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#### THE WHITE HOUSE

#### WASHINGTON

January 10, 1984

MEMORANDUM TO MICHAEL K. DEAVER

FROM:

RICHARD WIRTHLIN

SUBJECT:

Announcement Speech

- The Announcment Speech should have strong Presidential tone -compassion, hope and opportunity in the future. The speech should also reflect Presidential strength and his accomplishments.
- The President should review briefly the problems and challenges he faced when he took the oath of office in January of 1981. 2.
  - inflation
  - government waste and fraud
  - stagnant economy
  - loss of confidence in government institutions
  - weak defense
  - social security facing bankruptcy
- 3. Review problems and challenges that have been resolved in the past three years.
  - inflation
  - economic stagnation
  - confidence in government institutions
  - defense
  - social security
- 4. Problems and challenges yet to be resolved.
  - budget deficits
  - 1984/1985 budget
  - needed structural changes (line-item veto)
  - two year budget cycle
- Commitments to simplify and make more fair the tax system 5. (Secretary Regan mandate.)
- 6. Promise of future.
  - Orwell's 1984 was one in which technology crushed the opportunity and spirit of the individual. That has not happened. The decade of the 80's and the 90's have learned to use technology to free the spirit and give every American the opportunity throught established,

wiser, sensitive and more responsive government.

Mike, one of the themes that should be woven through the announcement is that this President believes that government exists to serve the people not as welfare states avers that the people exist to serve the government.

- 7. I am concerned that we are not putting in place the kind of support we need ADI's. We must have key spokesmen that will applaud and expand the significance of the President's announcement. These people must be quickly organized and provided with our message (see above) but given by those spokesmen in a more partisan way.
- 8. It might be a great idea to have the President's direct appeal to the Soviet people as now drafted in the State of the Union placed in the Announcement Speech. It is a very powerful and emotional statement and very appropriate for the 29th.

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THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON Jan. 6, 1984

FYI:

DICK WIRTHLIN brought this by today. Thinks this may become an issue.

JAB READ 1/9/84 mot 7:30 P.M.

JA 21

# DECISION / MAKING / INFORMATION SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

T	EL	EPH	ON	ES,	RATES	, AND	SERV	ICI	ES
---	----	-----	----	-----	-------	-------	------	-----	----

----QUESTION-----

Some people say the re-organization will be a good thing because it will mean lower long-distance rates and more competition in making telephones. Other people say it will be bad because local charges will go up and the system was working well and didn't need to be changed. What do you think, is the re-organization a good idea, or not?

----AN SW ER----

GOOD IDEA 31% NOT A GOOD IDEA 45 NO OPINION 24

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE---1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL ADULTS
TELEPHONE

----NOTES-----

### January 06, 1984 DECISION / MAKING / INFORMATION

#### SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELEPHONES,	RATES,	AND	SER	/ICES
-------------	--------	-----	-----	-------

----QUESTION-----

Not counting long-distance calls, if your basic charge for local telephone service was twice as much as it is now, could you afford to keep a telephone?

----AN SW ER -----

YES 54% NO 42 NO OPINION 4

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE---1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL ADULTS
1587 TELEPHONE

----NOTES-----

### January 06, 1984 DECISION / MAKING / INFORMATION

#### SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELEPHONES IN GENERAL

----QUESTION-----

CONGRESS IS IN THE PROCESS OF PASSING A NEW BILL TO RAISE TAXES. LET ME READ YOU SOME OF THE MAJOR TAX PROVISIONS THAT HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED. FOR EACH, TELL ME IF YOU FAVOR OR OPPOSE THAT TAX. RAISING THE TAX ON PHONE SERVICE FROM 1% TO 2% IN 1983 AND FROM 2% TO 3% IN 1984

----AN SW ER-----

FAVOR 18% OPPOSE 81% NOT SURE 1%

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----

1982-08-05 1982-08-10 ADULTS NATIONAL

1254

TELEPHONE

---NOTES----

1

### January 06, 1984 DECISION / MAKING / INFORMATION SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELEPHONES I	NG	EN	ER/	4L
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----POLLSTER----- -POLL NO-- ----PUBLISHED IN---- DATE PUBL NBC NEWS/ASSOCIATED PRESS 83 NBC NEWS POLL 1982-08-23

---QUESTION-----

Have you heard or read about the new tax law being debated by Congress -- a proposal designed to lower federal deficits by increasing some taxes on businesses and also increasing taxes on things like cigarettes, telephone calls, and airline tickets? (IF YES, ASK) Do you generally approve or disapprove of this new tax proposal?

---ANSWER-----

HAVEN'T HEARD OR READ 25% 37 APPROVE DISAPPROVE 32 NOT SURE 6

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----1982-08-09 1982-08-10 NATIONAL 1594 TELEPHONE ADULTS

---NOTES----

# DECISION / MAKING / INFORMATION

	SURVE	Y DATABA	NK SYSTEM		
TELEPHONE SE	RVICE				
POLLSTER-		LL NO	PUBLIS	SHED IN	DATE PUBL
TRENDEX	NA		PUBLIC OF	PINION MAGAZ	1983-07
	QUESTION				-
	Now let's talk about the things you pay f you, would you pleas are getting good, mo money you might pay	or. As e tell m derate,	I read each e whether y	n item to you feel you	•
	Te lephone				
	ANSWER				
		1965	1982		
	GOOD VALUE POOR VALUE	69% 9	38% 27		

SURVEY	DATES	-SAMPLE POPULATION	SAMPLE SIZE	INTERVIEW MODE
1982-01-29	1982-02-16	NATIONAL	2000	NA
NOTES				

# DECISION / MAKING / INFORMATION SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

#### TELEPHONES IN GENERAL

POLLSTER	-POLL NO	PUBLISHED IN	DATE PUBL
HARRIS	1978-24	HARRIS SURVEY	1978-03-23

----QUESTION-----

President Carter has recommended a series of tax changes to the Congress. Let me read you some of the things he is recommending. For each, tell me if you favor or oppose that tax proposal.

Eliminate the excise tax on telephone calls.

Favor 75% Oppose 10 Not sure 15

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE---1978-02-11 1978-02-18 NATIONAL ADULTS

NOTES

---NO1E2

### January 06, 1984 DECISION / MAKING / INFORMATION SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TEL	EPHONES,	RATES.	AND	SERVI	CES
-----	----------	--------	-----	-------	-----

----POLLSTER----- -POLL NO-- ----PUBLISHED IN---- DATE PUBL CBS NEWS / NEW YORK TIMES SEPTEMBER CBS / NEW YORK TIMES 1983-10-04

----QUESTION-----

Now, I want to ask you some questions about telephones and telephone service. Generally speaking, are you satisfied or not satisfied with your telephone and the service you get from your telephone company? (If satisfied or not satisfied) Would you say you're very (satisfied/dissatisfied) or only somewhat (satisfied/dissatisfied).

----AN SWER-----

VERY SATISFIED 44% SOMEWHAT SATISFIED 39 SOMEWHAT DISSATISFIED 9 VERY DISSATISFIED NO OPINION 2

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----

1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL ADULTS

1587

**TELEPHONE** 

---NOTES----

### January 06, 1984 DECISION / MAKING / INFORMATION SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

Т	FI	FPHONES	RATES	AND	SERVICES
ı		EFHUNES,	KAILS,	AND	SEKATCE?

----POLL STER----- POLL NO-- ----PUBLISHED IN---- DATE PUBL CBS NEWS / NEW YORK TIMES SEPTEMBER CBS / NEW YORK TIMES 1983-10-04

----OUESTION-----

Do you think local telephone service is so necessary that it should be provided to people who cannot afford to pay for it, even if that means higher phone charges or higher taxes for other people?

---ANSWER----

YES 34% NO 55 NO OPINION 11

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----

1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL **ADULTS** 

1587

**TELEPHONE** 

---NOTES-----

#### SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELI	EPHON	NES,	RATE:	S. A	ND :	SERV	IC	ES	S

----POLLSTER----- -POLL NO-- ----PUBLISHED IN---- DATE PUBL CBS NEWS / NEW YORK TIMES SEPTEMBER CBS / NEW YORK TIMES 1983-10-04

----OUESTION-----

One of the changes in telephone service in recent years is that many people now own their telephone -- that is, the instrument itself -- while others rent them from the telephone company the way everyone used to. Do you own or rent your phone?

---ANSWER-----

OWN 26% RENT 62 BOTH (VOL) 10 NO OPINION

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----

1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL ADULTS

1587

**TELEPHONE** 

---NOTES-----

#### SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELETITORES KATES, AND SERVICE	S, AND SERVICES	AND	RATES,	EPHONES,	TEL
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----POLLSTER----- -POLL NO-- ----PUBLISHED IN---- DATE PUBL CBS NEWS / NEW YORK TIMES SEPTEMBER CBS / NEW YORK TIMES 1983-10-04

> How much did you spend last month for long-distance calls. Was it under ten dollars,

----QUESTION-----

between ten dollars and forty dollars, or was it more than forty dollars?

----ANSWER-----

\$0 - \$10 34% BETWEEN \$10 AND \$40 39 MORE THAN \$40 25 NO OPINION

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----

1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL ADULTS

1587

**TELEPHONE** 

---NOTES----

#### SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELEPHONES, RATES, AND	SERVICE:	S
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----POLLSTER----- -POLL NO-- ----PUBLISHED IN---- DATE PUBL CBS NEWS / NEW YORK TIMES SEPTEMBER CBS / NEW YORK TIMES 1983-10-04

----QUESTION-----

(IF YES AWARE OF THE BREAK-UP OF AT\$T (29%) ASK:) Generally, do you think this means service will get better, or get worse?

----ANSWER-----

GET BETTER 25% GET WORSE 41 STAY THE SAME (VOL) 16 NO OPINION 18

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----

1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL **ADULTS** 

1587

**TELEPHONE** 

----NOTES-----

#### SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELEPHONES, RATES, AND SERVICES	5		
POLLSTER	-POLL NO	PUBLISHED IN	DATE PUBL
CBS NEWS / NEW YORK TIMES	SEPTEMBER	CBS / NEW YORK TIMES	1983-10-04
OUESTION			

A Federal court order a major re-organization of the telephone company, American Telephone and Telegraph, that will take effect over the next several months. Have you heard or read enough to understand what's going to happen?

---ANSWER-----

YES 29% 66 NO NO OPINION 5

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----

1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL ADULTS

1587

**TELEPHONE** 

---NOTES----

#### SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELEPHONES, RATES	. AND	SERVI	CES
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----POLLSTER----- -POLL NO-- ----PUBLISHED IN---- DATE PUBL CBS NEWS / NEW YORK TIMES SEPTEMBER CBS / NEW YORK TIMES 1983-10-04

---QUESTION-----

How hard would it be for you to get along without a telephone in your home? Would it be easy, somewhat difficult, or a real hardship?

----ANSWER-----

EASY 11% SOMEWHAT DIFFICULT 37 REAL HARDSHIP 51 NO OPINION 1

----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----

1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL **ADULTS** 

1587

**TELEPHONE** 

---NOTES-----

1		
January	06,	1984

# DECISION / MAKING / INFORMATION SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELEPHONES, RATES, AND SERVICES	PUBLISHED IN	DATE PUBL
	CBS / NEW YORK TIMES	
OHECTION		

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YES 29% NO 66 NO OPINION 5

-----SURVEY DATES---- -SAMPLE POPULATION-- SAMPLE SIZE --INTERVIEW MODE----

1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL ADULTS

1587

**TELEPHONE** 

----NOTES-----

#### SURVEY DATABANK SYSTEM

TELEPHONES, RATES, AND SERVICES		
POLLSTER	PUBLISHED IN	DATE PUBL
CBS NEWS / NEW YORK TIMES SEPTEMBER	CBS / NEW YORK TIMES	1983-10-04

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1983-09-24 1983-09-28 NATIONAL 1587 TELEPHONE ADULTS

---NOTES----



Lee alwater

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Intelligent alternatives for today's decision makers

6803 Poplar Place, Suite 300, McLean, Virginia 22101, (703) 556-0001

T0:

H

Edwin Meese III

James A. Baker, III Michael K. Deaver

FROM:

Richard B. Wirthlin

DATE:

September 2, 1983 (RNC83-9: August 17-22, 1983)

SUBJECT:

1984 Presidential Vote

There is a mixed message for the President in this month's ballot tests. On the positive side, at this time, more people would vote to reelect Reagan regardless of his opponent. Additionally, he is running stronger against Glenn among registered voters. On the negative side, Mondale gained some ground between June and August.

Regarding the future, Americans' expectations for a successful Reagan second term are based upon continued economic improvement. His handling of foreign policy and the fear of a possible unwanted war underlie apprehension towards his reelection.

#### Reelect Ronald Reagan

Three per cent (3%) more Americans state this month that they would vote to reelect the President regardless of his opponent. (The responses are similar to the year's high registered in May.)

Respondents were specifically asked:

Thinking ahead to the 1984 presidential election, do you think Ronald Reagan has performed well enough as President to deserve reelection, or do you think it will be time to give a new person the chance to do better?

Reelect	43%
New person	50
Depends on who runs	7

1984 Presidential Vote September 2, 1983 Page Two

Overall, Reagans' support groups have remained constant. Swings in support over the past few months are greatest among white Baptists (+8% this month) and blue-collar workers (+7% this month). Declines have occurred among Farm Belt residents, although their support rose 4% in August. The only group evidencing less support in August are senior citizens (-3%).

Nevertheless, only among his Republican base does the President receive a solid majority willing to reelect him regardless of his opponent. On the other hand, 52% of blue-collar voters and 55% of women are ready for a new president. (There is a 14% gap between men and women on the reelect issue.)

#### Reagan versus Mondale

In the August survey, Mondale receives his highest vote percentage since January. The President's share of the vote is down 3% from June to 47%, while Mondale garners an improved 45%. Aggregate scores among registered voters are:

Whom would you prefer as President of the United States if the candidates were Ronald Reagan, Republican; and Walter Mondale, Democrat?

Ronald Re	agan	4	7%
Walter Mo	-	4	5
Undecided			8

The President's strongest support continues to come from upper-income voters (71%), Republicans (88%), self-identified conservatives (58%), professionals (58%), the better educated, and westerners (54%).

Reagan retains 81% of those who voted for him in 1980, as well as 84% of those who voted for a GOP congressional candidate in 1982. Reagan also receives a higher percentage (50%) of the vote among "more likely voters." This holds true for all three different questions used to measure likelihood of voting.

In the key constituencies, Reagan picks up 10% among Farm Belt residents (53%), 4% among Catholics (48%), and 2% among Independents/Learners (54%). Consistent with his losses on the

1984 Presidential Vote September 2, 1983 Page Three

generic reelect results, he drops 7% among senior citizens (47%) and 5% among white Baptists (50%). In a Reagan-Mondale contest, 13% more women than men favor Mondale.

#### Reagan versus Glenn

Although the President's share of the vote in a Reagan-Glenn contest is unchanged, Glenn's share is down 3 points to 42% among registered voters.

When asked specifically:

Whom would you prefer as president of the United States if the candidates were Ronald Reagan, Republican; and John Glenn, Democrat?

Ronald Reagan	46%
John Glenn	42
Undecided	12

Against Glenn, Reagan's strongest support groups are basically the same as they are against Mondale: base Republicans (82%), upper-income voters (65%), conservatives (56%), small business owners/managers (55%), and westerners (52%).

Against Glenn, Reagan retains less of his 1980 vote (72%), and of those who voted for a Republican Congressman in 1982, Reagan benefits, however, from switching by former Carter supporters when he is pitted against Glenn.

Erosion of Reagan's support among senior citizens is most acute when he is pitted against Glenn (-9%). Among other constituencies, Reagan's support remains either stable or increases, as much as 5% among white Baptists and Farm Belt residents. In a Reagan-Glenn contest, women (39%) are much less likely than men (53%) to support Reagan.

#### Three-way Ballots

Adding Jesse Jackson to the list of candidates in either a Reagan-Mondale or a Reagan-Glenn contest tends to drain support

1984 Presidential Vote September 2, 1983 Page Four

from the Democratic candidate. Glenn particularly loses support, however in this case, more voters voice indecision when Jackson is included.

Whom would you vote for if there was a three-way race between ...?

Ronald Reagan	43%
Walter Mondale	39
Jesse Jackson	8
Undecided	10
Ronald Reagan	48%
John Glenn	33
Jesse Jackson	6
Undecided	13

In a Reagan-Mondale race, Reagan maintains 95% of his base vote; Mondale retains only 79% of his vote.

Jackson's presence in the race is quite damaging to some of Mondale's greatest strength constituencies: blacks and women. In a two-way race, Mondale receives 88% of the registered black vote. Jackson would draw off 56% of Mondale's black vote in two ways: blacks switching from Mondale to Jackson, and blacks switching to undecided. Additionally, Jackson draws off 13% of the base Democratic vote and damages Mondale among blue-collar workers.

With Glenn and Jackson as opponents, Reagan again manages to retain 95% of his vote, while Glenn's total slips to only 73% of his vote projected in a two-way race. Glenn does less well among blacks than Mondale, but he still garners an overwhelming 74% of their vote when running against Reagan.

Jackson's presence in the race destroys Glenn's support among black voters. He retains only 19% of the black vote -- a net loss of 55%. Thirty-two percent (32%) of blacks vote for Jackson with a large percentage (41%) undecided. Interestingly, women support Reagan over Glenn (41% and 36%, respectively) when Jackson is in the race.

#### Four-Way Ballots

Adding Anderson's name to the ballot as an Independent candidate yields interesting results: both Democrats are hurt more by an

1984 Presidential Vote September 3, 1983 Page Five

additional Anderson candidacy than by a Jackson candidacy alone.

Respondents were asked specifically:

And whom would you vote for if there was a four-way race between ...?

Ronald Reagan Walter Mondale Jesse Jackson John Anderson Undecided	41% 34 6 9 10
Ronald Reagan John Glenn Jesse Jackson John Anderson Undecided	45% 29 5 9

Anderson retains 58% of his 1980 support when pitted against Mondale, and 45% against Glenn -- support that would normally lean toward the Democrats. He also draws extremely well among women, enough to place Reagan ahead of Glenn in women's support and only one point behind Mondale.

Anderson drains support from Glenn also among Independents/Leaners, white Baptists, Catholics, and small business owners/managers.

Against Mondale, an Anderson candidacy results in erosions basically among the same groups. Anderson's entry in the race, however, combined with a Jackson candidacy, would be more damaging to Glenn.

At this point, while either combination of three- or four-way races would result in defections from both Republican and Democratic camps, the greatest damage would be done to the Democratic challenger.

Against Mondale in a four-way race Reagan retains 90% of his vote; Mondale drops to only 68% of his original support. Again, with Glenn as the challenger on a four-man ballot, Reagan consistently holds 89% of his vote. As with Mondale, Glenn fairs less well, retaining only 66% of the vote he receives in a two-way contest.

1984 Presidential Vote September 2, 1983 Page Six

#### Good Things if Reagan Reelected

Respondents were asked to name the positive changes they think would occur if President Reagan were to be reelected in 1984. Six out of ten could mention something "good" that would happen. Interestingly, the most frequent mentions center around his economic policies (41%); specifically: he will improve the economy (21%), he will reduce unemployment (12%), he will reduce inflation (12%), and he will reduce the deficit (5%). Other mentions include: he will continue to do a good job (21%), like his policies on war and defense (16%), social policies will improve (10%), and like his projection for the role of government (1%). Negative and neutral responses are comprised of 29% who said nothing good will happen if Reagan is reelected, and 11% who have no opinion on the subject.

Men are more likely to mention economic policies (46%) than women (36%). The difference is even more apparent between non-married men (52%) and non-married women (32%).

Other high mentions of economic policies occur among upper-income respondents (62%), the better educated (59%), base Republicans (59%), professionals (56%), and younger respondents (51%).

Conversely, lower than average mentions of economic policies can be found among senior citizens (32%), Democrats (25%), the less educated (24%), blacks (22%), and lower-income respondents (18%).

As expected, negative responses -- those who say that nothing good will come of Reagan's being reelected -- come mainly from those making less than \$5,000 a year (61%), blacks (50%), the less educated (46%), and Democrats (45).

#### Bad Thing if Reagan Reelected

Respondents were also asked to list the bad things they believe will happen if Ronald Reagan is reelected. Over half (51%) of all the negative responses focused on foreign policy. The highest mention is war and defense policies, specifically: the fear of the United States getting involved in a war (38%), poor foreign policy (7%), an increase in the arms race (3%), and an increase in defense spending (3%). Economic policies received the second highest number of mentions (29%), including: Reagan will increase unemployment (15%), he will increase inflation (6%), and the economy will get worse (7%). Other bad things mentioned include:

1984 Presidential Vote September 2, 1983 Page Seven

social policies (15%), poor job performance and insensitivity (13%), age and other personal characteristics (5%), his difficulty in working with Congress (3%), and the role of the government (1%). Positive and neutral responses are comprised of 11% believing nothing bad would happen if Reagan is reelected, and 12% no opinion.

"War and defense policies" receives its most frequent mention from Hispanics (70%), non-married men (60%), 18-24 year-olds (60%), professionals (51%), postgraduates (50%), and blacks (50%).

Blacks (47%), Democrats (38%), low-income households (37%), non-married women (35%), families with children (34%), and 18-24 year-olds (33%) mention economic problems more often than other respondents do.

Highest positive responses -- nothing bad will happen if Reagan is reelected -- tend to come from senior citizens (18%), residents of the Mountain States (20%), and base Republicans (22%).

#### Single Issue Change Vote

Slightly more than a third of the respondents say they feel strongly enough about a particular issue to prevent them from voting for a political candidate who takes a different position on that issue. Respondents were asked:

There are some issues about which people feel so strongly that they would  $\underline{not}$  vote for a candidate who disagreed with them on that issue. Is there any  $\underline{one}$  issue that is so important to you that you would not vote for a candidate who had a position different from yours?

No	62%
Yes	36
No opinion	2

Those who are most likely to switch a vote on a candidate because of a single issue include the less educated (71%), 55 to 64 year-olds (71%), moderates (71%), low-income respondents (70%), residents of the Deep South (70%), and blacks (69%).



1984 Presidential Vote September 2, 1983 Page Eight

The single issues that have the sharpest cutting political edge in rank order are:

Against arms race	5%
Pro-life	3
Against high unemployment	2
Oppose foreign involvement	2
Favor social security increases	2
Oppose increases in social security	1
Oppose welfare	1
Oppose nuclear freeze	1
Oppose ERA/Gay rights	1
Favor ERA/Gay rights	1
Anti-gun control	1
Against higher taxes	1
Against high defense spending	1
Against funding of social programs	1
Pro-abortion	1
Improve education	1
Strong national defense	1

#### Reelect Reagan

"One last question ... thinking ahead to the 1984 <u>Presidential</u> election ... do you think Ronald Reagan has performed well enough as President to deserve reelection or do you think it will be time to give a new person the chance to do better?"

	 May 20-26 1982	Sep 23-27 1982	Jan 7-10 1983	Jan 27-29 1983	Mar 17-21 1983	Apr 7-10 1983
Reelect New person Depends/No opinion	37 49 14	37 52 11	* *	* *	38 54 8	39 53 7
	Apr 27-28 1983	May 27-30 1983	Jun 25-27 1983	Jul 30-31 1983	Aug 17-22 1983	
Reelect New person Depends/No opinion	* *	44 49 7	40 53 7	* *	43 50 7	

#### Reelect Reagan

"Thinking ahead to the 1984 <u>presidential</u> election ... do you think Ronald Reagan has performed well enough as President to deserve reelection, or do you think it will be time to give a new person the chance to do better?"

#### Reelect

		Apr 7-11 1983 (%)	May 27-30 1983 (%)	June 25-27 1983 (%)	Aug 17-22 1983 (%)
Α	ggregate	39	45	40	43
	Base Republican Small business Farm Belt states	75 49 50	80 52 57	76 44 39	78 49 43
	Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	35 43 35 40 42 *	42 37 37 40 45 52	37 49 33 37 42 40	44 46 37 44 48 48

#### New Person

	Apr	May	June	Aug
	7-11	27-30	25-27	17-22
	1983	1983	1983	1983
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Aggregate	53	48	53	50
Base Republican	20	16	22	16
Small business	40	41	50	43
Farm Belt states	45	37	56	49
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	56	51	56	52
	49	57	44	47
	58	56	59	55
	54	53	57	48
	50	45	47	43
	*	44	52	49



#### Presidential Ballot -- Registered Voters

"Just one last question ... whom would you prefer as President of the United States if the candidates were ... Ronald Reagan, Republican ... and Walter Mondale, Democrat ... or ... John Glenn, Democrat ... and Ronald Reagan, Republican?"

	Jan 7-10 1983	Jan 27-29 1983	Mar 17-21 1983	Apr 7-10 1983	Apr 27-28 1983	May 27-30 1983
Reagan Mondale	46 46	42 45	45 45	48 44	43 41	54 38
Reagan Glenn	42 48	*	*	46 44	40 43	50 41
	Jun 25-27 1983	Jul 30-31 1983	Aug 17-22 1983			
Reagan Mondale	50 42	*	47 45			
Reagan Glenn	46 45	*	46 42			

#### Registered Voters: Reagan versus Mondale

"Just suppose the election for President were held today, whom would you prefer as President of the United States if the candidates were ... Ronald Reagan, Republican ... and Walter Mondale, Democrat?"

#### Reagan

	Apr	May	June	Aug
	7-11	27-30	25-27	17-22
	1983	1983	1983	1983
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Aggregate	48	55	50	47
Base Republican	88	91	88	88
Small business	62	59	59	56
Farm Belt states	52	51	43	53
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	47 52 45 41 56	60 44 47 51 57 54	53 54 44 44 52 56	48 47 41 48 54 50

#### Mondale

	Apr	May	June	Aug
	7-11	27-30	25-27	17-22
	1983	1983	1983	1983
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Aggregate	44	37	42	45
Base Republican	9	5	8	10
Small business	30	32	34	36
Farm Belt states	41	39	41	40
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	47 41 47 48 35	35 47 44 43 31 39	41 39 48 48 35 35	45 45 50 43 35 44

#### Registered Voters: Reagan versus Glenn

"Whom would you prefer as President of the United States if the candidates were  $\dots$  Ronald Reagan, Republican  $\dots$  and  $\dots$  John Glenn, Democrat?"

#### Reagan

	Apr	May	June	Aug
	7-11	27-30	25-27	17-22
	1983	1983	1983	1983
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Aggregate	46	51	46	46
Base Republican	79	83	79	82
Small business	53	54	56	55
Farm Belt states	54	40	41	46
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	43 48 43 41 53	55 44 42 47 52 57	46 53 40 43 48 42	46 44 39 45 51 47

#### Glenn

	Apr	May	June	Aug
	7-11	27-30	25-27	17-22
	1983	1983	1983	1983
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Aggregate	44	41	45	42
Base Republican	14	11	17	12
Small business	33	36	37	32
Farm Belt states	37	45	47	37
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	47 39 48 47 34	39 52 50 48 36 30	47 45 49 49 41 38	43 47 50 41 33 42

#### Presidential Ballot: Three Candidates

"Whom would you vote for if there was a three-way race between Ronald Reagan, Republican; Walter Mondale, Democrat; and the Reverend Jesse Jackson, Democrat?" (N=787-794)

Ronald Reagan	43%
Walter Mondale	39
Jesse Jackson	8

"Whom would you vote for if there was a three-way race between Ronald Reagan, Republican; John Glenn, Democrat; and the Reverend Jesse Jackson, Democrat?"

Ronald Reagan	48%
John Glenn	33
Jesse Jackson	6

#### Three-Way Ballot: Reagan vs. Mondale vs. Jackson

"Whom would you vote for if there was a three-way race between Ronald Reagan, Republican; Walter Mondale, Democrat; and the Reverend Jesse Jackson, Democrat?"

	Ronald Reagan (%)	Walter Mondale (%)	Jesse Jackson (%)	Undecided (%)
Aggregate	43	39	8	10
Strength Constituencies				
Base Republican Small business Farm Belt states	79 50 37	13 36 58	3 4 1	4 10 4
Swing Constituencies				
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	42 40 37 46 49 46	38 43 42 40 35 43	12 4 10 6 7 3	8 13 10 8 10 7

#### Three-Way Ballot: Reagan vs. Glenn vs. Jackson

"Whom would you vote for if there was a three-way race between Ronald Reagan, Republican; John Glenn, Democrat; and the Reverend Jesse Jackson, Democrat?"

	Ronald Reagan (%)	John Glenn (%)	Jesse Jackson (%)	Undecided (%)
Aggregate	48	33	6	13
Strength Constituencies				
Base Republican Small business Farm Belt states	89 57 54	8 26 26	1 5 7	2 12 13
Swing Constituencies				
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	52 49 41 51 51 46	29 31 36 38 26 40	7 5 8 4 6 4	11 15 15 8 16 10

#### Presidential Ballot: Four Candidates

"And whom would you vote for if there was a four-way race between Ronald Reagan, Republican, Walter Mondale, Democrat; the Reverend Jesse Jackson, Democrat; and John Anderson, Independent?" (N=787-794)

Ronald Reagan	41%
Walter Mondale	34
Jesse Jackson	6
John Anderson	9

"And whom would you vote for if there was a four-way race between Ronald Reagan, Republican; John Glenn, Democrat; the Reverend Jesse Jackson, Democrat; and John Anderson, Independent?"

Ronald Reagan	45%
John Glenn	29
Jesse Jackson	5
John Anderson	9

Four-Way Ballot: Reagan vs. Mondale vs. Jackson vs. Anderson

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"And whom would you vote for if there was a four-way race between Ronald Reagan, Republican; Walter Mondale, Democrat; the Reverend Jesse Jackson, Democrat; and John Anderson, Independent?"

	Ronald Reagan (%)	Walter Mondale (%)	Jesse Jackson (%)	John Anderson (%)	Undecided (%)
Aggregate	41	34	6	9	10
Strength Constituencies					
Base Republican Small business Farm Belt states	77 46 38	11 31 53	3 3 1	4 10 5	6 9 2
Swing Constituencies					
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	41 40 35 43 44 46	34 33 36 37 25 33	10 2 9 1 4 3	8 8 10 18	6 17 13 8 10 8

RNC83-9: August 17-22, 1983

Four-Way Ballot: Reagan vs. Glenn vs. Jackson vs. Anderson

"And whom would you vote for if there was a four-way race between Ronald Reagan, Republican; John Glenn, Democrat; the Reverend Jesse Jackson, Democrat; and John Anderson, Independent?"

	Ronald Reagan (%)	John Glenn (%)	Jesse Jackson (%)	John Anderson (%)	Undecided (%)
Aggregate	45	29	5	9	12
Strength Constituencies					
Base Republican Small business Farm Belt states	86 50 50	7 21 24	1 5 7	12 7	4 13 13
Swing Constituencies					
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	46 50 39 47 44 42	29 25 32 33 21 29	7 4 6 2 4 5	5 8 7 11 17 13	12 12 16 7 14 10

RNC83-9: August 17-22, 1983

Good Thing Happen: Reagan Reelection

"Suppose Ronald Reagan is reelected President of the United States. Think for a moment and tell me a  $\underline{good}$  thing that might happen if Ronald Reagan is President?"

<u>F</u>	ercent
Improve the economy	21%
Reduce inflation	12
Reduce unemployment	12
Continue his policies	8
Would do a good job	8
Improved foreign policy/U.S. respect abroad	3 7
Stability in government	5
Reduce deficit	5
Strong military	5
Will avoid war	5
Will improve education	4
Experienced	3
Will help the people	3
Reduce interest rates	3
Reduce welfare	3
Improve social security	3
Other	16
Nothing-general negative	29
No opinion	11

Note: Those able to mention one good thing = 889 (60%).

#### Bad Thing Happen: Reagan Reelection

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"Now tell me a  $\underline{\text{bad}}$  thing you are afraid might happen if Ronald Reagan is reelected President."

		Percent
War/Nuclear war		38%
Increase unemployment	- Î	15
Eliminate social security		9
Won't help the people		8
Poor economy		7
Poor foreign policy		7
Increase inflation		6
Favors the rich		4
Education will suffer		4
Too old		4
Increase defense spending		3
Depression/recession		3
Increase arms race		3
No cooperation from Congress		2
Increase government spending		2
Will not do a good job		2
Raise taxes		2
Increase interest rates		2
Will be assassinated		2
0ther		12
Nothing-general positive		11
No opinion		12

Note: Those able to mention one bad thing = 1158 (77%).

#### Single Issue Affect Vote

"There are some issues about which people feel so strongly that they would  $\underline{\text{not}}$  vote for a candidate who disagreed with them on that issue. Is there any  $\underline{\text{one}}$  issue that is so important to you that you would not vote for a candidate who had a position different from yours?"

	D/M/I Aug 17-22 1983*	CBS News/ New York Times Sept 13-18 1982
Yes	63% 37	51% 49

(IF "YES," ASK:) And what is that issue?

#### Favor Issue (N=161)

Social security Arms buildup/Defense spending Social programs ERA/Gay rights Abortion Economic issues Foreign policy/Isolationism Other No opinion	16% 14 11 10 8 6 4 22 9
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#### Oppose Issue (N=382)

War/Arms race	25%
Economic issues	18
Abortion	11
Social programs	8
Foreign policy/aid	8
Social security	6
Defense/Defense spending	4
ERA/Gay rights	4
Gun control	4
Nuclear freeze	2
Other	9
No opinion	1

<sup>\*</sup>Percentages were calculated excluding no opinions to conform to CBS data.

#### Single Issue Affect Vote

"There are some issues about which people feel so strongly that they would not vote for a candidate who disagreed with them on that issue. Is there any one issue that is so important to you that you would not vote for a candidate who had a position different from yours?"

	No (%)	Yes (%)	No Opinion (%)
Aggregate	62	36	2
Strength Constituencies			
Base Republican Small business Farm Belt states  Swing Constituencies	58 58 66	40 39 34	2 3 0
Blue-collar workers Senior citizens Women Catholics Independents/Leaners White Baptists	62 65 60 56 60	36 29 36 41 38 33	2 6 4 3 2 2