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(7) Provisions for port security and safety, for aids to maritime navigation, and for search and rescue and law enforcement over, upon, and under the navigable waters of the United States and the high seas.

[Sec. 130] amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976. 41 FR 24294. 3 CFR. 1976 Comp., p. 124]

SEC. 1302. Transportation Planning and Coordination Functions. In carrying out the provisions of Section 1301, the Secretary of Transportanon, with assistance and support of other Federal, State and local governmental agencies, and the transport industries, as appropriate, shall:

(1) Obtain, assemble, analyze, and evaluate data on current and pronected emergency requirements of all claimants for all forms of civil transportation to meet the needs of the military and of the civil economy, and on current and projected civil transportation resources—of all forms—available to the United States to move passengers or materials in an emergency.

(2) Develop plans and procedures to provide—under emergency conditions—for the collection and analysis of passenger and cargo movement demands as they relate to the capabilities of the various forms of transport, including the periodic assessment of over-all transport resources available to meet emergency requirements.

(3) Conduct a continuing analysis of transportation requirements and espabilities in relation to economic projections for the purpose of initiating actions and/or recommending incentive and/or regulatory programs designed to stimulate government and industry improvement of the structure of the transportation system for use in an emergency.

(4) Develop systems for the control of the movement of passengers and cargo by all forms of transportation, except for those resources owned by, controlled by, or under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including allocation of resources and assignment of priorities, and develop policies, standards, and procedures for emergency enforcement of these controls.

SEC. 1303. Departmental Emergency Transportation Preparedness. Except for those resources owned by, controlled by, or under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation shall prepare emergency operational plans and programs for, and develop a capability to carry out, the transportation operating responsibilities assigned to the Department, including but not limited to:

(1) Allocating specifically designated civil air carrier type aircraft to the Civil Reserve Air Fleet (CRAF) and to the War Air Service Program (WASP).

(2) Emergency resource management of the National Aviation System, which is the physical complex of civil airmen, aircraft (including air carrier and general aviation aircraft), airports, airspace, airways and facilities and services, regulations, plans, standards, procedures and practices associated with the complex, for emergency management of the National Airspace System, and for control of civil and military air traffic, except as provided in Part 15 herein. In the performance of these responsibilities:

(a) The Secretary of Transportation, assisted by the Civil Aeronautics Board as appropriate, shall, with respect to WASP and CRAF aircraft, be responsible for the functions enumerated in Sections 3001 (excluding evaluation), 3002, 3003 and 3005. When CRAF is activated by the Sec----

retary of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation retains the responsibility for the claimancy function for CRAF aircraft.

(b) The Secretary of Transportation, assisted by the Secretary of Defense, shall, with respect to the CRAF program, specifically when civil air carrier aircraft allocated thereto are withdrawn for use in the program, retain responsibility for claimancy as provided in Section 3001.

(3) Emergency resource management of all Federal, State. city, local and other highways, roads, streets, bridges, tunnels, and appurtenant structures, and publicly-owned highway maintenance equipment, including:

(a) The adaptation, development, construction, reconstruction and maintenance of the Nation's highway and street systems to meet emergency requirements, and

(b) The regulation of highway traffic in an emergency through a national program in cooperation with all Federal. State, and local governmental units concerned to assure efficient and safe utilization of available road space.

(4) Emergency plans for urban mass transportation, including:

(a) Providing guidance to urban communities in their emergency mass transportation planning efforts, either directly or through State, regional, or metropolitan agencies;

(b) Coordinating all such emergency planning with the Department of Housing and Urban Development to assure compatibility with emergency plans for all other aspects of urban development;

(c) Maintaining an inventory of urban mass transportation systems.

(5) Maritime safety and law enforcement over, upon, and under the high seas and waters, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, in the following specific programs:

(a) Safeguarding vessels, harbors, ports, and waterfront facilities from destruction, loss or injury, accidents, or other causes of a similar nature.

(b) Safe passage over, upon, and under the high seas and United States waters through effective and reliable systems of aids to navigation and ocean stations.

(c) Waterborne access to ice-bound locations in furtherance of natural economic, scientific, defense, and consumer needs.

(d) Protection of lives, property, natural resources, and national interests through enforcement of Federal law and timely assistance.

(e) Safety of life and property through regulation of commercial vessels, their officers and crew, and administration of maritime safety law.

(f) Knowledge of the sea, its boundaries, and its resources through collection and analysis of data in support of the national interest.

(g) Operational readiness for essential wartime functions.

(6) Planning for the emergency management and operation of the Alaska Railroad, and for the continuity of railroad and petroleum pipeline safety programs.

(7) Planning for the emergency operation and maintenance of the United States-controlled sections of the Saint Lawrence Seaway.

[Sec. 1303 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24924, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp. P 124]

PART 14-ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION¹

SEC. 1401. Functions (a) The Administrator of the Energy Research and Development Administration (ERDA) shall prepare emergency plans and develop preparedness programs for the continuing conduct of ERDA activities in any national emergency-type situation, including nuclear attack on the United States. These plans and programs shall include development of a state of readiness in those areas with respect to national emergencies which are governed by applicable provisions of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, and they shall be coordinated with the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Defense, and other departments and agencies as is appropriate

(b) The Administrator of the Energy Research and Development Administration shall develop operational plans and procedures and develop a state of readiness so that if, and only if, authorized by lawful authority during a national emergency declared pursuant to statutory or constitutional authorization, the Energy Research and Development Administration will be prepared to:

(1) Health and Safery. (a) Shut down, place in safe standby condition, or curtail operations of and maintain under surveillance, as required, all ERDA-owned facilities and operations which could become or cause a significant hazard to public health and safety in the event they are damaged or destroyed; and (b) bring to bear such ERDA resources as can be made available to assist Federal, State and local officials to alleviate the suffering of the public and to minimize damage to property and to the environment.

(2) Nuclear Materials Security: Assure the security of special nuclear material, fissionable material, or nuclear weapons or devices in ERDA custody; participate in the conduct, direction or coordination of search and recovery operations for nuclear materials, weapons or devices; assist in the identification and deactivation of improvised nuclear devices; and render advice on radiation and damage probabilities in the event of the detonation of an improvised nuclear device.

(3) Production In an emergency, continue or resume essential:

(a) Development, manufacture, assembly and control of nuclear weapons, components thereof, and equipment, except to the extent that the control over nuclear weapons and equipment shall have been transferred to the Department of Defense;

(b) Development of the technology related to the production of power from all forms of energy sources;

(c) Production and processing of nuclear reactor fuel, special nuclear materials, and other special products;

(d) Related feed materials procurement, processing, and development; and

(e) Repair, maintenance, and construction related to the above activities.

¹ EDITORIAL NOTE: The Energy Research and Development Administration was terminated and its functions transferred to the Department of Energy by Public Law 95-91 (91 Stat. 577, 42 U.S.C. 7151). effective Oct. 1, 1977.

(4) Priorities and Allocations. Administer, within the agency, priorities and allocations authority that may be delegated to ERDA, including the authority to authorize procurement and production schedules and make allotments of source materials and strategic and critical materials allocated to ERDA under national emergency industrial mobilization and defense production plans.

(5) Scientific and Technical Information. Organize, reproduce, and disseminate scientific and technical reports and data relating to emergency preparedness for energy research, development, engineering, applications and effects to interested Government agencies, the scientific and technical communities, the public, and approved, friendly and cooperating foreign nations. In the dissemination of such information, utilize, to the extent appropriate, the capabilities of the National Technical Information Service of the Department of Commerce.

(6) State Relations. Maintain in coordination with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) general liaison with States concerning ERDA health and safety operations to ensure that these operations are effectively maintained during periods of national emergency.

(7) International Liaison Maintain, in consultation with the Department of State and in coordination with other departments and agencies as appropriate, with respect to emergency preparedness activities of mutual interest involving nuclear or nonnuclear energy research and development, essential liaison with foreign nations, foreign organizations, and international organizations.

[Part 14 amended by EO 11953 of Jan. 7, 1977, 42 FR 2492, 3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 73; EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

PART 14A-NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

SEC. 1450. Functions (a) The Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall prepare national emergency plans and develop emergency preparedness programs and procedures for the continuing conduct of the nuclear regulatory activities of the Federal Government as specified in the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974. These emergency preparedness plans and programs shall be designed to develop a state of readiness under conditions of national emergency including emergencies related to the national defense.

(b) The Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall develop operational plans and procedures and develop a state of readiness so that if, and only if, authorized by lawful authority during a national emergency declared pursuant to statutory or constitutional authorization, the Commission will be prepared to:

(1) Regulation. In an emergency, continue or resume (a) controlling the possession, use, transfer, import, and export of licensed nuclear materials and facilities;

(b) authorizing the operation or continued operation of key facilities important to the national defense, or ordering the suspension of operation of licensed facilities and activities as necessary; and (c) authorizing the recapture from licensees of special nuclear materials where necessary to assure the use, preservation, or safeguarding of such materials for the common defense and security.

(2) Health and Safety. Order the suspension or limitation of operation, if required, of Commission-licensed nuclear facilities and activities

which could otherwise constitute an unnecessary hazard to public health and safety; and assure the development and maintenance of emergency preparedness programs by licensed facilities and activities.

(3) Contingency Plans Implement contingency plans, developed in consultation and coordination with ERDA and other departments and agencies as appropriate, for dealing with threats, thefts, and sabotage relating to special nuclear materials, high-level radioactive wastes, and nuclear facilities resulting from all activities licensed under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended; and participate in the execution of the plans where necessary to protect the public health and safety and the common defense and security.

(4) Facility and Nuclear Materials Security and Safeguards. Assure the continued maintenance by licensees of security and safeguards programs at licensed facilities and for nuclear materials to provide physical protection to the facilities and their nuclear materials against thefts and sabotage.

(5) Scientific and Technical Information. Organize, reproduce, and disseminate essential scientific and technical reports and information to interested Government agencies, the scientific and technical communities, the public and approved, friendly and cooperating foreign nations regarding the regulation of the construction and operation of licensed nuclear facilities and the use of licensed nuclear facilities and licensed nuclear materials. In the dissemination of such information, utilize, to the extent appropriate, the capabilities of the National Technical Information Service of the Department of Commerce.

(6) State Relations Maintain, in consultation with other cognizant Federal agencies, general liaison with the several States concerning the Agreement States materials licensing program and the radiological incident emergency planning program. to assure that these programs are effectively maintained to protect public health and safety. (See Radiological Incident Emergency Response Planning; Fixed Facilities and Transportation, 40 FR 59494.)

(7) International Liaison. Maintain, in consultation with the Department of State and in coordination with other departments and agencies as appropriate, essential liaison with foreign nations with respect to the export licensing program and other activities of mutual interest involving nuclear energy.

(8) Priorities and Allocations. Administer any priorities and allocations authority delegated to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

[Part 14A added by EO 11953 of Jan. 7, 1977, 42 FR 2492, 3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 73]

PART 15-CTVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

SEC. 1501. Definitions. As used in this part:

(1) "War Air Service Program" (hereinafter referred to as WASP) means the program designed to provide for the maintenance of essential civil air routes and services, and to provide for the distribution and redistribution of air carrier aircraft among civil air transport carriers after withdrawal of aircraft allocated to the Civil Reserve Air Fleet.

(2) "Civil Reserve Air Fleet" (hereinafter referred to as CRAF) means those air carrier aircraft allocated by the Secretary of Transportation to the Department of Defense to meet essential military needs in the event of an emergency. SEC. 1502. Functions The Civil Aeronautics Board, under the coordinating authority of the Secretary of Transportation, shall exercise emergency resource management of the WASP. Except for those functions enumerated in Sections 3001 (excluding evaluation), 3002, 3003, and 3005, which have been reserved to the Secretary of Transportation with assistance from the Civil Aeronautics Board as appropriate. The Civil Aeronautics Board, in excercising emergency resource management of the WASP, shall:

(1) Distribution of aircraft. Develop plans and be prepared to carry out such distribution and redistribution of all air carrier civil aircraft allocated by the Secretary of Transportation among the civil air transport carriers as may be necessary to assure the maintenance of essential civil routes and services under WASP operations after the CRAF requirements have been met.

(2) Economic regulations. Develop plans covering route authorizations and operations, tariffs, rates, and fares charged the public, mail rates, government compensation and subsidy, and accounting and contracting procedures essential to WASP operations.

(3) Operational controls and priorities. Develop plans and procedures for the administration of operational controls and priorities of passenger and cargo movements in connection with the utilization of air carrier aircraft for WASP purposes in an emergency.

(4) Investigation. Maintain the capability to investigate violations of emergency economic regulations affecting air carrier operations.

(5) Contracting. Prepare to perform as a contracting agency, if such an agency is necessary, in connection with distribution and redistribution of aircraft for WASP.

(6) Interagency assistance. Assist the Secretary of Transportation in planning for those responsibilities enumerated in Section 1303(2)(a).

[Sec. 1502 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124]

PART 15A-ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

SEC. 1550. Resume of responsibilities. The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency is responsible for diagnosis of quality problems and hazards in the environment which would impede the survival and recovery efforts of the nation and for developing coordinated Federal plans and fostering State and local plans designed to prevent or minimize the long-term ecological impact of hazardous agents introduced into the environment in an emergency situation, and to assist and coordinate with all primary resource agencies regarding plans to preserve the quality of a resource needed in an emergency.

SEC. 1551. Definitions. As used in this part:

 "Potable water" means drinkable water from all sources required for use in community water supply systems.

(2) "Hazardous agents" means nuclear, biological, and chemical, or other agents introduced into the environment in an emergency to affect adversely the health of the population and to impede resumption of normal operations of a community or nation.

SEC. 1552. Functions. The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall:

(1) Develop, in coordination with the Department of the Interior and other responsible Federal agencies, emergency plans to assure the provision of potable water supplies to meet community needs; develop plans and procedures to safeguard water quality under emergency conditions; and develop emergency programs and procedures designed to assure the availability of materials and equipment for water supply systems.

(2) Provide guidance on acceptable emergency levels for hazardous agents, and support plans of other Federal agencies that are responsible for developing plans for the detection, reporting, assessment, protection against, and reduction of effects of hazardous agents introduced into the environment.

(3) Develop these plans in close coordination with appropriate primary resource and support agencies.

[Part 15A added by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124]

PART 16-EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

SEC. 1601. Functions. (a) Under guidance of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Export-Import Bank shall develop plans for the utilization of the resources of the Bank, or other resources made available to the Bank, in expansion of productive capacity abroad for essential materials, foreign barter arrangements, acquisition of emergency imports, and in support of the domestic economy, or any other plans designed to strengthen the relative position of the Nation and its allies.

(b) In carrying out the guidance functions described above, the Secretary of the Treasury shall consult with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce as appropriate.

PART 17-FEDERAL BANK SUPERVISORY AGENCIES

SEC. 1701. Financial Plans and Programs. The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, the Farm Credit Administration, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall participate with the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Department of the Treasury, and other agencies in the formulation of emergency financial and stabilization policies. The heads of such agencies shall, as appropriate, develop emergency plans, programs, and regulations, in consonance with national emergency financial and stabilization plans and policies, to cope with potential economic effects of mobilization or an attack, including, but not limited to, the following:

(1) Money and credit. Provision and regulation of money and credit in accordance with the needs of the economy, including the acquisition, decentralization, and distribution of emergency supplies of currency; the collection of cash items and non-cash items; and the conduct of fiscal agency and foreign operations.

(2) Financial institutions. Provision for the continued or resumed operation of banking, savings and loan, and farm credit institutions, including measures for the re-creation of evidence of assets or liabilities destroyed or inaccessible. (3) Liquidity. Provision of liquidity necessary to the continued or resumed operation of banking, savings and loan, credit unions, and farm credit institutions. including those damaged or destroyed by enemy action.

(4) Cash withdrawals and credit transfers. Regulation of the withdrawal of currency and the transfer of credits including deposit and share account balances.

(5) Insurance. Provision for the assumption and discharge of liability pertaining to insured deposits and insured savings accounts or withdrawal shares in banking and savings and loan institutions destroyed or made insolvent.

[Sec. 1701 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124; EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 1702. Sharing of war losses. Heads of agencies shall, as appropriate, participate with the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency and the Department of the Treasury in the development of policies, plans, and procedures for implementation of national policy on sharing war losses.

[Sec. 1702 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976. 41 FR 24294. 3 CFR. 1976 Comp., p. 124; EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR. 1979 Comp., p. 412]

PART 18-FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

SEC. 1801. Definitions As used in this part:

(1) "Common carrier" means any person subject to Commission regulation engaged in providing, for use by the public, for hire, interstate or foreign communications facilities or services by wire or radio; but 2 person engaged in radio broadcasting shall not, insofar as such person is so engaged, be deemed a common carrier.

(2) "Broadcast facilities" means those stations licensed by the Commission for the dissemination of radio communications intended to be received by the public directly or by the intermediary of relay stations.
(3) "Safety and special radio services" includes those non-broadcast

(3) "Safety and special radio services" includes those non-broadcast and non-common carrier services which are licensed by the Commission under the generic designation "safety and special radio services" pursuant to the Commission's Rules and Regulations.

SEC. 1802. Functions. The Federal Communications Commission shall develop policies, plans, and procedures, in consonance with national telecommunications plans and policies developed pursuant to Executive Order No. 12046, Executive Order No. 12148, the Presidential Memorandum of August 21, 1963, "Establishment of the National Communications System", and other appropriate authority, covering:

(1) Common carrier service. (a) Extension, discontinuance, or reduction of common carrier facilities or services, and issuance of appropriate authorizations for such facilities, services, and personnel in an emergency; and control of all rates, charges, practices, classifications, and regulations for service to Government and non-Government users during an "emergency, in consonance with overall national economic stabilization policies.

(b) Development and administration of priority systems for public correspondence and for the use and resumption of leased inter-city private line service in an emergency.

(c) Use of common carrier facilities and services to overseas points to meet vital needs in an emergency.

(2) Broadcasting service. Construction, activation, or deactivation of broadcasting facilities and services, the continuation or suspension of broadcasting services and facilities, and issuance of appropriate authorizations for such facilities, services, and personnel in an emergency.

(3) Safety and special radio services. Authorization, operation, and use of safety and special radio services, facilities, and personnel in the national interest in an emergency.

(4) Radio frequency assignment. Assignment of radio frequencies to, and their use by, Commission licensees in an emergency.

(5) Electromagnetic radiation. Closing of any radio station or any aevice capable of emitting electromagnetic radiation or suspension or amending any rules or regulations applicable thereto, in any emergency, except for those belonging to, or operated by, any department or agency of the United States Government.

(6) Investigation and enforcement. Investigation of violations of pertinent law and regulations in an emergency, and development of procedures designated to initiate, recommend, or otherwise bring about appropriate enforcement actions required in the interest of national secumy.

[Sec. 1802 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 4; FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124, EO 12046 of Mar. 27, 1978, 43 FR 13349, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 158, EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

PART 19-FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

SEC. 1901. Functions The Federal Power Commission shall assist the Department of the Interior, in conformity with Part 7, in the preparation of national emergency plans and the development of preparedness programs for electric power and natural gas in accordance with current agreements between the Secretary of the Interior and the Chairman of the Federal Power Commission.

[Sec. 1901 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124]

PART 20-GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 2001. Resume of Responsibilities. The Administrator of General Services shall prepare national emergency plans and develop preparedness programs designed to permit modification or expansion of the activities of the General Services Administration under the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended and other statutes prescribing the duties and responsibilities of the Administrator. These plans and programs shall include, but not be limited to: (1) operation, maintenance, and protection of Federal buildings; and acquisition, utilization, alteration, and repair of public buildings; and acquisition, utilization, and disposal of real and personal properties; (2) public utilities service management for Federal agencies; (3) telecommunications to meet the essential requirements of civilian activities of executive departments and agencies; (4) transportation management to meet the traffic service requirements of civilian activities of Federal agencies; (5) records management; (6) Emergency Federal Register; (7) Government-

wide supply support; (8) service to survival items stockpile: (9) national industrial reserve; (10) guidance and consultation to Government agencies regarding facilities protection measures; (11) administration of assigned functions under the Defense Production Act; and (12) administration and operation of the stockpile of strategic and critical materials in accordance with such guidance as may be provided by the National Security Council and, with respect to the economic and disposal aspects of stockpiling of strategic and critical materials by the Council on Economic Policy.

[Sec. 2001 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124]

SEC. 2002. Functions. The Administrator of General Services shall:

(1) Public buildings. Develop emergency plans and procedures for the operation, maintenance, and protection of both existing and new Federally-owned and Federally-occupied buildings, and construction, alteration, and repair of public buildings. Develop emergency operating procedures for the control, acquisition, assignment, and priority of occupancy of real property by the Federal Government and by State and local governments to the extent they may be performing functions as agents of the Federal Government.

(2) Public utility service management. Develop emergency operational plans and procedures for the claimancy, procurement, and use of public utility services for emergency activities of executive agencies of the Government.

(3) Communication: Plan for and provide, operate, and maintain appropriate telecommunications facilities designed to meet the essential requirements of Federal civilian departments and agencies during an emergency within the framework of the National Communications System. Plans and programs of the Administrator shall be in consonance with national telecommunications policies, plans, and programs developed pursuant to Executive Order No. 12046, Executive Order No. 12148, and the Presidential Memorandum of August 21, 1963, "Establishment of the National Communications System," or other appropriate authority.

(4) Transportation. Develop plans and procedures for providing: (a) general transportation and traffic management services to civilian activities of Federal agencies in connection with movement of property and supplies, including the claimancy, contracting, routing, and accounting of Government shipments by commercial transportation in time of emergency; and (b) motor vehicle service to meet the administrative needs of Federal agencies, including dispatch and scheduled Government motor service at and between headquarters, field offices, relocation sites, and other installations of the Federal and State governments.

(5) Records. Provide instructions and advice on appraisal, selection, preservation, arrangement, reference, reproduction, storage, and salvage of essential records needed for the operation of the Federal Government after attack, on an emergency basis, including a decentralized system.

(6) Federal Register. Develop emergency procedures for providing and making available, on a decentralized basis, a Federal Register of Presidential Proclamations and Executive Orders, Federal administrative regulations, Federal emergency notices and actions, and Acts of Congress during a national emergency. (7) Government-wide procurement and supply. Prepare plans and procedures for the coordination and/or operation of Government-wide supply programs to meet the requirements of Federal agencies under emergency conditions, including the development of policies, methods, and procedures for emergency procurement and for emergency requisitioning of private property when authorized by law and competent authority; identification of essential civil agency supply items under the Federal catalog system; development of emergency Federal specifications and standards; determination of sources of supply; procurement of personal property and non-personal services; furnishing appropriate inspection and contract administration services; and establishment, coordination, and/or operation of emergency storage and distribution facilities

(8) Survival item stockpiles. Assist the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, insofar as civil defense medical stockpile items under its jurisdiction are concerned, and the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency insofar as survival items under its jurisdiction are concerned, in formulating plans and programs for service activity support relating to stockpiling of such supplies and equipment. The Administrator shall arrange for the procurement, storage, maintenance, inspection, survey, withdrawal, and disposal of supplies and equipment in accordance with the provisions of interagency agreements with the departments concerned.

(9) National industrial reserve and machine tool program. Develop plans for the custody of the industrial plants and production equipment in the national industrial reserve and assist the Department of Defense, in collaboration with the emergency reactivation, and utilization of the plants and equipment of this reserve in the custody of the Administrator.

(10) Excess and surplus real and personal property. Develop plans and emergency operating procedures for the utilization of excess and surplus real and personal property by Federal Government agencies with emergency assignments or by State and local governmental units as directed, including review of the property holdings of Federal agencies which do not possess emergency functions to determine the availability of property for emergency use, and including the disposal of real and personal property and the rehabilitation of personal property.

(11) Facilities protection and building and shelter manager service. In accordance with the guidance from the Department of Defense, promote, with respect to Federal buildings and installations, a Government-wide program (a) to stimulate protection, preparedness, and control in emergencies in order to minimize the effects of overt or covert attack, including dispersal of facilities; and (b) to establish shelter manager organizations, including safety and service personnel, shelter manager service, first aid, police, and evacuation service.

[Sec. 2002 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124; EO 12046 of Mar. 27, 1978 43 FR 13349, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 158; EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 2003. Defense Production. The Administrator of General Services shall assist the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency in the formulation of plans and programs relating to the certification of procurement programs, subsidy payments, and plant improvement programs provided for by the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amend. ed.

[Sec. 2003 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., ; 124 EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 2004. Strategic and Critical Materials Stockpiles. The Administrator of General Services shall assist the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency in formulating plans, programs, and reports relating to the stockpiling of strategic and critical materials. Within these plans and programs, the Administrator shall provide for the procurement (for this purpose, procurement includes upgrading, rotation, and beneficiation), storage, security, maintenance, inspection, withdrawal and disposal of materials, supplies, and equipment.

[Sec. 2004 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., 7 124; EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p 412]

PART 21-INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

SEC. 2101. Resume of Responsibilities. The Chairman of the Interstate Continence Commission, under the coordinating authority of the Secretary of Transportation, shall prepare national emergency plans and develop preparedness programs covering railroad utilization, reduction of vulnerability, maintenance, restoration, and operation in an emergency (other than for the Alaska Railroad—see Section 1303(6)); motor carner waterway utilization of equipment and shipping, reduction of vulnerability, and operation in an emergency; and also provide guidance and consultation to domestic surface transportation and storage industries, as defined below, regarding emergency preparedness measures, and to States regarding development of their transportation plans in assigned areas.

SEC. 2102. Definitions. As used in this part:

(1) "Domestic surface transportation and storage" means rail, motor. and inland water transportation facilities and services and public storage;

(2) "Public storage" includes warehouses and other places which are used for the storage of property belonging to persons other than the persons having the ownership or control of such premises;

(3) "Inland water transportation" includes shipping on all inland waterways and Great Lakes shipping engaged solely in the transportation of passengers or cargo between United States ports on the Great Lakes.

(4) Specifically excluded, for the purposes of this part, are pipelines, petroleum and gas storage, agricultural food resources storage, including the cold storage of food resources, the St. Lawrence Seaway, ocean ports and Great Lakes ports and port facilities, highways, streets, roads, bridges, and related appurtenances, maintenance of inland waterways, and any transportation owned by or pre-allocated to the military.

SEC. 2103. Transportation Functions. The Interstate Commerce Commission shall:

(1) Operational control. Develop plans with appropriate private transportation and storage organizations and associations for the coordination and direction of the use of domestic surface transportation and storage facilities for movement of passenger and freight traffic. (2) Emergency operations. Develop and maintain necessary orders and regulations for the operation of domestic surface transport and storage industries in an emergency.

PART 22-NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 2201. Functions. The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall:

(1) Research and development. Adapt and utilize the scientific and technological capability of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, consistent with over-all requirements, to meet priority needs of the programs of the Federal Government in an emergency. This will include the direction and conduct of essential research and development activities relating to (a) aircraft, spacecraft, and launch vehicles. (b) associated instrumentation, guidance, control and payload propulsion, and communications systems. (c) scientific phenomena affecting both manned and unmanned space flights, (d) the life sciences (biology, medicine, and psychology) as they apply to aeronautics and space, and (e) atmospheric and geophysical sciences.

(2) Military support Provide direct assistance as requested by the Department of Defense and other agencies in support of the military effort. This may include (a) undertaking urgent projects to develop superior aircraft, spacecraft launch vehicles, and weapons systems, (b) developing methods to counter novel or revolutionary enemy weapons systems. (c) providing technical advice and assistance on matters involving air and space activities, and (d) furnishing personnel and facilities to assist in emergency repairs of equipment deficiencies and for other essential purposes.

PART 22A-NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 2250. Functions. The Administrator of the National Credit. Union Administration shall:

(1) Credit union operations Provide instructions to all State and Federally chartered credit unions for the development of emergency plans to be put into effect as soon as possible after an attack upon the United States in order to guarantee continuity of credit union operations.

(2) Economic stabilization. Provide guidance and funds as necessary to credit unions that will contribute to stabilization of the nation's economy by helping to establish and maintain a sound economic base for continuing operations, combating inflation, maintaining confidence in public and private financial institutions, and promoting thrift.

[Part 22A added by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124]

PART 23-NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

SEC. 2301. Functions. The Director of the National Science Foundation shall:

(1) Manpower functions. Assist the Department of Labor in sustaining readiness for the mobilization of civilian manpower by: (a) being prepared for rapid expansion of the Foundation's current operation as a central clearinghouse for information covering all scientific and technical personnel in the United States and its possessions; and (b) develop-

ing. in consultation with the Department of Labor, the Selective Service System, and the Department of Defense, plans and procedures to assure the most effective distribution and utilization of the nation's scientific and engineering manpower in an emergency.

(2). Specific functions. (a) Provide leadership in developing, with the assistance of Federal and State agencies and appropriate nongovernmental organizations, the ability to mobilize scientists, in consonance with overall civilian manpower mobilization programs, to perform or assist in performance of special tasks, including the identification of and defense against unconventional warfare; (b) advance the national radiological defense capability by including, in consultation with appropriate agencies, pertinent scientific information and radiological defense techniques in the Foundation's science education programs for science, mathematics and engineering teachers; (c) assemble data on the location and character of major scientific research facilities, including non-governmental as well as governmental facilities, and their normal inventories of types of equipment and instruments which would be useful in identification and an analysis of hazards to human life in the aftermath of enemy attack; and (d) prepare to carry on necessary programs for research and for training of scientific manpower.

[Sec. 2301 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p 124]

PART 24-RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

SEC. 2401. Functions The Railroad Retirement Board shall:

(1) Manpower functions. Within the framework of the over-all manpower plans and programs of the Department of Labor, assist in the mobilization of civilian manpower in an emergency by developing plans for the recruitment and referral of that segment of the Nation's manpower resources subject to the Railroad Retirement and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Acts.

(2) Benefit payments. Develop plans for administering, under emergency conditions, the essential aspects of the Railroad Retirement Act and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act consistent with over-all Federal plans for the continuation of benefit payments after an enemy attack.

PART 25-SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC. 2501. Functions. The Securities and Exchange Commission shall collaborate with the Secretary of the Treasury in the development of emergency financial control plans, programs, procedures, and regulations for:

(1) Stock trading. Temporary closure of security exchanges, suspension of redemption rights, and freezing of stock and bond prices, if required in the interest of maintaining economic controls.

(2) Modified trading. Development of plans designed to reestablish and maintain a stable and orderly market for securities when the situation permits under emergency conditions.

(3) Protection of securities. Provision of a national records system which will make it possible to establish current ownership of securities in the event major trading centers and depositories are destroyed.

(4) Flow of capital. The control of the formation and flow of private capital as it relates to new securities offerings or expansion of prior offerings for the purpose of establishing or reestablishing industries in relation to the Nation's needs in or following a national emergency.

(5) Flight of capital. The prevention of the flight of capital outside this country, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce, and the impounding of securities in the hands of enemy aliens.

PART 26-SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 2601. Functions The Administrator of the Small Business Administration shall:

(1) Prime contract authority. Develop plans to administer a program for the acquisition of prime contracts by the Administration and, in turn, for negotiating or otherwise letting of subcontracts to capable small business concerns in an emergency.

(2) Resource information. Provide data on facilities, inventories, and potential production capacity of small business concerns to all interested agencies.

(3) Procurement Develop plans to determine jointly with Federal procurement agencies, as appropriate, which defense contracts are to go to small business concerns and to certify to the productive and financial ability of small concerns to perform specific contracts, as required

(4) Loans for plant modernization. Develop plans for providing emergency assistance to essential individual industrial establishments through direct loans or participation loans for the financing of production facilities and equipment.

(5) Resource pools. Develop plans for encouraging and approving small business defense production and research and development pools.

(6) Financial assistance. Develop plans to make loans, directly or in participation with private lending institutions, to small business concerns and to groups or pools of such concerns, to small business investment companies, and to State and local development companies to provide them with funds for lending to small business concerns, for defense and essential civilian purposes.

PART 27-TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

SEC. 2701. Functions. The Board of Directors of the Tennessee Valley Authority shall:

(1) Electric power. Assist the Department of the Interior in the development of plans for the integration of the Tennessee Valley Authority power system into national emergency programs and prepare plans for the emergency management, operation, and maintenance of the system and for its essential expansion.

(2) Waterways Assist the Interstate Commerce Commission, under the coordinating authority of the Secretary of Transportation, in the development of plans for integration and control of inland waterway transportation systems and, in cooperation with the Department of Defense and the Department of the Interior, prepare plans for the management, operation, and maintenance of the river control system in the Tennessee River and certain of its tributaries for navigation during an emergency.

(3) Flood control. Develop plans and maintain its river control operations for the prevention or control of floods caused by natural phenomena or overt and covert attack affecting the Tennessee River System and, in so doing, collaborate with the Department of Defense with respect to the control of water in the lower Ohio and Mississippi Rivers.

(4) Emergency health services and sanitary water supplies Assist the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare in the development of plans and programs covering emergency health services, civilian health manpower, and health resources in the Tennessee Valley Authority area and, in collaboration with the Department of the Interior and the Department of Health. Education, and Welfare, prepare plans for the management, operation, and maintenance of the Tennessee River System consistent with the needs for sanitary public water supplies, waste disposal, and vector control.

(5) Coordination of water use. Develop plans for determining or proposing priorities for the use of water by the Tennessee Valley Authorty in the event of conflicting claims arising from the functions listed above.

(6) Fertilizer. Assist the Department of Agriculture in the development of plans for the distribution and claimancy of fertilizer; assist the Department of Commerce and the Department of Defense in the development of Tennessee Valley Authority production quotas and any essential expansion of production facilities, and prepare plans for the management operation, and maintenance of its facilities for the manufacture of nitrogen and phosphorous fertilizers.

(7) Munitions production. Perform chemical research in munitions as requested by the Department of Defense, maintain standby munitions production facilities, and develop plans for converting and utilizing fertilizer facilities as required in support of the Department of Defense's munitions program.

(8) Land management. Develop plans for the maintenance, management, and utilization of Tennessee Valley Authority-controlled lands in the interest of an emergency economy.

(9) Food and forestry. Assist the Department of Agriculture in the development of plans for the harvesting and processing of fish and game, and the Department of Commerce in the development of plans for the production and processing of forest products.

(10) Coordination with Valley States. Prepare plans and agreements with Tennessee Valley States, consistent with Federal programs, for appropriate integration of Tennessee Valley Authority and State plans for the use of available Tennessee Valley Authority resources.

PART 28-OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

SEC. 2801. Functions. The Office of Personnel Management shall:

 Personnel system. Prepare plans for adjusting the Federal civilian personnel system to simplify administration and to meet emergency demands.

(2) Utilization. Develop policies and implementing procedures designed to assist Federal agencies in achieving the most effective utilization of the Federal Government's civilian manpower in an emergency. **

(3) Manpower policies. As the representative of the Federal Government as an employer, participate, as appropriate, in the formulation of national and regional manpower policies as they affect Federal civilian personnel and establish implementing policies as necessary.

(4) Manpower administration. Prepare plans, in consonance with national manpower policies and programs, for the administration of emergency civilian manpower and employment policies within the executive branch of the Government, including the issuance and enforcement of regulations to implement such policies.

(5) Wage and solary stabilization. Participate, as appropriate, with the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency and the Department of Labor in the formulation of national and regional wage and salary stabilization policies as they affect Federal civilian personnel. Within the framework of such policies, prepare plans for the implementation of such policies and controls established for employees within the executive branch of the Government, including the issuance and enforcement of necessary regulations.

(6) Assistance Develop plans for rendering personnel management and staffing assistance to new and expanding Federal agencies.

(7) Recruiting. Develop plans for the coordination and control of civilian recruiting policies and practices by all Federal agencies in order to increase the effectiveness of the total recruitment efforts during an emergency and to prevent undesirable recruitment practices.

(8) Reassignment Develop plans to facilitate the reassignment or transfer of Federal civilian employees, including the movement of employees from one agency or location to another agency or location, in order to meet the most urgent needs of the executive branch during an emergency.

(9) Registration. Develop plans and procedures for a nationwide system of post-attack registration of Federal employees to provide a means for locating and returning to duty those employees who become physically separated from their agencies after an enemy attack, and to provide for the maximum utilization of the skills of surviving employees.

(10) Deferment Develop plans and procedures for a system to control Government requests for the selective service deferment of employees in the executive branch of the Federal Government and in the municipal government of the District of Columbia.

(1) Investigation. Prepare plans, in coordination with agencies having responsibilities in the personnel security field, for the conduct of national agency checks and inquiries, limited suitability investigations, and full field investigations under emergency conditions.

(12) Salaries, wages, and benefits. Develop plans for operating under emergency conditions the essential aspects of salary and wage systems and such benefit systems as the Federal Employees Retirement System, the Federal Employees Group Life Insurance Program, the Federal Employees and Retired Federal Employees Health Benefits Programs, and the Federal Employees Compensation Program.

(13) Federal manpower mobilization. Assist Federal agencies in establishing manpower plans to meet their own emergency manpower requirements; identify major or special manpower problems of individual Federal agencies and the Federal Government as a whole, in mobilizing a civilian work force to meet essential emergency requirements; identify

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sources of emergency manpower supply for all agencies where manpower problems are indicated; and develop Government-wide plans for the use of surplus Federal civilian manpower.

(14) Distribution of manpower. Participate in the formulation of policies and decisions on the distribution of the nation's civilian manpower resources, obtain appropriate civilian manpower data from Federal agencies, and establish necessary implementing policies and procedures within the Executive Branch.

(15) Training. Develop. organize, and conduct, as appropriate, interagency training programs in emergency personnel management for Federal employees.

[Sec. 2801 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124; EO 12107 of Dec. 28, 1978, 44 FR 1055, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 264; EO 12148 of July 20, 1975, 44 FR 43139, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

PART 28A. UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

SEC. 2850. Functions. (a) The Director of the United States Information Agency shall prepare national emergency plans and develop preparedness programs for the continuation of essential emergency foreign information activities. These plans and programs shall be designed to develop a state of readiness which will permit continuing necessary activities under all conditions of national emergency including attack upon the United States.

(b) The Director shall (1) develop plans for the formulation and execution of foreign information programs utilizing the Agency's overseas posts and all media designed to promote an intelligent understanding abroad of the status of the emergency within the United States and the efforts, policies, activities, needs, and aims of the United States in dealing with the international situation then existing; (2) develop emergency plans and programs, and emergency organizational structures required thereby, as an integral part of the continuing activities of the United States Information Agency on the basis that it will have the responsibility for carrying on such programs during an emergency; (3) provide and maintain the capability necessary for simultaneous direct radio broadcasting in major languages to all areas of the world, and wireless teletype to all United States Embassies; (4) provide advice to the executive branch on foreign opinion, and its implications for United States policies, programs, and official statements; (5) maintain liaison with the information agencies of friendly nations for the purpose of relating the United States Government information programs and facilities to those of such nations; (6) participate in the development of policy with regard to the psychological aspects of defense and develop plans for assisting the appropriate agencies in the execution of psychological operations with special attention to overseas crises short of war; (7) maintain United States Information Service staffs abroad for the conduct of public information for all agencies of the Government, recognizing that in a theater of operations the United States Information Agency would . make available to the appropriate Commander all United States citizen personnel on the staff of the Agency, who agree to remain, to serve in

¹EDITORIAL NOTE: The United States Information Agency was abolished and its functions transferred to the International Communication Agency by Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1977 (42 FR 62461, 3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 200), effective Apr. 1, 1978.

support of psychological operations; and (8) lend appropriate support in psychological warfare to the military command in the theater or theaters of active military operations, and provide daily guidance and basic informational materials.

(c) The Director shall insure development of appropriate plans necessary-under this Part and issue emergency instructions required to implement all appropriate plans developed under this Part.

[Part 26A added by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124]

PART 29-VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 2901. Functions. The Administrator of Veterans Affairs shall develop policies, plans, and procedures for the performance of emergency functions with respect to the continuation or restoration of authorized programs of the Veterans Administration under all conditions of national emergency, including attack upon the United States. These include

(1) The emergency conduct of inpatient and outpatient care and treatment in Veterans Administration medical facilities and participation with the Departments of Defense and Health. Education, and Welfare as provided for in interagency agreements.

(2) The emergency conduct of compensation, pension, rehabilitation, education, and insurance payments consistent with over-all Federal plans for the continuation of Federal benefit payments.

(3) The emergency performance of insurance and loan guaranty functions in accordance with indirect stabilization policies and controls designed to deal with various emergency conditions.

PART 30-GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 3001 Resource Management. In consonance with the national preparedness, security, and mobilization readiness plans, programs, and operations of the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency under Executive Order No. 12148, and subject to the provisions of the preceding parts, the head of each department and agency shall:

(1) Priorities and allocations. Develop systems for the emergency application of priorities and allocations to the production, distribution, and use of resources for which he has been assigned responsibility.

(2) Requirements. Assemble, develop as appropriate, and evaluate requirements for assigned resources, taking into account estimated needs for military, atomic energy, civilian, and foreign purposes. Such evaluation shall take into consideration geographical distribution of requirements under emergency conditions.

(3) Evoluation. Assess assigned resources in order to estimate availability from all sources under an emergency situation, analyze resource availabilities in relation to estimated requirements, and develop appropriate recommendations and programs, including those necessary for the maintenance of an adequate mobilization base. Provide data and assistance before and after attack for national resource analysis purposes of the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

(4) Claimancy. Prepare plans to claim from the appropriate agency supporting materials, manpower, equipment, supplies, and services which would be needed to carry out assigned responsibilities and other essential functions of his department or agency, and cooperate with other agencies in developing programs to insure availability of such resources in an emergency.

[Sec. 3001 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976. 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR. 1976 Comp., p. 124, EO 12148 of July 20, 1975, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR. 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 3002. Facilities protection and warfare effects monitoring and reporting. In consonance with the national preparedness, security, and mobilization readiness plans, programs, and operations of the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency under-Executive Order No. 12148, and with the national civil defense plans, programs, and operations Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency under Executive Order No. 12148, the head of each department and agency shall:

(1) Facilities protection. Provide facilities protection guidance material adapted to the needs of the facilities and services concerned and promote a national program to stimulate disaster preparedness and control in order to minimize the effects of overt or covert attack on facilities or other resources for which he has management responsibility. Guidance shall include, but not be limited to, organization and training of facility employees, personnel shelter, evacuation plans, records protection, continuity of management, emergency repair, dispersal of facilities, and mutual aid associations for an emergency.

(2) Warfare effects monitoring and reporting. Maintain a capability, both at national and field levels, to estimate the effects of attack on assigned resources and to collaborate with and provide data to the Director. Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Department of Defense, and other agencies, as appropriate. In verifying and updaung estimates of resource status through exchanges of data and mutual assistance, and provide for the detection, identification, monitoring and reporting of such warfare effects at selected facilities under his operation or control.

(3) Salvage and rehabilitation. Develop plans for salvage, decontamination, and rehabilitation of facilities involving resources under his jurisdiction.

(4) Shelter. In conformity with national shelter policy, where authorized to engage in building construction, plan, design, and construct such buildings to protect the public to the maximum extent feasible against the hazards that could result from an attack upon the United States with nuclear weapons; and where empowered to extend Federal financial assistance, encourage recipients of such financial assistance to use standards for planning design and construction which will maximize protection for the public.

[Sec. 3002 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976. 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR. 1976 Comp., p. 124; EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR. 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 3003. Critical skills and occupations. (a) The Secretaries of Defense, Commerce, and Labor shall carry out the mandate of the National Security Council, dated February 15, 1968, to "maintain a continuing surveillance over the Nation's manpower needs and identify any particular occupation or skill that may warrant qualifying for deferment on a uniform national basis." In addition, the Secretaries of Defense, Commerce, Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare shall carry out the mandate of the National Security Council to "maintain a continuing surveillance over the Nation's manpower and education needs to identiiy any area of graduate study that may warrant qualifying for deferment in the national interest." In carrying out these functions, the Secretaries concerned shall consult with the National Science Foundation with respect to scientific manpower requirements.

(b) The Secretaries of Commerce and Labor shall maintain and issue, as necessary, lists of all essential activities and critical occupations that may be required for emergency preparedness purposes.

SEC. 3004. Research. Within the framework of research policies and objectives established by the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency, the head of each department and agency shall supervise or conduct research in areas directly concerned with carrying out emergency preparedness responsibilities, designate representatives for necessary ad hoc or task force groups, and provide advice and assistance to other agencies in planning for research in areas involving each agency's interest.

[Sec. 3004 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124, EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 3005. Stockpiles. The head of each department and agency, with appropriate emergency responsibilities, shall assist the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency, in formulating and carrying out plans for stockpiling of strategic and critical materials, and survival items.

[Sec. 3005 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124; EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43235, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 3006. Direct Economic Controls. The head of each department and agency shall cooperate with the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency and the Federal financial agencies in the development of emergency preparedness measures involving emergency financial and credit measures, as well as price, rent, wage and salary stabilization, and consumer rationing programs.

[Sec. 3006 amended by EO 11521 of June 11, 1976. 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124, EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 3007. Financial Aid. The head of each department and agency shall develop plans and procedures in cooperation with the Federal financial agencies for financial and credit assistance to those segments of the private sector for which he is responsible in the event such assistance is needed under emergency conditions.

ance is needed under emergency conditions. SEC. 3008. Functional Guidance. The head of each department and agency in carrying out the functions assigned to him by this order, shall be guided by the following:

(1) National program guidance. In consonance with the national preparedness, security, and mobilization readiness plans, programs, and operations of the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency under Executive Order No. 12148, and with the national civil defense plans, programs, and operations of the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, technical guidance shall be provided to State and local governments and instrumentalities thereof, to the end that all planning concerned with functions assigned herein will be effectively coordinated. Relations with the appropriate segment of the private sector shall be maintained to foster mutual understanding of Federal emergency plans.

(2) Interagency coordination. Emergency preparedness functions shall be coordinated by the head of the department or agency having primary responsibility with all other departments and agencies having supporting functions related thereto.

(3) Emergency preparedness. Emergency plans, programs, and an appropriate state of readiness, including organizational readiness, shall be developed as an integral part of the continuing activities of each department or agency on the basis that that department or agency will have the responsibility for carrying out such plans and programs during an emergency. The head of each department or agency shall be prepared to implement all appropriate plans developed under this order. Modifications and temporary organizational changes, based on emergency conditions, shall be in accordance with policy determinations by the President.

(4) Professional liaison. Mutual understanding and support of emergency preparedness activities shall be fostered, and the National Defense. Executive Reserve shall be promoted by maintaining relations with the appropriate non-governmental sectors.

[Sec. 3006 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124, EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 3009. Training. The head of each department and agency shall develop and direct training programs which incorporate emergency preparedness and civil defense training and information programs necessary to insure the optimum operational effectiveness of assigned resources, systems, and facilities.

SEC. 3010. Emergency Public Information. In consonance with such emergency public information plans and central program decisions of the Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency, and with plans, programs, and procedures established by the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to provide continuity of programming for the Emergency Broadcast System, the head of each department and agency shall:

(1) Obtain and provide information as to the emergency functions or assignments of the individual department or agency for dissemination to the American people during the emergency, in accordance with arrangements made by the Federal Preparedness Agency (GSA).

(2) Determine requirements and arrange for prerecordings to provide continuity of program service over the Emergency Broadcast System so that the American people can receive information, advice, and guidance pertaining to the implementation of the civil defense and emergency preparedness plans or assignments of each individual department or agency.

[Sec. 3010 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124; EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 3011. Emergency Actions. This order does not confer authority to put into effect any emergency plan, procedure, policy, program, or course of action prepared or developed pursuant to this order. Plans so developed may be effectuated only in the event that authority for such effectuation is provided by a law enacted by the Congress or by an order or directive issued by the President pursuant to statutes or the Constitution of the United States.

SEC. 3012. Redelegation. The head of each department and agency is hereby authorized to redelegate the functions assigned to him by this order, and to authorize successive redelegations to agencies or instrumentalities of the United States, and to officers and employees of the United States.

SEC. 3013. Transfer of Functions Any emergency preparedness function under this order, or parts thereof, may be transferred from one department or agency to another with the consent of the heads of the organizations involved and with the concurrence of the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Any new emergency preparedness function may be assigned to the head of a department or agency by the Director of the Federal Preparedness Agency (GSA) by mutual consent.

[Sec. 3013 amended by EO 11921 of June 11, 1976, 41 FR 24294, 3 CFR, 1976 Comp., p. 124, EO 12148 of July 20, 1979, 44 FR 43235, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412]

SEC. 3014. Retention of Existing Authority: Except as provided in Section 3015, nothing in this order shall be deemed to derogate from any now existing assignment of functions to any department or agency or officer thereof made by statute. Executive order, or Presidential directives, including Memoranda.

SEC. 3015. Revoked Orders. The following are hereby revoked: (1) Defense Mobilization Order VI-2 of December 11, 1953. (2) Defense Mobilization Order I-12 of October 5, 1954. (5) Executive Order No. 10312 of December 10. 1951. (4) Executive Order No. 10346 of April 17, 1952 (5) Executive Order No. 10997 of February 16, 1962 (6) Executive Order No. 10998 of February 16, 1962 (7) Executive Order No. 10999 of February 16. 1962 (E) Executive Order No. 11000 of February 16, 1962 (9) Executive Order No. 11001 of February 16. 1962 (10) Executive Order No. 11002 of February 16. 1962 (11) Executive Order No. 11003 of February 16, 1962 (12) Executive Order No. 11004 of February 16, 1962 (13) Executive Order No. 11005 of February 16, 1962.
(14) Executive Order No. 11087 of February 26, 1963. (15) Executive Order No. 11088 of February 26. 1963 (16) Executive Order No. 11089 of February 26, 1963. (17) Executive Order No. 11090 of February 26, 1963. (18) Executive Order No. 11091 of February 26, 1963. (19) Executive Order No. 11092 of February 26, 1963. (20) Executive Order No. 11093 of February 26. 1963. (21) Executive Order No. 11094 of February 26. 1963. (22) Executive Order No. 11095 of February 26. 1963. (23) Executive Order No. 11310 of October 11, 1966.

SEC. 3016. Effective October 1, 1977, the Secretary of Energy shall exercise all authority and discharge all responsibility herein delegated to or conferred upon (a) the Federal Power Commission, (b) the Energy Research and Development Administration, and (c) with respect to electric power, petroleum, gas and solid fuels, upon the Department of the Interior.

[Sec. 3016 added by EO 12038 of Feb 3, 1978, 42 FR 4957, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 136]