

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual collections.

Collection: President, Office of the: Presidential
Briefing Papers: Records
Folder Title: 04/16/1984 (Case File 275316)
Box: 43

To see more digitized collections visit:

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digitized-textual-material>

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library Inventories, visit:

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/white-house-inventories>

Contact a reference archivist at: **reagan.library@nara.gov**

Citation Guidelines: <https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/research-support/citation-guide>

National Archives Catalogue: <https://catalog.archives.gov/>

Last Updated: 11/26/2024

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection: PRESIDENT, OFFICE OF THE: PRESIDENTIAL BRIEFING PAPERS

Archivist: CAS

OA/BOX: CFOA 861

FOIA ID:

File Folder: April 16, 1984 (275316)

Date: 9/29/99

DOCUMENT NO. & TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
1. schedule	for 4/16/84 1 p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6, F6 B6
2. schedule	annotated copy of item #1 1p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6/F6 B6
3. schedule	annotated copy of item #1 1p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6/F6 B6
4. schedule	annotated copy of item #1 1p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6/F6 B6
5. schedule	annotated copy of item #1 1p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6/F6 B6
			CCB 12/12/00

RESTRICTIONS

P-1 National security classified information [(a)(1) of the PRA].
P-2 Relating to appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA].

P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA].

P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA].

P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA].

P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA].

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

F-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA].

F-2 Release could disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA].

F-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA].

F-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA].

F-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA].

F-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA].

F-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA].

F-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA].

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection: PRESIDENT, OFFICE OF THE: PRESIDENTIAL BRIEFING PAPERS

Archivist: CAS

OA/BOX: CFOA 861

FOIA ID:

File Folder: April 16, 1984 (275316)

Date: 9/29/99

DOCUMENT NO. & TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
1. schedule	for 4/16/84 1 p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6, F6
2. schedule	annotated copy of item #1 1p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6/F6
3. schedule	annotated copy of item #1 1p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6/F6
4. schedule	annotated copy of item #1 1p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6/F6
5. schedule	annotated copy of item #1 1p. (partial)	4/16/84	P6/F6

RESTRICTIONS

P-1 National security classified information [(a)(1) of the PRA].

P-2 Relating to appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA].

P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA].

P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA].

P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA].

P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA].

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

F-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA].

F-2 Release could disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA].

F-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA].

F-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA].

F-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA].

F-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA].

F-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA].

F-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA].

**WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT
WORKSHEET**

☐ X-MEDIA
☐ H-INTERNAL

Name of Document: BRIEFING PAPERS
FOR PRESIDENT'S
SCHEDULED
APPOINTMENTS FOR

APR 16 84

Subject Codes:

[illegible]

i) **Subject:** Meeting with the Cabinet to discuss the budget.

2) Interview with representatives of five Chinese media organizations:

A) XINHUA News Agency

B) People's Daily

c) WEN HUI BAO

D) GUANG MING Daily

E) Radio BEIJING

3) Meeting with Robert Carleson, former Special Assistant to the President!

4) Video Taping session for 20

A) Reception Hosted by Mrs. Theodore Cummings

B) U.S. Chamber of Commerce annual meeting

c) A.I.D. Small Business Conference

(continued)

ROUTE TO:	ACTION		DISPOSITION		
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
RMHENL	RSZ			C	

Referral Note:

WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT
WORKSHEET

☐ X-MEDIA
☐ H-INTERNAL

Name of Document: BRIEFING PAPERS
FOR PRESIDENT'S
SCHEDULED
APPOINTMENTS FOR

APR 16 84

Subject Codes:

P	R	0	0	7	-	0	1
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		
					-		

4) Subject: (Continued)
D) National Guard Association of California
E) Maine State Republican Convention
F) Boy Scout dinner honoring Charles Cook
and Holmes Tuttle.
G) Chicago World Trade Conference
5) Filming session for National Association
of Broadcasters Convention.



ROUTE TO:		ACTION		DISPOSITION		
Office/Agency	(Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
RMHENL		RSZ			C	

Referral Note:

THE SCHEDULE OF PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN



Monday, April 16, 1984

9:00 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Baker/Meese/Deaver)	Oval Office
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (McFarlane)	Oval Office
9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
10:00 am (10 min)	* <u>Statement re Vice President's Trip</u> (McFarlane)	Cabinet Room
10:10 am (50 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Cabinet Meeting</u> (Fuller)	Cabinet Room
12:00 m (90 min)	<u>NSC Working Lunch</u> (McFarlane)	Roosevelt Room
1:30 pm (1 hr 55 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
3:25 pm (5 min)	* <u>Drop by Meeting of Chinese Students</u> (McFarlane)	Roosevelt Room
3:30 pm (15 min)	<u>Briefing for Interview</u> (McManus/Speakes)	Oval Office
3:45 pm (30 min)	<u>Interview with Chinese Media</u> (McManus/Speakes)	Oval Office
4:15 pm (5 min)	<u>Private Meeting</u> (Cribb)	Oval Office
4:30 pm (40 min)	<u>Taping Session (Elliott/Duval)</u> 1. Sue Cummings Reagan-Bush '84 Reception 2. U.S. Chamber of Commerce Annual Meeting 3. A.I.D. Small Business Conferences 4. National Guard of California Dinner 5. Maine State Republican Convention 6. Boy Scouts of America Dinner 7. National Association of Broadcasters' Convention 8. Chicago World Trade Conference	Diplomatic Reception Room
5:15 pm (60 min)	<u>Private Appointment</u> 	

UNP REVISED
04/16/84
8:15 am

209

Oval Office

Oval Office

Oval Office

Cabinet Room

Oval Office

Cabinet Room

Roosevelt Room

Oval Office

Roosevelt Room

Oval Office

Oval Office

Oval Office

Diplomatic
Reception
Room

REVISED
04/16/84
8:15 am

Dave Fischer

CABINET MEETING PARTICIPANTS

Monday, April 16, 1984 -- 11:00 a.m.

The Cabinet -- All Members *

- * ✓ Ford B. Ford, Under Secretary of Labor, for Secretary Donovan
- * ✓ Philip Abrams, Under Secretary of HUD, for Secretary Pierce
- * ✓ Daniel Boggs, Deputy Secretary of Energy, for Secretary Hodel
- * ✓ Peter Murphy, Deputy U.S. Trade Representative, for Ambassador Brock
- * ✓ Secretary Heckler will not attend

✓ James A. Baker, III
✓ Michael K. Deaver
✓ Richard Darman
✓ Martin Feldstein
✓ Craig L. Fuller
✓ John Herrington
✓ Larry Speakes
✓ Jack Svahn
✓ Lee Verstandig
✓ Faith Whittlesey
✓ Michael Baroody
✓ Kenneth Cribb
✓ Jim Cicconi
✓ Nancy Risque for H.B. Oglesby
✓ Steve Rhodes for Admiral Murphy
✓ Thomas Gibson
✓ Karen Hart

For Presentation:

✓ Joe Wright, Deputy Director, OMB

Pres.
V.P.
Shultz
Regan
Weinberger
Smith
Clash
Block
Baldridge
(Ford)
Dole

(Abrams)
(Boggs)
Bell
Meese
Stockman
Casey
Kirkpatrick
(Murphy)

THE SCHEDULE OF PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN

Monday, April 16, 1984




9:00 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Baker/Meese/Deaver)	Oval Office
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (McFarlane)	Oval Office
9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
10:00 am (10 min)	* <u>Statement re Vice President's Trip</u> (McFarlane)	Cabinet Room
10:10 am (50 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
10:35 - 10:37	BUD MCFARLANE (RIL REQUEST)	
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Cabinet Meeting</u> (Fuller)	Cabinet Room
12:00 m (90 min)	<u>NSC Working Lunch</u> (McFarlane)	Roosevelt Room
1:30 pm (1 hr 55 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
3:25 pm (5 min)	* <u>Drop by Meeting of Chinese Students</u> (McFarlane)	Roosevelt Room
3:30 pm (15 min)	<u>Briefing for Interview</u> (McManus/Speakes)	Oval Office
3:45 pm (30 min)	<u>Interview with Chinese Media</u> (McManus/Speakes)	Oval Office
4:15 pm (5 min)	<u>Private Meeting</u> (Cribb) → Bob Carlson	Oval Office
4:30 pm (40 min)	<u>Taping Session</u> (Elliott/Duval) 1. Sue Cummings Reagan-Bush '84 Reception 2. U.S. Chamber of Commerce Annual Meeting 3. A.I.D. Small Business Conferences 4. National Guard of California Dinner 5. Maine State Republican Convention 6. Boy Scouts of America Dinner 7. National Association of Broadcasters' Convention 8. Chicago World Trade Conference	Diplomatic Reception Room
5:15 pm (60 min)	<u>Private Appointment</u>	

UNP REVISED
04/16/84
8:15 am

THE SCHEDULE OF PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN

Monday, April 16, 1984



9:00 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Baker/Meese/Deaver)	Oval Office
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (McFarlane)	Oval Office
9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
10:00 am (10 min)	<u>Statement re Vice President's Trip</u> (McFarlane)	CABINET RM Rose Garden (available later)
10:10 am (50 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Cabinet Meeting</u> (Fuller)	(TAB A) Cabinet Room
12:00 m (90 min)	<u>NSC Working Lunch</u> (McFarlane)	Roosevelt Room (distributed separately)
1:30 pm (2 hrs)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
3:25.3.30	<i>Depdy - Chinese students - photo -</i>	<i>Roosevelt Rm</i>
3:30 pm (15 min)	<u>Briefing for Interview</u> (McManus/Speakes)	(TAB B) Oval Office
3:45 pm (30 min)	<u>Interview with Chinese Media</u> (McManus/Speakes)	Oval Office
4:15 pm (5 min)	<u>Private Meeting</u> (Cribb)	(TAB C) Oval Office
4:30 pm (40 min)	<u>Taping Session (Elliott/Duval)</u> 1. Sue Cummings Reagan-Bush '84 Reception 2. U.S. Chamber of Commerce Annual Meeting 3. A.I.D. Small Business Conferences 4. National Guard of California Dinner 5. Maine State Republican Convention 6. Boy Scouts of America Dinner 7. National Association of Broadcasters' Convention 8. Chicago World Trade Conference	Diplomatic Reception Room (TAB D)
5:15 pm (60 min)	<u>Private Appointment</u> <i>China</i>	

UNP 04/13/84
4:00 pm

507

THE SCHEDULE OF PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN

Monday, April 16, 1984



9:00 am (30 min)	9:05 <u>Staff Time 9:06</u> (Baker/Meese/Deaver)	Oval Office
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>National Security Briefing 9:28 -</u> (McFarlane) <i>BUSH, EM, LB, MKO</i> <i>9:49 - SHULTZ, DAM, BURT</i>	Oval Office
9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
10:00 am (10 min)	* <u>Statement re Vice President's Trip</u> (McFarlane)	Cabinet Room
10:10 am (50 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Cabinet Meeting 11:11 -</u> (Fuller)	Cabinet Room
12:00 m (90 min)	<u>NSC Working Lunch 12:10 -</u> (McFarlane)	Roosevelt Room
1:30 pm (1 hr 55 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
3:25 pm (5 min)	* <u>Drop by Meeting of Chinese Students</u> (McFarlane) <i>Robert Bates</i>	Roosevelt Room
3:30 pm (15 min)	<u>Briefing for Interview 3:35 - 3:41</u> (McManus/Speakes) <i>McFarlane, Simms, Sarman, George Benson</i>	Oval Office
3:45 pm (30 min)	<u>Interview with Chinese Media</u> (McManus/Speakes)	Oval Office
4:15 pm (5 min)	<u>Private Meeting Robert Carlson, et al</u> (Cribb) <i>EM, JACK SWAN</i>	Oval Office
4:30 pm (40 min)	<u>Taping Session (Elliott/Duval) 4:40 - 5:27</u> 1. Sue Cummings Reagan-Bush '84 Reception 2. U.S. Chamber of Commerce Annual Meeting 3. A.I.D. Small Business Conferences 4. National Guard of California Dinner 5. Maine State Republican Convention 6. Boy Scouts of America Dinner 7. National Association of Broadcasters' Convention 8. Chicago World Trade Conference	Diplomatic Reception Room
5:15 pm (60 min)	<u>Private Appointment 5:28 - 6:03</u> <i>[REDACTED]</i>	<i>[REDACTED]</i>

UNP REVISED
04/16/84
8:15 am

Dave Fischer

CABINET MEETING PARTICIPANTS

Monday, April 16, 1984 -- 11:00 a.m.

The Cabinet -- All Members *

- * ✓ Ford B. Ford, Under Secretary of Labor, for Secretary Donovan
- * ✓ Philip Abrams, Under Secretary of HUD, for Secretary Pierce
- * ✓ Daniel Boggs, Deputy Secretary of Energy, for Secretary Hodel
- * ✓ Peter Murphy, Deputy U.S. Trade Representative, for Ambassador Brock
- * ✓ Secretary Heckler will not attend

- ✓ James A. Baker, III
- ✓ Michael K. Deaver
- ✓ Richard Darman
- ✓ Martin Feldstein
- ✓ Craig L. Fuller
- ✓ John Herrington
- ✓ Larry Speakes
- ✓ Jack Svahn
- ✓ Lee Verstandig
- ✓ Faith Whittlesey
- ✓ Michael Baroody
- ✓ Kenneth Cribb
- ✓ Jim Cicconi
- ✓ Nancy Risque for M.B. Oglesby
- ✓ Steve Rhodes for Admiral Murphy
- ✓ Thomas Gibson
- ✓ Karen Hart

For Presentation:

- ✓ Joe Wright, Deputy Director, OMB

Pres.
V.P.
Shultz
Regan
Weinberger
Smith
Clash
Block
Baldridge
(Ford)
Dole

(Abrams)
(Boggs)
Bell
Meese
Stockman
Casey
Kirkpatrick
(Murphy)

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 13, 1984

MEETING WITH ROBERT CARLESON

DATE: April 16, 1984
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 4:15 p.m. (5 minutes)
FROM: T. KENNETH CRIBB, JR. *TMCJ*

I. PURPOSE

This is a farewell meeting with Robert Carleson who left the Administration on April 1, 1984.

II. BACKGROUND

Robert Carleson has served in your administrations while Governor of California and President of the United States. From January 1981 until April 1984, he served as Special Assistant to the President for Policy Development and Executive Secretary of the Cabinet Council on Human Resources.

On February 11 of this year, he married Susan Dower. He has joined the accounting firm of Main Hurdman to serve as Vice President for Government Affairs here in Washington, D.C.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Robert Carleson
Mrs. Robert Carleson (Susan)
Edwin Meese III, Counsellor to the President
James E. Jenkins, Deputy Counsellor to the President
T. Kenneth Cribb, Jr. Assistant Counsellor to the President
Gary Bauer, Deputy Undersecretary for Planning, Budget and Evaluation
Betty Barrett

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

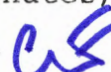
The President will thank Robert Carleson for his service to the country.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 13, 1984

CABINET MEETING

DATE: April 16, 1984
LOCATION: Cabinet Room
TIME: 11:00 AM (60 Minutes)
FROM: Craig L. Fuller 

I. PURPOSE

To meet with the Full Cabinet and hear a briefing on the budget.

II. BACKGROUND

This will be the first meeting of the Full Cabinet to discuss budgetary matters since the Administration's budget was delivered to Congress in late January.

Since that time, economic growth has occurred at a rate greater than what was projected in the original economic assumptions. Such growth will reduce previous deficit projects for fiscal year 1984, although a slow rise in interest rates will reduce such gains.

Both Houses of Congress have recently passed tax bills that would increase revenues by approximately \$48 billion. A tax bill of this type will likely be a component of the First Budget Resolution, which will be taken up by Congress when it returns from Easter recess.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Members of the Cabinet and White House Senior Staff.

IV. PRESS PLAN

None.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

You will call the meeting to order. David Stockman will present the briefing and be prepared to lead discussion.

Received

1984 APR 13 PM 2: 54

RECEIVED

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

APRIL 13, 1984

MEETING WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE CHINESE MEDIA RESIDENT IN WASHINGTON

DATE: April 16, 1984
LOCATION: The Oval Office
TIME: 3:45 PM

FROM: Larry Speakes/Bob Sims

I. PURPOSE

To meet and be photographed with the Washington representatives of five Chinese media organizations and to answer their questions on the record.

II. BACKGROUND

The Chinese media representatives were eager for this interview with you. They willingly submitted questions in advance. They say they and their government are anxious that your China trip contribute to improved U.S.-China relations.

To the best of our knowledge, you will be the first incumbent American president to be interviewed by the People's Republic of China's press in Washington. Through Xinhua, the New China News Agency, and Radio Beijing, China's international broadcast station, your message will be disseminated world-wide. The three newspapers represented have a combined domestic circulation of at least eight million.

This will be your first on-the-record public opportunity to set the scene for your visit with the Chinese people and their leaders. Premier Zhao Ziyang had a similar meeting with Beijing's foreign press prior to his U.S. visit. Questions we expect and suggested talking points are attached, as is additional background on the Chinese news media.

III. PARTICIPANTS (surnames underlined)

<u>PENG</u> Di	-	Xinhua News Agency
<u>ZHANG</u> Yunwen	-	People's Daily
<u>LIAN</u> Xingqian	-	Wen Hui Bao Daily (Literary Gazette)
<u>XUE</u> Fukang	-	Guang Ming Daily (Enlightenment Daily)
<u>MA</u> Ruiliu	-	Radio Beijing
<u>LIU</u> Xinning	-	Xinhua News Agency photographer

IV. PRESS PLAN

Coverage by participants only. We will give Mr. Ma a recording of the session for his radio feed to Beijing. Text (and tape) of the interview will be held until the afternoon of April 17 to give Chinese correspondents time to file and then be released to the White House press corps. The Xinhua News Agency photographer will cover the session, along with the White House photographer. We will release a White House photo with the text April 17.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Guests enter the Oval Office. They will be introduced to you by George Beasley, a Chinese-speaking USIA officer who is helping with the press on the trip. After the greeting photographs, the President and reporters will sit down for questions. PENG Di, the senior representative, should be seated nearest the President. He will begin the questioning, and the other correspondents will ask questions in turn. After one or two questions per reporter, Mr. Peng will thank the President, concluding the interview.

Attachments: 1. Talking Points
 2. Additional Background on represented Chinese media

CHINESE MEDIA QUESTIONS AND SUGGESTED TALKING POINTS

1. Mr. President, not long ago, Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang visited the United States. Now you are about to leave for a visit to the People's Republic of China. Would you like to comment on the significance of this visit and the impact of such visits on the relationship between China and the U.S. and on the world situation as a whole?
 - The exchange of visits between Premier Zhao and me symbolizes the maturing of our relationship. It means we both regard the relationship as important and are determined to move forward in developing it, despite our differences.
 - Visit is part of a twosome - a follow-on to Premier Zhao's visit to this country - personal commitment
 - Looking forward to visit, seeing Premier and to meeting with other Chinese leaders - visits help to cement relationships
 - Conversations will be aimed toward promoting regional and global prosperity
 - Second trip to Asia in six months; illustrates the importance we attach to Asia, which economically is fastest growing part of the world.
 - Precedes trip to Economic Summit in London, where we will continue our efforts to lead in a world economic recovery.
2. How would you assess the China-U.S. relationship as it stands now? What is your view of the prospects of this relationship? What results are you expecting to achieve from this visit?

- We are not allied, but we are friends
- Our countries have much in common -- shared concerns and interests. We need to strengthen our understanding of each others systems, which are different.
- Relationship is here to stay and will improve, despite some differences.
- Cooperate in Chinese modernization
- Healthy trade prospects benefit both countries

3. Mr. President, this is going to be your first visit to the People's Republic of China. Would you tell us how you feel now and what kind of message you are bringing to the Chinese people?

- Reaffirm historical friendship between the Chinese and American people: First American clipper ship called in China 200 years ago - 1784. Trade then was a lot like now: U.S. farms products and Chinese arts, crafts, and textiles. Of course now we sell many high technology products.
- Looking forward to seeing the country and continuing the dialogue with Premier Zhao and other Chinese leaders, and seeing and meeting the people.
- Will have more to say in address at Great Hall April 27, in interview with Chinese TV April 28, and at Fudan University April 30.
- Basic message is the great opportunities we have for cooperation to build a better life for future generations in both countries.

4. One outstanding problem in the China-U.S. relationship is the difference in dealing with the Chinese territory of Taiwan. As President of the United States, what measures are you prepared to take in eliminating this difference?

-- There are other problems in the relationship, all of which we will work to resolve fairly and equitably for both sides - this is the strength of the relationship; that we can talk about our problems shows how far the relationship has progressed.

-- The U.S. position on the question of Taiwan is well known - the question is a matter for the Chinese on both sides of the Taiwan Strait to decide. We will not interfere or pressure the people of Taiwan in this matter. Personally, and as a matter of policy, we have an abiding interest and concern that any resolution be peaceful.

-- While our relationship with Taiwan is unofficial, our relations with the People's Republic of China are official. We will keep our commitments contained in the agreements and joint communiques we have signed. At the same time we are committed to a range of cultural, commercial and other unofficial contacts with the people of Taiwan.

-- We intend to manage our differences with the People's Republic of China as befitting a strong and mature relationship and in a manner that maximizes the benefits to both our countries.

5. You will be the first incumbent U.S. president to visit the Chinese ancient capital of Xi'an. Why did you make this choice?

-- Note appreciation for arrangements the Chinese have made to get us there.

-- Xian was China's capital for 2,000 of the last 3,000 years. It has much history and many archeological wonders. I have read about them and Nancy and I are curious to see them. We also see our

visit as a gesture of respect for China's cultural heritage and many contributions to the world's civilization. It will also give us a chance to see a bit of rural China, not just the cities of Beijing and Shanghai.

- Might cite Audrey Topping's article in April 1978 National Geographic on excavations in Xi'an.
- Also looking forward to seeing Beijing, your capitol, and Shanghai, that great center of commerce.

6. Would you like to tell us something about how you are preparing for your visit, for instance, what books and articles you and Mrs. Reagan have been reading and what films about China have you seen?

- Most of reading deals with the relationship itself and the issues we or our hosts may wish to discuss - heavy government tomes, but important substantive reading.
- Beyond the "business" reading, a selection of materials from magazines and periodicals to give a flavor of life in China today (China Central Television prepared a tape of places on itinerary, but I haven't seen it yet. Members of staff have seen it.)
- Also reading a book, China, the Land and the People by Keith Buchanan, Charles P. Fitzgerald and Colin A. Ronan.
- Mrs. Reagan reads some of the same, and other material as well
- Most important preparation comes from conversations and luncheons I'm having with people from government and the private sector who have spent their lives studying China, or who have lived there, as has Vice President Bush. My impressions, from preparation thus

far, is that this is a trip Mrs. Reagan and I will enjoy,
and one that could contribute to better understanding
between our two countries.

Chinese News Media Represented in Washington

Xinhua News Agency (New China News Agency) is an organ of the State Council and serves as "eyes and ears of the party." It is the major source of all foreign news published in China. Xinhua has over 80 foreign bureaus, including New York and Washington, DC, and domestic bureaus in all of China's provinces and major cities. Peng Di is the head of the Washington Bureau and the senior Chinese correspondent in Washington. He arrived in Washington in April, 1979.

People's Daily is the organ of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party. It is the most important and influential newspaper in China. It is the major paper for foreign news with 11 foreign bureaus, including Washington, DC. In China the paper has editions printed in 21 cities, including Beijing, and is read throughout China on the day of publication. The paper has an estimated circulation of 5 million.

Wen Hui Bao (Literary Gazette) is the successor to a pre-communist newspaper published in Shanghai. Its current estimated circulation is 1.8 million, and it focuses on cultural and educational matters for China's intelligentsia. It carries reports on U.S. cultural life from time to time. The Washington correspondent is a recent arrival.

Guang Ming Daily (Enlightenment Daily) with 1.5 million circulation is ostensibly the organ of the non-Communist parties that theoretically function in China, but is under the direct control of the Party Central Committee. The primary audience of the paper is the intelligentsia, and it pays special attention to matters relating to culture, education, science, law and politics. The paper frequently carries articles on American social and cultural life.

Radio Beijing is China's international radio service and broadcasts in 38 languages for a total daily airtime of around 130 hours. Administered by the Ministry of Radio and Television, Radio Beijing's overseas reports are also available to China's five national radio stations and the national television system. China has 104 regional radio broadcasting stations. Media officials in China have estimated that China has over 100 million sw/mw radios and as many as 30 million TV sets.

All the Chinese journalists who will meet with the President are senior professionals. They all accompanied and covered Premier Zhao Ziyang's U.S. visit. Radio Beijing and VOA have close relations and cooperated during the Zhao visit. Formal exchanges of Directors' delegations, other personnel and materials will continue under the 1984-1985 Implementing Accord for Cultural Exchange in 1984-1985 which is being made ready for signing during the President's trip to China. China's newspapers have relationships with American media and several groups of journalists from each country have exchanged visits. Groups of Chinese journalists have also studied and continue to enroll at American schools of journalism, including the University of Missouri and Columbia.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 13, 1984

MEETING WITH ROBERT CARLESON

DATE: April 16, 1984
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 4:15 p.m. (5 minutes)
FROM: T. KENNETH CRIBB, JR. *TMCJ*

I. PURPOSE

This is a farewell meeting with Robert Carleson who left the Administration on April 1, 1984.

II. BACKGROUND

Robert Carleson has served in your administrations while Governor of California and President of the United States. From January 1981 until April 1984, he served as Special Assistant to the President for Policy Development and Executive Secretary of the Cabinet Council on Human Resources.

On February 11 of this year, he married Susan Dower. He has joined the accounting firm of Main Hurdman to serve as Vice President for Government Affairs here in Washington, D.C.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Robert Carleson
Mrs. Robert Carleson (Susan)
Edwin Meese III, Counsellor to the President
James E. Jenkins, Deputy Counsellor to the President
T. Kenneth Cribb, Jr. Assistant Counsellor to the President
Gary Bauer, Deputy Undersecretary for Planning, Budget and Evaluation
Betty Barrett

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

The President will thank Robert Carleson for his service to the country.

Rec'd dSS

1984 APR 13 PM 4:53

TH WHITE
A

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 13, 1984

VIDEO-TAPED MESSAGE FOR RECEPTION BEING HOSTED BY MRS. THEODORE CUMMINGS

DATE: Monday, April 16, 1984
LOCATION: Diplomatic Reception Room
TIME: 4:30 p.m.
FROM: Margaret Tutwiler *M.T.*

I. PURPOSE

To greet the attendees of a reception being hosted by Mrs. Sue Cummings.

II. BACKGROUND

Mrs. Sue Cummings is a close personal friend of the President and Mrs. Reagan. Her late husband, Theodore Cummings, served as U.S. Ambassador to Austria in 1981 and 1982. In 1980, the President and Mrs. Reagan attended a reception which Mrs. Cummings and her late husband hosted in their home in the Reagans' honor.

A similar reception is being hosted by Mrs. Cummings on the evening of May 3, 1984. Approximately 250 guests will be in attendance, many of whom attended the reception held in 1980. Funds raised from the reception will be contributed to the President's re-election campaign.

Secretary of Labor Raymond Donovan will be the featured speaker at this reception.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Secretary Raymond Donovan
Mrs. Sue Cummings
Approximately 250 supporters of the President

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. TALKING POINTS

Remarks have been prepared by White House speechwriters.

Receiv: dSS

1984 APR 13 AM 9:48

RTM

RE WHITE HORSE

(Myer/BE)
April 12, 1984
5:30 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL TAPING: CUMMINGS REAGAN-BUSH FUNDRAISER
MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1984

Greetings to all of you in sunny California. I sure wish it was possible to climb through the lens of this camera and join you. And if it were possible, Nancy and I would be with you right now. We all remember the good times we've had together and the dreams we shared.

When you think back to 1980, and our get-together at Ted and Sue's home, it's easy to remember the mess our country was in, the soaring inflation, the high interest rates, the weakened defenses, and the loss of respect for our Nation abroad. When we woke up every morning, we wondered what new humiliation the United States had suffered abroad, or what bad economic news we would hear about next.

I remember the aching we all felt in our hearts. That's why all of you gave so much of your time and energy. We knew we couldn't continue on the road we were on, and we were determined to change course and get America back on her feet.

Well, we've journeyed far since our 1980 campaign. But it never would have happened without your support. I must tell you how happy I am that Sue Cummings is carrying on in Ted's footsteps. And those are tough footsteps to follow. Ted represented the best in America and was a great Ambassador. We sure miss him.

Well, I'm grateful to each of you for your loyalty, hard work, and commitment to our Republican cause. We're putting America back in the hands of the people. We're putting the

future back in the hands of the people. We're moving forward again, and we're doing it together.

Our critics said it couldn't be done. Well, those critics were wrong on inflation, wrong on unemployment, wrong on interest rates, wrong on the recovery, and, come November, they're going to be wrong on something else. But you can bet that, in the months to come, those same critics will do all they can to place obstacles in our path.

In this election year, nothing matters more than increasing our numbers, and I pledge to do everything in my power to see that we do just that.

We want to continue to go forward, not backward. More people are working than ever before, but we can't rest until everyone who wants a job has found one. As I'm sure Ray Donovan will tell you, over 5 million men and women have found jobs since the recovery began 16 months ago. Leading economic indicators suggest that our economic expansion will continue. But our battle is far from over.

The Federal Government and the budget must be brought under better control. We need constitutional budget reforms like the line-item veto and the balanced budget amendment. And to make taxes more simple and fair, and to provide greater incentives to every hardworking American, we must press for tax simplification, a sweeping and comprehensive reform of the entire tax code.

Those who have a stake in bigger Government don't want these necessary reforms. In fact, if the big spenders had their way, they'd do away with the gains we've made. They would end

indexing, increase taxes by billions, and spend all of it and more.

And we want to continue to go forward in foreign affairs and in our defense policy, where, once again, the world knows America will stand up for freedom, democracy, and peace with human dignity. Believe me, America's new strength is making this Nation more secure.

And let me take a moment to mention that, in the past 3 years, the U.S.-Israeli relationship has grown much closer. We're now working to establish a free trade area between the United States and Israel. On another front, we will now be giving Israel military aid on a grant, not a loan, basis. Finally, for the first time in history, our strategic relationship with Israel has been elevated and formalized. That's why it's so important to remember that if we follow those who would cripple America's defense program, we would undermine our own security and the security of our closest friends and allies like Israel -- and I'm not prepared to let that happen.

Well, I've gone on long enough. Let's approach this election year with the same high spirits and the same sense of challenge that we did in 1980. For the sake of our cause, let's all pledge to work together just as we did 4 years ago.

Tell the people that, yes, America is going forward, but we're not satisfied with that. We're not resting on our laurels. We're going to see to it that America continues to go upward and onward.

Thank you and God bless you all.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1984

TAPING SESSION

DATE: April 16, 1984

LOCATION: Diplomatic Reception Room

TIME: 4:30 PM

FROM: Jann Duval

I. PURPOSE

To video-tape a message from the President.

II. BACKGROUND

This tape will be the opening remarks for the general session of the Chamber of Commerce 1984 annual meeting on April 29, 1984.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Standard video-taping set-up.

attachments; to be submitted by the speechwriters office.

Received SS

1984 APR 12 PM 4:21

9/11

(Robinson/BE)
April 13, 1984
5:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL TAPING: U.S. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ANNUAL MEETING
MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1984

Chairman Ed Dodd, ladies and gentlemen, I'm delighted to have this chance to speak to the 72nd Annual Meeting of the United States Chamber of Commerce. I'm sorry I can't be with you in person as I was 2 years ago, but while you listen to this I'll be somewhere over the Pacific, flying back to Washington after our state visit to China.

In the U.S. Chamber of Commerce, American business -- and all Americans -- have a strong and effective friend. Your Chairman, Ed Dodd; incoming Chairman, Van Smith; and the Chamber's President, Dick Lesher, are providing skilled leadership as the Chamber of Commerce goes about its work of promoting individual liberty and economic progress. And I want to congratulate you on your television and radio venture, the American Business Network. I commented on the start of Biznet when I spoke to you 2 years ago, and since then it has grown into a huge success.

Now, if I know the Chamber of Commerce, this 72nd Annual Meeting is something of a celebration -- a victory celebration. Just 3 years ago, raging inflation, the highest prime interest rate in more than a century, an ever-growing tax burden, Government regulations that were out of control -- all these had stifled investment, smothered productivity, and brought growth to a virtual standstill.

When we took office, we made restoring economic vitality our top priority. With the Chamber's unflinching support, we cut the growth of Government spending, pruned needless regulations, chopped tax rates, and enacted an historic reform called tax indexing. With indexing, Government will never again profit from inflation at your expense.

Today, less than 3 years after we set that program in place, we're seeing a surging economic expansion. Inflation has plummeted some two-thirds to about 4-1/2 percent. Housing starts and factory orders are up. Compared to the last quarter of 1982, net private savings during the same period in 1983 shot up nearly 50 percent to over \$230 billion, providing new funds to fuel innovation and spur growth.

In the 16 months since the recovery began, over 5 million Americans have found work and the overall unemployment rate has fallen to 7.7 percent, the steepest drop in more than 30 years. It was announced that during the first quarter of 1984 our gross national product grew at an annual rate of more than 7 percent, proving that expansion is still going strong.

But despite all the victories we've won, we can never afford to rest on our laurels. As your theme for this Annual Meeting puts it, in "Building America: The Challenge Continues." To prevent the nightmare of inflation from ever coming back, we must enact constitutional reforms like the line-item veto and the balanced budget amendment. To provide new incentives for growth and make our taxes simple and fair, we must design and enact a bold program of tax simplification. I don't mean tinkering here

and there, but a sweeping, comprehensive reform of the entire tax code. We must and will enact these measures. And I'm convinced that when we do, the American economy will reach new heights of prosperity.

When I look at America, I see our basic industries making striking gains, and new industries, like robotics and bio-technology, gathering strength. I see America leading the world in a technological revolution that's putting men and women into space and adding years to life here on earth. I see a country of open, self-confident people, serving as a force for peace among nations and facing the future with courage and confidence. America is back, and all of you helped bring her back.

Thank you, and God bless you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1984

TAPING SESSION

DATE: April 16, 1984

LOCATION: Diplomatic Reception Room

TIME: 4:30 PM

FROM: Jann Duval

I. PURPOSE

To video-tape a message from the President.

II. BACKGROUND

This message will be opening remarks for AID's three conferences which are a part of the President's National Initiative for Small Business and AID's Bureau for Private Enterprise.

The attendees (1,500) will be small business and minority small business firms from three regions; Washington D.C., Miami and San Francisco.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Standard video-taping set-up.

attachments: to be submitted by the speechwriters office.

Rec'd dSS

1984 APR 12 PM 4:21

THE WHITE HOUSE

101

(Robinson/BE)
April 13, 1984
5:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL TAPING: A.I.D. SMALL BUSINESS CONFERENCE
MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1984

Good morning and welcome to "A.I.D. Opportunities for International Business." I'm delighted that so many of you are interested in overseas business opportunities and have taken this chance to pursue them through the Agency for International Development.

Small businesses like the ones so many of you own and work in play a vital role in the American economy. They're the biggest providers of new jobs, give the most employees the freedom to work part time, hire the most women, young people and senior citizens. They embody innovation, provide economic diversity, and chart our path toward the products, markets and jobs of the future.

And to remain engines of hope and prosperity, small businesses need a healthy economy. Just 3 years ago, the American economy was, as we all know, anything but that. Government was growing like Goliath, wrecking the economy with punishing inflation and interest rates, a growing tax burden, and Government regulations that were smothering economic growth. When an enterprising man or woman wanted to borrow money to start their own business, 21-1/2 percent prime interest rates shut the door in their faces. When a small business wanted to buy a new plant or materials to expand, 12.4 percent inflation put opportunity beyond its reach.

When we took office, we made restoring economic vitality our top priority. We reduced the growth rate of Government spending, pruned needless regulations, cut tax rates, and passed an historic reform called tax indexing. With indexing the Government can never again profit from inflation at your expense.

.. Today, we're seeing a surging economic recovery from Maine to California. Housing starts, factory orders, and real income are all up. Since the beginning of the recovery 16 months ago, over 5 million Americans have found work. And the unemployment rate has fallen to 7.7 percent, marking the steepest drop in more than 30 years.

Small business has responded to the recovery with new vigor. Last year alone, there were almost 600,000 new business incorporations, virtually all of them small business. That's an all-time high, and half again as many incorporations as there were each year during the early 1970's. At the same time, bankruptcies declined some 30 percent in the second half of '83, compared with the same period in 1982. And small business income, as measured by proprietorships and partnerships, grew by a remarkable 18 percent.

American small businesses are on the verge of greater prosperity than they've ever known, and we're determined to go on helping you help yourselves.

This A.I.D. program is intended to do just that. Today nearly 70 percent of foreign assistance is spent on American goods and services, and A.I.D. wants to increase your participation in those assistance programs. At the same time,

A.I.D. wants to offer your businesses a chance to expand in the international marketplace.

Once again, thank you for coming. I'm certain you'll find the program enjoyable and useful, and I urge you to make full use of all the opportunities A.I.D. has to offer. We'd like nothing better than to have each of you play an even bigger role in our country's effort to promote economic growth the world over.

Thank you, and God bless you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1984

TAPING SESSION

DATE: April 16, 1984

LOCATION: Diplomatic Reception Room

TIME: 4:30 PM

FROM: Jann Duval

I. PURPOSE

To video tape a message from the President.

II. BACKGROUND

This message will be an acceptance speech to the National Guard Association as they have selected President Reagan as their Man of the Year. The tape will be played at their arrival conference in Anaheim on April 28, 1984

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Standard video-taping set-up.

attachments: to be submitted by the speechwriters office.

Recd. S S

1984 APR 12 PM 4:21

THE WHITE HOUSE

W O N

(Myer/BE)
April 13, 1984
2:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL TAPING: NATIONAL GUARD ASSOCIATION
OF CALIFORNIA DINNER
MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1984

General Shank, distinguished guests, and my fellow Californians, it's a pleasure to have this opportunity to speak with all of you attending the National Guard Association Conference in Anaheim. And I'm honored to be named the Association's Man of the Year. I wish that I could be with you this evening, but when you see this tape, we'll be on the eighth day of our Asian trip. So, I've asked General Walker, Chief of the National Guard Bureau, to accept the award on my behalf.

I have many fond memories of the good times we shared when I was your Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the California Guard: my visit to the California Military Academy graduation ceremonies at San Luis Obispo; the dedication of the Los Alamitos Armed Forces Reserve Center; and the National Guard Association Conference in San Francisco. I also remember when we worked together in difficult and trying times during fires and floods, and at Berkeley and Isla Vista.

The Citizen Soldiers of the California Guard were always ready to assist their fellow Californians in times of need. And, as an important part of America's total military capability, the Guard has always been ready to defend the peace. I was proud of you then, and I'm proud of you now.

The California National Guard is making our great State and Nation a better and safer place to live.

Down through history, we've seen time and again that weakness inevitably threatens peace and freedom. With the best intentions, America tried turning our swords into plowshares, hoping that others would follow. Well, those days of weakness only tempted the tyrants. And peace and freedom became ever more precarious.

The search for peace requires a determination to remain secure. Well, our days of weakness are over. Our military forces are back on their feet, and while we know that military strength alone is not enough, without it there can be no effective diplomacy and negotiations, no real security, no meaningful peace.

Now I know that you may have recently heard about some so-called defense cuts. Let me set the record straight on that. In our effort to get at our Nation's budget deficit problem, we have agreed to a balanced deficit reduction program. Part of that program includes a reduction in defense spending over the next 3 years. But the point to remember is that we're not cutting defense spending in absolute terms; we're just cutting the rate of growth in the defense budget. We can cut costs, but we cannot and will not cut basic commitments.

Our defense rebuilding program will continue. We're going to continue to make progress in getting and keeping good people, in restocking spare parts and ammunition, in replacing obsolescent equipment and facilities, improving training and readiness, and pushing forward with long-overdue weapons programs.

One of the wonderful things that has happened in the past 3 years is that when you see a young man or woman in uniform, they are wearing the uniform with honor and pride. From the NATO lines in Europe to the Demilitarized Zone of Korea, and in ports and bases all over the world, young Americans are carrying on in the finest tradition of those who served before them. And I hope this makes you as proud as it does me.

Gone are the days when we abandoned principle and common sense in resigned tolerance of obvious threats to our peace and security. Peace through strength is not a slogan; it's a fact of life, and a hard and sure and tested road. And with your help, we're going to stay on that road.

Now before I sign off, I want to tell you that I'm pleased that plans are well underway to build a new N.G.A.C. Headquarters and Heritage Center Building in Old Sacramento. It will be a welcome addition to the State capital and a well-deserved tribute to the California National Guard.

Again, thank you for the award you have given me this evening. And I wish each and every one of you a very enjoyable and productive conference. God bless you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 13, 1984

VIDEO-TAPED MESSAGE FOR THE MAINE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

DATE: Monday, April 16, 1984
LOCATION: Diplomatic Reception Room
TIME: 4:30 p.m.
FROM: Margaret Tutwiler *M.D.T.*

I. PURPOSE

To address the Maine Republican Convention and to recognize the outstanding accomplishments and contributions of former Senator Margaret Chase Smith.

II. BACKGROUND

A dinner attended by State party members, delegates, alternates and Young Republican groups is traditionally held on the Friday evening of the Maine Convention. This year's dinner is scheduled for April 27.

This year, the Convention is being dedicated to former GOP Senator Margaret Chase Smith, the first woman elected to the U.S. Senate in her own right. Secretary of Transportation Dole and Senator Robert Dole will be among the guests present offering their tributes to Mrs. Smith, as well as recognizing the accomplishments of other Republican women.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Taping crew

IV. TALKING POINTS

Remarks have been prepared by the White House Speechwriters.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Received SS
1984 APR 13 AM 9:48

(Rohrabacher/BE)
April 13, 1984
6:30 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL TAPING: MAINE STATE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION
MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1984

Good afternoon. I hope all of you are having a memorable time and a productive State Convention. I'm sorry that some foreign travel got in the way of my joining you personally, but you can be certain that I am with you in spirit.

A special greetings to Senator Cohen and Representatives Snowe and McKernan. I understand Elizabeth Dole is playing a role in your convention. As you are all aware, Secretary Dole worked with me over at the White House before she took her current assignment at the Department of Transportation. She did a fine job there, and she has already become a great Secretary of Transportation.

Secretary Dole is a role model for many women who want to involve themselves in politics. She follows in a long tradition of prominent women who have shaped the Republican Party. This weekend you are honoring one of the giants, a genuine trailblazer, who built for all Republicans, especially Republican women, a tremendous legacy: Senator Margaret Chase Smith. Senator Smith has served the people of the State of Maine and our country well, for over 32 years in the Congress. I am honored to have an opportunity to be part of this tribute to her.

I can still remember back during the Second World War when Congresswoman Smith was on the House Naval Affairs Committee. Even then, she was trying to ensure that the Government was getting its job done efficiently and watching out for the interest of women.

I also remember when she was doing such a fine job in the United States Senate that she drew personal criticism from Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev. Like the people of Maine, she uses few words, but what she says, she means. Her record is something of which all Republicans can be proud.

During her tenure in the Senate, the Republicans held a majority in the upper House for only 2 years, 1953-54. It wasn't until 1981 that we managed to wrest back control from the Democrats. I know Margaret understands just how important having a Republican majority in the Senate is to our cause. It's made all the difference in these last 3 years.

In the upcoming election, I know I can count on all of you to work hard to reelect your Republican Members of the Congress. Representatives Snowe and McKernan are doing a fine job. And I hope all of you will put out a special effort for Senator Cohen.

Senator Cohen has played a major role in developing our arms reduction proposals and has been an important force in keeping Federal taxes and spending under control. If we are to have responsible Government, we need to keep him in the Senate. So come election day, don't just vote for Senator Cohen, please get all your friends and neighbors to vote for him, too.

In the last 3 years, we've managed to bring America back from the edge of an economic catastrophe. The economic stagnation and murderous inflation we suffered were a direct result of the liberal policies of tax, spend, and inflate. With the support and teamwork of Republicans in the House and Senate, we brought the increase in spending and taxes under control, and

put our country on the road to long-term, noninflationary growth. More needs to be done, but we've made a great beginning.

The choice in the next election is going back to the failed policies of the past, or keeping on an upward path. We Republicans offer a bold vision of an opportunity society that will carry our country into the 21st century. The other party is still offering bail outs, handouts, regulations, high taxes, and subsidies. We offer growth, jobs, incentives, and more take home pay.

We shouldn't hesitate for a minute to ask our friends and neighbors: Are you better off than you were 4 years ago?

Even more important, we should ask: Is our country better off than it was 4 years ago?

Let's not permit the people to forget the cloud of pessimism that hung over this country 4 years ago. For the first time in our history, there were voices suggesting we were a Nation in decline. Friends and adversaries alike seemed to be counting us out.

Well, we've turned that around. Our people are holding their heads high again. They're proving that there is nothing they can't do if they have a Government that believes in them. We can't let them down.

I want to thank each of you for the part you've played. Without active support at the grassroots level, we could never have succeeded. We're going to need your help more than ever in the fall campaign, so please don't let up.

Thanks again.

Have a great convention. God bless you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 13, 1984

TAPING SESSION

DATE: April 16, 1984

LOCATION: Diplomatic Reception Room

TIME: 4:30 PM

FROM: Jann Duval

I. PURPOSE

To video-tape a message from the President.

II. BACKGROUND

This message will be played at the opening of the Chicago World Trade Conference on April 24, 1984. The conference theme is "World Trade: Objectives of Conflict."

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Standard video-taping set-up.

attachments: to be submitted by the speechwriters office.

Received SS

1984 APR 13 PM 12:39

THE WHITE HOUSE

(Robinson/BE)
April 13, 1984
7:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL TAPING: WORLD TRADE CONFERENCE
MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1984

Good afternoon. I'm delighted to have this opportunity to speak to the World Trade Conference in Chicago, a city that's a leader in world trade. I'm sorry I can't be with you in person, but while you listen to this, I'll be half a world away, paying a state visit to China.

The Chinese leaders and I will place a great deal of importance on world trade in our talks. It would have been unimaginable just 10 years ago, but today there are more than 100 American businesses in China, and there's a branch office of the Bank of China in Manhattan. China exports millions of dollars worth of goods to the United States each year, and we, in turn, are helping the Chinese to acquire the capital and technology so vital to a growing economy. As the growing economic ties between China and the United States indicate, in recent years international trade has expanded rapidly all over the world.

That's why your conference is so important. World trade is complex, and, as your convention theme says, it involves many "objectives in conflict." It's vital for leaders from business and government to get together to talk over the issues and trends. And it's especially meaningful that you've invited so many international business students -- young men and women who will become tomorrow's leaders.

Despite the challenges we face on the way to our goal of a truly free and open international market, I'm convinced that in the years ahead, world trade will grow and prosper as never before. Here at home, we're in the midst of a surging economic expansion that's benefitting all our trading partners. Agricultural breakthroughs from new fertilizers, to improved methods of harvesting and planting, are making the world's farmlands more and more productive. Totally new industries like robotics and bio-engineering are gaining strength. And today, the world is in the midst of a technological revolution that's putting sophisticated satellites in space, making industries of all kinds more productive, and adding years to our lives.

It was just 200 years ago that the first American ship sailed to China. That voyage gave many Americans and Chinese their first experience of each other's goods and people, contributing in a small but historic way to both world trade and international understanding. I'm confident that your conference will in turn play an important role in pursuing those two noble goals -- prosperity and understanding.

Thank you, and God bless you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1984

FILMING SESSION

DATE: April 16, 1984

LOCATION: Diplomatic Reception Room

TIME: 4:30 PM

FROM: Jann Duval

I. PURPOSE

To film a message from the President.

II. BACKGROUND

The National Association of Broadcasters will be kicking off a national voter campaign to encourage public participation and provide information on the political process at their 1984 annual convention in Las Vegas, April 29-May 2. The NAB, which represents more than 4500 radio stations, over 700 television stations and all the major networks, has not undertaken such a project in 30 years.

The grande finale of this event will focus on Americans who have made a difference in the course of the country ... Washington, Jefferson, Lincoln, Kennedy and President Reagan in a multi-media extravaganza, where this message will be used.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Standard filming set-up.

attachments: to be submitted by the speechwriters office.

Received SS

1984 APR 12 PM 4:21

1 E WILE HOUSE

(Noonan/BE)
April 13, 1984
3:30 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL TAPING: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS
CONVENTION
MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1984

[Pre-recorded Opening]

For over 200 years now, this Nation has asked a great deal of its citizens. In times of peace and war, Americans have always rallied 'round for the common good.

The first word in our name -- The UNITED States -- says it all. We are united regardless of political persuasion. When it comes to the big issues that have faced us as a people, we have always had the ability to put aside our differences for the common good.

The first time I opened the door of the White House and stepped inside as President, I had a new and sharp sense of the unity among our people. It's been one of the things that has always motivated those we call patriots -- the Washingtons, Jeffersons, and Lincolns, and the hundreds of thousands of average Americans who laid down their lives on behalf of their fellow countrymen.

I am deeply touched by the sense of responsibility Americans feel for each other. But there's a special responsibility we all share toward government, too.

Here the voters are responsible for guiding and directing their representatives at all levels of government -- local, State, and national.

The right to determine your own future by the ballot is one of the cornerstones of the Constitution. This freedom has been protected and preserved by us for over 200 years.

But we have a responsibility to ensure that the freedom to vote is not only protected, but used, and used wisely. Only then will we be able to create a future that is as united as our past.

[Pre-recorded Closing]

Those great men you've just seen have left a legacy of belief in our democratic form of government. And they believed, too, in an informed citizenry.

As a former broadcaster, I'm well aware of your industry's tradition of providing a forum for different candidates and different views. Without this tradition, our citizens would not be fully aware of the questions of the day -- and they wouldn't be able to accurately vote their conscience.

Without the forum you provide, informed choice would become virtually impossible. I understand that your efforts in this regard require a great deal of your time and energy. But I believe that you understand just how important the effort really is.

For candidates it means a thorough sharing of their goals and intentions -- of their plans for this great Nation. And once those ideas are expressed, then the voters can clearly choose the candidate they feel best represents their own personal hopes for our country.

This is as it should be, as the Founding Fathers meant it to be, when they created this country more than 200 years ago.

And before I go -- may I offer my congratulations to my old friend, Elton Rule, on his award this evening. Elton and I became friends when I was Governor of California. I still think of those days, Elton, and some day I hope to join you back home -- but not too soon! In closing, I just want to express my admiration for all the members of The National Association of Broadcasters. You've got a big job, and as far as I'm concerned, you've got what it takes!