

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual collections.

Collection: Roberts, John G.: Files
Folder Title: JGR/Peace Institute
(1 of 2)
Box: 36

To see more digitized collections visit:

<https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library inventories visit:

<https://reaganlibrary.gov/document-collection>

Contact a reference archivist at: reagan.library@nara.gov

Citation Guidelines: <https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing>

National Archives Catalogue: <https://catalog.archives.gov/>

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name

Withdrawer

File Folder JGR/PEACE INSTITUTE (1 OF 2)

MJD 8/30/2005

Box Number 36

FOIA

F05-139/01

COOK

36MJD

DOC NO	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions	
1	MEMO	JOHN ROBERTS TO FRED FIELDING RE U.S. INSTITUTE FOR PEACE (PARTIAL)	5	6/28/1985	B6	1002
2	MEMO	JOHN ROBERTS TO FRED FIELDING/RICHARD HAUSER RE INSTITUTE OF PEACE (PARTIAL)	2	7/18/1985	B6	1005

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

E.O. 13233

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Date: 11/14

TO: _____

FROM: **C. DEAN McGRATH, Jr.**
Associate Counsel
to the President

*This file should be
returned to Central Files.
for filing w/ John Roberts
records.*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 8, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT TUTTLE
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, PRESIDENTIAL PERSONNEL

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING ^{F3/RAH}
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: U.S. Institute of Peace

Pursuant to 22 U.S.C. § 4605, the powers of the new U.S. Institute of Peace are vested in a Board of Directors. The Board is to consist of 15 members: four specified officers of the U.S. Government (or their designees) and eleven individuals nominated by the President who are not Federal officers or employees. Of the 15, no more than eight may be members of the same political party. Nominations were to have been submitted by April 20, 1985.

The Administration has proposed legislation to amend these provisions, increasing the number of ex officio members to five, reducing the number of nominated individuals from outside the Federal Government to ten, and applying the bipartisanship requirement only to those ten. I am advised that there is little reason to suppose that the Administration bill will pass any time soon, if at all. Since we are already in violation of the statute because of our failure to submit nominations by April 20, it is my view that we should submit a list of nominees consistent with existing law. Since the bipartisanship requirement applies, under existing law, to all 15 members of the Board, it will be necessary to determine who will be filling the four ex officio slots, and their party affiliations. If the current list of eleven nominees from outside the Government is to go forward, no more than two of the four ex officio members (or designees) may be Republicans.

FFP:JGR:aea 5/8/85

cc: FFFielding
JGRoberts
Subj
Chron

Before we can clear these nominees, then, it will be necessary to determine the party affiliations of the ex officio members, or the designees who will serve in their place. I assume Democrats or Independents in PAS positions can be found at State, Defense, and ACDA, and if at least two are designated to serve on the Board the current list of nominees can go forward. It is unusual to be worrying about the political affiliations of ex officio members, but the existing statute requires this. The proposed bill would delete this requirement, but I do not think we can wait for it to pass (if in fact it ever does).

Attachment

WASHINGTON

May 8, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS 

SUBJECT: U.S. Institute of Peace

The U.S. Institute of Peace was established by Title 17 of Public Law 98-525, the Department of Defense Authorization Act for 1985. Pursuant to Section 1706 of that Act, codified at 22 U.S.C. § 4605, the powers of the Institute are vested in a Board of Directors. The Board consists of the Secretary of State (or another State PAS designated by the Secretary), the Secretary of Defense (or another Defense PAS designated by the Secretary), the Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (or another ACDA PAS designated by the Director), the president of the National Defense University (or the vice president, if the president so designates), and eleven individuals, appointed by the President, who are not U.S. Government officers or employees. Of the 15 Board members, no more than eight may be of the same political party. Pursuant to Section 1706(e)(3), the President was to have submitted the names of the eleven nominees no later than April 20, 1985. The law was enacted on October 19, 1984, so this deadline was not unreasonable.

In the meantime, however, OMB has cleared and submitted to the Hill a bill to amend the provisions governing the Institute Board of Directors. Under the Administration proposal, another ex officio member would be added -- the Director of the Foreign Service Institute (or the Deputy Director, if designated by the Director). The number of Directors nominated by the President would be reduced to ten, and the bipartisanship requirement would apply only to those ten. I.e., under the proposed bill no more than five of the ten nominated members may be of the President's party, while under the existing statute no more than eight of all 15 members (including those serving ex officio) may be of the same political party.

Presidential Personnel has submitted a list of eleven prospective nominees, six Republicans and five Democrats. This means that, to comply with existing law, no more than two of the four ex officio members (or designees) may be Republicans. Since we are already violating the law by not having submitted nominations by April 20, I think we must form the Board under existing law and not delay any further in the hope that new legislation will pass.

UNITED STATES INSTITUTE OF PEACE,
BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE

Independent
(Non-profit Corporation)

AUTHORITY: P.L. 98-525, Title XVII, Sec. 1706, October 19, 1984

METHOD: Nominated to the Senate and see below

MEMBERS: SIXTEEN, as follows:

The president of the United States Institute of Peace, nonvoting, ex officio (who is appointed by the voting members of the Board of Directors), and

Fifteen voting members, as follows:

The Secretary of State, or designee,
The Secretary of Defense, or designee,
The Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, or designee

(in each case above, the designee must be an officer of that Department or Agency who was appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate),

The president of the National Defense University (or if that president so designates, the vice president of the university), and

Eleven appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, none of whom may be officers or employees of the United States Government, and each of whom have appropriate practical or academic experience in peace and conflict resolution efforts of the United States.

No more than eight of the 15 voting members of the Board may be members of the same political party.
(Bi-partisan)

No member of the Board may participate in any decision, action, or recommendation with respect to any matter which directly and financially benefits the member or pertains specifically to

PAGE TWO

UNITED STATES INSTITUTE OF PEACE, (Cont'd.)
BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE

Independent
 (Non-profit Corporation)

MEMBERS:
 (Continued)

any public body or any private or nonprofit firm or organization with which the member is then formally associated or has been formally associated within a period of two years, except that this shall not be construed to prohibit an ex officio member from participation in actions of the Board which pertain specifically to the public body of which that member is an officer.

An appointed member of the Board may be removed by the President: (a) in consultation with the Board, for conviction of a felony, malfeasance in office, persistent neglect of duties, or inability to discharge duties; (b) upon the recommendation of eight voting members of the Board; or (c) upon the recommendation of majority of the members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and a majority of the members of the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate. A recommendation made in accordance with (b) may be made only pursuant to action taken at a meeting of the Board. (See attached Statement by the President and comments by the Department of Justice regarding this removal power.)

CHAIRMAN AND
VICE CHAIRMAN:

The President shall stipulate by name the nominee who shall be the first Chairman and who shall serve for a term of three years. Thereafter, the Board shall elect a Chairman every three years from among the eleven non-governmental members of the Board and may elect a Vice Chairman if so provided by the Institute's bylaws.

TERM:

FOUR YEARS, except that the term of six of the members initially appointed shall be two years, as designated by the President at the time of their nomination. The terms of members initially appointed shall begin on January 20, 1985, and subsequent terms shall begin upon the expiration of the preceding term, regardless of when a member is appointed to fill that term. The President may not nominate an individual for appointment to the Board prior to January 20, 1985, but shall submit the names of eleven nominees for initial Board membership not later than ninety days after that date (by April 20, 1985). If the Senate rejects such a nomination or if such a nomination is withdrawn, the President shall submit the name of a new nominee within fifteen days.

PAGE THREE

UNITED STATES INSTITUTE OF PEACE, (Cont'd.)
BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE

Independent
 (Non-profit Corporation)

TERM:
 (Continued) A member may continue to serve until his or her successor is appointed. (HOLDOVER)

A member appointed to replace a member whose term has not expired shall be appointed to serve the remainder of that term.

A member may not be appointed to more than two terms on the Board.

SALARY: The eleven members appointed by the President shall be entitled to receive the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for grade GS-18 of the General Schedule under 5 USC 5332 for each day during which the member is engaged in the performance of duties as a member of the Board.

While away from his home or regular place of business in the performance of duties for the Institute, a member of the Board shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, not to exceed the expenses allowed persons employed intermittently in Government service under section 5 USC 5703(b).

PURPOSE: To serve the people and the Government through the widest possible range of education and training, basic and applied research opportunities, and peace information services on the means to promote international peace and the resolution of conflicts among the nations and peoples of the world without recourse to violence.

ADMINISTRATIVE
SUPPORT:

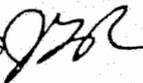
The Institute may obtain administrative support services from the Administrator of General Services on a reimbursable basis.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 28, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS 

SUBJECT: U.S. Institute of Peace

The statute establishing the U.S. Institute of Peace, enacted on October 19, 1984, specified that the President should submit nominations to the Senate for the eleven non-Government members of the Institute Board of Directors by April 20, 1985. 22 U.S.C. § 4605(e)(3). The Office of Presidential Personnel submitted for clearance the names of ten prospective nominees on April 29, 1985, and the name of an eleventh nominee on May 2, 1985.

I began reviewing the statute and the prospective nominees, and in the course of my review was advised that the Administration was seeking to change the statute, including the provisions governing the composition of the Board. I wrote you a memorandum dated May 8, 1985 (copy attached), detailing the requirements of the current law, and the effort to change it. I prepared for your signature a memorandum for Robert Tuttle, advising him not to await passage of the Administration's proposed changes, and also advising him that we must have a list of those who would be filling the four ex officio slots, since under current law the bipartisanship requirement applies to all members of the Board, not simply the non-Government nominees. See 22 U.S.C. § 4605(c). The memorandum noted that, given the current list of non-Government nominees (six Republicans and five Democrats), only two of the four ex officio members could be Republicans. This memorandum was signed on your behalf by Mr. Hauser and sent on May 8 (copy attached). Dianna called Presidential Personnel several times to follow up.

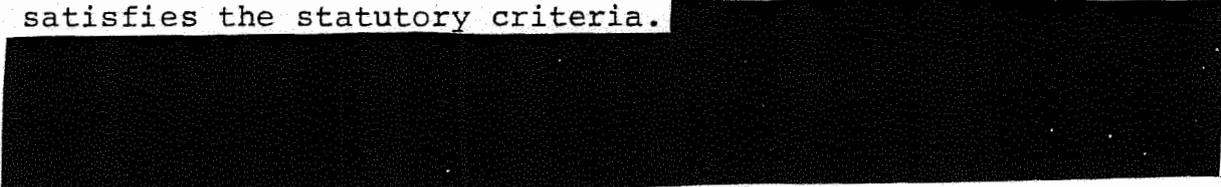
I called Tuttle's office yesterday and Nancy Perot returned my call. I described the various problems with this Board to her. After checking she replied that (1) they were working on the ex officio members, and hoped to have names early next week, (2) they were aware that no more than two of the ex officio members could be Republicans (and that no more than three could be Democrats), and (3) the two non-Government members who have not returned forms (Wendy Borchardt and Allan Weinstein) have been contacted and will return forms as soon as possible.

Nine of the eleven non-Government members have returned forms. These members are to "have appropriate practical or academic experience in peace and conflict resolution efforts of the United States." 22 U.S.C. § 4605(d)(1).

1. W. Bruce Weinrod, a Republican, is Director of Foreign Policy and Defense Studies at the Heritage Foundation. He has a masters degree in international relations and a law degree. He was until recently Legislative Director and Counsel to Senator Heinz. He satisfies the statutory criteria, and his PDS reveals no problems.

2. Dennis Laistner Bark, a Republican, is a Senior Fellow at the Hoover Institution, with a doctorate in history and political science. He has written extensively on east-west relations. He satisfies the statutory criteria, and his PDS reveals no problems.

3. Richard John Neuhaus, a Democrat, is a prominent Lutheran theologian, currently serving as Director of the Rockford Institute Center on Religion and Society. He is active in international affairs and state-church issues. he satisfies the statutory criteria.



4. Sidney Lovett, a Democrat, is Senior Minister of the First Church of Christ in West Hartford, Connecticut. He has a bachelor's degree from Yale and a masters from the Union Theological Seminary. Though not as prominent an academic theologian as Neuhaus, Lovett's 30 years as a minister, with leadership positions in the Church of Christ, would appear to satisfy the statutory criteria. His PDS reveals no problems.

5. William Roscoe Kinter, a Republican, is Professor of Political Science at the University of Pennsylvania. He is affiliated with numerous foreign affairs study groups, serving on the boards of several. He satisfies the statutory criteria, and his PDS reveals no problems.

6. Martin Colman, a Democrat, is in the retail fashion business in Beverly Hills. His principal qualification for this Board is his role as Chairman of the Human Rights and Security Committee, which sponsored and secured passage of "Proposition A" in Los Angeles County in June of 1984. The Committee had no purpose beyond Proposition A, and is now largely defunct. Proposition A directed the Board of

b6

Supervisors to tell the leaders of the United States and the Soviet Union that:

The risk of nuclear war between the United States and the Soviet Union can be reduced if all people have the ability to express their opinions freely and without fear on world issues including their nations' arms policies; therefore, the people of Los Angeles County urge all nations that signed the Helsinki International Accords on Human Rights to observe the Accords' provisions of freedom of speech, religion, press, assembly and emigration for all their citizens.



b6

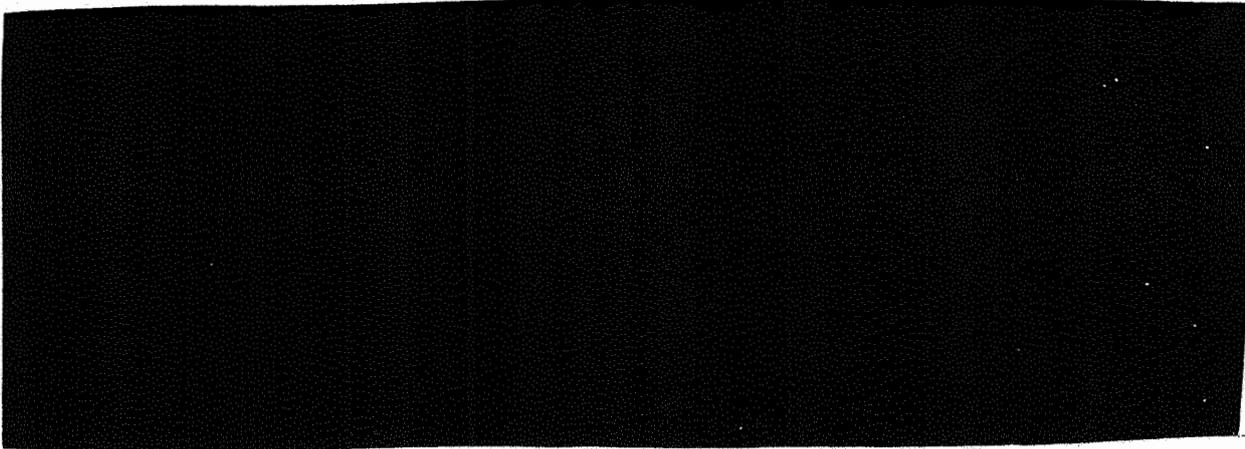
7. Evron Kirkpatrick, the husband of Jeanne Kirkpatrick, is President of the Helen Dwight Reid Educational Foundation and a resident scholar at the American Enterprise Institute. He holds a doctorate from Yale. He is still a registered Democrat, not yet having followed his spouse into the G.O.P. He also serves on an advisory committee to U.S.I.A. The position is unpaid, and I do not think his service on such a purely advisory committee makes him an officer or employee of the United States Government whose appointment would be barred by 22 U.S.C. § 4605(d)(2). He satisfies the statutory criteria, and his PDS reveals no problems, 

b6

8. W. Scott Thompson, a Republican, is Professor of International Politics at the Fletcher School. A former Rhodes Scholar and White House Fellow, he was until February of 1984 Associate Director at U.S.I.A. He has been active in the Committee on the Present Danger and Americans for An Effective Presidency. His education and experience satisfy the statutory criteria.

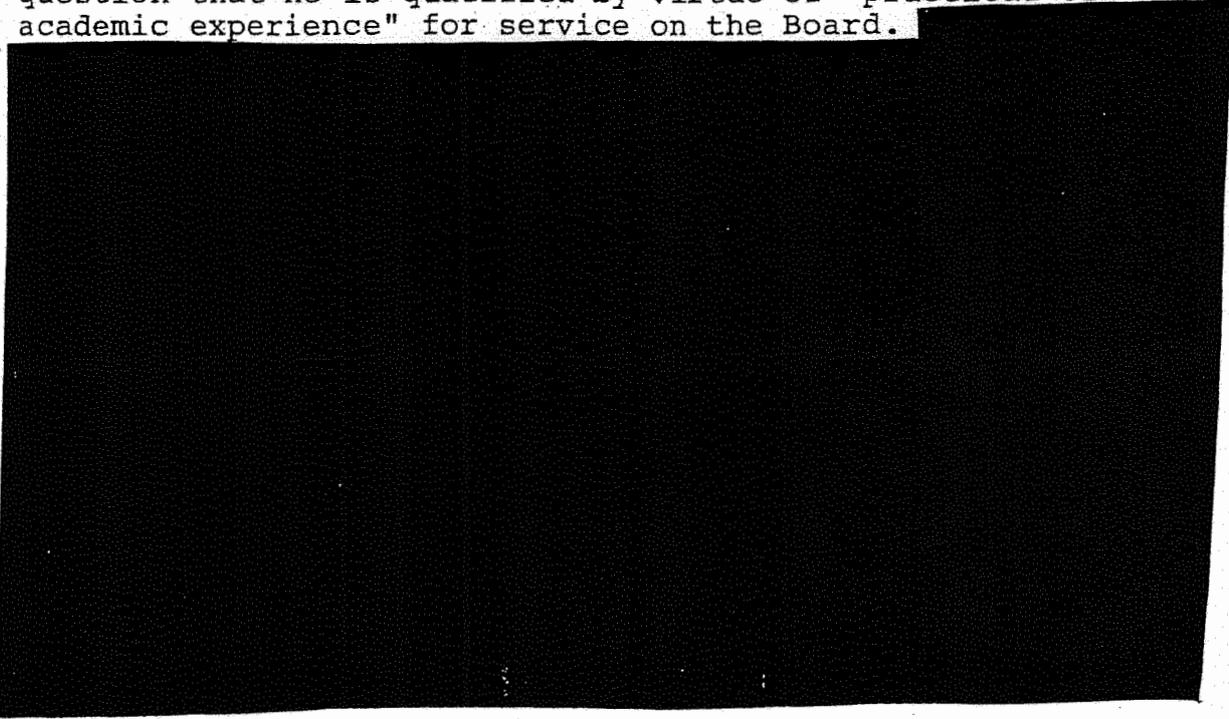
Thompson currently serves as a consultant to the Department of Defense one day per week. He advised me that this arrangement was only temporary, for the summer, and that he

was willing to terminate it if necessary. Thompson is a consultant to numerous clients, and I do not think he can be characterized as an "employee" of the United States Government by virtue of this temporary arrangement, any more than a private attorney would be a Government employee if he represented an agency on a retainer. The issue is closer than that described with respect to Mr. Kirkpatrick, however, but Thompson has offered to end the arrangement if anyone (such as a Senator on the confirmation committee) objects, so I do not view it as a bar to nomination. In any event, the consultancy is for the summer only, and I think the leaves will be turning before this Board is confirmed and begins work.



b6

9. John Norton Moore, a Republican, is a widely-respected law professor at the University of Virginia, and a recognized authority on international law. There is no question that he is qualified by virtue of "practical or academic experience" for service on the Board.



b6

[REDACTED]

b6

10. Allen Weinstein, a Democrat: no forms.

11. Wendy Borchardt, a Republican: no forms.

We have not yet received FBI background investigation reports on any of these individuals, so they cannot be cleared.

[REDACTED]

b6

In addition, as noted, we need to know who the ex officio members are before clearing the entire Board.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 8, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS 

SUBJECT: U.S. Institute of Peace

The U.S. Institute of Peace was established by Title 17 of Public Law 98-525, the Department of Defense Authorization Act for 1985. Pursuant to Section 1706 of that Act, codified at 22 U.S.C. § 4605, the powers of the Institute are vested in a Board of Directors. The Board consists of the Secretary of State (or another State PAS designated by the Secretary), the Secretary of Defense (or another Defense PAS designated by the Secretary), the Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (or another ACDA PAS designated by the Director), the president of the National Defense University (or the vice president, if the president so designates), and eleven individuals, appointed by the President, who are not U.S. Government officers or employees. Of the 15 Board members, no more than eight may be of the same political party. Pursuant to Section 1706(e)(3), the President was to have submitted the names of the eleven nominees no later than April 20, 1985. The law was enacted on October 19, 1984, so this deadline was not unreasonable.

In the meantime, however, OMB has cleared and submitted to the Hill a bill to amend the provisions governing the Institute Board of Directors. Under the Administration proposal, another ex officio member would be added -- the Director of the Foreign Service Institute (or the Deputy Director, if designated by the Director). The number of Directors nominated by the President would be reduced to ten, and the bipartisanship requirement would apply only to those ten. I.e., under the proposed bill no more than five of the ten nominated members may be of the President's party, while under the existing statute no more than eight of all 15 members (including those serving ex officio) may be of the same political party.

Presidential Personnel has submitted a list of eleven prospective nominees, six Republicans and five Democrats. This means that, to comply with existing law, no more than two of the four ex officio members (or designees) may be Republicans. Since we are already violating the law by not having submitted nominations by April 20, I think we must form the Board under existing law and not delay any further in the hope that new legislation will pass.

Before we can clear these nominees, then, it will be necessary to determine the party affiliations of the ex officio members, or the designees who will serve in their place. I assume Democrats or Independents in PAS positions can be found at State, Defense, and ACDA, and if at least two are designated to serve on the Board the current list of nominees can go forward. It is unusual to be worrying about the political affiliations of ex officio members, but the existing statute requires this. The proposed bill would delete this requirement, but I do not think we can wait for it to pass (if in fact it ever does).

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 8, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT TUTTLE
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, PRESIDENTIAL PERSONNEL

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING F³ | RAH
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: U.S. Institute of Peace

Pursuant to 22 U.S.C. § 4605, the powers of the new U.S. Institute of Peace are vested in a Board of Directors. The Board is to consist of 15 members: four specified officers of the U.S. Government (or their designees) and eleven individuals nominated by the President who are not Federal officers or employees. Of the 15, no more than eight may be members of the same political party. Nominations were to have been submitted by April 20, 1985.

The Administration has proposed legislation to amend these provisions, increasing the number of ex officio members to five, reducing the number of nominated individuals from outside the Federal Government to ten, and applying the bipartisanship requirement only to those ten. I am advised that there is little reason to suppose that the Administration bill will pass any time soon, if at all. Since we are already in violation of the statute because of our failure to submit nominations by April 20, it is my view that we should submit a list of nominees consistent with existing law. Since the bipartisanship requirement applies, under existing law, to all 15 members of the Board, it will be necessary to determine who will be filling the four ex officio slots, and their party affiliations. If the current list of eleven nominees from outside the Government is to go forward, no more than two of the four ex officio members (or designees) may be Republicans.

FFF:JGR:aea 5/8/85

cc: FFFielding
JGRoberts
Subj
Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 8, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT TUTTLE
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, PRESIDENTIAL PERSONNEL

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING ^{F3/RAH}
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: U.S. Institute of Peace

Pursuant to 22 U.S.C. § 4605, the powers of the new U.S. Institute of Peace are vested in a Board of Directors. The Board is to consist of 15 members: four specified officers of the U.S. Government (or their designees) and eleven individuals nominated by the President who are not Federal officers or employees. Of the 15, no more than eight may be members of the same political party. Nominations were to have been submitted by April 20, 1985.

The Administration has proposed legislation to amend these provisions, increasing the number of ex officio members to five, reducing the number of nominated individuals from outside the Federal Government to ten, and applying the bipartisanship requirement only to those ten. I am advised that there is little reason to suppose that the Administration bill will pass any time soon, if at all. Since we are already in violation of the statute because of our failure to submit nominations by April 20, it is my view that we should submit a list of nominees consistent with existing law. Since the bipartisanship requirement applies, under existing law, to all 15 members of the Board, it will be necessary to determine who will be filling the four ex officio slots, and their party affiliations. If the current list of eleven nominees from outside the Government is to go forward, no more than two of the four ex officio members (or designees) may be Republicans.

FFF:JGR:aea 5/8/85

cc: FFFielding
JGRoberts
Subj
Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 8, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT TUTTLE
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, PRESIDENTIAL PERSONNEL

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING F³ | RAH
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: U.S. Institute of Peace

Pursuant to 22 U.S.C. § 4605, the powers of the new U.S. Institute of Peace are vested in a Board of Directors. The Board is to consist of 15 members: four specified officers of the U.S. Government (or their designees) and eleven individuals nominated by the President who are not Federal officers or employees. Of the 15, no more than eight may be members of the same political party. Nominations were to have been submitted by April 20, 1985.

The Administration has proposed legislation to amend these provisions, increasing the number of ex officio members to five, reducing the number of nominated individuals from outside the Federal Government to ten, and applying the bipartisanship requirement only to those ten. I am advised that there is little reason to suppose that the Administration bill will pass any time soon, if at all. Since we are already in violation of the statute because of our failure to submit nominations by April 20, it is my view that we should submit a list of nominees consistent with existing law. Since the bipartisanship requirement applies, under existing law, to all 15 members of the Board, it will be necessary to determine who will be filling the four ex officio slots, and their party affiliations. If the current list of eleven nominees from outside the Government is to go forward, no more than two of the four ex officio members (or designees) may be Republicans.

FFF:JGR:aea 5/8/85
cc: FFFielding
JGRoberts
Subj
Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 17, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN G. ROBERTS

FROM: RICHARD A. HAUSER *RAH*

SUBJECT: U.S. Institute for Peace

Nancy Kennedy advises that the Labor and Human Resources Committee will conduct confirmation hearings on nominees to the Peace Institute. She further advises that the Committee does not require SF-278s for part-time positions.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 18, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING
RICHARD A. HAUSER

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*

SUBJECT: U.S. Institute of Peace

Bob Tuttle has finally responded to your memorandum of May 8, advising that the Secretary of State will designate Max Kampelman and that the Secretary of Defense will designate Richard Perle, both Democrats, to serve on the Board of Directors of the Institute of Peace. Ken Adelman, a Republican, will serve on the board as ACDA director. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Of the eleven non-Government prospective nominees, six are Republicans and five are Democrats, so the entire slate can go forward regardless of the affiliation of the [REDACTED] (Not counting him, the split is 7-7, so the requirement that no more than eight be of the same party will be met in any event.)

By memorandum dated June 28, I indicated no objection to Weinrod, Bark, Neuhaus, Lovett, Kinter, Kirkpatrick, and Thompson. [REDACTED]

COPY - Reagan Presidential Record

b6

b6

[REDACTED]
Moore may now be cleared.

b6

I received Allen Weinstein's PDS just after I submitted my June 28 memorandum, and advised Dianna orally that I had no objection to his nomination. We still, however, have no forms from Wendy Borchardt.

To sum up, the following may be nominated, assuming clean FBI reports: Weinrod, Bark, Lovett, Kinter, Kirkpatrick, Thompson, Moore, and Weinstein. The four ex officio members may be announced (they are not nominated). [REDACTED]

b6

Residential Record

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 18, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ROBERT H. TUTTLE
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
AND DIRECTOR OF PRESIDENTIAL PERSONNEL

SUBJECT: Institute of Peace

The following is a status report on the four ex officio members who are to serve on the United States Institute of Peace, Board of Directors:

The Secretary of State has designated Max Kampelman, Ambassador to the United States Office for Arms Reduction Negotiations to serve on the Board of Directors. He is a Democrat.

The Secretary of Defense is sending a letter designating Richard Norman Perle, Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Policy. He is a Democrat.

Kenneth L. Adelman, the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency is a Republican.

The political affiliation of the President of the National Defense University is still unknown.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

August 1, 1985

NOMINATIONS SENT TO THE SENATE:

Robert B. Sims, of Tennessee, to be an Assistant Secretary of Defense, vice Michael Ira Burch, resigned.

Elizabeth Flores Burkhart, of Texas, to be a Member of the National Credit Union Administration Board for the term of six years expiring April 10, 1991. (Reappointment)

The following-named persons to be Members of the Board of Directors of the United States Institute of Peace for the terms indicated:

For terms of two years expiring January 19, 1987:

Sidney Lovett, of Connecticut. (New Position)
Richard John Neuhaus, of New York. (New Position)
W. Bruce Weinrod, of the District of Columbia.
(New Position)

For a term of four years expiring January 19, 1989:

John Norton Moore, of Virginia. (New Position)

#

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

August 1, 1985

The President today announced his intention to nominate the following individuals to be Members of the Board of Directors of the United States Institute of Peace. These are new positions.

For terms of two years expiring January 19, 1987:

SIDNEY LOVETT has been the Senior Minister of the First Church of Christ Congregational in West Hartford, Connecticut since 1976. He graduated from Yale University (B.A., 1950) and Union Theological Seminary (M.Div., 1953). He was born May 1, 1928 in Boston, Massachusetts and now resides in Hartford, Connecticut.

RICHARD JOHN NEUHAUS is Director for the Rockford Institute Center on Religion and Society in New York City. He also serves as Editor of The Religion and Society Report and Lutheran Forum Letter. He graduated from Concordia Seminary in St. Louis, Missouri (B.A., M.Div.). He was born May 14, 1936 in Ontario, Canada and now resides in New York City.

W. BRUCE WEINROD is Director of Foreign Policy and Defense Studies for the Heritage Foundation in Washington, D.C. He graduated from the American University (B.A., 1969), the University of Pennsylvania (M.A., 1973) and Georgetown University Law School (M.B.A., 1978). He was born January 7, 1947 in Washington, D.C., where he now resides.

For a term of four years expiring January 19, 1989:

JOHN NORTON MOORE is Director of the Center for Oceans Law & Policy and a professor of law at the University of Virginia. Previously, he was Chairman of the National Security Council Interagency Task Force on the Law of the Sea (1973-1976). He graduated from Drew University (A.B., 1959), Duke University Law School (L.L.B., 1962) and the University of Illinois (L.L.M., 1965). He was born June 12, 1937 in New York City.

In addition, the following will serve as Members of the Board of Directors by law:

KENNETH A. ADELMAN, Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency;

The designee of the Secretary of State:

MAX M. KAMPELMAN, Ambassador of the United States to the United States Office for Arms Reduction Negotiations in Geneva.

The designee of the Secretary of Defense:

RICHARD N. PERLE, Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Policy).

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 22, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS 

SUBJECT: Midwest Conference for
U.S. Institute of Peace

Some time ago Morris Leibman sent you a copy of a pamphlet distributed by the Illinois Committee for the National Peace Institute, convening a Midwest Conference for the United States Institute of Peace, with a brief note that "This indicates what we are coming up against." The Conference appeared to be organized to resist the Administration's proposed amendments to the Institute of Peace Act. You will recall that those amendments went nowhere in Congress.

I thought we should wait to respond to Leibman until we had some news, in particular the names of our nominees to the Peace Institute. I did not realize at the time how long such a wait would be. At this point I think we should send Leibman the partial list of nominees, and tell him we are working on the others.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 22, 1985

*John -
not sent*

Dear Morry:

A belated thanks for sending me a copy of the program for the "Midwest Conference for the United States Institute of Peace," prepared by the Illinois Committee for the National Peace Institute. As you pointed out, a quick perusal of the program indicates the problems in this area, and the enormous potential for controversy as the Institute of Peace becomes established. For these very reasons we are moving as promptly as possible but as carefully as possible as well in selecting nominees to serve on the Institute Board of Directors.

I enclose for your information a copy of the White House press release announcing the nomination of four individuals to the Board and the designation of three of the ex officio members. We hope to be able to announce the remaining nominees in the near future.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns.

Sincerely,

Fred F. Fielding
Counsel to the President

Morris I. Leibman, Esquire
Sidley & Austin
One First National Plaza
Chicago, IL 60603

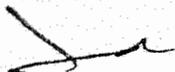
FFF:JGR:aea 8/22/85
bcc: FFFielding
JGRoberts
Subj
Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 6, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT H. TUTTLE

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING 

I understand that Dick Hauser has discussed with you the remaining candidates for the Institute of Peace and it is possible that one of the proposed nominees may fall out. I would like to give my very strongest recommendation for you to consider Morris Liebman for any vacancies there may be. He is an avid supporter of this Administration's goals and I think most deserving of consideration for this appointment.

Thank you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 22, 1985

Dear Morry:

A belated thanks for sending me a copy of the program for the "Midwest Conference for the United States Institute of Peace," prepared by the Illinois Committee for the National Peace Institute. As you pointed out, a quick perusal of the program indicates the problems in this area, and the enormous potential for controversy as the Institute of Peace becomes established. For these very reasons we are moving as promptly as possible but as carefully as possible as well in selecting nominees to serve on the Institute Board of Directors.

I enclose for your information a copy of the White House press release announcing the nomination of four individuals to the Board and the designation of three of the ex officio members. We hope to be able to announce the remaining nominees in the near future.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns.

Sincerely,

Fred F. Fielding
Counsel to the President

Morris I. Leibman, Esquire
Sidley & Austin
One First National Plaza
Chicago, IL 60603

FFF:JGR:aea 8/22/85
bcc: FFFfielding
JGRoberts
Subj
Chron

29

ID # 323100 CU

NR

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

O - OUTGOING

H - INTERNAL

I - INCOMING

Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 1 1

(Signature)

Name of Correspondent: Morris Leibman

MI Mail Report

User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Midwest Conference for U.S. Institute of Peace

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>CUHOLL</u>	ORIGINATOR	<u>8510610</u>		<u>1 1</u>
<u>CUAT 18</u>	D	<u>8510611</u>	S	<u>8510621</u>
		<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>
		<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>
		<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>

ACTION CODES:

- A - Appropriate Action
- C - Comment/Recommendation
- D - Draft Response
- F - Furnish Fact Sheet to be used as Enclosure
- I - Info Copy Only/No Action Necessary
- R - Direct Reply w/Copy
- S - For Signature
- X - Interim Reply

DISPOSITION CODES:

- A - Answered
- B - Non-Special Referral
- C - Completed
- S - Suspended

FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:

- Type of Response = Initials of Signer
- Code = "A"
- Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: _____

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.
 Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).
 Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
 Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

WORLD WITHOUT WAR COUNCIL · MIDWEST
421 SOUTH WABASH AVENUE • CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60605 • (312) 663-4250

Midwest

Conference

for the

United States

Institute

of Peace



— May 11, 1985 —
Loyola University of Chicago
Lakeside Campus, Sheridan Road

**Organized by the Illinois Committee
for the National Peace Institute**

IDWEST CONFERENCE FOR THE UNITED STATES INSTITUTE OF PEACE

— May 11, 1985 —

- 9:00 - 9:30 Registration and Coffee
9:30 Greetings and Introductions, Arthur Bloom, Department of Theatre, Loyola University, Chicago, host
9:45 Welcome, Mayor of Chicago, Harold Washington*
- 10:00 **KEYNOTE ADDRESS — Hon. Paul Simon, U.S. Senator,
Co-Sponsor, Authorizing Legislation**
- 10:30 - 11:45 **PANEL DISCUSSION — The Mission and Potential of the United States Institute of Peace**
•James Laue, Chair, National Peace Institute Foundation
•Al Raby, Director, Office of Human Relations (Chicago)
•Leader, Major Peace Activist Organization (to be announced)
•Newly appointed Board member, U.S. Institute of Peace (to be announced)
- 12:00 - 1:30 **WORKSHOPS: The Mandate of the U.S. Institute of Peace (USIP)**
Each workshop will, in its area, provide information on the legislation (Public Law 98-525) and develop ideas for specific programs and projects.

1. **Peace Education In the Schools**
2. **Peace Education In the Community**
3. **Peace Education at Colleges and Universities**
4. **Peace Research**
5. **Peace Training: Conflict Resolution In Practice**
6. **USIP Information Services: Supplying a Need**
7. **USIP Grants: The First Million Dollars**
8. **USIP Initiatives: The Creative Agenda**
9. **USIP as a Resource for Government**
10. **USIP as a Resource for Non-Governmental Organizations**

- 1:45 - 3:15 **WORKSHOPS: Building a Constituency for the U.S. Institute of Peace**
How can USIP serve the concerns of major groups within the citizen peace effort? How can these constituencies support USIP?

11. **The Arms Race and Arms Control Organizations**
12. **International Organization and World Law Groups**
13. **Political Development and Human Rights Groups**
14. **Economic Aid and Development Groups**
15. **World Community and Non-Violence Groups**

Among the resource people committed to leading the workshops (both sessions) are: Charlotte Anderson, American Bar Association, Citizen Education Program; Lee Anderson, Northwestern University, Dept. of Political Science; Rev. Dick Blackburn, Lombard Mennonite Peace Center; Thomas Boudreau, Experiment In International Living; Dennis Carey, Kent State University, Center for Peaceful Change; Robert Conlon, National Peace Institute Foundation; Clinton Fink, Consortium on Peace Research, Education, and Development; Ron Freund, Clergy and Laity Concerned; Duane Grady, Lombard Mennonite Peace Center; James Laue, National Peace Institute Foundation, and Conflict Clinic, Harvard; Mary Liebman, Illinois Committee for the National Peace Institute; Monice Lillie, Amnesty International; Edward Kolodziej, Arms Control, Disarmament & International Security Office, University of Illinois, Champaign-Urbana; Anne Markowitch, Jane Addams Conference on Security In the Nuclear Age; David Marr, Pax Christi, Illinois; Deborah Miller, Government Director, Illinois Library Association; Robert Pickus, World Without War Council, Inc.; Richard Salem, Society of Professionals in Dispute Resolution; Dee Wernette, Lewis University; Mary Yu, Archdiocese of Chicago, Office of Peace and Justice.

- 3:30 - 4:15 **PLENARY SESSION — Reports from Workshops**
- 4:15 - 4:45 *"Where Do We Go from Here?"* Jim Laue, Chairman, Board of Directors, National Peace Institute Foundation; Robert Conlon, Director, National Peace Institute Foundation; Jack and Marjory Heckelman, Illinois Committee for the National Peace Institute
- 5:00 Social Hour

**Organized by the Illinois Committee
for the National Peace Institute**

CO-SPONSORING ORGANIZATIONS

AFS: International/Intercultural Programs — Chicago Area
American Bar Association,
Special Committee on Dispute Resolution
Argonne Concerned Scientists
Arms Control, Disarmament, and International Security
Office, University of Illinois — Champaign-Urbana
American Association of University Women,
Illinois Division
Archdiocese of Chicago, Office of Peace and Justice
Catholics for Peace / Call to Action
Center for Peaceful Change, Kent State University
Chicago Area Faculty for the Freeze
Chicago Baptist Institute
Chicago Council of Scientists
Chicago Council on Foreign Relations
Chicago Metropolitan Association, U.C.C.,
Board of Christian Witness in Society
Church of the Brethren
Church Women United, Chicago
Community Renewal Society
Consortium on Peace Research, Education and
Development (COPRED)
Clergy and Laity Concerned
Correlates of War Project & Department of Political
Science, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor,
J. David Singer, Director
Division of Peace Psychology,
American Psychological Association
DuPage Unitarian Church, Social Action Committee
Educators for Social Responsibility
8th Day Center for Justice
Experiment in International Living
Foundation for International Cooperation
Fox Valley Peace Initiative
Illinois Nuclear Weapons Freeze
International Visitors Center
Jane Addams Conference on Security in the Nuclear Age
Lawyers Alliance for Nuclear Arms Control
League of Women Voters, Chicago
League of Women Voters of Illinois
Lombard Mennonite Peace Center
Midwest Committee for Military Counseling
National Assembly of Religious Women
National Peace Institute Foundation
NOMOR
Peace and Global Studies Program, Earlham College
Peace Museum
Presbytery of Chicago
Shalom Education
Society of Professionals in Dispute Resolution
Stanley Foundation
Unitarian Universalist Service Committee, Chicago Area
United Nations Association —
Illinois and Greater Chicago Division
Western Suburban Interfaith Peace Initiative
World Without War Council — Midwest
Youth for Understanding

List in formation

CONFERENCE OBJECTIVES

Congress passed legislation authorizing the establishment of a United States Institute of Peace in 1984. The Board of Directors is being formed this Spring to implement the legislation.

The Midwest Conference for the United States Institute of Peace will:

- inform you and your organization about the existence and potential of this new resource.
- present ideas on how the mission or purpose of the Institute can be fulfilled.
- discuss how specific programs mandated by the legislation might be carried out.
- develop a continuing constituency interested in the future of the U.S. Institute of Peace.

We invite you to join us for an informative, stimulating and, perhaps, direction-setting day.

***Help make the Peace Institute a
vital resource to government and
non-governmental
organizations and individuals.***

MIDWEST CONFERENCE FOR THE UNITED STATES INSTITUTE OF PEACE

421 South Wabash Avenue
Second Floor
Chicago, Illinois 60605-1259
(312) 663-4250

May 2, 1985

Dear Member of the Foreign Policy Attentive Public,

Enclosed is an invitation to participate in the establishment of the U.S. Institute of Peace.

Two fundamental questions remain to be answered:

1. Is there, in the private sector, a body of thought that could generate realistic ideas that could help "leash international violence and manage international conflict?"

2. Should the U.S. Institute of Peace be managed by the eleven private members of the Board and the Chairman they select or should the Institute be a grant-making entity run by the Secretary of State?

Senator Paul Simon will speak for Congress's intent to generate ideas from the private sector through a privately managed Institute. Steven Low, Director of the Foreign Service Institute, has been invited to speak for the Administration.

The Workshops will present specific ideas, projects and programs private sector leaders believe should be done by the U.S. Institute of Peace.

The timing of the conference could not be better. Decisions on the two questions will be made within 60 days. I urge you to attend.

The morning sessions will be particularly lively.



Robert Woito
Member, Conference Executive Committee

RESPONSE COUPON

- Yes, I will attend the May 11th Conference.
 I cannot attend but am interested. Please keep me informed.
 Enclosed is a contribution to help students attend who cannot afford the \$15 registration fee.

Your Name _____ Address _____ City _____ State _____ zip _____

co-sponsored by more than fifty Midwest world affairs organizations
Mail to above Chicago address.

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Existing Legislation</u>	<u>Proposed Amendments</u>
1. Government Members of Board of Directors	Four (Secretary of State, Secretary of Defense, Director of A.C.D.A., President of National Defense University).	Adds director of Foreign Service Institute. Removes any reference to political party.
2. Non-Governmental Members of Board	Eleven, with no more than eight out of total of fifteen members to be members of same political party.	Proposed ten, with no more than five to be in same political party as U.S. President.
3. Officers of Board	President to designate the first chairman. Subsequently Board shall elect own chair.	Secretary of State designated as Chairman. Non-governmental member as Vice-Chairman.
4. Board Meetings	At least semi-annually, at the call of the chairman, or when requested by five members of the Board.	Same, except requested meeting requires majority on Board.
5. Officers & Employees	Chief officer is president of Institute. No restriction on officers or employees.	Chief officer changed to executive director. Limit of nine (Nine total officers & professional employees.)
6. Funding	One-fourth annual appropriations to be paid out in grants.	Three-fourths to be paid out in grants.
7. Contacts with Foreign Governments & International Organizations	No restriction.	Concurrence of Secretary of State required before establishing any contact.
8. Entry into Negotiations	Not included in roll of Institute	Not permitted unless specifically authorized by Secretary of State or U.S. President.
9. Freedom of Information Access from Government Agencies	Cites Freedom of Information, Section 552 of Title 5, U.S. Code, for availability of information from federal departments or agencies.	Deletes reference to Code and substitutes "on such terms and conditions as the agency may require."
10. Freedom of Information	Institute and personnel subject to provisions of U.S. Code.	Institute designated as "agency" for purposes of Code. Institute not allowed to disclose under Code any information received from any federal agency or department.
11. Classified Information	Classified information to be properly safeguarded to the public and government personnel with appropriate security clearance.	Limited to government personnel with appropriate security clearance.