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DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of Foreign Assets Control

31 C.F.R. Part 550

Libyan Sanctions Regulations

AGENCY: Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of the Treasury

ACTION: Final Rule

SUMMARY: On January 7, 1986, the President issued Executive Order 12543 declaring a national emergency with respect to Libya, invoking the authority, inter alia, of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), ordering specified sanctions against Libya, and authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to take such actions, including the promulgation of rules and regulations, as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Order. In implementation of that Order, the Treasury Department is issuing the Libyan Sanctions Regulations. These Regulations generally prohibit: (a) imports into the United States of goods or services of Libyan origin; (b) exports to Libya from the United States of goods, technology or services; (c) transactions by a U.S. person relating to transportation to or from Libya; transportation services to or from the United States by Libyan

persons, vessels, or aircraft; or the sale in the United States by any person holding authority under the Federal Aviation Act of any transportation by air which includes any stop in Libya; (d) purchase by any U.S. person of goods for export from Libya to any country; (e) performance by U.S. persons of contracts in support of projects in Libya; (f) credits or loans by U.S. persons to the Government of Libya; and (g) transactions by U.S. persons relating to travel by U.S. citizens and permanent resident aliens to Libya or their activities within Libya.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 8:06 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, January 7, 1986, and 12:01 a.m. Eastern Standard Time, February 1, 1986. (See Supplementary Information).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Contact Dennis M. O'Connell, Director, Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of the Treasury, Washington, D.C. 20220, Tel. (202) 376-0395.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Since the Regulations involve a foreign affairs function, the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553, requiring notice of proposed rulemaking, opportunity for public participation, and delay in effective date, are inapplicable. Because no notice of proposed rulemaking is required for this rule, the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq., does not apply. Because the Regulations are issued with respect to a foreign affairs function of the United States, they are not subject to Executive Order 12291

of February 17, 1981, dealing with Federal regulations. The information collection requests contained in this document are being submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq. Notice of OMB action on these requests will be published in the Federal Register.

The prohibitions set forth in Sections 550.201, 550,202, 550.203, 550.204, and 550.205 are effective as of 12:01 a.m.

Eastern Standard Time, February 1, 1986. The prohibitions set forth in Sections 550.206 and 550.207 are effective as of 8:06 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, January 7, 1986.

List of Subjects in 31 C.F.R. Part 550: Libya, Imports, Exports, Loans, Penalties, Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements.

### DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

#### Office of Foreign Assets Control

#### 31 C.F.R. Part 550

#### Libyan Sanctions Regulations

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Subpart I -- Miscellaneous Provisions [Reserved]

Subpart A -- Relation of this Part to other Laws and Regulations

Section 550.101 Relation of this part to other laws and regulations.

- (a) This part is independent of Parts 500, 505, 515, 520, 535, 540, and 545 of this chapter. Those parts do not relate to Libya. No license or authorization contained in or issued pursuant to those other parts authorizes any transaction prohibited by this part. In addition, licenses or authorizations contained in or issued pursuant to any other provision of law or regulations do not authorize any transaction prohibited by this part.
- (b) No license or authorization contained in or issued pursuant to this part relieves the involved parties from complying with any other applicable laws or regulations. In particular, no license or authorization contained in or issued pursuant to this part authorizes the importation of petroleum products which would be banned by Presidential Proclamation 5141 of December 22, 1983 or Executive Order 12538 of November 15, 1985.

Subpart B -- Prohibitions

Section 550.201 Prohibited imports of goods or services from Libya.

Except as authorized, no goods or services of Libyan origin, other than publications and materials imported for news publication or news broadcast dissemination, may be imported into the United States.

Section 550.202 Prohibited exports of goods, technology or services to Libya.

Except as authorized, no goods, technology (including technical data or other information) or services may be exported to Libya from the United States, except publications and donated articles intended to relieve human suffering, such as food, clothing, medicine and medical supplies intended strictly for medical purposes.

Section 550.203 Prohibited transportation-related transactions.

Except as authorized, the following are prohibited:

(a) Any transaction by a United States person relating to transportation to or from Libya;

- (b) The provision of transportation to or from the United States by any Libyan person or any vessel or aircraft of Libyan registration; or
- (c) The sale in the United States by any person holding authority under the Federal Aviation Act of any transportation by air which includes any stop in Libya.

Section 550.204 Prohibited purchases of goods from Libya.

Except as authorized, no U.S. person may purchase goods for export from Libya to any other country.

Section 550.205 Prohibited engagement in contracts.

Except as authorized, no U.S. person may perform in any contract in support of an industrial or other commercial or governmental project in Libya.

Section 550.206 Prohibited grants or extensions of credits or loans.

Except as authorized, no U.S. person may grant or extend credits or loans to the Government of Libya.

Section 550.207 Prohibited transactions relating to travel to
Libya or to activities within Libya.

Except as authorized, no U.S. person may engage in any transaction relating to travel by any U.S. citizen or permanent resident alien to Libya, or to activities by any U.S. citizen or permanent resident alien within Libya, after the effective date, other than transactions: (1) necessary to effect the departure of a U.S. citizen or permanent resident alien from Libya; (2) relating to travel to, from, or within Libya prior to February 1, 1986 to perform acts prohibited by Sections 550.201, 550.202, 550.203, 550.204, or 550.205 after that date; or (3) relating to journalistic activity by persons regularly employed in such capacity by a newsgathering organization. This section prohibits the unauthorized payment by a U.S. person of his own travel or living expenses to or within Libya.

Section 550.208 Evasions.

Any transaction for the purpose of, or which has the effect of, evading or avoiding any of the prohibitions set forth in this subpart is hereby prohibited.

Section 550.209 Effect of transfers violating the provisions of this part.

Any transfer of property or transaction in violation of this part is null and void.

Subpart C -- Definitions

Section 550.301 Effective date.

The "effective date" means 12:01 a.m. Eastern Standard Time, February 1, 1986, with respect to the transactions prohibited by Sections 550.201, 550.202, 550.203, 550.204 and 550.205; and 8:06 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, January 7, 1986, with respect to transactions prohibited by Sections 550.206 and 550.207.

Section 550.302 Libya; Libyan.

The term "Libya" means the country of Libya and any Libyan territory, dependency, colony, protectorate, mandate, dominion, possession or place subject to the jurisdiction thereof. The term "Libyan" means pertaining to Libya as defined in this section.

Section 550.303 Libyan origin.

The term "goods or services of Libyan origin" includes:

- (a) Goods produced, manufactured, grown, or processed within Libya;
  - (b) Goods which have entered into Libyan commerce;

(c) Services performed in Libya or by a Libyan national who is acting as an agent, employee, or contractor of the Government of Libya, or of a business entity located in Libya. Services of Libyan origin are not imported into the United States when such services are provided in the United States by a Libyan national who, during indefinite residency in the United States, works as, for example, a teacher, athlete, restaurant or domestic worker, or a person employed in any other regular occupation.

Section 550.304 Government of Libya.

- (a) The "Government of Libya" includes:
- (1) The state and the Government of Libya as well as any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof;
- (2) Any partnership, association, corporation, or other organization substantially owned or controlled by the foregoing;
- (3) Any person to the extent that such person is, or has been, or to the extent that there is reasonable cause to believe that such person is, or has been, since the effective date acting or purporting to act directly or indirectly on behalf of any of the foregoing;

- (4) Any other person or organization determined by the Secretary of the Treasury to be included within paragraph (a) hereof.
- (b) A person specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section shall not be deemed to fall within the definition of Government of Libya solely by reason of being located in, organized under the laws of, or having its principal place of business in, Libya.

Section 550.305 Libyan person.

The term "Libyan person" means any Libyan citizen, any juridical person organized under the laws or Libya, or any juridical person owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by a Libyan citizen or the Government of Libya.

Section 550.306 Person.

The term "person" means an individual, partnership, association, corporation or other organization.

Section 550.307 United States.

The term "United States" means the United States and all areas under the jurisdiction or authority thereof.

Section 550.308 United States person.

The term "United States person" or, as abbreviated, "U.S. person," means any United States citizen, permanent resident alien, juridical person organized under the laws of the United States, or any person in the United States.

Section 550.309 License.

Except as otherwise specified, the term "license" shall mean any license or authorization contained in or issued pursuant to this part.

Section 550.310 General license.

A general license is any license or authorization the terms of which are set forth in this part.

Section 550.311 Specific license.

A specific license is any license or authorization issued pursuant to this part but not set forth in this part.

Section 550.312 Credits or loans.

The term "credits" or "loans" means any transfer or extension of funds or credit on the basis of an obligation to repay,

or any assumption or guarantee of the obligation of another to repay an extension of funds or credit. The term "credits" or "loans" includes, but is not limited to: overdrafts; currency swaps; purchases of debt securities issued by the Government of Libya after January 7, 1986; purchases of a loan made by another person; sales of financial assets subject to an agreement to repurchase; renewals or refinancings whereby funds or credits are transferred to or extended to the Government of Libya; and draw-downs on existing lines of credit.

Subpart D-- Interpretations

Section 550.401 Reference to amended sections.

Reference to any section of this part or to any regulation, ruling, order, instruction, direction or license issued pursuant to this part shall be deemed to refer to the same as currently amended unless otherwise so specified.

Section 550.402 Effect of amendment of sections of this part or of other orders, etc.

Any amendment, modification, or revocation of any section of this part or of any order, regulation, ruling, instruction, or license issued by or under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 203 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act shall not, unless otherwise specifically

provided, be deemed to affect any act done or omitted to be done, or any suit or proceeding had or commenced in any civil or criminal case prior to such amendment, modification, or revocation, and all penalties, forfeitures, and liabilities under any such order, regulation, ruling, instruction or license shall continue and may be enforced as if such amendment, modification, or revocation had not been made.

Section 550.403 Extensions of credits or loans to Libya.

- (a) The prohibition in Section 550.205 applies to the unlicensed renewal of credits or loans in existence on the effective date.
- (b) The prohibition in Section 550.205 applies to credits or loans extended in any currency.

# Section 550.404 Import and export of goods in transit before the effective date.

- (a) Section 550.201 does not apply to goods:
- (1) If imported by vessel, where the vessel arrives within the limits of a port in the United States prior to the effective date with the intent to unlade such goods; or (2) if imported other than by vessel, where the goods arrive within the Customs territory of the United States before the effective date.

- (b) Section 550.202 does not apply to goods:
- (1) If exported by vessel or airline, where the goods are laden on board before the effective date; or (2) if exported other than by vessel or airplane, where the goods have left the United States before the effective date.
- (c) Payments relating to goods described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section are authorized, even when such related payments occur after the effective date.

Section 550.405 Payments in connection with certain authorized transactions.

Payments are authorized in connection with transactions authorized under subpart E.

Section 550.406 Offshore transactions.

- (a) The prohibitions contained in Section 550.201 do not apply to the importation into locations outside the United States of goods or services of Libyan origin.
- (b) The prohibitions contained in Section 550.202 do not apply to the export of goods to or destined for Libya from locations outside the United States. Such exports, however, may require authorization from the Department of Commerce under the Export Administration Regulations, 15 C.F.R. Parts 370-399.

# Section 550.407 Transshipment through the United States prohibited.

- (a) The prohibitions in Section 550.202 apply to the import into the United States, for transshipment or transit, of goods which are intended or destined for Libya.
- (b) The prohibitions in Sections 550.201 apply to the import into the United States, for transshipment or transit, of goods of Libyan origin which are intended or destined for third countries.

#### Section 550.408 Imports from third countries; transshipments.

- (a) Imports into the United States from third countries of goods containing raw materials or components of Libyan origin are not prohibited if those raw materials or components have been incorporated into manufactured products or otherwise substantially transformed in a third country.
- (b) Imports into the United States of goods of Libyan origin which have been transshipped through a third country without being incorporated into manufactured products or otherwise substantially transformed in a third country are prohibited.

Section 550.409 Exports to third countries; transshipments.

- (a) Exports from the United States to third countries of goods to be incorporated into products for re-export to Libya are not prohibited where the exporter has reasonable cause to believe (1) that the goods will be incorporated into manufactured products or otherwise substantially transformed before shipment to Libya, or (2) that the goods will come to rest in a third country for purposes other than reshipment to Libya, e.g., for purposes of restocking the inventory of a distributer.
- (b) Exports from the United States to third countries are prohibited where the exporter has reason to believe that the goods will be transshipped to Libya without being incorporated into manufactured products or otherwise substantially transformed in a third country.

Section 550.410 Release from bonded warehouse or foreign trade zone.

Section 550.201 does not prohibit the release from a bonded warehouse or a foreign trade zone of goods of Libyan origin imported into a bonded warehouse or a foreign trade zone prior to the effective date.

Section 550.411 Publications.

For purposes of this part, publications include books, newspapers, magazines, films, phonograph records, tape recordings, photographs, microfilm, microfiche, and posters, including items described in the following:

- (1) 15 CFR 399.1, Control List, Group 5, CL No. 75991: microfilm that reproduces the content of certain publications, and similar materials.
- (2) 15 CFR 399.1, Control List, Group 9, CL No. 79991: certain publications and related materials.
- Subpart E -- Licenses, Authorizations, and Statements of Licensing Policy

Section 550.501 Effect of license or authorization.

(a) No license or other authorization contained in this part, or otherwise issued by or under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 203 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, shall be deemed to authorize or validate any transaction effected prior to the issuance of the license, unless such license or other authorization specifically so provides.

- (b) No regulation, ruling, instruction, or license authorizes a transaction prohibited under this part unless the regulation, ruling, instruction, or license is issued by the Treasury Department and specifically refers to this part. No regulation, ruling, instruction, or license referring to this part shall be deemed to authorize any transactions prohibited by any provision of Parts 500, 505, 515, 520, 535, 540, or 545 of this chapter unless the regulation, ruling, instruction or license specifically refers to such provision.
- (c) Any regulation, ruling, instruction, or license authorizing a transaction otherwise prohibited under this part has the effect of removing a prohibition or prohibitions in Subpart B from the transaction, but only to the extent specifically stated by its terms. Unless the regulation, ruling, instruction, or license otherwise specifies, such an authorization does not create any right, duty, obligation, claim, or interest in, or with respect to, any property which would not otherwise exist under ordinary principles of law.

Section 550.502 Exclusion from licenses and authorizations.

The Secretary of the Treasury reserves the right to exclude any person or property from the operation of any license or to restrict the applicability thereof to any person or property. Such action shall be binding upon all persons receiving actual or constructive notice thereof.

Section 550.503 Imports pursuant to Executive Order 12538.

Petroleum products loaded aboard maritime vessels at any time prior to November 17, 1985 may be imported into the United States if such importation would be permitted pursuant to Executive Order 12538 of November 15, 1985 (50 Fed.Reg. 47527).

Section 550.504 Certain exports authorized.

All transactions ordinarily incident to the exportation of any item, commodity, or product from the United States to or destined for Libya are authorized if such exports are authorized under one or more of the following regulations administered by the Department of Commerce:

- (a) 15 CFR 371.6, General license BAGGAGE: accompanied and unaccompanied baggage;
- (b) 15 CFR 371.13, General license GUS: shipments to personnel and agencies of the U.S. Government;
- (c) 15 CFR 371.18, General license GIFT: shipments of gift parcels;
- (d) 15 CFR 379.3, General license GTDA: technical data available to all destinations.

Section 550.505 Certain imports for diplomatic or official personnel authorized.

All transactions ordinarily incident to the importation of any goods or services into the United States from Libya are authorized if such imports are destined for official or personal use by personnel employed by Libyan missions to international organizations located in the United States, and such imports are not for resale.

Section 550.506 Certain services relating to participation in various events authorized.

The importation of services of Libyan origin into the United States is authorized where a Libyan national enters the United States on a visa issued by the State Department for the purpose of participating in a public conference, performance, exhibition or similar event.

Section 550.507 Import of publications authorized.

The importation into the United States is authorized of all Libyan publications as defined in Section 550.411.

Section 550.508 Import of certain gifts authorized.

The importation into the United States is authorized for goods of Libyan origin sent as gifts to persons in the United States where the value of the gift is not more than \$100.

Section 550.509 Import of accompanied baggage authorized.

Persons entering the United States directly or indirectly from Libya are authorized to import into the United States personal accompanied baggage normally incident to travel.

Section 550.510 <u>Telecommunications and mail transactions</u> authorized.

All transactions of common carriers incident to the receipt or transmission of telecommunications and mail between the United States and Libya are authorized.

Subpart F -- Reports

Section 550.601 Required records.

Every person engaging in any transaction subject to this part shall keep a full and accurate record of each transaction in which he engages, including any transaction effected pursuant to license or otherwise, and such records shall be available for examination for at least two years after the date of such transaction.

Section 550.602 Reports to be furnished on demand.

Every person is required to furnish under oath, in the form of reports or otherwise, at any time as may be required, complete information relative to any transaction subject to this part, regardless of whether such transaction is effected pursuant to license or otherwise. Such reports may be required to include the production of any books of account, contracts, letters, and other papers connected with any transaction in the custody or control of the persons required to make such reports. Reports with respect to transactions may be required either before or after such transactions are completed. The Secretary of the Treasury may, through any person or agency, conduct investigations, hold hearings, administer oaths, examine witnesses, receive evidence, take depositions, and require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of all books, papers, and documents relating to any matter under investigation.

Subpart G -- Penalties

Section 550.701 Penalties.

(a) Attention is directed to section 206 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1705, which provides in part:

A civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 may be imposed on any person who violates any license, order, or regulation issued under this title.

Whoever willfully violates any license, order, or regulation issued under this title shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$50,000, or, if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or both; and any officer, director, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violation may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both.

This section of the International Emergency Economic Powers

Act is applicable to violations of any provision of this part and
to violations of the provisions of any license, ruling, regulation, order, direction, or instruction issued by or pursuant to
the direction or authorization of the Secretary of the Treasury
pursuant to this part or otherwise under the International
Emergency Economic Powers Act.

(b) Attention is also directed to 18 U.S.C. 1001, which provides:

Whoever, in any matter within the jurisdiction of any department or agency of the United States knowingly and willfully falsifies, conceals or covers up by any trick, scheme, or device a material fact, or makes any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representation or makes or uses any false writing or document knowing the same to contain any false, fictitious or fraudulent statement or entry, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

(c) Violations of this part may also be subject to relevant provisions of the Customs laws and other applicable laws.

Section 550.702 Detention of shipments.

Import shipments into the United States of goods of Libyan origin in violation of Section 550.201 and export shipments from the United States of goods destined for Libya in violation of Section 550.202 shall be detained. No such import or export shall be permitted to proceed, except as specifically authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury. Such shipments shall be subject to licensing, penalties or forfeiture action, under the Customs laws or other applicable provision of law, depending on the circumstances.

Subpart H -- Procedures

Section 550.801 Licensing.

- (a) General licenses. General licenses have been issued authorizing under appropriate terms and conditions certain types of transactions which are subject to the prohibitions contained in Subpart B of this part. All such licenses are set forth in Subpart E of this part. It is the policy of the Office of Foreign Assets Control not to grant applications for specific licenses authorizing transactions to which the provisions of an outstanding general license are applicable. Persons availing themselves of certain general licenses may be required to file reports and statements in accordance with the instructions specified in those licenses.
- (b) Specific licenses—(1) General course of procedure.

  Transactions subject to the prohibitions contained in Subpart B of this part which are not authorized by general license may be effected only under specific licenses. The specific licensing activities of the Office of Foreign Assets Control are performed by its Washington office and by the Foreign Assets Control Division of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.
- (2) Applications for specific licenses. Applications for specific licenses to engage in any transaction prohibited under this part are to be filed in duplicate with the Federal Reserve

Bank of New York, Foreign Assets Control Division, 33 Liberty Street, New York, NY 10045. Any person having an interest in a transaction or proposed transaction may file an application for a license authorizing such transaction, and there is no requirement that any other person having an interest in such transaction shall or should join in making or filing such application.

- (3) Information to be supplied. The applicant must supply all information specified by the respective forms and instructions. Such documents as may be relevant shall be attached to each application except that documents previously filed with the Office of Foreign Assets Control may, where appropriate, be incorporated by reference. Applicants may be required to furnish such further information as is deemed necessary to a proper determination by the Office of Foreign Assets Control. Failure to furnish necessary information will not be excused because of any provision of Libyan law. If an applicant or other party in interest desires to present additional information or discuss or argue the application, he may do so at any time before or after decision. Arrangements for oral presentation should be made with the Office of Foreign Assets Control.
- (4) Effect of denial. The denial of a license does not preclude the reopening of an application or the filing of a further application. The applicant or any other party in

interest may at any time request explanation of the reasons for a denial by correspondence or personal interview.

- (5) Reports under specific licenses. As a condition of the issuance of any license, the licensee may be required to file reports with respect to the transaction covered by the license, in such form and at such times and places as may be prescribed in the license or otherwise.
- (6) <u>Issuance of license</u>. Licenses will be issued by the Office of Foreign Assets Control acting on behalf of the Secretary of the Treasury or by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, acting in accordance with such regulations, rulings, and instructions as the Secretary of the Treasury or the Office of Foreign Assets Control may from time to time prescribe, or licenses may be issued by the Secretary of the Treasury acting directly or through a designated person, agency, or instrumentality.

Section 550.802 Decisions.

The Office of Foreign Assets Control or the Federal Reserve
Bank of New York will advise each applicant of the decision
respecting filed applications. The decision of the Office of
Foreign Assets Control with respect to an application shall
constitute a final agency action.

Section 550.803 Amendment, modification, or revocation.

The provisions of this part and any rulings, licenses, authorizations, instructions, orders or forms issued hereunder may be amended, modified, or revoked at any time.

Section 550.804 Rulemaking.

(a) All rules and other public documents are issued by the Secretary of the Treasury upon recommendation of the Director of the Office of Foreign Assets Control. Except to the extent that there is involved any military, naval, or foreign affairs function of the United States or any matter relating to agency management or personnel or to public property, loans, grants, benefits, or contracts, and except when interpretive rules, general statements of policy, or rules of agency organization, practice, or procedure are involved, or when notice and public procedure are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest, interested persons will be afforded an opportunity to participate in rulemaking through the submission of written data, views, or arguments, with oral presentation at the discretion of the Director. In general, rulemaking by the Office of Foreign Assets Control involves foreign affairs functions of the United States. Wherever possible, however, it is the practice to hold informal consultations with interested groups or persons before the issuance of any rule or other public document.

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(b) Any interested person may petition the Director of the Office of Foreign Assets Control in writing for the issuance, amendment or revocation of any rule.

Section 550.805 Delegation by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Any action which the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to take pursuant to Executive Order 12543 may be taken by the Director of the Office of Foreign Assets Control, or by any other person to whom the Secretary of the Treasury has delegated authority so to act.

Section 550.806 Rules governing availability of information.

- (a) The records of the Office of Foreign Assets Control which are required by 5 U.S.C. 552 to be made available to the public shall be made available in accordance with the definitions, procedures, payment of fees, and other provisions of the regulations on the disclosure of records of the Office of the Secretary and of other bureaus and offices of the Department issued under 5 U.S.C. 552 and published as part 1 of this Title 31 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (b) Any form issued for use in connection with this part may be obtained in person from or by writing to the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Treasury Department, Washington, D.C. 20220, or

the Foreign Assets Control Division, Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 33 Liberty Street, New York, NY 10045.

Section 550.807 Customs procedures: merchandise specified in Section 550.201.

- (a) With respect to merchandise specified in Section 550.201, appropriate Customs officers shall not accept or allow any:
- (1) Entry for consumption or warehousing (including any appraisement entry, any entry of goods imported in the mails, regardless of value, and any informal entry);
  - (2) Entry for immediate exportation;
  - (3) Entry for transportation and exportation;
  - (4) Entry for immediate transportation;
  - (5) Withdrawal from warehouse;
- (6) Entry, transfer or withdrawal from a foreign trade zone; or

- (7) Manipulation or manufacture in a warehouse or in a foreign trade zone, unless:
- (i) The merchandise was imported prior to 12:01 a.m., Eastern Standard Time, February 1, 1986, or
- (ii) A specific license pursuant to this part is presented, or
- (iii) Instructions from the Office of Foreign Assets Control, either directly or through the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, authorizing the transaction are received.
- (b) Whenever a specific license is presented to an appropriate Customs officer in accordance with this section, one additional legible copy of the entry, withdrawal or other appropriate document with respect to the merchandise involved shall be filed with the appropriate Customs officers at the port where the transaction is to take place. Each copy of any such entry, withdrawal or other appropriate document, including the additional copy, shall bear plainly on its face the number of the license pursuant to which it is filed. The original copy of the specific license shall be presented to the appropriate Customs officers in respect of each such transaction and shall bear a notation in ink by the licensee or person presenting the license showing the description, quantity and value of the merchandise to

be entered, withdrawn or otherwise dealt with. This notation shall be so placed and so written that there will exist no possiblity of confusing it with anything placed on the license at the time of its issuance. If the license in fact authorizes the entry, withdrawal or other transaction with regard to the merchandise, the appropriate Customs officer, or other authorized Customs employee, shall verify the notation by signing or initialing it after first assuring himself that it accurately describes the merchandise it purports to represent. The license shall thereafter be returned to the person presenting it and the additional copy of the entry, withdrawal or other appropriate document shall be forwarded by the appropriate Customs officer to the Office of Foreign Assets Control.

(c) If it is unclear whether an entry, withdrawal or other action affected by this section requires a specific Foreign Assets Control license, the appropriate Customs officer shall withhold action thereon and shall advise such person to communicate directly with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, Foreign Assets Control Division, 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045 to request that instructions be sent to the Customs officer to authorize him to take action with regard thereto.

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### Subpart I -- Miscellaneous [Reserved]

Dated:

January 8, 1986

Dennis M. O'Connell

Director

Office of Foreign Assets Control

Approved:

abvery 8 , 1986

Francis A. Keating II

Assistant Secretary

(Enforcement & Operations)

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