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Report (05/21/1983-06/11/1983)

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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT, NSC: AGENCY FILE

Withdrawer

RBW

5/20/2013

File Folder

SECRETARY WEINBERGER'S WEEKLY REPORT

(05/21/1983-06/11/1983)

FOIA

M453

Box Number

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA] B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

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No of **Doc Date Restrictions ID** Doc Type **Document Description Pages** 159601 MEMO WEINBERGER TO RR RE. WEEKLY REPORT 6/10/1983 B₁ OF DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

CHARLES ATTACHMENT

MAY 21, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

WILLIAM P. CLARK

SUBJECT

Secretary Weinberger's Weekly Report

Attached is Secretary Weinberger's Weekly Report for Friday, May 20, 1983.

cc: The Vice President
Ed Meese
Jim Baker
Mike Deaver



WASHINGTON, THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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M453/6#159595

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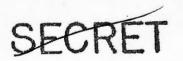
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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

ew <u>secret</u> attachment

MAY 21, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

WILLIAM P. CLARK

SUBJECT

Secretary Weinberger's Weekly Report

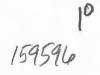
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cc: The Vice President
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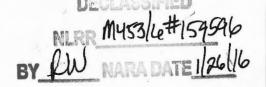
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The report also requested specific information for Committee evaluation with a view toward enhancing further the role of women in the Services, as well as two statements of appreciation for a Defense publication on military women and a Coast Guard Women publication. (U)





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SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REMARKS:			
ATTACHED	SECRETARY WEINBERGER'	S WEEKLY REPORT.	

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THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

SECRET

May 27, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

WILLIAM P. CLARK

SUBJECT:

Weekly Report of Defense Activities

Attached is Cap Weinberger's weekly report dated May 27, 1983.

cc: The Vice President
Ed Meese
Jim Baker
Mike Deaver

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159597

WASHINGTON, THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

May 27, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Weekly Report of Defense Activities

NLRR M453/6#159597
BY LW NARA DATE 1/26/16

Legislative Affairs: We were delighted with the decisive Congressional victory this week on the MX Peacekeeper missile. The strength of the bi-partisan support in both the House and Senate is a credit to your personal effort and the well orchestrated Congressional relations program.

Now that Congress has released FY 1983 monies for basing studies and test flights of the MX, we are vigorously preparing for the next fight, which will come in gaining approval of missile procurement money as part of the FY 1984 Defense Authorization Bill. The House Armed Services Committee has approved our FY 1984 request and the full House is expected to take up the issue a week from Monday. In order to prevail on this critical vote we must continue to embrace solidly the Scowcroft Commission recommendations on modernization, deterrence, and arms control. Our supporters, particularly key Democrats, must remain convinced of the value of the MX Peacekeeper in helping us to strengthen the peace by seeking arms reduction agreements. Your clear voice on this issue has set the tone that we should closely follow.

On Tuesday just before the MX vote, I told the House Foreign Affairs Committee that rejection of the MX resolution and the Commission's recommendations would destroy any real hope of a sound result in our arms control talks. The committee response was favorable and the number of Foreign Affairs Committee members who supported us on Tuesday's vote contributed significantly to our overall success.

On Wednesday our request for urgently needed production funds for the Pershing II missile was approved in the House as part of the FY 1983 Supplemental Appropriations Bill. This vote came after much work with the Defense Appropriations Subcommittee and reverses a position taken last year that cut off all Pershing II production monies. On Thursday the full Senate Appropriations Committee approved the Pershing II as well as other key parts of our FY 1983 NATO supplemental.





The continued delay in the Congress over the budget resolution has further slowed final markup of our FY 1984 Defense Authorization Bill in the Senate Armed Services Committee. The committee has again postponed its consideration of our bill until after the Memorial Day recess. If prompt committee and floor action does not take place before the July 4th Congressional recess it will seriously impact on the schedule of the Defense Appropriations Subcommittees who, at our strong urgings, have until now expedited their schedules to try and complete action on the Defense Appropriation Bill before the fiscal year begins on October 1. We are dedicated to making every possible effort to avoid a costly disruptive Continuing Resolution as has occurred in both the past two years. (U)

Spring NATO Ministerials: I will depart Sunday for the NATO Defense Planning Committee (DPC) meetings in Brussels, which will be held next Wednesday and Thursday. I will stop in Germany enroute to meet with German officials and also to visit both German and U.S. troops. After the DPC meetings, at the invitation of the Norwegian Minister of Defense, I plan to visit Norway to meet with Norwegian Government officials and to observe, first-hand, Norwegian defense facilities in their far northern regions. I will, of course, provide summary information on events during or after the trip. (C)

NAVSTAR Satellite Program: As a part of our continuing effort to save funds through multiyear procurement and fixed-price contracts, we recently awarded a firm fixed-price multiyear procurement contract to Rockwell International for 28 NAVSTAR Global Positioning Satellites and launch and orbital operations support. The satellites will be delivered over a five year period. This is the first multiyear procurement for Defense satellites, and it will save us approximately \$200 million in the \$1.4 billion program and 1 1/2 years in production time for the 28 satellites.

Eighteen of the satellites will comprise the NAVSTAR operational constellation, which will provide our land, sea, and air forces with worldwide, three-dimensional position and velocity information by the late 1980s. The remaining ten will be on-orbit spares and replenishment satellites. The NAVSTAR program is a joint-service, multi-nation effort in which ten NATO countries participate. (U)

Manpower Assessment--First Half FY 1983: Our all-Service military strength as of March 31 was 2,127,000. This represents a one percent increase over the end strength of one year ago. Each of the Services met or exceeded its overall first six months accession objectives, with nearly 166,100 enlisted accessions entering active duty.

The quality of personnel entering active duty has proven to be the highest ever, with 89 percent of all new recruits or nonprior service accessions possessing high school diplomas.





Additionally, 89 percent of the new recruits scored in the average or above average categories on the enlistment test. Nearly 41 percent were in the above average categories, the highest for any corresponding six month period in history.

We are pleased with these results but know that we will face an increasing challenge through the rest of the decade due to desired strength increases, the declining youth population, and greater opportunities in the improving economy. (U)

Training Efforts for El Salvador: On Monday we announced that training for approximately 525 El Salvadoran Officer Candidates will be conducted at Ft. Benning, Georgia. The training will consist of that given to U.S. soldiers in Officer Candidate School, the Infantry Officer Basic Course, and Infantry One-Station Unit Training. The subjects taught will include leadership, physical conditioning, platoon tactics, patrolling, weapons, first aid, and human rights. Three 13-week training cycles will be conducted, the first beginning in May and the last to be completed in late September.

In a separate but related effort (and in coordination with other appropriate agencies) a Regional Military Training Center (RMTC) is being developed in Honduras. The Training Center will be at a Honduran base under the control of a Honduran commander. We will provide a 100-man training team to assist in developing the center and to perform personnel instruction. El Salvador will pay for the initial construction and the cost of training their troops under funds provided by FMS credits. The facility will initially train El Salvadoran and Honduran units but eventually will be able to handle forces from other nations in the region. Training is slated to begin in early to mid June, with the arrival of the first battalion of troops from El Salvador. As you know, the RMTC is a long term component of our strategic effort to provide security to the region. (C)

Exercise Activities: Upcoming military exercises include ADVENTURE EXPRESS 83 and UNIVERSAL TREK 83.

ADVENTURE EXPRESS is an annual joint Allied Command Europe field training exercise that will be conducted in Eastern Turkey beginning tomorrow and running until June 26. It will involve some 8000 U.S. and other NATO allied ground and air force personnel and is designed to exercise current contingency plans. ADVENTURE EXPRESS 83 will demonstrate rapid deployment of Allied Command Europe Mobile Force on short notice and NATO solidarity and resolve to defend the exercise area.

UNIVERSAL TREK 83 is a U.S. joint Service exercise that will be conducted in the Caribbean beginning Tuesday and running through June 11. It will involve some 10,000 Army, Navy, Air Force, and Coast Guard personnel, including National Guard



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participation from Florida, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. Due regard has been given in the planning stages to the political sensitivities of such a large scale exercise regarding Vieques, Puerto Rico, and Cuba, and operations have been designed to avoid unnecessary provocation without diminishing the value of training to be accomplished. UNIVERSAL TREK 83 will build on our existing port visit program, disaster relief and non-combatant evacuation planning and coordination, demonstrate our interest in the region, enhance our overall influence in the region, and reinforce the perception of our commitment to defending U.S. interests in the Caribbean. (S)

Service Academies--Graduation: Wednesday marked the graduation and commissioning ceremonies at our Service Academies for the Class of 1983. It was my great pleasure to be the guest speaker at the U.S. Military Academy at West Point, where I was indeed impressed by the visible pride of these newly commissioned officers in the career they have chosen. I know a similar sense of pride in military service exists at the Naval and Air Force Academies, as well as in our other officer training programs and throughout our active and reserve forces. This is attributable, in no small part, to your leadership in seeking so successfully to restore national pride and respect in our armed forces. (U)

Armed Forces Day Ship Commissionings: On Armed Forces Day last Saturday, we commissioned three new Navy ships. The nuclear-powered attack submarine, USS ALBUQUERQUE, was commissioned at New London; her sister ship, USS NORFOLK, was commissioned at Norfolk (I was pleased to participate as the principal speaker and Jane had been the launching sponsor 19 months ago); and the guided missile frigate, USS DOYLE, was commissioned at Bath, Maine. (U)

Service Program Objectives Memoranda (POMs): There have been and likely will be additional media reports based on information leaked to the press from these Service documents. These documents are provided annually as Service desires for spending programs and are fully expected to be quite ambitious compared to what will eventually appear in our budget submissions. They provide a solid base from which to launch our annual program reviews and preliminary budget planning information, but should not be used as an input to any projection of our budget requirements. The latest Service POMs are, in reality, internal working documents for use in developing the FY 1985 Defense budget submission and should be considered as such. We will make these points, as appropriate, in response to media items based on POM data. (U)

Second Manufacturer for MAVERICK Missile: On Monday we selected Raytheon Company as a second source manufacturer for the Infrared MAVERICK missile. The initial contract is for nine qualification, test, and evaluation missiles, with options for follow-on





production of 500 additional missiles. We moved to a second source producer of the missile to expand the industrial base capable of producing the MAVERICK and believe that it will result in lower overall system costs through competition.

The infrared MAVERICK is a follow-on version of the television-guided MAVERICK, which is already deployed. Both missiles are designed to attack battlefield hard point targets from aircraft, but the infrared version provides 24-hour day/night and limited adverse weather targeting capability. A laser-guided version of the missile is currently under development. (U)





THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SECRET ATTACHMENT

June 4, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

WILLIAM P. CLARK

SUBJECT:

Secretary Weinberger's Weekly Report

The attached is Cap Weinberger's Weekly Report for Friday, June 3, 1983.

cc: The Vice President
Ed Meese
Jim Baker
Mike Deaver

aw -secret-attachment 5/2013

PAGE Ø1 OF Ø4 SEC DEF (AMEMB OSLO Ø138 DTG: Ø319Ø3Z JUN 83 PSN: Ø6Ø989 S1T874 ANØØ9959 TOR: 154/2Ø28Z

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TO THE WHITE HOUSE IMMEDIATE SECDEF WASHDC IMMEDIATE

SECRET SECTION Ø1 OF Ø2 OSLO Ø138

WHITE HOUSE FOR PRESIDENT AND JUDGE CLARK

SEC DEF FOR DEPUTY SEC DEF THAYER

FROM: SECRETARY WEINBERGER

SUBJ: WEEKLY REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT

1. NATO DEFENSE MINISTERIAL EUROPEAN VISIT:

THE MAIN PURPOSE OF THIS TRIP WAS TO ATTEND THE SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NATO DEFENSE PLANNING COMMITTEE IN BRUSSELS. THIS MEETING WAS FREE OF SUBSTANTIVE CONFLICT EXCEPTING THE DANISH PROBLEM. THE DANISH DEFENSE MINISTER, HANS ENGELS, WAS INSTRUCTED TO ENSURE THAT THE COMMUNIQUE MENTIONED THE RECENT VOTE OF THE DANISH PARLIAMENT EXPRESSING ITS DESIRE TO DELAY THE INF DEPLOYMENTS. NEVERTHELESS THE DANISH GOVERNMENT STILL SUPPORTS THE 1979 TWO-TRACK DECISION, AND THE COMMUNIQUE SAYS SO. DENMARK OF COURSE IS NOT ONE OF THE BASING COUNTRIES.

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IN APPROVING A SERIES OF NATO DEFENSE PLANNING DOCUMENTS, THE NATO DEFENSE MINISTERS AGAIN ENDORSED NATO'S STRATEGY OF DETERRENCE THROUGH THE ACQUISITION OF SUFFICIENT RETALIATORY STRENGTH, AND CONTINUED SUPPORT OF AN ABILITY TO HAVE A FLEXIBLE RESPONSE. WE ALSO SET IN MOTION THE NEXT CYCLE OF DEFENSE PLANNING, WHICH WILL INCLUDE EMPHASIS ALSO ON IMPROVING NATO'S CONVENTIONAL DEFENSE AS A MANDATE FROM THE 1982 MEETING OF NATO HEADS OF STATE.

I PERCEIVE AN INCREASED UNWILLINGNESS AND CAUTIOUS SUPPORT FOR OUR EFFORTS TO GET NATO TO TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE NEED FOR NATO TO PLAN FOR EVENTS OUTSIDE THE NATO AREA. THOUGH THIS IS NOT AN ISSUE ON WHICH WE HAVE YET RECEIVED STRONG NATO BACKING, WE ARE MAKING PROGRESS IN GAINING SOME REAL SUPPORT.

FINALLY, THOUGH NUCLEAR MATTERS WERE NOT WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THIS PARTICULAR MEETING, THE INF ISSUE ROSE REPEATEDLY. I AM PLEASED TO REPORT THAT ALL ALLIANCE MEMBERS STILL SUPPORT THE TWO-TRACK DECISION. I AM PARTICULARLY ENCOURAGED BY THE STRONG SUPPORT WE CONTINUE TO RECEIVE FROM GERMANY AND THE UK. THOUGH ALLIANCE UNITY IS SOMETIMES QUESTIONED I AM CONFIDENT NATO WILL STAY WITH THIS COURSE AND THAT THE BASING COUNTRIES, WITH THE POSSIBLE EXCEPTION OF THE NETHERLANDS (WHICH HAS AGAIN DELAYED ITS DECISION), WILL AGREE TO DEPLOYMENT WHEN THE TIME COMES.

PRIOR TO THE NATO MEETINGS I MADE A SHORT VISIT TO GERMANY WHERE I HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO SEE THE GERMAN ARMY AND AIR FORCES IN REALISTIC LIVE FIRING MANOEUVRES. THEY WERE ENTHUSIASTIC COMPETENT AND LIVED UP TO THEIR REPUTATION. MY DISCUSSIONS WITH MANFRED WOERNER, THE DEFENSE MINISTER CONFIRMED THAT WOERNER UNDERSTANDS THE NECESSITY TO MAINTAIN A STRONG DEFENSE, BUT THAT HE CLEARLY NEEDS HELP IN DEFENDING HIS BUDGET IN THE AUSTERITY CLIMATE IN BONN. IN FACT, I THINK IT IS FAIR TO SAY THAT ONLY IF CHANCELLOR KOHL KNOWS OF YOUR PERSONAL INTEREST IN GREATER MILITARY EFFORTS BY GERMANY CAN WE AVOID THEIR SUBMITTING A BUDGET THIS SUMMER WHICH WILL CALL FOR A REDUCTION IN REAL TERMS OF THEIR MILITARY SPENDING NEXT YEAR.

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WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

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AFTER BRUSSELS, I VISITED NORWAY BEGINNING IN THE TROMS AREA NORTH OF THE ARCTIC CIRCLE AND NEAR THE SOVIET & FINNISH BORDERS. THIS IS THE MOST LIKELY AREA OF EMPLOYMENT FOR THE US MARINE AMPHIB-IOUS BRIGADE THAT IS PLANNED TO REINFORCE NORWAY. THIS STRATEGIC AREA IS DEFENDED BY YOUNG NORWEGIAN TROOPS WHO WERE HIGHLY MOTIVATED AND EXTREMELY IMPRESSIVE. THEY UNDERSTOOD WHY THEIR JOBS WERE NECESSARY AND WERE VOCAL ABOUT THEIR SENSE OF MISSION.

IN OSLO, I MET WITH THE PRIME MINISTER AND THE FOREIGN MINISTER, AND TOMORROW I WILL CONTINUE MY DISCUSSIONS WITH DEFENSE MINISTER ANDERS SJAASTAD. I WILL SEND YOU A SEPARATE REPORTING CABLE ON THESE MEETINGS. OUR DEFENSE AND OTHER RELATIONSHIPS WITH NORWAY ARE CLEARLY EXCELLENT AND FREE OF ALL MAJOR PROBLEMS.

2. LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS:

WE WXPECT TO CONTINUE OUR SUCCESSFUL LOBBYING CAMPAIGN ON THE MX PEACEKEEPER MISSILE AND THE SCOWCROFT
COMMISSION RECOMMENDATIONS WHEN THE CONGRESS RECONVENES THE
NEXT KEY VOTE WILL TAKE PLACE DURING THE WEEK OF JUNE 13 AS THE
HOUSE CONTINUES ITS CONSIDERATION OF THE FY 1984 DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION BILL WHICH PROVIDES ADDITIONAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
FOR THE MX AS WELL AS INITIAL PROCUREMENT FUNDS ONCE AGAIN, WE
EXPECT ARMS CONTROL TO BE THE PRIMARY ISSUE IN DETERMINING OUR
SUCCESS IN GAINING APPROVAL OF MX PROCUREMENT FUNDS IN LIGHT

OF THE STRONG FAVORABLE VOTE IN THE HOUSSE ON THE MX RESOLUTION, WE ARE ENCOURAGED THAT WE CAN HOLD THIS WINNING COALITION.

IN THE SENATE WE ARE AWAITING FULL COMMITTEE MARK-UP OF THE FY 1984 DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION BILL. CHAIRMAN JOHN TOWER HAS BEEN VERY HELPFUL IN TRYING TO PUT TOGETHER THE BEST PACKAGE POSSIBLE GIVEN THE CURRENT STALEMATE IN THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET PROCESS. I BELIEVE THAT FULL COMMITTEE ACTION COULD OCCUR IN MIDJUNE, WITH FULL SENATE CONSIDERATION POSSIBLE BEFORE THE JULY 4

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3. PERSHING II MISILE TEST:

THE ELEVENTH PERSHING II MISSILE
ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT FLIGHT TEST WAS SUCCESSFULLY CONDUCTED AT
CAPE CANAVERAL LAST WEEK. THIS FLIGHT WAS TO EVALUATE MISSILE
PERFORMANCE AT LONG RANGE. INITIAL REVIEW OF AVAILABLE FLIGHT
DATA INDICATES NORMAL PERFORMANCE IN ALL PARAMETERS OF THE 1600
KILOMETER FLIGHT PROFILE. A DETAILED REVIEW OF TELEMETRY DATA IS
NOW BEING CONDUCTED. SEVEN FLIGHTS REMAIN BEFORE COMPLETION OF
THE TEST SERIES AND WE ANTICIPATE NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFICULTIES IN
MEETING THE SCHEDULED INITIAL OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY OF DECEMBER
1983.

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TO THE WHITE HOUSE IMMEDIATE SECDEF WASHDC IMMEDIATE

S E C R E T FINAL SECTION OF 02 OSLO 0138

WHITE HOUSE FOR PRESIDENT AND JUDGE CLARK

SEC DEF FOR DEPUTY SEC DEF THAYER

FROM: SECRETARY WEINBERGER

SUBJ: WEEKLY REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT

4. LEBANESE MODERNIAZTION PROGRAM:

THE ORGANIZATION OF THE
LEBANESE ARMY HAS EVOLVED TO INCLUDE SEVEN STANDARD BRIGADES OF
SIX BATTALIONS EACH. THESE BRIGADES WILL ALL HAVE AN AUTHORIZATION OF 3900 MEN PER BRIGADE, AND EACH BRIGADE WILL HAVE THE SAME
EQUIPMENT AUTHORIZATION. IN ADDITION TO THESE STANDARD BRIGADES
THERE WILL BE ONE AIR MOBILE RANGER BRIGADE THAT WILL BE MADE UP
OF THREE LIGHT INFANTRY BATTALIONS. AS A TEMPORARY MEASURE TO
ACCOMODATE A LARGE INFLUX OF NEW PERSONNEL, THERE WILL ALSO BE
FOUR BRIGADES COMPOSED OF THREE BASIC INFANTRY BATTALIONS. EACH
OF THESE BRIGADES WILL HAVE 2100 MEN ASSIGNED FOR TRAINING AND

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BASIC PEACE-KEEPING FUNCTIONS NOT REQUIRING HEAVY ARMAMENTS THESE FOUR BRIGADES WILL EVENTUALLY BE ABSORBED INTO THE OTHER BRIGADES AS EQUIPMENT IS DELIVERED AND THEIR PERSONNEL ARE TRAINED.

LEBANESE RECRUITING HAS BEEN HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL
WITH AN AVERAGE OF 1000 NEW RECRUITS EACH MONTH FOR A TOTAL OF
5000 MEN SO FAR THIS YEAR. CONSCRIPTION BEGAN IN MID-APRIL,
WITH 3000 CONSCRIPTS TO BE INDUCTED EACH QUARTER. WE ESTIMATE
THAT BY THE END OF THE YEAR A TOTAL OF 9000 RECRUITS AND 6000
CONSCRIPTS WILL BE ADDED TO THE RANKS OF THE LEBANESE ARMY
BRINGING ITS TOTAL STRENGTH TO 36,000 MEN. AS A RESULT OF THIS
SUCCESS, PERSONNEL ACQUISITION IS WELL AHEAD OF SCHEDULE AND WILL
RESULT IN ADDITIONAL REQUESTS FOR TRAINING SUPPORT FROM THE U.S.

THE LEBANESE ARMY MODERNIZATION PROGRAM HAS MADE GREAT PROGRESS DURING THE PAST SIX MONTHS. OUR EFFORTS TO SUPPLY EQUIPMENT AND TRAINING ARE ON SCHEDULE, AND THE LEBANESE EFFORTS TO REORGANIZE AND MAN ITS STRUCTURE ARE WELL AHEAD OF SCHEDULE.

5. DEFENSE SUPPORT OF "ADOPT-A-SCHOOL" PROGRAM:

IN RESPONSE TO A REQUEST FROM JIM COYNE, ASSISTANT SECRETARY LARRY KORB SPOKE AT A CEREMONY LAST FRIDAY FOR THE FORMAL "ADOPTION" OF THE KIMBALL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL IN SAN DIEGO BY THE NAVY SHIP, USS CAPE COD.

SCHOOL ADOPTIONS BY NAVY UNITS IN THE SAN DIEGO AREA HAVE PROVIDED LARGE SCALE MILITARY SUPPORT FOR THE FIRST TIME TO THE "ADOPT-A-SCHOOL" PROGRAM, WHICH IS GROWING IN CITIES NATIONWIDE, AS ONE APPROACH TO STRENGTHENING EDUCATION PROGRAMS. THE CEREMONY WAS ATTENDED BY 500 LOCAL AREA STUDENTS, NAVY PERSONNEL REPRESENTING NINE SHIP COMMANDS AND SOME 150 BUSINESS, EDUCATION, AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT LEADERS. ALL THREE MAJOR NEWS NETWORKS COVERED THE CEREMONY, AS DID LOCAL RADIO AND DEFENSE AUDIO VISUAL

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WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

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NETWORKS. THE NAVY'S EFFORT IN THIS PROGRAM IS A GOOD DEMON-STRATION OF THE KIND OF VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS TO COMMUNITIES THAT THE DEPARTMENT IS PURSUING TO INCREASE SUPPORT FOR YOUR PRIVATE SECTOR INITIATIVES PROGRAM. WE ARE WORKING TO EXPAND "ADOPT-A-SCHOOL" ACTIVITIES THROUGHOUT THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS

6. EXERCISE OVALIGHT:

DEFENSE WILL PARTICIPATE IN THIS FEMASPONSORED COMMAND POST EXERCISE, WHICH STARTS NEXT FRIDAY AND
RUNS THROUGH JUNE 14, ON A 24-HOUR PER DAY BASIS. THE EXERCISE
IS DESIGNED TO TEST SELECTED ASPECTS OF WARTIME CONTINUITY OF
GOVERNMENT.

PRINCIPAL DEFENSE OBJECTIVES WILL BE TO TEST OUR

ABILITY TO FIELD "NATIONAL DEFENSE POLICY" AND "MILITARY

OPERATIONS" ADVISORS IN SUPPORT OF OPERATIONS DIRECTED BY THE

NATIONAL COMMAND AUTHORITY AND TO ASSESS THE ABILITY OF AN EXPERIMENTALLY ORGANIZED STAFF ELEMENT (INCLUDING A SUCCESSOR SECRETARY OF DEFENSE AND A SUCCESSOR CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF
STAFF) TO FUNCTION AS A SURVIVING DEPARTMENTAL LEADERSHIP HEADOUARTERS IN SUPPORT OF THE NATIONAL COMMAND AUTHORITY. DURING
THE EXERCISE PREDESIGNATED DEFENSE PERSONNEL WILL DEPLOY OUTSIDE
THE WASHINGTON AREA IN SUPPORT OF EXERCISE ACTIVITIES AND TO THE
ALTERNATE NATIONAL MILITARY COMMAND CENTER TO FUNCTION AS A
PRINCIPAL DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HEADQUARTERS UNDER SIMULATED CRISIS
AND WARTIME CONDITIONS.

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WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

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THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE IS QUOTED FOR YOUR INFORMATION:

QUOTE

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FM SECDEF AIRCRAFT, SECRETARY WEINBERGER

TO THE PRESIDENT, JUDGE CLARK

INFO DEPSECDEF THAYER

BT

SECRET

SUBJECT: REPORT ON VISIT TO NORWAY, 3-5 JUNE 1983

(S) I ARRIVED IN OSLO. NORWAY ON THE AFTERNOON OF THURSDAY. 3 JUNE. I HAD MEETINGS WITH PRIME MINISTER WILLOCH. FOREIGN MINISTER STRAY, AND SEVERAL LONG DISCUSSIONS AND BRIEFINGS WITH DEFENSE MINISTER SJAASTAD AND HIS STAFF. I ALSO MET WITH NORWEGIAN PARTY LEADERS CONCERNED WITH SECURITY MATTERS, AND WITH THE PRESS. (S) THE MOST IMPORTANT ISSUES DISCUSSED WERE THE INF AND START TALKS, THE US DEFENSE PROGRAM, US-SOVIET RELATIONS, AND US POLICY IN CENTRAL AMERICA. PRIME MINISTER WILLOCH'S MINORITY CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT IS JUST NOW IN THE PROCESS OF FORMING A MAJORITY COALITION WITH TWO OTHER NON-SOCIALIST PARTIES. THIS SHOULD BE COMPLETED BY THE MIDDLE OF NEXT WEEK, AND WILL ENABLE THE GOVERNMENT TO MOVE AHEAD WITH ITS ECONOMIC AND SECURITY PROGRAMS WITH GREATER

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WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

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CONFIDENCE THAT THEIR PARLIAMENTARY SUPPORTERS WILL STAY SUPPORTIVE. THE PRIME MINISTER ASSURED ME THAT DESPITE PERHAPS FIVE TO SEVEN SEATS IN THE CABINET, NOW ALL HELD BY HIS CONSERVATIVE PARTY MEMBERS WHICH WILL HAVE TO GO TO MEMBERS OF THE TWO SMALLER NON-SOCIALIST PARTIES, THERE WILL BE NO CHANGE IN NORWEGIAN DEFENSE AND FOREIGN POLICIES, WHICH ARE, AS YOU KNOW, VERY CLOSE TO YOUR POLICIES.

- (S) I WAS MOST IMPRESSED BY THE SCOPE AND DIMENSIONS OF THE NORWEGIAN DEFENSE EFFORT. I SPENT A DAY IN THE FAR NORTH OF NORWAY WHERE SOME OF THEIR STRONGEST DEFENSES AGAINST THE SOVIETS ARE LOCATED. I FOUND THE MORALE OF THE TROOPS AND THEIR STATE OF READINESS TO BE VERY HIGH. THEIR MILITARY MODERNIZATION AND READINESS IS AN ADMIRABLE EXAMPLE TO OTHER NATO COUNTRIES. THE NORWEGIANS INCREASED THEIR DEFENSE SPENDING BY 4.6 IN 1982. A RECORD FOR EUROPE. AND THEY PLAN ON 3 INCREASES FOR THE NEXT FIVE YEARS. THEY HOPE TO IMPROVE THEIR TWO-WAY STREET RATIO (1:4) OF MILITARY PURCHASES WITH THE US. THIS WOULD ASSIST NORWAY IN MAINTAINING SOME SPECIALIZED MILITARY CAPABILITIES OF CONSIDER-ABLE STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE TO THE US AND NATO, INCLUDING THEIR ABILITY TO MONITOR SOVIET SUBMARINES IN THE FAR NORTH. LOOKING INTO WAYS WE COULD BUY MORE FROM SUCH A STAUNCH ALLY. (S) ALL THE GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WITH WHOM I TALKED REPORT THAT THEY CONSTANTLY ENCOUNTER HOSTILE QUESTIONS ABOUT OUR POLICIES IN CENTRAL AMERICA. I GAVE THEM SOME AMMUNITION WITH WHICH TO RESPOND. INCLUDING EMPHASIS ON THE FREE ELECTION IN EL SALVADOR LAST YEAR AND GUERRILLA ATTEMPTS TO INTIMIDATE VOTERS. DESTRUCTION OF THE INFRASTRUCTURE OF THE COUNTRY, AND THE FACT THAT YOUR AID REQUEST IS ABOUT 70 FOR ECONOMIC AND REBUILDING ASSISTANCE. ETC. (C) OUR AMBASSADOR. MARK AUSTAD, IS DOING A SPLENDID JOB. HE IS WIDELY KNOWN AND LIKED BY NORWEGIANS: HE TRAVELS INDEFATIGABLY. KNOWS THE COUNTRY WELL. AND IS MUCH RESPECTED BY MANY WIDELY DIVERSE GROUPS. ALL OF WHOM TOOK THE TROUBLE TO REPORT TO ME THEIR HIGH OPINION OF HIM.
- (S) IN SUMMARY, THIS WAS A VERY USEFUL VISIT FOR ME, AND THE NORWEGIANS WERE DEEPLY APPRECIATIVE. THEY ARE A STRONG ALLY WHOSE FULL SUPPORT WE CAN CONTINUE TO RELY ON IN ALL NATO FORA. WITH

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BEST REGARDS, CAP BT UNQUOTE

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SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REMARKS:

'ATTACHED: WEINBERGER'S WEEKLY REPORT



UNCLASSIFIED UPON REMOVAL OF CLASSIFIED ENCLOSURE(S) MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

(W) SECRET ATTACHMENT 5/20/13

June 11, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

WILLIAM P. CLARK

SUBJECT:

Secretary Weinberger's Weekly Report

Attached is Cap Weinberger's Weekly Report for Friday, June 10, 1983.

THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE



WASHINGTON, THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

. June 10, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Weekly Report of Defense Activities

DECLASSIFIED IN PART NLRR M453/6#159

Legislative Affairs: Initial reactions from Capitol Hill regarding this week's arms control announcements have been very positive. In light of the strong momentum that has been created, we were hopeful the House would reach an MX Peacekeeper vote next week while considering the FY 1984 Defense Authorization Bill. Now it appears the Speaker, an opponent of the MX, has postponed the MX vote until after the July 4 recess. We are trying to get some unhappy Democrats to persuade the Speaker to change this delay. An informal survey conducted by Defense among numerous MX Peacekeeper supporters both in the House and the Senate shows continued strong support for our program. We were also pleased that members of Congress generally received limited critical attention from constituents on the MX Peacekeeper issue during the recent recess.

House and Senate conferees on the budget resolution may agree on a sharp reduction in our defense rebuilding program. House Democrat conferees in particular have stubbornly voiced support for less than 3 percent real growth increase; however, some variation of 5 percent real growth may emerge from the Conference Committee. We have worked closely with Congressman Del Latta at his request to provide him with additional material on what such cuts would do to our defense program. Failure to produce a budget compromise could take the pressure off John Tower who is holding off full Armed Services Committee action on our FY 1984 Defense Authorization Bill pending some clear signal on the budget. He is still committed to more than a 6 percent increase.

The Senate is continuing to work on the FY 1983 Supplemental Appropriations Bill, which contains several critical defense initiatives. In addition to having approved full funding for the Pershing II missile and several NATO related programs, on Thursday evening the Senate approved multi-year contracting for the B-1B bomber by a vote of 52-38. This vote was important to protect our position in conference because the House has refused, thus far, to fund this important part of the B-1B program. Multi-year funding on the B-1 saves us \$800 million.

'I had a television taping on Thursday with House Minority Whip Trent Lott and Congressman Jack Edwards. Both have been among our strongest supporters in the House leadership and they very much appreciated our time together. (U)



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Peacekeeper Missile: The first test missile is now assembled and erected in its canister on the launch pad at Vandenberg Air Force Base. The countdown is at T-4 days and holding. Initially I had planned to delay the launch until the House acted on the FY 1984 Defense Authorization Bill, which contains the Peacekeeper production money. However, as noted above, it now appears the Speaker has postponed the vote until mid-July or later. I do not believe we can afford to slip the first flight schedule that much without having an adverse effect on the program. I have, therefore, tentatively selected next Saturday (June 18) for the first test flight of the MX. When launched, the missile will fly six re-entry vehicles 3,140 miles to Kwajalein Atoll.

On a related matter, we have concluded agreements with state and local officials in Wyoming and Nebraska on environmental issues, such as socio-economic and water needs. The Air Force reports excellent relations with the people of Cheyenne and the Governors and Congressional delegations of the two states. (S)

Ground Launched Cruise Missile (GLCM) Test Flight: On Tuesday we conducted the sixth Development/Initial Operational Test and Evaluation flight test of the Tomahawk Ground Launched Cruise Missile (GLCM) at the Utah Test and Training Range at Dugway, Utah. After being launched from its Transporter-Erector-Launcher, the missile jettisoned its booster and transitioned to cruise flight. Using low-altitude terrain-following capabilities, the missile flew a fully-guided mission over a ground target on the range.

Upon completion of the flight, the missile's parachute recovery system was activated and the missile was safely recovered for future use in the GLCM test program. This was the ninth of our ten planned flights in the GLCM development program, and the success we achieved reaffirms our confidence in meeting the initial operational capability in December 1983. (U)

Cost Savings Through Competition and Contract Control: In my Weekly Report to you of March 18, I discussed ABC's 20/20 news program allegations of Air Force mismanagement regarding contracts with the Pratt and Whitney Company and pointed out that many of the excess charges by the company had been uncovered by our own Air Force and Defense audits of overhead charges. The grand jury investigation of these charges, with our full cooperation, continues, and subsequent dialogue with the company by Secretary Verne Orr and other Department officials has resulted in a much more favorable negotiating climate with Pratt and Whitney.

For example, recently concluded contract negotiations for Navy F-14, A-6E, and EA-6B aircraft engine requirements for FY 1983 resulted in firm fixed prices an average of 6 percent below those negotiated in FY 1982. These savings are attributable to reductions in labor and material costs, as well as reduction of the growth of overhead. During the negotiations, Pratt and Whitney also agreed to extend the warranty period on their F-14 engines to two full years at no increase in government cost.





In other examples, we realized a 16 percent savings on a large Navy order for road graders by changing our procurement strategy from a sole source to a competitive award, and we reduced by \$24.8 million a contract with Ingalls Shipbuilding for guided-missile cruisers CG-54, 55, and 56, also by using a competitive award strategy. (U)

Sealift Support Ship Labor Agreements: As a follow-up to my February 2 Weekly Report item to you, I am very pleased to report that recent agreements between various maritime operating unions and the commercial shipping companies that operate a number of our sealift support ships will result in substantial savings in Navy operating costs. The ships involved include five T-5 replacement tankers, nine sealift tankers, one roll-on/roll-off ship, and ten of thirteen TAKX Maritime Prepositioning Ships. These savings resulted from major concessions on the current standard annual vacation and work rules and an agreement to freeze pay at 1982 rates through 1985. As a result, the Navy will realize a \$139 million total labor cost savings relative to previous labor union standards over the next five years.

Additionally, similar cost reductions may be possible with other maritime unions. Marine Transport Lines recently obtained substantial concessions from unions resulting in operating cost reductions of approximately \$12.6 million annually, and Waterman Steamship Corporation has begun negotiations to obtain revised labor agreements comparable to those obtained by the other TAKX operators.

On a broader front, we have recommended to the Transportation Department and to the Maritime Administrator that these newly established labor cost baselines be adopted as standards for setting differential subsidies for all U.S. flag lines. Such action would save the tax-payers many millions annually since approximately 90% of such subsidies cover wage differentials between U.S. and foreign crews. (U)

Lessons Learned--Special Operations in the Falklands: Our discussions with British military authorities on the conduct of operations by Special Operations Forces (SOF) in the Falklands conflict have reinforced our perceptions that such operations may frequently be critical to the successful conduct of a large-scale military operation. Highlights of a recently completed report on use of SOF in the Falklands include:

- O British SOF were the first units employed in this crisis, and they were used to collect intelligence, strike targets of opportunity, deceive and demoralize the Argentines, and support conventional forces.
- O Service and Joint Staffs must be knowledgeable of SOF capabilities, limitations, and requirements. The British had to re-learn this basic lesson from the past.
- O The need for SOF units to be under joint control in the theater of operations was reaffirmed; this reinforces our concept of unified joint special operations task forces.



O There were very few equipment-related findings, except for the advantage gained by the use of night-vision devices and secure communications provided by U.S. tactical satellite communications systems.

We have examined the use of our own SOF in some detail over the past two years, and I believe the lessons we have taken from the British Falklands experience will make our SOF program even stronger in the future. (S-S)

Repatriation of Remains: Last week, upon conclusion of technical discussions on POW/MIA issues, a U.S. recovery team in Hanoi received the remains of nine unaccounted for Americans, and material evidence (dog tags and photostats of identification documents) of three additional individuals, from Vietnam. Our team has returned with the remains to the Central Identification Laboratory in Hawaii, and follow-up identification actions continue. (U)

University Research Equipment Upgrade Program: Last week we announced 202 funding awards to 80 universities nationwide to upgrade national defense oriented research equipment. These are the first funding awards under a five-year program designed to improve college and university research capabilities related to national defense.

Approximately 2,500 proposals were received following our announcement last fall of the Defense University Research Instrumentation Program. Army, Navy, and Air Force research organizations selected the winning proposals based primarily on their potential contributions to the total Defense research effort and after thorough technical review. The awards represent an initial investment of \$30 million for FY 1983, and our current plan is to continue the program for the four additional years at a cost of about \$150 million.

The 2,500 proposals submitted represented requirements of more than \$645 million, which reflects a need for new and upgraded equipment in our colleges and universities on a broad scale. These proposals also reflect a willingness, indeed, eagerness, by many universities to do military research. We will be publishing a brochure later this summer for the use of universities in submitting proposals for the FY 1984 solicitation. (U)

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MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

RW SECRET ATTACHMENT 5/20/13

June 11, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

WILLIAM P. CLARK

SUBJECT:

Secretary Weinberger's Weekly Report

Attached is Cap Weinberger's Weekly Report for Friday, June 10, 1983.

cc: The Vice President
Ed Meese
Jim Baker
Mike Deaver

THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE



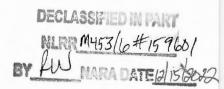
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