to the end of FY 1981, plus some prior year returns as contracts are terminated. A decision late in calendar year 1982 would mean the loss of prior year returns and nearly all of the \$67 million in FY 1982. Of course, it must be kept, in mind that our commitment to D-5 with a 1989 IOC means a commitment to about \$9 billion in R&D costs (FY 1981 \$'s) in the precedding years plus followon procurement costs.

(U) To recap, the upcoming POM 83 process seems to be the right time for us to make a decision on a missile. This timing is consistent with U.K. planning in their missile and submarine programs.



11 March 1981

ACTION ITEM | 37

20 March 1981 Suspense

DECLASSIFIED

M. P.R. M08-12:6/5# 69277

MARADATE 2/31/3

FROM: The Special Assistant

TO: USD(R&E)

Coordinate with:

Subject: U.S./UK Cooperation on TRIDENT

Reference: SecDef Meeting with UK MOD John Nott, 11 March 1981

Action Required: At today's meetings with the UK MOD and other British defence representatives, the Secretary reaffirmed our commitment that the U.S. will make available to the British whatever TRIDENT missile (C-4 or D-5) that we decided to pursue upon completion of our review. He further agreed that, within the bounds of practicability, we would afford them the fallback of joint use of U.S. storage and rework facilities. Finally, he reaffirmed that we would maintain close contact and exchange at both the policy and technical levels on all procurement and planning issues.

The British noted that they have a near term problem regarding the obligation of funds for the TRIDENT program (they have already made substantial commitment to the program and they face additional decisions in the near future).

Please prepare, for the Secretary's review, a brief memo outlining the requirements of the British defence process which they are facing in the near future regarding the obligation of funds for their TRIDENT program. This memorandum should outline what information they would find helpful, and what we could provide them to help in their budgetary decision process. You are to consult directly with the British SSPO (Mr. Michael Quinlan will ensure that you are provided, through the SSPO, the political and budgetary decision timing information that you need).

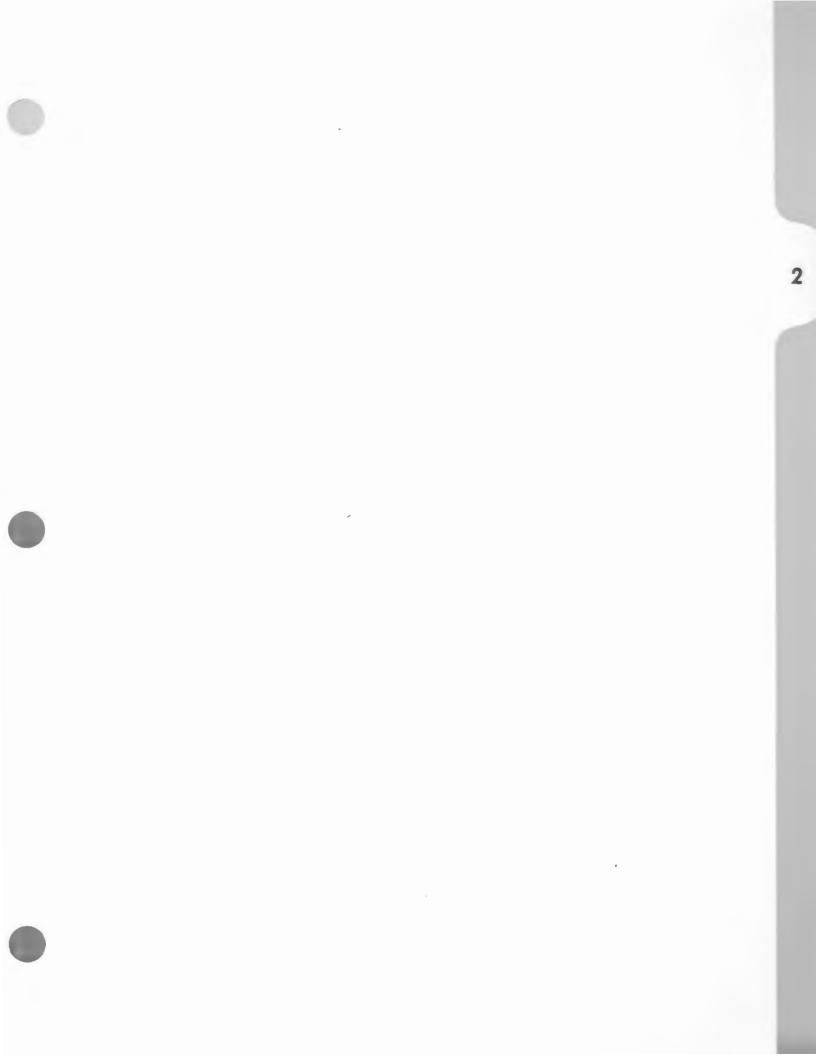
Please ensure that the Secretary has this by Friday, 20 March.

Copy to:

USD(P), ASD(ISP), Military Assts to SecDef/DepSecDef



NUL PLF COUTE No. 13256



20.00

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301

16 March 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR GENERAL POWELL

SUBJECT: UK Defense Spending

The UK achieved the NATO goal of 3 percent real increase in UK FY 1979/80 (UK fiscal year begins 1 April), and about 5 percent this fiscal year, 1980/81. Next fiscal year, however, when it has to take a L200M cut and may have to deduct a L130M overspend this year, the UK will probably show no real growth in its defense budget. Thereafter, from the reduced base, the UK aims to resume annual real increases in defense expenditures in the region of 3 percent.

The above explains UK statements that real growth this and next fiscal year will increase by about 5 percent, or will increase 8 percent over the three year period beginning in FY 1979/80.

H. Timberlake 78406





Tornado

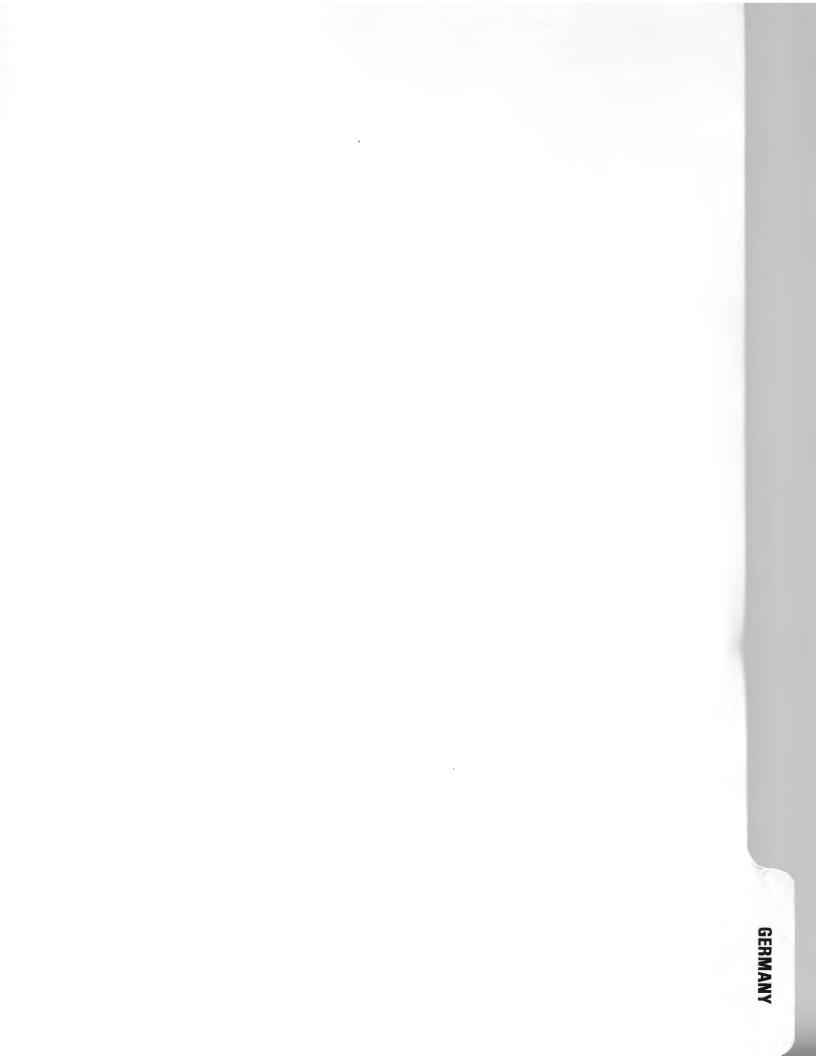
(U) The Tornado Multirole Combat Aircraft (MRCA) has been developed by Panavia, a consortium of British Aerospace (42.5%), the German firm, MBB (42.5%) and Aeritalia (15%), formed in March 1969. In July 1976, the UK, Germany and Italy signed an MOU for production of 809 Tornadoes, which are to begin entering service in the early 1980's.

(U) The Tornado is a twin-engined, two-seat supersonic aircraft with a variable geometry wing that enables it to perform a variety of missions (close air support, interdiction, air superiority, air defense, naval strike, reconnaissance).

(S) The RAF will acquire 385 Tornadoes (165 of the MK2 Air Defense Variant) and the aircraft will eventually comprise two-thirds of the RAF front line force. The German Air Force has plans to acquire 322. Defense officials of both the UK and Germany have recently reaffirmed their governments' intention to proceed with the full planned procurements, despite substantial cost growth of the program caused by a combination of inflation, management difficulties, labor problems and cost overruns. The fly-away cost is now estimated to be \$18 million and the program cost has adversely affected defense budgets in all three countries.

(U) A Trinational Tornado Training Establishment has been set up at RAF Cottesmore, and began operations in January 1981. At present 40 Tornadoes are based at Cottesmore for certification of pilots and navigators of all three countries. Weapons training will be conducted separately by nations.

DECLASSIFIED NLRR MO8-126 5# 69279 BY RN



ITINERARY

TUESDAY, 7 April 1981

- AM, PM NPG
- 1800-1900 MEET WITH CHANCELLOR SCHMIDT

WEDNESDAY, 8 April 1981

- AM NPG
- 1430-1450 ENROUTE TO AIRCRAFT
- 1450-1530 ENROUTE FULDA (C-12)
- 1530-1600 MEET WITH CINCUSAREUR AND COMMANDER 11TH ACR
- 1600-1730 VISIT OP ALPHA AND TOUR BORDER (COPTER)
- 1730-1830 ENROUTE STUTTGART (C-12)
- 1830 ARRIVE STUTTGÅRT/VAIHINGEN, MET BY GEN ALLEN
- 2000 DINNER AT GEN ALLEN'S QUATERS, CIVILIAN INFORMAL

THURSDAY, 9 April 1981

- 0730 BRIEFINGS AND DISCUSSIONS AT HQ USEUCOM
- 0930 DEPART HQ USEUCOM ENROUTE STUTTGART/VAIHINGEN (COPTER)
- 1000 DEPART ENROUTE ROME (C-137)

US UNITS IN GERMANY

Date, Time and Place: 8, 9 April, 1981

Participants:

US

US FORCES

Border Tour

Caspar W. Weinberger, Secretary of Defense Dr. Ikle, Under Secretary of Defense, Policy Mr. Catto Mr. Perle BG Smith, Military Assistant

General Frederick C. Kroesen, Commander in Chief, US Army Europe

Col John S. Crow, Commander, 11th Armored Cavalry Regiment

Dinner 8 April

Caspar W. Weinberger, Secretary of Defense Dr. Ikle, Under Secretary of Defense, Policy Mr. Catto Mr. Perle MG Bowman, Dir, EUR & NATO Affairs BG Carl Smith, Military Assistant Gen Bernard Rogers, Commander in Chief, US European Command and Mrs. Rogers

- Gen Jim Allen, Deputy CINCEUCOM and Mrs. Allen
- Lothar Spaeth, Minister President of Baden-Wuertenberg and Frau Spaeth

Hans Merkel, President of Bosch and Frau Merkel

Lt Gen Robert Haldane, Chief of Staff, USEUCOM and Mrs. Haldane

Discussions 9 April

Caspar W. Weinberger, Secretary of Defense Dr. Ikle, Under Secretary of Defense, Policy Mr. Catto Mr. Perle MG Bowman, Dir, EUR & NATO Affairs BG Carl Smith, Military Assistant Gen Bernard Rogers, Commander in Chief, US European Command and Gen Lew Allen, Deputy CINCEUCOM Lt Gen Robert Haldane, Chief of Staff, USEUCOM (e) SETTING: First portion of the visit will consist of a brief meeting with Gen Kroesen, followed by a walking tour of Observation Post Alpha. After a helicopter tour of the border, you will be flown to Stuttgart.

Dinner on the evening of 8 April will be primarily social because of the German presence.

Discussions on 9 April are designed to inform you of the missions and functions of US EUCOM. We have been told there is no specific issue to be raised by Gen Rogers.

DECLASSIFIED NLRR MO8-1265 #692:80 RW MARA DATE 7/31/13

RESUME OF SERVICE CAREER

of

FREDERICK JAMES KROESEN, JR., General

DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH 11 February 1923, Phillipsburg, New Jersey

YEARS OF ACTIVE COMMISSIONED SERVICE Over 36

PRESENT ASSIGNMENT Commander in Chief, United States Army Europe/Seventh Army and Commanding General, Central Army Group, APO New York 09403, since May 1979

MILITARY SCHOOLS ATTENDED

The Infantry School, Advanced Course The Armor School, Advanced Course United States Army Command and General Staff College Armed Forces Staff College United States Army War College

EDUCATIONAL DEGREES

George Washington University - BA Degree - International Affairs George Washington University - MA Degree - International Affairs

RECENT MAJOR DUTY ASSIGNMENTS

ASSIGNMENT FROM ΤO Commander, 196th Infantry Brigade, 23d Infantry Division Apr 68 May 69 (Americal), Vietnam Chief, Information and Data Systems, Office, Assistant Jun 69 Oct 69 Chief of Staff for Force Development, United States Army, Washington, DC Director of Manpower and Forces, Office, Assistant Chief Oct 69 May 71 of Staff for Force Development, United States Army, Washington, DC Commanding General, 23d Infantry Division (Americal), Jul 71 Nov 71 Vietnam Deputy Commanding General, XXIV Corps, Vietnam Nov 71 Mar 72 Commanding General, First Regional Assistance Command, Mar 72 May 72 United States Military Assistance Command Vietnam Commanding General, 82d Airborne Division, Fort Bragg, Jul 72 Oct 74 North Carolina Deputy Commanding General, V Corps, United States Army Oct 74 Jul 75 Europe Commanding General, VII Corps, United States Army Europe Jul 75 Sep 76 Commanding General, United States Army Forces Command, Sep 76 Jul 78 Fort McPherson, Georgia Vice Chief of Staff, United States Army, Washington, DC Jul 78 May 79

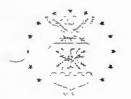
FREDERICK JAMES KROESEN, General

PROMOTIONS	DATES OF	APPOINTMENT
	Temporary	Permanent
2LT	8 Aug 44	7 Aug 47
インコレT CPT	l Mar 45 l May 45	8 Sep 47 14 May 51
MAJ	3 Jul 51	29 Aug 58
LTC COL	18 Mar 59 26 Oct 65	8 Aug 65
BG	1 Oct 69	8 Aug 69 21 Oct 71
MG	1 Aug 71	12 Jul 73
LTG GEN	l Jul 75 l Oct 76	

US DECORATIONS AND BADGES Distinguished Service Medal Silver Star (with Oak Leaf Cluster) Legion of Merit (with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters) Distinguished Flying Cross Bronze Star Medal with V Device (with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters) Air Medal Army Commendation Medal (with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters) Purple Heart (with Oak Leaf Cluster) Combat Infantryman Badge (3d Award) Master Parachutist Badge

SCURCE OF COMMISSION OCS

As of 16 December 1980



BIOGRAPHY -Uteled States Alt Force secretary of the air force office of information washington, d.c. 20330

GENERAL JAMES R. ALLEN

General James R. Allen is deputy commander in chief of the United States European Command, with headquarters at Stuttgart-Vaihingen, Germany. The European Command is the senior U.S. military headquarters in Europe and has operational control over Army, Air Force and Navy elements assigned to the command by the Joint Chiefs of Staff. There are more than 300,000 personnel assigned from all the services. Its area of responsibility extends from Western Europe through the Mediterranean, the Middle East land mass and North Africa.

General Allen was born on Nov. 17, 1925, in Louisville, Ky., and graduated from Louisville Male High School in 1943. He entered the U.S. Military Academy, West Point, N.Y., in 1944, graduated in 1948 with a bachelor of science degree in military engineering and was commissioned a second lieutenant in the U.S. Air Force. In 1965 he received a master of science degree in business administration from The George Washington University. He was presented an honorary doctor of laws degree by the University of Denver in 1975. General Allen



graduated from the Army Command and General Staff College in 1960 and the Industrial College of the Armed Forces in 1965.

After graduation from West Point, he attended flying training at Randolph Air Force Base, Texas, and in September 1949 received his pilot wings at Nellis Air Force Base, Nev.

General Allen served with the 18th Fighter Group from September 1949 to June 1951 in the Philippines and Korea where he flew the P-51 and the F-80C aircraft. During the first two months of the Korean War, he flew combat missions as a member of a volunteer squadron with the Republic of Korea Air Force. From June to October 1951 he served as aide to the commander of Fifth Air Force.

He returned to the United States in October 1951 to fly the F-86A aircraft as a member of the 71st Fighter-Interceptor Squadron at Greater Pittsburgh Airport, Pa. In June 1953 he was assigned to the U.S. Military Academy at West Point where he served as company tactical officer. In December 1956 General Allen was assigned to the 53rd Fighter-Day Squadron at Ramstein Air Base, Germany, where he flew the F-100C aircraft as a flight commander. He subsequently became a squadron operations officer.

In February 1958 he was transferred to the Directorate of Plans, Headquarters United States Air Forces in Europe. He returned to the United States in 1959 to attend the Army Command and General Staff College at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., and was assigned the following year to the Directorate of Plans, Headquarters. U.S. Air Force, Washington, D.C. In August 1964 he entered the Industrial College of the Armed Forces at Fort Lesley J. McNair, Washington, D.C. In July 1965 General Allen was transferred to Eglin Air Force Base, Fla., where he activated and commanded the 4th Tactical Fighter Squadron. After a brief period in this assignment, he went to Cam Ranh Bay Air Base in the Republic of Vietnam where he flew the F-4C aircraft as deputy commander for operations of the 12th Tactical Fighter Wing. In December 1966 he became the deputy commander for operations of the 3615th Pilot Training Wing at Craig Air Force Base, Ala.

General Allen returned to Headquarters U.S. Air Force in August 1968 as assistant deputy director of plans and in August 1969 became deputy director for plans and policy in the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, Plans and Operations. In January 1972 he assumed command of the 19th Air Division at Carswell Air Force Base, Texas.

In August 1972 General Allen became assistant deputy chief of staff for operations, Strategic Air Command, with headquarters at Offutt Air Force Base, Neb., moving up to deputy chief of staff for operations six months later. He became chief of staff for SAC headquarters in September 1973. He returned to Headquarters U.S. Air Force in January 1974 as special assistant to the Air Force chief of staff.

General Allen became superintendent of the U.S. Air Force Academy, Colo., in August 1974 and chief of staff, Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers Europe, Belgium, in July 1977. He assumed his present position on July 1, 1979.

He is a command pilot and has flown the AT-6, P-51, F-80C, F-86A, F-100C, F-4C, T-37, T-38, B-52 and KC-135 aircraft. His military decorations and awards include the Defense Distinguished Service Medal, Distinguished Service Medal with one oak leaf cluster, Legion of Merit with two oak leaf clusters, Distinguished Flying Cross with one oak leaf cluster, Bronze Star Medal, Air Medal with 11 oak leaf clusters, Air Force Commendation Medal with one oak leaf cluster oak leaf cluster, Army Commendation Medal, Air Force Outstanding Unit Award ribbon with three oak leaf clusters and "V" device, and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation. In February 1979 the government of France awarded General Allen the French National Order of Merit in the rank of commander.

He assumed the grade of general on July 13, 1977, with date of rank Aug. 1, 1977.

General Allen and his wife, the former Kathryn Lewis of Indianapolis, have two children, Jeffrey and Kathryn.

-30-

-- Personal Data

- Born Nov. 17, 1925, Louisville, Ky.
 Father James S. Allen; mother Ruth R. Allen (both deceased).
- 2. Married June 21, 1952; wife Kathryn Lewis. Children - Jeffrey and Kathryn.
- 3. Hometown Fort Worth, Texas.

B. Education

Graduated - Louisville Male High School, Louisville, Ky., 1943; U.S. Military Academy, West Point, N.Y., bachelor of science degree, 1948; Flying School, Randolph Air Force Base, Texas, 1949; Advanced Flying Training, Nellis Air Force Base, Nev., 1949; Army Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kan., 1960; Industrial College of the Armed Forces, Fort Lesley J. McNair, Washington, D.C., 1965; and The George Washington University, Washington, D.C., master of science degree in business administration, 1965.

C. Service

- 1. August 1943 June 1944, enlisted service, U.S. Army
- 2. July 1944 June 1948, student, U.S. Military Academy, West Point, N.Y.
 - 3. June 1948 October 1951, flying training; pilot, 18th Fighter Group, Republic of the Philippines; pilot, Republic of Korea, and aide to the commander, Fifth Air Force, Japan.
 - 4. October 1951 June 1953, pilot, 71st Fighter-Interceptor Squadron, Greater Pittsburgh Airport, Pa.
 - 5. June 1953 December 1956, company tactical officer, U.S. Military Academy, West Point, N.Y.
 - 6. December 1956 July 1959, flight commander, operations officer and later executive officer to the deputy chief of staff, operations, Headquarters United States Air Forces in Europe, Ramstein Air Base, Germany.
 - 7. July 1959 July 1960, student, Army Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kan.
 - 8. July 1960 August 1964, staff planning officer and plans and programs officer, Headquarters U.S. Air Force, Washington, D.C.
 - August 1964 July 1965, student, Industrial College of the Armed Forces, Fort Lesley
 J. McNair, Washington, D.C.
- 10. July 1965 August 1965, pilot, 33rd Tactical Fighter Wing, Eglin Air Force Base, Fla.
- 11. August 1965 December 1965, commandér, 4th Tactical Fighter Squadron, Eglin Air Force Base, Fla.

- December 1965 January 1967, deputy commander for operations, 12th Tactical Fighter Wing, Cam Ranh Bay Air Base, Republic of Vietnam.
- 13. January 1967 August 1968, deputy commander for operations, 3615th Pilot Training Wing, Craig Air Force Base, Ala.
- August 1968 January 1972, deputy assistant director of plans and later deputy director for plans and policy, Headquarters U.S. Air Force, Washington, D.C.
- 15. January 1972 August 1972, commander, 19th Air Division, Carswell Air Force Base, Texas.
- 16. August 1972 January 1974, assistant deputy chief of staff, operations, then deputy chief of staff, and later chief of staff, Headquarters Strategic Air Command, Offutt Air Force Base, Neb.
- 17. January 1974 August 1974, special assistant to the chief of staff, Headquarters U.S. Air Force, Washington, D.C.
- 18. August 1974 July 1977, superintendent of the U.S. Air Force Academy, Colo.
- 19. July 1977 June 1979, chief of staff, Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers Europe, Belgium.
- 20. July 1979 present, deputy commander in chief, U.S. European Command, Stuttgart-Vaihingen, Germany.
- D. Decorations and Service Awards

Defense Distinguished Service Medal Distinguished Service Medal with one oak leaf cluster Lecion of Merit with two oak leaf clusters Distinguished Flying Cross with one oak leaf cluster Bronze Star Medal Air Medal with 11 oak leaf clusters Air Force Commendation Medal with one oak leaf cluster Army Commendation Medal Distinguished Unit Citation emblem Air Force Outstanding Unit Award ribbon with three oak leaf clusters and "V" device American Campaign Medal Warld Wor II Victory Medal National Defense Service Medal with one service star Korean Service Medal with four service stars Vietnam Service Medal with three service stars Air Force Longevity Service Award ribbon with seven oak leaf clusters Small Arms Expert Marksmanship ribbon Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation United Nations Service Medal Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal French National Order of Merit (rank of commander)

E. Effective dates of promotions

(Date of rank Aug. I, 1977)

Grade	Temporary	Permanent
Second Lieutenant First Lieutenant Captain Major Lieutenant Colonel Colonel Brigadier General Major General Lieutenant General General	Mar 15, 1950 Dec 22, 1951 Apr 22, 1957 Jul 15, 1963 Mar 20, 1966 Feb 1, 1970 Jun 5, 1972 May 22, 1975 Aug 1, 1977	Jun 8, 1948 Jun 8, 1951 Jun 8, 1955 Jun 8, 1962 Jun 8, 1969 Aug 1, 1971 Apr 2, 1973 Feb 6, 1976

END

2

RESUME OF SERVICE CAREER

of

ROBERT HALDANE, Lieutenant General

DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH 30 September 1924, Glen Rock, New Jersey

YEARS OF ACTIVE COMMISSIONED SERVICE Over 33

PRESENT ASSIGNMENT Chief of Staff, United States European Command, APO New York 09128, since July 1980

MILITARY SCHOOLS ATTENDED The Infantry School, Basic and Advanced Courses United States Army Command and General Staff College Armed Forces Staff College The National War College

EDUCATIONAL DEGREES United States Military Academy - BS Degree - Military Science George Washington University - MS Degree - International Affairs

RECENT MAJOR DUTY ASSIGNMENTS

FROM	TO	ASSIGNMENT
Aug 68	Feb 69	Commander, Division Support Command, 1st Infantry Division, Vietnam
Feb 69	Aug 69	Commander, 3d Brigade, 1st Infantry Division, Vietnam
Sep 69	Jul 70	Commander, 2d Regiment, United States Corps of Cadets, United States Military Academy, West Point, New York
Aug 70	Aug 72	Deputy Commanding General, United States Army Training Center (Infantry) and Fort Dix, New Jersey
Aug 72	Mar 74	Commanding General, lst Infantry Division (Forward), United States Army Europe
Mar 74	Dec 74	Chief of Staff, VII Corps, United States Army Europe
Jan 75	Sep 75	Commanding General, United States Army Training Center and Fort Polk, Louisiana
Oct 75	Nov 76	Commanding General, 5th Infantry Division (Mechanized) and Fort Polk, Louisiana
Nov 76	Jan 79	Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations, United States Army Forces Command, Fort McPherson, Georgia
Jan 79	Jul 80	Chief of Staff, United States Army Europe and Seventh Army

ROBERT HALDANE, Lieutenant General

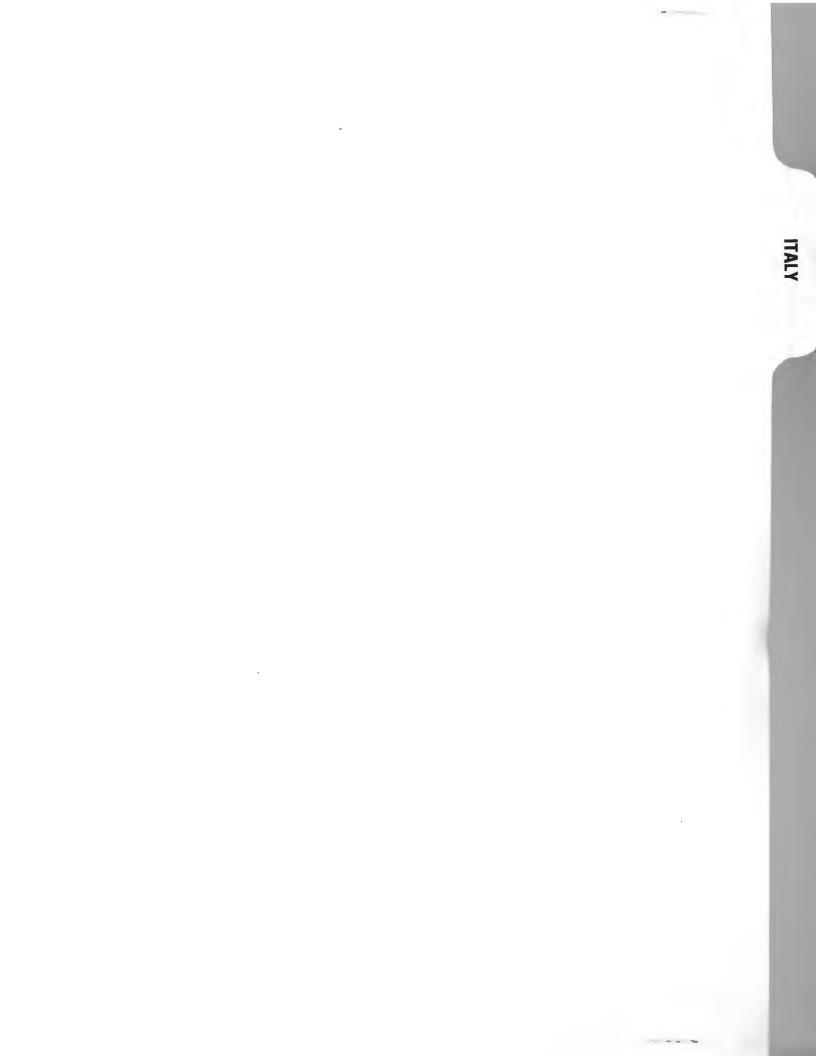
PROMOTIONS	DATES OF APP	OINTMENT
	Temporary	Permanent
2LT	·.	3 Jun 47
1LT	2 Dec 48	3 Jun 50
CPT	9 Feb 53	3 Dec 53
MAJ	27 Jun 58	3 Jun 61
LTC	14 Feb 63	3 Jun 68
COL	15 Dec 67	3 Jun 72
BG	I Apr 71	14 Oct 74
MG	1 Sep 74	28 Jun 76
LTG	11 Sep 80	

US DECORATIONS AND BADGES Silver Star (with Oak Leaf Cluster) Legion of Merit (with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters) Distinguished Flying Cross (with Oak Leaf Cluster) Bronze Star Medal with V Device (with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters) Meritorious Service Medal Air Medals with V Device Army Commendation Medal (with Oak Leaf Cluster) Combat Infantryman Badge Master Parachutist Badge

SOURCE OF COMMISSION USMA

As of 15 November 1980

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ITINERARY

THURSDAY, 9 April 1981

- 1130 ARRIVAL
- 1230 EMBASSY BRIEFING
- 1330 LUNCH (ADMIRAL CROWE, CINCSOUTH, AND ADMIRAL SMALL, SIXTH FLEET)
- 1430-1600 PERSONAL TIME
- 1630 CALL ON DEFENSE MINISTER LAGORIO
- 1730 CALL ON PRIME MINISTER FORLANI
 - 1830-1930 PERSONAL TIME
 - 1930-2030 RECEPTION HOSTED BY CHARGE'
 - 2100 PERSONAL TIME

FRIDAY, 10 April 1981

- 0900 MEETING
- 1000 PRESS BACKGROUNDER
- 1100 CALL ON FOREIGN MINISTER COLOMBO
- 1200 DEPART FOR WASHINGTON

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name KRAEMER, SVEN: FILES		<i>Withdrawer</i> CAS 4/21/2009	
<i>File Folder</i> BRIEFING BOOK FOR THE VISIT BY THE SEC D 4/4/81-4/6/81, GERMANY 4/7/81-4/8/81, ROME, IT 4/10/81 (1)		<i>FOIA</i> M08-126/5 KERSTEN	
Box Number 91320		32	
ID Document Type Document Description	No of pages	Doc Date	Restric- tions
69282 PAPER RE BILATERAL WITH MOD LAGORIO	1	ND	B1

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

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OVERVIEW

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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Collection Name KRAEMER, SVEN: FILES			<i>Withdrawer</i> CAS 4/21/2009		
<i>File Folder</i> BRIEFING BOOK FOR THE VISIT BY THE SEC DEF TO UK 4/4/81-4/6/81, GERMANY 4/7/81-4/8/81, ROME, ITALY 4/9/81- 4/10/81 (1)			<i>FOIA</i> M08-126/5 KERSTEN		
<i>Box 1</i> 9132	Number 0		32		
ID	Document Type Document Description	No of pages	Doc Date	Restric- tions	
6928	3 PAPER	1	ND	B1	
	RE OVERVIEW FOR MEETING WITH ITALIAN MOD LELIO LAGORIO				

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

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(S) <u>Previous Memoranda</u>

(S) MEMCON 4 Mar 81, Meeting Between Italian Foreign Minister Colombo and Secretary Weinberger: Highlights of discussions which touched on GLCM 3 percent growth in defense spending, consultations, and the US-Italy MOU (Tab 13).

-SECRET

- (C) Biographical Date (Tab 14).
- (ψ) Map of Italy (Tab 15).

(U) Toast

DECLASSIFIED NLRR M08-1265#09284 BYKW MARA DATE 7/31/13