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WASHINGTON

June 21, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM:

JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT:

Proposed Executive Order Entitled "President's Advisory Committee on

Women's Business Ownership"

Richard Darman has asked for comments by 4:30 p.m. today on the above-referenced proposed executive order, which would extend the life of the President's Advisory Committee on Women's Business Ownership. Executive Order 12426 of June 22, 1983, established the Committee, to review the status of businesses owned by women, foster support for women entrepreneurs through the private sector, and offer advice on these subjects to the President and the Administrator of the Small Business Administration. Pursuant to section 4(b) of the order, the Committee "shall terminate" one year from the date of this order" -- i.e., at midnight tonight. The proposed executive order changes the termination date to December 31, 1984, and changes one of the functions of the Committee from "fostering" private sector support to "studying methods of obtaining" such support. This latter change is necessary in light of 31 U.S.C. § 1347, which provides that committees with operational responsibilities may remain in existence beyond one year only if they have a specific appropriation or authorization.

The proposed order has been approved by OMB and, as to form and legality, by the Office of Legal Counsel. I have no objections.

Attachment

WASHINGTON

June 21, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD G. DARMAN

ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

FRED F. FIELDING Orig. signed by FFF

COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT:

Proposed Executive Order Entitled "President's Advisory Committee on

Women's Business Ownership"

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced executive order, and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

FFF: JGR: aea 6/21/84

cc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

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WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

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RESPONSE:

Thank you.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET 1504 JUN 21 77 2 38

June 20, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR:

THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

DAVID A. STOCKMAN

SUBJECT:

PROPOSED EXECUTIVE ORDER ENTITLED "PRESIDENT'S

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON WOMEN'S BUSINESS

OWNERSHIP"

SUMMARY. This memorandum forwards for your consideration a proposed Executive order which would extend the life of the President's Advisory Committee on Women's Business Ownership until December 31, 1984.

BACKGROUND. Executive Order No. 12426 of June 22, 1983
established the President's Advisory Committee on Women's
Business Ownership to advise the President and the Administrator
of the Small Business Administration on methods of encouraging
the development of businesses owned by women entrepreneurs.
Since the Committee was to serve both operational and advisory
functions, its life was limited by law to one year.

The proposed Executive order would extend the life of the Committee to December 31, 1984, so that it may complete its work. In order to accomplish this extension consistent with the provisions of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act (31 U.S.C. 1347), the functions of the Committee have been amended to eliminate its operational responsibilities.

All affected agencies concur in the proposed Executive order.

RECOMMENDATION. I recommend that you sign the proposed Executive order.

Enclosure

204 Juli 2 1 77 2 37

U.S. Department of Justice

Office of Legal Counsel

Washington, D.C. 20530

JUN 2 1 1984

Office of the Assistant Attorney General

The President,

The White House.

My dear Mr. President:

I am herewith transmitting a proposed Executive order entitled "President's Advisory Committee on Women's Business Ownership."

This proposed order was submitted by the Small Business Administration. It has been forwarded for the consideration of this Department as to form and legality by the Office of Management and Budget with the approval of the Director.

The proposed Executive order is approved as to form and legality.

Respectfully,

Theodore B. Olson

Assistant Attorney General Office of Legal Counsel



U.S. Department of Justice

Office of Legal Counsel

Office of the Assistant Attorney General Washington, D.C. 20530

JUN 2 1 1984

MEMORANDUM

Re: Proposed Executive order entitled "President's Advisory Committee on Women's Business Ownership"

The attached proposed Executive order was submitted by the Small Business Administration. It has been forwarded for the consideration of this Department as to form and legality by the Office of Management and Budget with the approval of the Director.

The proposed Executive order would, by amending Executive Order No. 12426 (June 22, 1983), extend the life of the President's Advisory Committee on Women's Business Ownership from June 22, 1984 to December 31, 1984. In order to satisfy the requirements of 31 U.S.C. § 1347, the Executive order would also delete from the earlier Executive order all operational responsibilities of the Committee. Under § 1347, committees with operational responsibilities may remain in existence beyond one year only if they have a "specific appropriation or specific authorization by law," which was not secured in the case of this Committee.

The proposed Executive order is acceptable as to form and legality.

Theodore B. Olson Assistant Attorney General Office of Legal Counsel

EXECUTIVE ORDER

PRESIDENT'S ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON WOMEN'S BUSINESS OWNERSHIP

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution of the United States of America, and in order to extend the life of the President's Advisory Committee on Women's Business Ownership, in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App. I), it is hereby ordered that Executive Order No. 12426 of June 22, 1983, is amended as follows?

- (a) Section 2(a) is amended by striking "foster" and inserting in lieu thereof "study methods of obtaining".
- (b) Section 4(b) shall read: "The Committee shall terminate on December 31, 1984, unless sooner extended."

THE WHITE HOUSE,

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

June 22, 1984

EXECUTIVE ORDER

_ _ _ _ _ _ _

PRESIDENT'S ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON WOMEN'S BUSINESS OWNERSHIP

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution of the United States of America, and in order to extend the life of the President's Advisory Committee on Women's Business Ownership, in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App. I), it is hereby ordered that Executive Order No. 12426 of June 22, 1983, is amended as follows:

- (a) Section 2(a) is amended by striking "foster" and inserting in lieu thereof "study methods of obtaining".
- (b) Section 4(b) shall read: "The Committee shall terminate on December 31, 1984, unless sooner extended."

RONALD REAGAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,

June 21, 1984.

#

WASHINGTON

October 12, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM:

JOHN G. ROBERTS

SUBJECT:

Proposed Executive Order Entitled "National Commission on Space"

Richard Darman has asked for comments by 10:00 a.m. today on the above-referenced proposed executive order. This executive order implements the directive in Public Law 98-361, signed July 16, 1984, that the President establish, within 90 days (by October 14, 1984), a National Commission on Space. 98 Stat. 427, to be codified at 42 U.S.C. § 2451 note. The pertinent provision in Public Law 98-361 is unusual in that it specifies the membership and functions of the Commission, but does not by its terms establish the Commission. Typically, a bill will either establish a commission of this sort, with all the necessary details, or simply direct the President to do so. The approach in this bill is an odd combination of the two. The executive order, accordingly, basicly tracks the language of the statute as to the composition and duties of the Commission.

The Commission is to be composed of fifteen voting members appointed by the President, with specified expertise, up to nine non-voting members designated by the President representing Federal agencies, two Senators appointed by the President of the Senate and two House members appointed by the Speaker. The congressional members are to serve in an "advisory, non-voting" capacity. The Commission is to study U.S. space activities and formulate an agenda for the civilian space program, reporting to Congress and the President within one year.

The order, submitted by the Office of Science and Technology Policy, has been approved by OMB and, as to form and legality, by the Justice Department Office of Legal Counsel. The service on the Commission of four members of Congress, appointed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House rather than the President, is not troublesome. These four members are explicitly advisory, non-voting members. (Even if they were allowed to vote there would be no constitutional objection, since the entire Commission has only advisory functions.) I have no objections.

Attachment

WASHINGTON

October 12, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD G. DARMAN

ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

FRED F. FIELDING Orig. signed by FFF COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT:

Proposed Executive Order Entitled

"National Commission on Space"

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced proposed executive order, and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

FFF:JGR:aea 10/12/84

cc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/chron

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WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

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Richard G. Darman Assistant to the President Ext. 2702



OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

October 10, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR:

THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

DAVID A. STOCKMAN

SUBJECT:

PROPOSED EXECUTIVE ORDER ENTITLED "NATIONAL

COMMISSION ON SPACE"

SUMMARY. This memorandum forwards for your consideration a proposed Executive order, submitted by the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, which would establish the National Commission on Space.

BACKGROUND. Public Law 98-361 requires the President to establish, before October 14, 1984, a National Commission on Space. The Commission will consist of 15 voting members appointed by the President and up to thirteen non-voting, advisory members, up to nine of whom are to be appointed by the President and four of whom are to be appointed by the President and four of whom are to be appointed by the Congress from among its members. The President will designate the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Commission from among its voting members.

The Commission will study existing and proposed United States civilian space activities; formulate an agenda for the civilian space program; and identify long-range goals, opportunities and policy options for civilian space activity for the next twenty years. The Commission will submit its plan, and any recommendations for proposed legislation, to the President and the Congress within one year of the date of its creation.

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration will provide the Commission with such administrative services, facilities, staff and other support services as may be necessary for the performance of its functions.

None of the affected agencies has objected to the proposed Executive order.

RECOMMENDATION. I recommend that you sign the proposed Executive order.



U.S. Department of Justice Office of Legal Counsel

Office of the Assistant Attorney General

Washington, D.C. 20530

OCT | 1 1984

The President,

The White House.

My dear Mr. President:

I am herewith transmitting a proposed Executive order entitled "National Commission on Space."

This proposed order was submitted by the Office of Science and Technology Policy. It has been forwarded for the consideration of this Department as to form and legality by the Office of Management and Budget with the approval of the Director.

The proposed Executive order is approved as to form and legality.

Respectfully,

Larry L. Simms

Acting Assistant Attorney General Office of Legal Counsel



Office of the Assistant Attorney General

Washington, D.C. 20530

OCT | | 1 198

MEMORANDUM

Re: Proposed Executive order entitled "National Commission on Space"

The attached proposed Executive order was submitted by the Office of Science and Technology Policy. It has been forwarded for the consideration of this Department as to form and legality by the Office of Management and Budget with the approval of the Director.

The proposed Executive order would establish an advisory committee, entitled the National Commission on Space, which would study existing and proposed United States civilian space activities and formulate an agenda for the United States civilian space program. The functions and purposes of the Commission are set forth in the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1985, Pub. L. No. 98-361, 98 Stat. 427 (1984), which directs the President to establish the Commission. Under the Act and the proposed order, the Commission would be composed of 15 voting members selected according to criteria set forth in the Act and appointed by the President. Up to nine additional non-voting members could also be designated by the President as representatives of Federal agencies listed in § 203(b)(1) of the Act. Four non-voting Commission members are to be appointed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives to advise members of the Commission. The Commission report would be submitted to the President and to Congress within twelve months of the effective date of the order.

Although there is no constitutional problem with the proposed order, we note that the appointment of members of a Presidential commission by members of Congress can raise serious constitutional questions in many circumstances. As explained more fully in the attached letter from this Department to the Office of Management and Budget, this Office has taken

the position that those who "advise and assist the President in any direct meaningful sense must be subject to his control both as to appointment and removal Memorandum from Robert McConnell, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legislative and Intergovernmental Affairs, to David Stockman, Director, Office of Management and Budget, p.6 (Oct. 5, 1984). This limitation derives from the Appointments Clause, Art. II, § 2, cl. 2 of the Constitution and basic principles of separation of powers. With respect to the proposed National Commission on Space, however, the individuals appointed by officers of Congress would be non-voting and would function only as advisers to the Commission itself, without any meaningful legal authority to advise and assist the President. In these circumstances, we are not prepared to say that Congress "would place its own appointees within the Executive Branch directly to advise and assist the President," id. at 10, as prohibited by the Constitution under the analysis of our October 5, 1984 letter to Director Stockman.

The proposed Executive order is acceptable as to form and legality.

Larry L. Simms
Acting Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel



OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C 20503

October 10, 1984

Honorable Williams French Smith Attorney General Washington, D.C. 20530

Dear Mr. Attorney General:

Enclosed, in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order No. 11030, as amended, is a proposed Executive order entitled "National Commission on Space."

The proposed Executive order was submitted by the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy. Public Law 98-361 requires the President to establish, before October 14, 1984, a National Commission on Space. The Commission will consist of 15 voting members appointed by the President and up thirteen non-voting, advisory members, up to nine of whom are to be appointed by the President and four of whom are to be appointed by the Congress from among its members. The President will designate the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Commission from among its voting members.

The Commission will study existing and proposed United States civilian space activities; formulate an agenda for the civilian space program; and identify long-range goals, opportunities and policy options for civilian space activity for the next twenty years. The Commission will submit its plan, and any recommendations for proposed legislation, to the President and the Congress within one year of the date of its creation.

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration will provide the Commission with such administrative services, facilities, staff and other support services as may be necessary for the performance of its functions.

Your urgent attention to this proposal is requested, as the President must sign the Executive order by Friday, October 12, 1984.

Your staff may direct any questions concerning this proposed Executive order to Mr. John F. Cooney of this office (395-5600).

This proposed Executive order has the approval of the Director of the Office of Mangement and Budget.

Sincerely,

Michael J. Horowitz Counsel to the Director

EXECUTIVE ORDER

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON SPACE

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and statutes of the United States of America, including Title II of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1985 (Public Law 98-361) ("the Act"), and in order to establish a National Commission on Space, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. <u>Establishment</u>. (a) There is established the National Commission on Space. The Commission shall be composed of:

- (1) fifteen members appointed or designated by the President (of whom no more than three shall be employees of the federal government) who by reason of their background, education, training, or experience possess expertise in scientific and technological pursuits, as well as the use and implications of the use of such pursuits, which allows them to contribute to the articulation of goals and rationale and the formulation of an agenda for the future direction of United States civilian space activity;
- (2) not more than nine advisory, non-voting members designated by the President, representing the Federal departments and agencies set forth in Section 203(b)(1) of the Act, provided that no one of those departments and agencies shall have more than one employee appointed to the Commission; and
- (3) two advisory, non-voting members appointed by the President of the Senate from among the Members of the Senate and two advisory, non-voting members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives from among the Members of the House.

- (b) The President shall designate a Chairman and a Vice Chairman from among the voting members of the Commission.
- Sec. 2. Functions. (a) Pursuant to Section 204 of the Act, the Commission shall study existing and proposed United States space activities; formulate an agenda for the United States civilian space program; and identify long range goals, opportunities, and policy options for civilian space activity for the next twenty years.
- (b) The Commission shall submit its plan and any recommendations for proposed legislation to the President and the Congress within 12 months of the date of this Order.
- Sec. 3. Administration. (a) The heads of Executive departments, agencies and independent instrumentalities shall, to the extent permitted by law, provide the Commission, upon request, such information as it may require for purposes of carrying out its functions.
- (b) Members of the Commission appointed by the President under Section 1(a)(1) from among private citizens of the United States may be paid at a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code, for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule for each day, including traveltime, during which such members are engaged in the actual performance of the duties of the Commission. While engaged in the work of the Commission, both voting and non-voting members may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, to the extent permitted by law for persons serving intermittently in the government service (5 U.S.C. 5101-5107).
- (c) To the extent permitted by law and subject to the availability of appropriations, the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall provide the Commission with such administrative services, funds, facilities, staff and

other support services as may be necessary for the performance of its functions.

- Sec. 4. General Provisions. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other Executive Order, the functions of the President under the Federal Advisory Committee Act which are applicable to the Council, except that of reporting annually to the Congress, shall be performed by the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, in accordance with guidelines and procedures established by the Administrator of General Services.
- (b) The Commission shall terminate 60 days after submitting the report required by Section 2(b) of this Order.

THE WHITE HOUSE,

PUBLIC LAW 98-361—JULY 16, 1984

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION AUTHORIZATION ACT, 1985 Public Law 98-361 98th Congress

An Act

July 16, 1984 [H.R. 5154]

To authorize appropriations to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for research and development, space flight, control and data communications construction of facilities, and research and program management, and for other

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1985.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1985".

TITLE I—AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 101. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to become available October 1, 1984:

(a) For "Research and development", for the following programs

(1) Space transportation capability development, \$351,400,000

(2) Space station, \$150,000,000

(3) Physics and astronomy, \$696,200,000;

(4) Life sciences, \$63,300,000;

(5) Planetary exploration, \$296,900,000:
(6) Space applications, \$390,100,000 of which \$45,000,000 is authorized only for the Advanced Communications Technology Satellite flight program which is designed to lead to a launch of such satellite no later than 1989;

(7) Technology utilization, \$9,500,000;

(8) Aeronautical research and technology, \$352,400,000, of which \$24,000,000 is authorized only for activities which are designed to lead to a flight test of a single rotation or counter rotation turboprop concept no later than 1987 (and for support ing research and technology);

(9) Space research and technology, \$150,000,000; and (10) Tracking and data advanced systems, \$15,300,000.

(b) For "Space flight, control and data communications", for the following programs:

(1) Space shuttle production and operational capability, \$1,470,600,000;

(2) Space transportation operations, \$1,319,000,000; and

(3) Space and ground network, communications and data systems, \$795,700,000.

(c) Except as provided in section 102(a), for "Construction of facilities", including land acquisition, as follows:

(1) Repairs to test stand 500, George C. Marshall Space Flight Center, \$1,600,000;

(2) Space shuttle facilities at various locations as follows: A) Modifications of site electrical substation, Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center, \$3,200,000;

(B) Modification for single engine testing, National Space

Technology Laboratories, \$3,000,000;

(C) Construction of launch complex 39 logistics facility, John F. Kennedy Space Center, \$10,000,000;

(D) Construction of solid rocket booster assembly and refurbishment facility, John F. Kennedy Space Center, \$15,000,000;

(3) Space shuttle payload facilities at various locations as follows:

(A) Construction of additions to cargo hazardous servicing facility, John F. Kennedy Space Center, \$4,600,000;

(B) Construction of biomedical research facility, Ames Research Center, \$2,100,000;

(4) Construction of addition to network control center, Goddard Space Flight Center, \$2,200,000;

(5) Construction of Earth and space science laboratory, Jet

Propulsion Laboratory, \$12,200,000;
(6) Construction of numerical aerodynamic simulation facility, Ames Research Center, \$11,500,000;

(7) Modifications of the 8-foot high temperature tunnel, Langley Research Center, \$13,800,000;

(8) Construction of 34-meter antenna, Madrid, Spain, \$6,000,000;

(9) Modifications of 64-meter antenna, DSS-63, Madrid, Spain,

\$7,800,000;
(10) Repair of facilities at various locations, not in excess of

\$750,000 per project, \$20,000,000;

(11) Rehabilitation and modification of facilities at various locations, not in excess of \$750,000 per project, \$25,000,000; (12) Minor construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities at various locations, not in excess of \$500,000 per project, \$5,000,000; and

(13) Facility planning and design not otherwise provided for,

\$12,000,000.

(d)(1) For "Research and program management", \$1,316,000,000, and such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in salary, pay, retirement, or other employee benefits authorized by law.

(2) Of the funds authorized under paragraph (1) \$1,000,000 shall be available for the activities of the National Commission on Space,

established pursuant to title II of this Act.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (h), appropriations hereby authorized for "Research and development" and "Space flight, control and data communications" may be used (1) for any items of a capital nature (other than acquisition of land) which may be required at locations other than installations of the Administration for the performance of research and development contracts, and (2) for grants to nonprofit institutions of higher education, or to nonprofit organizations whose primary purpose is the conduct of scientific research, for purchase or construction of additional research facilities; and title to such facilities shall be vested in the United States unless the Administrator determines that the national program of aeronautical and space activities will best be served by vesting title in any such grantee institution or organization. Each such grant shall be made under such conditions as the Administrator shall determine to be required to insure that the United States will receive therefrom benefit adequate to justify the making of that grant. None of the funds appropriated for "Research and development" and "Space flight, control and data

Grants.

communications" pursuant to this Act may be used in accordance with this subsection for the construction of any major facility, the estimated cost of which, including collateral equipment, exceeds \$500,000, unless the Administrator or the Administrator's designee has notified the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate of the nature,

location, and estimated cost of such facility.

(f) When so specified and to the extent provided in an appropriation Act, (1) any amount appropriated for "Research and development," for "Space flight, control and data communications" or for "Construction of facilities" may remain available without fiscal year limitation, and (2) maintenance and operation of facilities, and support services contracts may be entered into under the "Research and program management" appropriation for periods not in excess of twelve months beginning at any time during the fiscal year.

(g) Appropriations made pursuant to subsection (d) may be used, but not to exceed \$35,000, for scientific consultations or extraordinary expenses upon the approval or authority of the Administrator and the Administrator's determination shall be final and conclusive

upon the accounting officers of the Government.

(h) Of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsections (a), (b), and (d), not in excess of \$100,000 for each project, including collateral equipment, may be used for construction of new facilities and additions to existing facilities, and for repair, rehabilitation, or modification of facilities: Provided, That, of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) or (b), not in excess of \$500,000 for each project, including collateral equipment, may be used for any of the foregoing for unforeseen programmatic needs.

Sec. 102. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 101(c) of the title, the total amount authorized to be appropriated by such section shall be \$5,000,000 less than the sum of the amounts contained in

paragraphs (1) through (13) of such section for individual projects.
(b) After the reduction specified in subsection (a) of this section is made, authorization is granted whereby any of the amounts prescribed in paragraphs (1) through (12) inclusive, of section 101(c)—

(1) in the discretion of the Administrator or the Administra-

tor's designee, may be varied upward 10 per centum, or

(2) following a report by the Administrator or the Administrator's designee to the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the circumstances of such action, may be varied upward 25 per centum, to meet unusual cost variations, but the total cost of all work authorized under such paragraphs shall not exceed the total of the amounts specified in such paragraphs.

SEC. 103. Not to exceed one-half of 1 per centum of the funds appropriated pursuant to section 101(a) or 101(b) hereof may be transferred to and merged with the "Construction of facilities" appropriation, and, when so transferred, together with \$10,000,000 of funds appropriated pursuant to section 101(c) hereof (other than funds appropriated pursuant to paragraph (13) of such section) shall be available for expenditure to construct, expand, and modify laboratories and other installation at any location (including locations specified in section 101(c)), if (1) the Administrator determines such action to be necessary because of changes in the national program of

42 USC 2459a.

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aeronautical and space activities or new scientific or engineering developments, and (2) the Administrator determines that deferral of such action until the enactment of the next authorization Act would be inconsistent with the interest of the Nation in aeronautical and space activities. The funds so made available may be expended to acquire, construct, convert, rehabilitate, or install permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment. No portion of such sums may be obligated for expenditure or expended to construct, expand, or modify laboratories and other installations unless a period of thirty days has passed after the Administrator or the Administrator's designee has transmitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the President of the Senate and to the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a written report containing a full and complete statement concerning (A) the nature of such construction, expansion, or modification, (B) the cost thereof including the cost of any real estate action pertaining thereto, and (C) the reason why such construction, expansion, or modification is necessary in the national interest.

Sec. 104. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act—

(1) no amount appropriated pursuant to this Act may be used for any program deleted by the Congress from requests as originally made to either the House Committee on Science and Technology or the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation;

(2) no amount appropriated pursuant to this Act may be used for any program in excess of the amount actually authorized for that particular program by sections 101(a), 101(b), and 101(d); and

(3) no amount appropriated pursuant to this Act may be used for any program which has not been presented to either such committeee;

unless a period of thirty days has passed after the receipt by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate and each such committee of notice given by the Administrator or the Administrator's designee containing a full and complete statement of the action proposed to be taken and the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of such proposed action.

Sec. 105. It is the sense of the Congress that it is in the national interest that consideration be given to geographical distribution of Federal research funds whenever feasible, and that the National Aeronautics and Space Administration should explore ways and means of distributing its research and development funds whenever feasible.

Sec. 106. The authorization for shuttle production and operational capability includes provisions for the production of structural spares and the critical skills necessary for installation of electrical, mechanical, and fluid systems thereby maintaining production readiness for a fifth orbiter vehicle.

SEC. 107. No civil space station authorized under section 101(a)(2) of this title may be used to carry or place in orbit any nuclear weapon or any other weapon of mass destruction, to install any such weapon on any celestial body, or to station any such weapon in space in any other manner. This civil space station may be used only for peaceful purposes.

Report.

Funds. 42 USC 2459.

Defense and national security.

98 STAT. 426

15 USC 4261 note.

SEC. 108. (a) The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration is directed to continue and to enhance such Administration's programs of remote-sensing research and development

(b) The Administrator is authorized and encouraged to-

(1) conduct experimental space remote-sensing programs (including applications demonstration programs and basic research at universities);

(2) develop remote-sensing technologies and techniques, including those needed for monitoring the Earth and its environ-

ment; and

(3) conduct such research and development in cooperation with other public and private research entities, including private industry, universities, Federal, State, and local government agencies, foreign governments, and international organizations, and to enter into arrangements (including joint ventures) which

will foster such cooperation.

SEC. 109. It is the intent of the Congress that expenditures made from sums appropriated pursuant to the authorization contained in subsection (a)(8) of section 101 of this Act for activities in the advanced turboprop program should be recouped by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration if and when commercially successful products are developed by the aircraft industry as a direct result of such activities. For this purpose the Administrator shall submit to Congress within sixty days of enactment of this Act a plan for the payment to the Administrator of royalties by firms in the aircraft industry with respect to any such products which may be so developed by them.

Sec. 110. (a) Section 102 of the National Aeronautics and Space

Act of 1958, as amended, is amended—

(1) by striking out "(e) and (f)" in subsection (g) and inserting in lieu thereof "(e), (f), and (g)";

(2) by redesignating subsections (c) through (g) as subsections

(d) through (h); and

(3) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsec-

Congress. national security.

"(c) The Congress declares that the general welfare of the United States requires that the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (as established by title II of this Act) seek and encourage, to the maximum extent possible, the fullest commercial use of space.

(b) Section 102(d)(1) of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, as amended (and as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section), is amended by inserting "of the Earth and" after "knowledge".

SEC. 111. (a) Any Federal personal property may be disposed of in

accordance with subsection (b) if such property-

(1) is scientific research or development equipment and is not personal property that may be used for general administrative purposes;

(2) has been loaned by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to any academic institution or nonprofit organization; and

(3) as of March 31, 1984, has been on loan to any such institution or organization for at least two years.

(b) The Administrator may transfer title to property described in subsection (a) to an academic institution or nonprofit organization if the Administrator certifies that-

Defense and

Property, Federal.

Royalty payments plan.

42 USC 2451.

(1) such property is being used by the institution or organization holding such property for a purpose consistent with the use intended when the property was loaned; and

(2) the Administration will no longer need such property.

TITLE II—NATIONAL COMMISSION ON SPACE

PURPOSE

Sec. 201. It is the purpose of this title to establish a National Commission on Space that will assist the United States-

(1) to define the long-range needs of the Nation that may be fulfilled through the peaceful uses of outer space;

(2) to maintain the Nation's preeminence in space science, technology, and applications;
(3) to promote the peaceful exploration and utilization of the

space environment; and

(4) to articulate goals and develop options for the future direction of the Nation's civilian space program.

FINDINGS

Sec. 202. The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the lead civilian space agency, as established in the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, as amended, has conducted a space program that has been an unparalleled success, providing significant economic, social, scientific, and national security benefits, and helping to maintain international stability and

(2) the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), has provided the policy framework for achieving this success, and continues to be a sound

statutory basis for national efforts in space;

(3) the United States is entering a new era of international competition and cooperation in space, and therefore this Nation must strengthen the commitment of its public and private technical, financial, and institutional resources, so that the United States will not lose its leadership position during this decade;

(4) while there continues to be a crucial Government role in space science, advanced research and development, provision of public goods and services and coordination of national and international efforts, advances in applications of space technology have raised many issues regarding public and private sector roles and relationships in technology development, applications, and marketing;

(5) the private sector will continue to evolve as a major participant in the utilization of the space environment;

(6) the Nation is committed to a permanently manned space station in low Earth orbit, and future national efforts in space will benefit from the presence of such a station;
(7) the separation of the civilian and military space programs

is essential to ensure the continued health and vitality of both;

(8) the identification of long range goals and policy options for the United States civilian space program through a high level,

42 USC 2451

42 USC 2451

Congress. 42 USC 2451 note.

representational public forum will assist the President and Congress in formulating future policies for the United States civilian space program.

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON SPACE

President of U.S. 42 USC 2451 note. Sec. 203. (a)(1) The President shall within ninety days of the enactment of this Act establish a National Commission on Space (hereinafter in this title referred to as the "Commission"), which shall be composed of 15 members appointed by the President. The members appointed under this subsection shall be selected from among individuals from Federal, State, and local governments, industry, business, labor, academia, and the general population who, by reason of their background, education training, or experience, possess expertise in scientific and technological pursuits, as well as the use and implications of the use of such pursuits. Of the fifteen members appointed, not more than three members may be employees of the Federal Government. The President shall designate one of the members of the Commission appointed under this subsection to serve as Chairman, and one of the members to serve as Vice Chairman. The Vice Chairman shall perform the functions of the Chairman in the Chairman's absence.

(2) Members appointed by the President under paragraph (1) of this subsection may be paid at a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code, for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule for each day, including traveltime, during which such members are engaged in the actual performance of the duties of the Commission. While away from their homes or regular places of business, such members may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in the Government service are allowed under section 5703 of title 5, United States Code. Individuals who are not officers or employees of the United States and who are members of the Commission shall not be considered officers or employees of the United States by reason of receiving payments

under this paragraph.

(b)(1) The President shall appoint one individual from each of the following Federal departments and agencies to serve as ex officionadvisory, non-voting members of the Commission (if such department or agency does not already have a member appointed to the Commission pursuant to subsection (a)(1)):

(A) National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

- (B) Department of State.(C) Department of Defense.
- (D) Department of Transportation.
- (E) Department of Commerce.
- (F) Department of Agriculture. (G) Department of the Interior.
- (H) National Science Foundation.

Congress.

(1) Office of Science and Technology Policy.
(2) The President of the Senate shall appoint two advisory members of the Commission from among the Members of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint two advisory members of the Commission from among the Members of the House of Representatives. Such members shall not participate,

except in an advisory capacity, in the formulation of the findings

and recommendations of the Commission.

(3) Members of the Commission appointed under this subsection shall not be entitled to receive compensation for service relating to the performance of the duties of the Commission, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for travel expenses incurred while in the actual performance of the duties of the Commission.

(c) The Commission shall appoint and fix the compensation of such personnel as it deems advisable. The Chairman of the Commission

shall be responsible for-

(1) the assignment of duties and responsibilities among such

personnel and their continuing supervision; and

(2) the use and expenditures of funds available to the Commission.

In carrying out the provisions of this subsection, the Chairman shall act in accordance with the general policies of the Commission.

- (d) To the extent permitted by law, the Commission may secure directly from any executive department, agency, or independent instrumentality of the Federal Government any information it deems necessary to carry out its functions under this Act. Each such department, agency, and instrumentality shall cooperate with the Commission and, to the extent permitted by law and upon request of the Chairman of the Commission, furnish such information to the Commission.
- (e) The Commission may hold hearings, receive public comment and testimony, initiate surveys, and undertake other appropriate activities to gather the information necessary to carry out its activities under section 204 of this title.

(f) The Commission shall cease to exist sixty days after it has submitted the plan required by section 204(c) of this title.

Expiration date.

FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION

Sec. 204. (a) The Commission shall study existing and proposed space activities and formulate an agenda for the United States civilian space program. The Commission shall identify long range goals, opportunities, and policy options for United States civilian space activity for the next twenty years. In carrying out this responsibility, the Commission shall take into consideration—

(1) the commitment by the Nation to a permanently manned

space station in low Earth orbit;

(2) present and future scientific, economic, social, environmental, and foreign policy needs of the United States, and methods by which space science, technology, and applications initiatives might address those needs;

(3) the adequacy of the Nation's public and private capability

in fulfilling the needs identified in paragraph (2);

(4) how a cooperative interchange between Federal agencies on research and technology development programs can benefit the civilian space program;

(5) opportunities for, and constraints on, the use of outer space toward the achievement of Federal program objectives or

national needs;

(6) current and emerging issues and concerns that may arise through the utilization of space research, technology development, and applications; 42 USC 2451 note.

98 STAT, 430

(7) the Commission shall analyze the findings of the reviews specified in paragraphs (1) through (6) of this subsection, and develop options and recommendations for a long range national

civilian space policy plan.

(b) Options and recommendations submitted in accordance with subsection (a)(7) of this section shall include, to the extent appropriate, an estimate of costs and time schedules, institutional requirements, and statutory modifications necessary for implementation of

such options and recommendations.

Civilian space activity plan.

(c) Within twelve months after the date of the establishment of the Commission, the Commission shall submit to the President and to the Committee on Commerce, Science and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives, a long range plan for United States civilian space activity incorporating the results of the studies conducted under this section, together with recommendations for such legislation as the Commission determines to be appropriate.

Approved July 16, 1984.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY-H.R. 5154:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 98-629 (Comm. on Science and Technology) and No. 98-873

⁽Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORT No. 98-455 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 130 (1984):

Mar. 28, considered and passed House.

June 21, considered and passed Senate, amended.

June 27, Senate agreed to conference report.

Lyne 28, House agreed to conference report.

June 28, House agreed to conference report.

WASHINGTON

October 30, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR LYNN PIROZZOLI

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

FROM:

JOHN G. ROBERTS

ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT:

Sample Executive Orders/Proclamations

As we discussed, I am sending over some sample executive orders and proclamations that might be useful as you proceed with your plans for a conservation award program. As I mentioned when we talked, you should contact John Cooney of the Office of Management and Budget General Counsel's office concerning the clearance process for executive orders and proclamations.

Please let me know if I can be of any further assistance.

Attachments