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THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

March 8, 1984

RED CROSS MONTH, 1984

- - - -

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Since its beginning, the American Red Cross has been in the forefront of efforts to provide for the well-being of the American people. Its volunteers and staff have kept that tradition going during this past year. They brought needed relief to hundreds of thousands of our fellow citizens who suffered in disasters and spent a record-breaking amount for disaster assistance and preparedness. These dedicated people also implemented programs to improve the health of all Americans through life-style changes, kept our Nation's blood supply strong, and provided morale-building services to the men and women in uniform and their families.

The American Red Cross was founded in 1881 on the principle of service to others and has been sustained since then by millions of Americans who freely offer their time and talents for the benefit of their fellow citizens.

The American Red Cross pioneered in disaster relief, public health, assistance to veterans, and in efforts to enhance the spirits of our military services in war and peace. It also initiated the world's largest system for voluntary blood donations. And through Red Cross Youth Services, it helps our Nation's young people to learn the role of leadership and the value of service to others.

These efforts have been made possible by financial contributions from the public. Without this support, there would not be a Red Cross. It is the goodwill of all of us that perpetuates its efforts and provides such an inspiring example of what the private sector is capable of doing.

In the years ahead, there will be many opportunities for new endeavors as our Nation's social conditions change. The American Red Cross, as in the past, will respond to such challenges and will persevere in its efforts on behalf of human life and dignity.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, and Honorary Chairman of the American Red Cross, do hereby designate March 1984 as Red Cross Month and urge all Americans to generously support the work of their local Red Cross chapter.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this eighth day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

#

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 9, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*

SUBJECT: Loyalty Day/Law Day

You have inquired whether Loyalty Day (May 1) conflicts with Law Day (May 1). Public Law 85-529, passed in 1958, designates May 1 of each year as Loyalty Day; Public Law 87-20, passed in 1961, designates the same day as Law Day, U.S.A. See 36 U.S.C. § 162 (Loyalty Day); 36 U.S.C. § 164 (Law Day). You are correct that the genesis of both statutes -- a rebuttal to May Day activities in communist countries -- is the same. To the extent there is a conflict there is nothing we can do about it, since the simultaneous celebrations are mandated by statutes. Loyalty Day and Law Day have both been celebrated on May 1 for 23 years.

In case you are interested, May 1 is also Chimney Sweep Day in London.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 7, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*
SUBJECT: Draft Proclamation:
Loyalty Day, May 1984

Dodie Livingston asked for comments by March 9 on the above-referenced draft proclamation. The proclamation, issued annually pursuant to 36 U.S.C. § 162, is a traditional rebuttal to May Day activities around the world. The draft was prepared by the Veterans Administration and has been approved by OMB. It stresses our commitment to liberty and democratic ideals.

I have reviewed the draft proclamation, and have no objections.

Attachment

*Doesn't this conflict w/
Law Day (May 1) -
which serves same
purpose.*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 7, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR DODIE LIVINGSTON
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, SPECIAL PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING *cc: JGR*
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Draft Proclamation:
Loyalty Day, May 1984

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced draft proclamation, and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

FFF:JGR:aea 3/7/84
cc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 12, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM: JOHN G. ROBERTS *JGR*

SUBJECT: Proposed Executive Proclamation
Entitled "Import Fees on Certain
Sugars, Sirups and Molasses"

Richard Darman has asked for comments on the above-referenced proposed proclamation by March 14. Under 7 U.S.C. § 624, the President is authorized to request an investigation by the International Trade Commission (ITC) if the Secretary of Agriculture reports that he has reason to believe that an agricultural price support program may be rendered ineffective or materially interfered with by the import or practically certain prospective import of any article or articles. If the President determines this to be the case, on the basis of the ITC report to him, he is authorized to impose certain fees on the import of the articles in question. The President is also authorized to impose fees on an emergency basis pending receipt of the ITC report.

On December 23, 1981, the President issued Proclamation 4887, requesting an ITC report on the effect of imports of certain sugars, sirups (the correct spelling in international trade documents) and molasses on the price support program for sugarcane and sugar beets. The Proclamation also imposed fees on such imports on an emergency basis pending receipt of the ITC report. On May 5, 1982, the President issued Proclamation 4940, revising the earlier proclamation and continuing in effect emergency import fees. The ITC report has now been received, and the proposed proclamation continues the import fee system with minor adjustments recommended by the ITC.

The proclamation was submitted by the Department of Agriculture. A policy dispute precipitated by the proposed proclamation concerning calculation of the market stabilization price was resolved by the Cabinet Council on Food and Agriculture. The proclamation has been approved by OMB and, as to form and legality, by the Office of Legal Counsel.

I have reviewed the proposed proclamation and related materials and have no legal objections. The proclamation contains the requisite findings that the articles in question "are being or are practically certain to be imported into the United States under such conditions and in such quantities as to render or tend to render ineffective, or materially interfere with" the price support program, and that the import fees are "necessary in order that the entry of such article or articles will not render or tend to render ineffective, or materially interfere with" the program. As required by 7 U.S.C. § 624, the fees do not exceed 50 percent ad valorem.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 12, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD G. DARMAN
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING ^{Orig. by FFF}
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Proposed Executive Proclamation
Entitled "Import Fees on Certain
Sugars, Sirups and Molasses"

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced proposed proclamation, and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

FFF:JGR:aea 3/12/84
cc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

☐ O - OUTGOING☐ H - INTERNAL☐ I - INCOMINGDate Correspondence
Received (YY/MM/DD) 1/1Name of Correspondent: Richard Dorman☐ MI Mail Report

User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Proposed Executive Proclamation
entitled "Import Fees on Certain Sugars,
Sirups & molasses"**ROUTE TO:****ACTION****DISPOSITION**

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>CUHDL</u>	ORIGINATOR	<u>84 03 09</u>		<u>1 1</u>
<u>CUAT 18</u>	Referral Note: <u>D</u>	<u>84 03 09</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>84 03 14</u>
	Referral Note: _____	<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note: _____	<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note: _____	<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note: _____	<u>1 1</u>		<u>1 1</u>

ACTION CODES:

A - Appropriate Action
C - Comment/Recommendation
D - Draft Response
F - Furnish Fact Sheet
to be used as Enclosure

J - Info Copy Only/No Action Necessary
R - Direct Reply w/Copy
S - For Signature
X - Interim Reply

DISPOSITION CODES:

A - Answered C - Completed
B - Non-Special Referral S - Suspended

FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:

Type of Response = Initials of Signer
Code = "A"
Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: _____

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WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3/8/84 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: Wednesday, 3/14/84

SUBJECT: PROPOSED EXECUTIVE PROCLAMATION ENTITLED "IMPORT FEES
ON CERTAIN SUGARS, SIRUPS, AND MOLASSES"

	ACTION FYI			ACTION FYI	
VICE PRESIDENT	☐	☐	McFARLANE	☒	☐
MEESE	☐	☒	McMANUS	☐	☐
BAKER	☐	☒	MURPHY	☐	☐
DEAVER	☐	☒	OGLESBY	☒	☐
STOCKMAN	☐	☐	ROGERS	☐	☐
DARMAN	☐	☒	SPEAKES	☐	☐
FELDSTEIN	☐	☐	SVAHN	☒	☐
FIELDING	☒	☐	VERSTANDIG	☒	☐
FULLER	☒	☐	WHITTLESEY	☐	☐
HERRINGTON	☐	☐		☐	☐
HICKEY	☐	☐		☐	☐
JENKINS	☐	☐		☐	☐

REMARKS:

Please provide any comments/recommendations by Wednesday, March 14th.

Thank you.

RESPONSE:

1984 MAR -9 PM 4: 07

Richard G. Darman
 Assistant to the President
 Ext. 2702



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

February 27, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: DAVID A. STOCKMAN *AS*

SUBJECT: PROPOSED EXECUTIVE PROCLAMATION ENTITLED
"IMPORT FEES ON CERTAIN SUGARS, SIRUPS
AND MOLASSES"

SUMMARY. This memorandum forwards for your consideration a proposed proclamation submitted by the Department of Agriculture which would modify the import fee system for imported sugars, sirups and molasses.

BACKGROUND. Under Proclamation No. 4940 of May 5, 1982, imported sugars, sirups and molasses are subject to import fees to prevent interference with the domestic price support program for sugar cane and sugar beets. The International Trade Commission reviewed the existing import fee system and recommended two modifications of the current system:

- ° the Secretary of Agriculture would have authority to change the market stabilization price during the fiscal year to reflect changes in factors such as interest rates or the level of support, and

- ° to achieve administrative simplification, fee determinations would be certified directly to the Commissioner of Customs rather than to the Secretary of the Treasury.

The proposed proclamation would implement both of these recommendations. It would also provide for quarterly reviews by the Secretary of Agriculture along with other Executive agencies having a substantial interest in the import fee system.

The proclamation was initially proposed last spring but was not processed because of a disagreement among the affected agencies concerning the calculation of the market stabilization price. The matter was then referred to the Cabinet Council on Food and Agriculture, and the current draft reflects the Cabinet Council's decision.

None of the affected agencies has objected to the proposed proclamation as revised.

RECOMMENDATION. I recommend that you sign the proposed proclamation.

Enclosures



U.S. Department of Justice

Office of Legal Counsel

1984 MAR -9 PM 12:04

Office of the
Assistant Attorney General

Washington, D.C. 20530

MAR 8 1984

The President,

The White House.

My dear Mr. President:

I am herewith transmitting a proposed Executive order entitled "Import Fees on Certain Sugars, Sirups and Molasses."

This proposed order was submitted by the Department of Agriculture and has been forwarded for the consideration of this Department as to form and legality by the Office of Management and Budget with the approval of the Director.

The proposed Executive order is approved as to form and legality.

Respectfully,

Theodore B. Olson
Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel



U.S. Department of Justice

Office of Legal Counsel

Office of the
Assistant Attorney General

Washington, D.C. 20530

MAR 8 1984

MEMORANDUM

Re: Proposed Executive order entitled
"Import Fees on Certain Sugars, Sirups and Molasses"

The attached proposed Executive order was submitted by the Department of Agriculture and has been forwarded for the consideration of this Department as to form and legality by the Office of Management and Budget with the approval of the Director.

In 1982 the President imposed import fees on certain imported sugars, sirups and molasses in order to protect the domestic price support system for sugar cane and sugar beets. Proc. No. 4940, 3 C.F.R. 52 (1983 Comp.). The proclamation was issued on an emergency basis prior to receipt of recommendations from the International Trade Commission (ITC). 7 U.S.C. § 624(b). The President has now received the ITC report and the attached order will make the provisions of Proc. No. 4940 permanent, with three modifications. First, the Secretary of Agriculture is given the power to adjust the market stabilization price throughout the fiscal year, rather than only at the beginning. Second, the Secretary will certify the amount of the quarterly import fee to the Commissioner of Customs rather than the Secretary of the Treasury. Third, the Secretary of Agriculture is charged with reviewing the fee system on a quarterly basis and making any recommendations he feels are appropriate to the President.

The proposed Executive order is acceptable as to form and legality.

Theodore B. Olson
Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel

IMPORT FEES ON CERTAIN SUGARS, SIRUPS AND MOLASSES

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

By Proclamation 4887 of December 23, 1981, and Proclamation 4940 of May 5, 1982, I imposed, on an emergency basis, import fees on certain sugars, sirups and molasses. These fees were to be effective pending my further action after receipt of the report of findings and recommendations of the United States International Trade Commission after its investigation with respect to this matter pursuant to section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended (7 U.S.C. 624). The Commission has made its investigation and reported its findings and recommendations to me.

On the basis of the information submitted to me, I find and declare that:

(a) Sugars classified under items 155.20 and 155.30 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (TSUS)(19 U.S.C. 1202) are being or are practically certain to be imported into the United States under such conditions and in such quantities as to render or tend to render ineffective, or materially interfere with, the price support operations being conducted by the Department of Agriculture for sugar cane and sugar beets.

(b) The imposition of the import fees hereinafter proclaimed is necessary in order that the entry, or withdrawal from warehouse for consumption, of such sugars will not render or tend to render ineffective, or materially interfere with, the price support operations being conducted by the Department of Agriculture for sugar beets and sugar cane.

NOW THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, by the authority vested in me by section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended, and the statutes of the United States, including section 301 of Title 3 of the United States Code, do hereby proclaim until otherwise superseded by law:

A. Headnote 4 of part 3 of the Appendix to the TSUS is continued in effect and amended, effective 12:01 a.m. Eastern Standard Time of the day following the date of the signing of this proclamation, by changing paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c)(i) The quarterly adjusted fee provided for in items 956.05 and 957.15 shall be the amount of the fee for item 956.15 plus one cent per pound.

(ii) The quarterly adjusted fee provided for in item 956.15 shall be the amount by which the average of the adjusted daily spot (domestic) price quotations for raw sugar for the 20 consecutive market days immediately preceding the 20th day of the month preceding the calendar quarter during which the fee shall be applicable (as reported by the New York Coffee, Sugar and Cocoa Exchange) expressed in United States cents per pound, in bulk, is less than the applicable market stabilization price: Provided, That whenever the average of the daily spot (domestic) price quotations for 10 consecutive market days within any calendar quarter (1) exceeds the market stabilization price by more than one cent, the fee then in effect shall be decreased by one cent per pound, or (2) is less than the market stabilization price by more than one cent, the fee then in effect shall be increased by one cent per pound. The adjusted daily spot (domestic) price quotation for any market day shall be the daily spot (domestic) price quotation for such market day less the amount of the fee for item 956.15 that is in effect on that day. For any market day for which the New York Coffee, Sugar and Cocoa Exchange does not report a daily spot (domestic) price for raw sugar, then the Secretary of Agriculture (the Secretary) shall use such other price as he determines appropriate.

(iii) The market stabilization price that shall be applicable to each fiscal year (October 1 - September 30) shall be determined and announced by the Secretary in accordance with this headnote no later than 30 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which such market stabilization price shall be applicable. The market stabilization price shall be equal to the sum of: (1) the price support level for the applicable fiscal year, expressed in cents per pound of raw cane sugar; (2) adjusted average transportation costs; (3) interest costs, if applicable; and (4) 0.2 cent. The adjusted average transportation costs shall be the weighted average cost of handling and transporting domestically produced raw cane sugar from Hawaii to Gulf and Atlantic Coast ports, as determined by the Secretary. Interest costs shall be the amount of interest, as determined or estimated by the Secretary, that would be required to be paid by a recipient of a price support loan for raw cane sugar upon repayment of the loan at full maturity. Interest costs shall only be applicable if a price support loan recipient is not required to pay interest upon forfeiture of the loan collateral.

(iv) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (iii) hereof, if the Secretary determines that there is a significant change in any one or more of the elements comprising the market stabilization price during the fiscal year, the Secretary shall adjust the market stabilization price within the fiscal year to reflect such change. The Secretary shall announce any such adjusted market stabilization price and file notice thereof with the Federal Register. This adjusted market stabilization price will become effective the first calendar quarter following its announcement or, if the Secretary announced it less than 30 days before the beginning of a new calendar quarter, then it will become effective the second calendar quarter following its announcement. Any adjusted market stabilization price, once effective, shall remain in effect through the remainder of the fiscal year unless it is adjusted further in accordance with this paragraph.

(v) The Secretary shall determine the amount of the quarterly fees in accordance with this headnote and shall announce such fees not later than the 25th day of the month preceding the calendar quarter during which the fees shall be applicable. The Secretary shall certify the amount of such fees to the Commissioner of Customs and file notice thereof with the Federal Register prior to the beginning of the calendar quarter during which the fees shall be applicable. The Secretary shall determine and announce any adjustment in the fees made within a calendar quarter in accordance with the proviso of paragraph (ii) hereof, shall certify such adjusted fees to the Commissioner of Customs, and shall file notice thereof with

the Federal Register within 3 market days of the fulfillment of that proviso.

(vi) If an adjustment is made in the fee in accordance with the proviso of paragraph (ii) hereof, any subsequent adjustment made within that quarter shall only be made on the basis of the average spot price for any 10 consecutive market day period following the effective date of the immediately preceding fee adjustment. No adjustment shall be made in any fee in accordance with the proviso of paragraph (ii) hereof during the last fifteen market days of a calendar quarter.

(vii) Any adjustment made in a fee during a quarter in accordance with the proviso of paragraph (ii) hereof shall be effective only with respect to sugar entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption after 12:01 a.m. (local time at point of entry) on the day following the filing of notice thereof with the Federal Register: Provided, That such adjustment in the fee shall not apply to sugar exported (as defined by Customs in accordance with 19 CFR 152.1) on a through bill of lading to the United States from the country of origin before such time. The exemption contained in the preceding proviso shall apply regardless of whether the adjustment in the fee is upward or downward.

B. Items 956.05, 956.15 and 957.15 of part 3 of the Appendix to the TSUS are continued in effect and the "Rates of Duty (Section 22 Fees)" are amended to read as follows:

Item	Articles	Rates of Duty (Section 22 Fees)
	Sugars, sirups and molasses derived from sugar cane or sugar beets, except those entered pursuant to a license issued by the Secretary of Agriculture in accordance with headnote 4(a):	
	Principally of crystalline structure or in dry amorphous form, provided for in item 155.20, part 10A, schedule 1:	
956.05	Not to be further refined or improved in quality.....	An amount determined and adjusted in accordance with headnote 4(c), but not in excess of 50% ad val.
956.15	To be further refined or improved in quality.....	An amount determined and adjusted in accordance with headnote 4(c), but not in excess of 50% ad val.
957.15	Not principally of crystalline structure and not in dry amorphous form, containing soluble nonsugar solids (excluding any foreign substance that may have been added or developed in the product) equal to 6% or less by weight of the total soluble solids, provided for in item 155.30, part 10A, schedule 1.....	An amount determined and adjusted in accordance with headnote 4(c) per pound of

Item	Articles
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Rates of Duty (Section 22 Fees)

total sugars, but not in excess of 50% ad val.

C. The Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with other appropriate agencies, shall review the fee system established by this Proclamation on a quarterly basis and shall submit to me any recommendations for any changes determined to be necessary or appropriate.

D. The provisions of this proclamation shall terminate upon the filing of a notice in the Federal Register by the Secretary of Agriculture that the Department of Agriculture is no longer conducting a price support program for sugar beets and sugar cane.

E. The provisions of Proclamation 4940 of May 5, 1982, are hereby terminated, except that the import fees on items 956.15, 956.05 and 957.15 presently in effect and the market stabilization price determined and announced by the Secretary of Agriculture for fiscal year 1984 (October 1, 1983 - September 30, 1984) shall remain in effect, unless adjusted by the Secretary of Agriculture in accordance with paragraph (c) of Headnote 4 of part 3 of the Appendix to the TSUS, as modified herein.

F. This proclamation shall be effective as of 12:01 a.m. Eastern Standard Time on the day following the date of its signing, and shall apply to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after such effective date.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____ in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

March 15, 1984

WORLD TRADE WEEK, 1984

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BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

America can be proud of its record in international trade. From the earliest days of the Republic, the Yankee trader was a familiar figure in all the great cities of the world. Merchants of every nation knew and respected these traders for the energy and resourcefulness that have always been so characteristic of the American people. By the middle of the nineteenth century, clipper ships from the United States had become the graceful symbols of our national determination to be first and best.

In each decade of our history, we have matched our trading strength with that of the strongest nations in the world. We have opened new markets, created new industries, and pioneered new technologies. In a competitive environment, we have succeeded and flourished. We have built the prosperity of this country on our confidence and on our own strength, ingenuity, and creativity.

Today, the United States is the greatest trading nation on Earth. We are the world's largest economy, its biggest market, and its leading exporter. American brand-names are household words in every market, and everywhere the words "Made in U.S.A." are accepted as an assurance of the highest quality and service.

The strength of our exports has meant a great deal to America. To industry, it has meant profits and added opportunities for growth. To labor, exports have meant jobs -- more than five million in 1983. To the American consumer, free and fair trade has meant better products in greater variety and at lower prices.

There is no question that world trade is fiercely competitive nowadays. Few industries are unaffected by the pressure of foreign goods and services, whether competing for sales at home or abroad. This is a continuing challenge for us. Some would have the United States look to protectionist measures for the answer to competition. As we learned in the 1930's, protectionism in one country only provokes retaliation and invites protectionism in others. International tension grows, the flow of trade is diminished, and the world economy contracts.

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(OVER)

Free and fair trade benefits all nations. For this reason, the United States is committed to policies promoting unrestricted trade and investment consistent with our security interests. Internationally, we are working with our trading partners for new negotiations in support of freer world trade, greater competition, and more open markets. At home, we have urged American business to challenge foreign competition with aggressive selling, research and development, improved management systems, and innovations. Above all, we must build on the surest foundation for this country's prosperity -- our confidence in our own strength and abilities.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning May 20, 1984, as World Trade Week, and I invite the people of the United States to join in ceremonies affirming the importance of trade to America and recognizing the need for increased export efforts.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fifteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

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THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

March 19, 1984

IMPORT FEES ON CERTAIN SUGARS, SIRUPS AND MOLASSES

- - - - -

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
A PROCLAMATION

By Proclamation 4887 of December 23, 1981, and Proclamation 4940 of May 5, 1982, I imposed, on an emergency basis, import fees on certain sugars, sirups and molasses. These fees were to be effective pending my further action after receipt of the report of findings and recommendations of the United States International Trade Commission after its investigation with respect to this matter pursuant to section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended (7 U.S.C. 624). The Commission has made its investigation and reported its findings and recommendations to me.

On the basis of the information submitted to me, I find and declare that:

(a) Sugars classified under items 155.20 and 155.30 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (TSUS) (19 U.S.C. 1202) are being or are practically certain to be imported into the United States under such conditions and in such quantities as to render or tend to render ineffective, or materially interfere with, the price support operations being conducted by the Department of Agriculture for sugar cane and sugar beets.

(b) The imposition of the import fees hereinafter proclaimed is necessary in order that the entry, or withdrawal from warehouse for consumption, of such sugars will not render or tend to render ineffective, or materially interfere with, the price support operations being conducted by the Department of Agriculture for sugar beets and sugar cane.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, by the authority vested in me by section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended, and the statutes of the United States, including section 301 of Title 3 of the United States Code, do hereby proclaim until otherwise superseded by law:

A. Headnote 4 of part 3 of the Appendix to the TSUS is continued in effect and amended, effective 12:01 a.m. Eastern Standard Time of the day following the date of the signing of this proclamation, by changing paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c) (i) The quarterly adjusted fee provided for in items 956.05 and 957.15 shall be the amount of the fee for item 956.15 plus one cent per pound.

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(OVER)

(ii) The quarterly adjusted fee provided for in item 956.15 shall be the amount by which the average of the adjusted daily spot (domestic) price quotations for raw sugar for the 20 consecutive market days immediately preceding the 20th day of the month preceding the calendar quarter during which the fee shall be applicable (as reported by the New York Coffee, Sugar and Cocoa Exchange) expressed in United States cents per pound, in bulk, is less than the applicable market stabilization price: Provided, That whenever the average of the daily spot (domestic) price quotations for 10 consecutive market days within any calendar quarter (1) exceeds the market stabilization price by more than one cent, the fee then in effect shall be decreased by one cent per pound, or (2) is less than the market stabilization price by more than one cent, the fee then in effect shall be increased by one cent per pound. The adjusted daily spot (domestic) price quotation for any market day shall be the daily spot (domestic) price quotation for such market day less the amount of the fee for item 956.15 that is in effect on that day. For any market day for which the New York Coffee, Sugar and Cocoa Exchange does not report a daily spot (domestic) price for raw sugar, then the Secretary of Agriculture (the Secretary) shall use such other price as he determines appropriate.

(iii) The market stabilization price that shall be applicable to each fiscal year (October 1 - September 30) shall be determined and announced by the Secretary in accordance with this headnote no later than 30 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which such market stabilization price shall be applicable. The market stabilization price shall be equal to the sum of:
 (1) the price support level for the applicable fiscal year, expressed in cents per pound of raw cane sugar;
 (2) adjusted average transportation costs; (3) interest costs, if applicable; and (4) 0.2 cent. The adjusted average transportation costs shall be the weighted average cost of handling and transporting domestically produced raw cane sugar from Hawaii to Gulf and Atlantic Coast ports, as determined by the Secretary. Interest costs shall be the amount of interest, as determined or estimated by the Secretary, that would be required to be paid by a recipient of a price support loan for raw cane sugar upon repayment of the loan at full maturity. Interest costs shall only be applicable if a price support loan recipient is not required to pay interest upon forfeiture of the loan collateral.

(iv) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (iii) hereof, if the Secretary determines that there is a significant change in any one or more of the elements comprising the market stabilization price during the fiscal year, the Secretary shall adjust the market stabilization price within the fiscal year to reflect such change. The Secretary shall announce any such adjusted market stabilization price and file notice thereof with the Federal Register. This adjusted market stabilization price will become effective the first calendar quarter following its announcement or, if the Secretary announced it less than 30 days before the beginning of a new calendar quarter, then it will become effective the second calendar quarter following its announcement. Any adjusted market stabilization price, once effective, shall remain in effect through the remainder of the fiscal year unless it is adjusted further in accordance with this paragraph.

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(v) The Secretary shall determine the amount of the quarterly fees in accordance with this headnote and shall announce such fees not later than the 25th day of the month preceding the calendar quarter during which the fees shall be applicable. The Secretary shall certify the amount of such fees to the Commissioner of Customs and file notice thereof with the Federal Register prior to the beginning of the calendar quarter during which the fees shall be applicable. The Secretary shall determine and announce any adjustment in the fees made within a calendar quarter in accordance with the proviso of paragraph (ii) hereof, shall certify such adjusted fees to the Commissioner of Customs, and shall file notice thereof with the Federal Register within 3 market days of the fulfillment of that proviso.

(vi) If an adjustment is made in the fee in accordance with the proviso of paragraph (ii) hereof, any subsequent adjustment made within that quarter shall only be made on the basis of the average spot price for any 10 consecutive market day period following the effective date of the immediately preceding fee adjustment. No adjustment shall be made in any fee in accordance with the proviso of paragraph (ii) hereof during the last fifteen market days of a calendar quarter.

(vii) Any adjustment made in a fee during a quarter in accordance with the proviso of paragraph (ii) hereof shall be effective only with respect to sugar entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption after 12:01 a.m. (local time at point of entry) on the day following the filing of notice thereof with the Federal Register: Provided, That such adjustment in the fee shall not apply to sugar exported (as defined by Customs in accordance with 19 CFR 152.1) on a through bill of lading to the United States from the country of origin before such time. The exemption contained in the preceding proviso shall apply regardless of whether the adjustment in the fee is upward or downward.

B. Items 956.05, 956.15 and 957.15 of part 3 of the Appendix to the TSUS are continued in effect and the "Rates of Duty (Section 22 Fees)" are amended to read as follows:

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(OVER)

Item	Articles	Rates of Duty (Section 22 Fees)
	Sugars, sirups and molasses derived from sugar cane or sugar beets, except those entered pursuant to a license issued by the Secretary of Agriculture in accordance headnote 4(a):	
	Principally of crystalline structure or in dry amorphous form, provided for in item 155.20, part 10A, schedule 1:	
956.05	Not to be further refined or improved in quality.....	An amount determined and adjusted in accordance with headnote 4(c), but not in excess of 50% ad val.
956.15	To be further refined or improved in quality.....	An amount determined and adjusted in accordance with headnote 4(c), but not in excess of 50% ad val.
957.15	Not principally of crystalline structure and not in dry amorphous form, containing soluble non-sugar solids (excluding any foreign substance that may have been added or developed in the product) equal to 6% or less by weight of the total soluble solids, provided for in item 155.30, part 10A, schedule 1.....	An amount determined and adjusted in accordance with headnote 4(c) per pound of total sugars, but not in excess of 50% ad val.

C. The Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with other appropriate agencies, shall review the fee system established by this Proclamation on a quarterly basis and shall submit to me any recommendations for any changes determined to be necessary or appropriate.

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D. The provisions of this proclamation shall terminate upon the filing of a notice in the Federal Register by the Secretary of Agriculture that the Department of Agriculture is no longer conducting a price support program for sugar beets and sugar cane.

E. The provisions of Proclamation 4940 of May 5, 1982, are hereby terminated, except that the import fees on items 956.15, 956.05 and 957.15 presently in effect and the market stabilization price determined and announced by the Secretary of Agriculture for fiscal year 1984 (October 1, 1983 - September 30, 1984) shall remain in effect, unless adjusted by the Secretary of Agriculture in accordance with paragraph (c) of Headnote 4 of part 3 of the Appendix to the TSUS, as modified herein.

F. This proclamation shall be effective as of 12:01 a.m. Eastern Standard Time on the day following the date of its signing, and shall apply to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after such effective date.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this nineteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 21, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM:

JOHN G. ROBERTS 

SUBJECT:

Draft Proclamation: National
Child Abuse Prevention Month
April 1984

Dodie Livingston has asked for comments on the above-referenced draft proclamation by close of business March 23. The proclamation, requested and authorized by S.J. Res. 161, was submitted by HHS and has been approved by OMB. The proclamation notes that child abuse occurs among all segments of our society, and that solutions must be found at the community level. I have reviewed the draft proclamation, and have no objections.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 21, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR DODIE LIVINGSTON
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR, SPECIAL PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Draft Proclamation: National
Child Abuse Prevention Month
April 1984

Counsel's Office has reviewed the above-referenced proclamation, and finds no objection to it from a legal perspective.

FFF:JGR:aea 3/21/84
cc: FFFielding/JGRoberts/Subj/Chron

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

☐ O - OUTGOING☐ H - INTERNAL☐ I - INCOMINGDate Correspondence
Received (YY/MM/DD) 1/1Name of Correspondent: Dodie Livingston☐ MI Mail Report

User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Draft Proclamation: National Child
Abuse Prevention Month, April 1984**ROUTE TO:****ACTION****DISPOSITION**

Office/Agency (Staff Name)

Action
CodeTracking
Date
YY/MM/DDType
of
Response

Code

Completion
Date
YY/MM/DDCUHOLL

ORIGINATOR

8403211/1

Referral Note:

D 84.03.21584.03.23

Referral Note:

C.O.B.

Referral Note:

Referral Note:

Referral Note:

ACTION CODES:

A - Appropriate Action
C - Comment/Recommendation
D - Draft Response
F - Furnish Fact Sheet
to be used as Enclosure

I - Info Copy Only/No Action Necessary
R - Direct Reply w/Copy
S - For Signature
X - Interim Reply

DISPOSITION CODES:

A - Answered
B - Non-Special Referral
C - Completed
S - Suspended

FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:

Type of Response = Initials of Signer
Code = "A"
Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: _____

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.
Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).
Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

~~RECEIVED - WHITE HOUSE - MARCH 21 1984~~

Document No. 187042

March 21, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: FRED FIELDING
CRAIG FULLER
M.B. OGLESBY
JACK SVAHN
LEE VERSTANDIG
FAITH WHITTLESEY

FROM: JACK R. WELLS, for Dodie Livingston

SUBJECT: DRAFT PROCLAMATION: National
Child Abuse Prevention Month, 1984

Attached for your review is the proposed proclamation which would proclaim the month of ~~April~~ as "National Child Abuse Prevention Month."

The draft was prepared by the Department of Health and Human Services and was slightly edited in the Office of Special Presidential Messages.

~~We must have more health care for all people.~~

As always, many thanks.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

March 16, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: MICHAEL J. HOROWITZ
COUNSEL TO THE DIRECTOR *MJ*
SUBJECT: NATIONAL CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION MONTH

Pursuant to Senate Joint Resolution 161, the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation which would proclaim the month of April 1984 as "National Child Abuse Prevention Month."

The proposed proclamation, which was submitted by the Department of Health and Human Services, has been retyped in this office, to reflect minor editorial changes and as to format.

The proposed proclamation has the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Enclosure

NATIONAL CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION MONTH, 1984

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BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Abuse of children occurs in all segments of our society, in rural, suburban, and urban areas and among all racial, ethnic, and income groups. The time has come for Americans to unite in an all out effort to eradicate child abuse, both physical and sexual, from the Nation.

Child abuse is a national concern, but it is a community and family problem first, and the answers must be found at the community level. Most physical and emotional violence takes place within the family. All Americans aware of the problem of child abuse must work for an end of this tragedy.

There is a place for everyone in this effort. By being a good neighbor to the family next door who may be under stress, Americans can be an enormous help. Our schools have an important role to play by educating children about parental roles and responsibilities, moral values, and appropriate behavior in the family setting. We must do what we can to reverse the trend of abused children becoming abusive parents. In addition, voluntary community self-help groups such as Parents Anonymous are taking positive steps to break this cycle.

In recognition of the need to find ways to prevent the agony of child abuse from continuing in future generations, the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 161, has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation proclaiming April 1984, as "National Child Abuse Prevention Month."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of April 1984, as National Child Abuse Prevention Month. We must find a way to leave our future generations a priceless legacy -- the confidence and trust resulting from a secure childhood.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this
day of _____, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and
eighty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America
the two hundred and eighth.

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

March 23, 1984

LOYALTY DAY, 1984

- - - - -

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

As Americans, we enjoy a rich heritage of freedom. How fortunate we are that the founders of this great country were committed to the ideal that all people share inalienable rights to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. This ideal has been the inspiration for many generations of Americans in the building of what is today the greatest and most prosperous Nation in the world.

The people of the United States cherish their liberties and recognize that our freedoms of conscience and action are at the heart of the unique American tradition. To preserve this great tradition, it is important for us all to pause from time to time to rededicate ourselves to the democratic ideals which have served us so well.

For this purpose, the Congress, by joint resolution approved July 18, 1958 (72 Stat. 369, 36 U.S.C. 162), has designated May 1 of each year as Loyalty Day, a day for the reaffirmation of loyalty to the United States of America and for the recognition of the heritage of American freedom.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim May 1, 1984, as Loyalty Day and call upon all Americans and patriotic, civic, and educational organizations to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies. I also call upon all government officials to display the flag of the United States on all government buildings and grounds on that day.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-second day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighth.

RONALD REAGAN

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