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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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File Folder	MEMOS: MARCH 1983 (3)		FOIA		
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DOC Doc Type	Document Description		Doc Date Rest	rictions	
NO		Pages			

1	FORM	PERSONAL CHECK	1 3/30/	1983	B6
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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

WASHINGTON

March 22, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ADMIRAL DAN MURPHY

FROM: CARLTON TURNER

(

SUBJECT: National Narcotics Border Interdiction System

For your information, attached is a copy of a memorandum from Dan Leonard regarding the origin of the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System.

The information contained in Dan's memorandum, along with your press release, will serve as the basis for this office to respond to inquiries.

WASHINGTON

MEMORANDUM FOR CARLTON TURNER

FROM:

DANIEL LEONARD

SUBJECT:

Progression of Interdiction Efforts

As early as September 28, 1981, the President declared to the International Association of Chiefs of Police in New Orleans his support for an exception to the Posse Comitatus Act so that the military could assist in identifying and reporting drug traffickers. In the same address, President Reagan announced his intention to develop a border policy that will improve detection and interception of illegal narcotics imports.

The President's first step in developing a border policy came on January 28, 1982 when he announced the creation of the South Florida Task Force under the direction of the Vice President. The Task Force was designed to answer a myriad of crime problems plaguing the State of Florida. One of the most important elements of the Task Force was a stepped-up interdiction program. All branches of the military services were tasked to assist. The resources of all the Federal law enforcement agencies having an impact on drug trafficking were strengthened.

By November 17, 1982, the President announced his satisfaction with the progress of the South Florida Task Force. At Homestead Air Force Base, he declared to the Miami Citizens Against Crime, "There's no question that the South Florida Task Force has been a clear and unqualified success."

Following up on the results achieved by a unified action in South Florida, the President on October 14, 1982 announced the creation of twelve (12) new regional Task Forces. These Task Forces will attack the drug problem by investigating organized crime's involvement.

To continue our total effort against the drug traffickers, the President created the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System (NNBIS) under the direction of the Vice President. The National Narcotic Border Interdiction System will coordinate and direct the efforts of all federal agencies having the responsibility and capability to interdict illicit drugs at the border by every mode. The System's ultimate objective is to interdict drugs entering the United States from foreign sources and to arrest those individuals responsible for the smuggling.

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WASHINGTON

March 22, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR EDWIN MEESE III

FROM: CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Congressional Meeting

Attached is the list of Members of Congress I suggest be invited by Ken Duberstein to a briefing on the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System.

Per conversations with Legislative Affairs, I recommend a bi-partisan group. I also suggest Congressman Glenn English be invited to this meeting in lieu of a private meeting.

To get maximum benefit, I recommend you do the briefing. We will prepare the comments. The meeting is tentatively set for 2:45pm Wednesday, March 23, 1983 in Room 248 of the Old Executive Office Building.

Although the Admiral will be in Florida on Wednesday, should we not contact members of the operational board just to alert them of the meeting prior to the press Congress will generate?



HOUSE

GILMAN, Benjamin A. (R-NY): Foreign Affairs & Select Committee
 on Narcotics Abuse and Control
KINDNESS, Thomas N. (R-OH): Government Operations & Judiciary
LOTT, Trent (R-MS): Rules
McCOLLUM, Bill (R-FL): Judiciary
SAWYER, Harold S. (R-MI): Judiciary
SHAW, E. Clay (R-FL): Select Committee on Narcotics Abuse and
 Control
ENGLISH, Glenn (D-OK): Select Committee on Narcotics Abuse and
 Control
HUGHES, William (D-NJ): Judiciary
RANGEL, Charles (D-NY): Select Committee on Narcotics Abuse and

Control

SENATE

BAKER, Howard (R-TN): Foreign Relations, Intelligence DOMENICI, Pete (R-NM): Budget HATCH, Orrin (R-UT): Budget, Judiciary, Chairman-Labor and Human Resources HAWKINS, Paula (R-FL): Labor and Human Resources LAXALT, Paul (R-NV): Appropriations, Judiciary MATTINGLY, Mack (R-GA): Appropriations, Government Affairs THURMOND, Strom (R-NC): Chairman-Judiciary, Armed Services, Veterans

BIDEN, Joseph (D-DE): Judiciary, Intelligence CHILES, Lawton (D-FL): Governmental Affairs ** DeCONCINI, Dennis (D-AZ): Judiciary

** Admiral Murphy and Legislative Affairs feel Senator Chiles should be included, however, Senator Hawkins (R-FL) is sensitive about Chiles.





WASHINGTON

March 15, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN

FROM: EDWIN MEESE III

SUBJECT: Congressional Invitations

Attached is a list of Members of Congress to be invited to attend a meeting with me and other Administration officials for the purpose of discussing important drug policy initiatives.

The meeting will be held Wednesday, March 22, 1983 in Room 248 of the Old Executive Office Building at 2:45pm.

HOUSE

GILMAN, Benjamin A. (R-NY): Foreign Affairs & Select Committee
 on Narcotics Abuse and Control
KINDNESS, Thomas N. (R-OH): Government Operations & Judiciary
LOTT, Trent (R-MS): Rules
McCOLLUM, Bill (R-FL): Judiciary
SAWYER, Harold S. (R-MI): Judiciary
SHAW, E. Clay (R-FL): Select Committee on Narcotics Abuse and
 Control
ENGLISH, Glenn (D-OK): Select Committee on Narcotics Abuse and

Control HUGHES, William (D-NJ): Judiciary

RANGEL, Charles (D-NY): Select Committee on Narcotics Abuse and Control

Kodino, Peter (D NJ)

SENATE

BAKER, Howard (R-TN): Foreign Relations, Intelligence DOMENICI, Pete (R-NM): Budget HATCH, Orrin (R-UT): Budget, Judiciary, Chairman-Labor and Human Resources HAWKINS, Paula (R-FL): Labor and Human Resources LAXALT, Paul (R-NV): Appropriations, Judiciary MATTINGLY, Mack (R-GA): Appropriations, Government Affairs THURMOND, Strom (R-NC): Chairman-Judiciary, Armed Services, Veterans

BIDEN, Joseph (D-DE): Judiciary, Intelligence CHILES, Lawton (D-FL): Governmental Affairs ** DeCONCINI, Dennis (D-AZ): Judiciary

** Admiral Murphy and Legislative Affairs feel Senator Chiles should be included, however, Senator Hawkins (R-FL) is sensitive about Chiles.

WASHINGTON

March 22, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR CARLTON TURNER

FROM:

DANIEL LEONARD

SUBJECT: Progression of Interdiction Efforts

As early as September 28, 1981, the President declared to the International Association of Chiefs of Police in New Orleans his support for an exception to the Posse Comitatus Act so that the military could assist in identifying and reporting drug traffickers. In the same address, President Reagan announced his intention to develop a border policy that will improve detection and interception of illegal narcotics imports.

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Following up on the results achieved by a unified action in South Florida, the President on October 14, 1982 announced the creation of twelve (12) new regional Task Forces. These Task Forces will attack the drug problem by investigating organized crime's involvement.

To continue our total effort against the drug traffickers, the President today will create the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System (NNBIS) under the direction of the Vice President. The National Narcotic Border Interdiction System will coordinate and direct the efforts of all federal agencies having the responsibility and capability to interdict illicit drugs at the border by every mode. The System's ultimate objective is to interdict drugs entering the United States from foreign sources and to arrest those individuals responsible for the smuggling.

WASHINGTON

March 24, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ED HARPER FROM: CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Hernan Rincon Letter

Per your request, attached is a draft letter to Hernan Rincon, Assistant to the President of Colombia.

The letter includes points made during our conversation and information from the attached talking points.

-	

/	Unclassified
	Confidential Attachment
	Srn 02/01/2012

FILE COPY: Without classified attachment -- original in safe.



March 24, 1983

DRAFT

Dear Mr. Rincon:

Thank you for your letter of March 9. I sincerely enjoyed the opportunity to meet you and discuss our system of government. I hope that it will assist you and that you will be equally successful in your efforts.

I also thank you for your interest in improving relationships between our countries. You are in a unique position to influence a very significant problem which is affected both our countries. President Reagan and President Betancur agreed in December 1892 1982 that international trade in narcotics was seriously harmful to the welfare of both countries, and that increased cooperation between our governments to reduce and ultimately to eliminate international narcotics trafficking is desirable. President Reagan has just asked Vice President Bush to chair a National Narcotics Border Interdiction System directed at enhancing our national efforts to stop smuggling of narcotics into the United States.

I recognize that your government has significantly increased efforts to interdict drug trafficking. It was reported that your police have seized several thousand tons of marijuana, and begun coca control efforts. But, only a small fraction of the drug traffic is being intercepted.

Trafficking in illegal drugs remains a major concern in the United States. we are undertaking major efforts to stop the importation of these drugs and to eliminate production within the United States. Because a large portion of the marijuana and cocaine in the United States comes from Colombia, it is important that we work together in solving the many problems this traffic creates for both our countries.

I believe that a comprehensive marijuana eradication program, including the use of aerial spraying of herbicides, combined with an effective coca control program would be advantageous to both countries and we would be prepared to assist you in such undertakings.

Such a program would serve to draw us closer together and if I can provide any information or assistance, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Edwin L. Harper Assistant to the President

Mr. Hernan Rincon Asesor, Presidencia De La Republica Bogotå, Colombia



OFFICE OF POLICY DEVELOPMENT

STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE:	3/16/83		ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY:		3/23/83		
SUBJECT:	Letter	to	Hernan	Rincon			

	ACTIO	N FYI		ACTION	FYI
HARPER			DRUG POLICY		
PORTER		X	TURNER		
BARR			D. LEONARD		
BLEDSOE			OFFICE OF POLICY I	NFORMATIO	N
BOGGS			HOPKINS		
BRADLEY			PROPERTY REVIEW BOA	ARD	
CARLESON			OTHER		
DENEND					
FAIRBANKS					
FERRARA					
GALEBACH					
GARFINKEL					
GUNN					
B. LEONARD					
LI					
MONTOYA					
ROCK					
ROPER					
SMITH					
UHLMANN				🗆	
ADMINISTRATION				🗆	

REMARKS:

Where is my drug oriented letter?

Please return this tracking sheet with your response

Edwin L. Harper Assistant to the President for Policy Development (x6515)



Bogotá, marzo 9 de 1983

Mr. Edwin Harper Asst. to The President for Policy Development WASHINGTON

Upon returning to Colombia I would like to take a moment to sincerely thank you for your kind and valuable cooperation during my visit to the White House last week.

The information, ideas and coments that I was able to exchange with you and all the others that kindly enough spent some time with me, have - certinly enlighten our views on how a Presidency should be organized and run. Furthermore, we intend to base some of our up coming reforms on the ideas that we discussed while I was there.

Well let me thank you again and please fell free to contact me if I can be of any help to you.

Sincerely

ncou

HERNAN RINCON Asesor

/omu



WASHINGTON

March 24, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ANN WROBLESKI

FROM: CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Letters from Ian MacDonald

Attached are two letters which Ian MacDonald asked me to give to you. Mac and I were together last weekend for a speaking engagement in Midland, Texas.





WASHINGTON

March 24, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ED HARPER CARLTON TURNER

FROM:

Congressional letters SUBJECT:

For your information, attached are copies of the letters I sent to the Members of Congress invited to the briefing on the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System. Letters were sent to both the Members who attended and to those unable to attend.

Also enclosed is a copy of the Press Release.

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON March 24, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR EDWIN MEESE III FROM: CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Congressional Letters

For your information, attached are copies of the letters I sent to the Members of Congress invited to the briefing on the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System. Letters were sent to both the Members who attended and to those unable to attend.

WASHINGTON

March 24, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR CARLTON TURNER

FROM:

DANIEL LEONARD

Congressional Briefing SUBJECT:

On March 23, 1983, Mr. Edwin Meese, III conducted a briefing for select members of the U.S. Congress. During the briefing, Mr. Meese outlined the plan for establishing the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System (NNBIS).

Reaction from the Hill people was favorable. There were the usual questions about resources. Many questions indicated that the Congressional people still believe that the only method of interdiction is by air.

Congressmen Rangel and Gilman missed the early part of the briefing and I tried to fill them in on the concept. Both Rangel and Gilman appeared to support the NNBIS, but they ask that the membership of the Select Committee on Narcotics and Control be given a briefing after the Easter recess (April 5).

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE washington March 25, 1983

FOR: ROGER PORTER/JUDY JOHNSTON FROM: CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Draft Presidential Remarks for Meeting with Representatives of Morality in Media

The remarks are fine, however, in the third paragraph, "Customs seizures are down," statement is confusing. Are Customs seizures of drugs or pornography down?

				DOCU	MENTN	0	<u></u>		5	PD
		OFFICE	OF POLI	CY DE	VELOP	MEI	NT		n an	
STAFF	ING M E	MORANDUM								
DATE:	3/25/83	ACTION	CONCURREN	CE/COMM	ENT DUE	BY:	3:00	pm t	today	
SUBJECT:	Draft	Presidential	Remarks:	Mtg w	/ reps	of	Morali	ty i	in Media	a

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FY1
HARPER		Y	DRUG POLICY		
PORTER			TURNER		
BARR			D. LEONARD		
BLEDSOE			OFFICE OF POLICY IN	FORMATIC	N
BOGGS			HOPKINS		
BRADLEY			PROPERTY REVIEW BOA	RD 🗌	
CARLESON			OTHER		
DENEND					
FAIRBANKS					
FERRARA					
GALEBACH					
GARFINKEL					
GUNN					
B. LEONARD					
LI					
MONTOYA					
ROCK					
ROPER					
SMITH					
UHLMANN					
ADMINISTRATION	X				
	4				
EMARKS:					

MIKE UHLMANN

CARLTON TURNER FOR ACTION

May I please have any changes by 3:00 today.

Judy Johnston 3/25

Please return this tracking sheet with your response

Edwin L. Harper Assistant to the President for Policy Development

Document	No.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

3:00 FRIDAY March 25, 1983

DATE: March 24, 1983 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: March 25, 198

DRAFT PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: MEETING WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF SUBJECT:

MORALITY IN MEDIA

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT			GERGEN		
MEESE			HARPER		
BAKER			JENKINS		
DEAVER			MURPHY		
STOCKMAN			ROLLINS		
CLARK			WHITTLESEY		
DARMAN	ΠP	TISS.	WILLIAMSON		
DUBERSTEIN			VON DAMM		
FELDSTEIN			BRADY/SPEAKES		
FIELDING	- 🖬		ROGERS		
FULLER			takshian		✓

Remarks:

Please forward comments/edits directly to Aram Bakshian, with a copy to my office, by 3:00 tomorrow, Friday, March 25.

Thank you.

Richard G. Darman
Assistant to the Preside
(x2702)

sponse:

(Elliott/AB) March 24, 1983 5:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS:

MEETING WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF MORALITY IN MEDIA MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1983

Well hello and good afternoon. We're delighted to welcome you to the White House. I know many of you have traveled great distances because this mission is so close to your hearts. Believe me, it's close to mine too. I share your commitment.

We came to Washington determined to begin the long, tough haul of rebuilding America -- to strengthen the economy and our defenses, to improve our schools, to reinstill the spirit of community throughout our land. We cannot make America great again without remembering what made our people good. We are a Judeo-Christian Nation bound by deeply held beliefs and values. George Washington himself believed the pillars of our society are religion, morality and bonds of brotherhood between all citizens.

Now we're trying very hard to strengthen those values which never failed America when we lived up to them. But you know, I think our biggest challenge is not that we don't care enough to do what is right -- because we most certainly do -- but that we have so many different things that need correcting. Combatting drugs and organized crime, for example, are at the top of the list. So we haven't yet succeeded in zeroing in on this vicious sex industry which is polluting the minds and spirit of America's children. Customs seizures are down, and pornography is invading the airwaves, the mails and our neighborhoods.

I know you've heard from our people, so let me just elaborate a little bit by saying this: We can do a better job; Page 2

we can and we should mount an anti-pornography blitz and I'm determined that we will.

I think we can begin by better coordinating the efforts in the Department of Justice, the FBI, Customs and the Postal Service so we get the most from the laws already on the books. We in the White House can take the lead on this by organizing an inter-agency task force to bring about better coordination.

Now 1 believe we also need to establish specific, identifiable goals to combat pornography. We've identified the worst hazardous waste sites in America, and we've begun to go after them. Why can't we do the same thing with pornography? I think we can. Attorney General Smith has given me his assurance that United States Attorneys have a green light -- they will be encouraged by us to use their full power to prosecute offenders. And I am asking Customs, the FBI and the Postal Service to intensify their efforts, because it is clear that we can do more.

I think we must also try, as we have with the drug problem, to convince parents, schools and churches that they must get involved in the drive to clean up America.

Now I think it would be helpful to listen to what you have to say, so I'd appreciate hearing your thoughts.



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THE WHITE HOUSE washington

March 25, 1983

FOR: CARLTON TURNER

FROM: JUDY JOHNSTON

SUBJECT: Attached Draft

WH Correspondence would like OPD approval of the attached draft form letter on drunk driving.

Would you please review, edit and return to me.

Thank you.

TO: JUDY JOHNSTON FROM: CARLTON TURNER

The draft is O.K. by me.

WASHINGTON

Memo

March 24, 1983

To: Judy Johnston

From: Chuck Donovan 94 OEOB

Re: Draft Form Letter on Drunk Driving

Attached is a draft form letter for dealing with correspondence to the President on the subject of drunk driving. A sample of the mail on this subject is attached.

As always, thank you.



RR radio address, N.Y. day CAD - do noe have a position ~ MADD>

WHA054(2313)(4-0665455073)PD 03/14/83 2312 BO MAR 15 AM 8.00 (ICS IPMENGZ CSP 3127899442 POM TDEN WILLOWBROOK IL 46 03-14 1112P EST PMS PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN WHITE HOUSE DC ٤. AS AN ALCOHOLIC IMBIBER, I DO NOT PROPOSE ANY MOVE FOR PROHIBITIONISM. BUT, IN MY EXPERIENCE AND AFTER WATCHING MADD ٩. (MOTHERS AGAINST DRUNK DRIVING) I AM CONVINCED THAT WE NEED STRONGER LAWS SIMILIAR TO WHAT THEY HAVE IN NORWAY. DO IT NOW, BEFORE MORE PEOPLE DIE. MIKE HINEBAUGH 1

833 WILLOW LN

HINSDALE IL 60521

NNNN

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AH

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CAL
DRAFT/Date March 23, 1983
RR / (Drafter) / (Rev. I) /(Rev. I)
AVH/ RDC / coo ph

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosures: 1/1/83 Radio Address

Other:

Dear DRAFT AVH ROBO ON DRUNK DRIVING

Thank you for your message to President Reagan. The President shares your concern about the serious national problem of drunk driving.

In April of 1982, President Reagan appointed a Presidential Commission on Drunk Driving to advise him on measures that could be taken to reduce the deaths and serious injuries on our Mation's Americans highways. Each year, about 25,000 MOXOXXXXX are killed in alcohol-related car accidents, and another 650,000 are seriously injured. With greater public awareness and stricter law enforcement efforts, many of these deaths and injuries would not occur.

Congress recently passed legislation setting Federal standards in this area and providing incentive funds to worthwhile State and local programs. In addition, the President proclaimed the week of December 12, 1982 as National Drunk and Drugged Driving Awareness Week. These actions reflect a growing provide that the terrible human tragedies caused by drunk drivers are not inevitable.

The strict law enforcement efforts which some states are adopting the caused a notable decrease in alcohol-related accidents. But the most effective way of reducing the carnage on our highways is to change driver attitudes. For that reason, President Reagan addressed the nation on this issue during his weekly radio address on New Year's to this important issue. Day, 1983, Because of your interest, I am sending you a copy of the President's address; kunklets which cantering c transport of the President's address; kunklets which cantering c

DRUNK DRIVING, PAGE 2

The President wants to thank you for sharing with high your views on this issue, and he sends you his best wishes.

S/AVH

Week Ending Friday, January 7, 1983

New Year's Day, 1983

Radio Address to the Nation. January 1, 1983

My fellow Americans:

I've always thought New Year's Day was an especially American tradition, full of the optimism and hope we're famous for in our daily lives—an energy and confidence we call the American spirit.

Perhaps because we know we control our own destiny, we believe deep down inside that working together we can make each new year better than the old.

Although last night was one of parties, today is one of resolutions. Reviewing the old year, we try to decide what we can do 'etter in the new. Most of us are with our unilies, near the warmth of the hearth, watching the parades with our children and football with our friends. Gathered togeth-

ve find strength and renewal.

marred for too many of us. You may have spotted the reason on the road last night if you had to drive home: the drunk driver.

Each year, approximately 25,000 lives are lost in alcohol-related automobile accidents. An additional 650,000 are seriously injured. The personal pain and heartache caused by these needless tragedies is immeasurable, and billions of dollars are lost in medical costs, wages, and through hours of missed work. This weekend, while millions of Americans are traveling on our highways and streets and while hundreds of millions more are celebrating with their loved ones, let's take a few minutes to think of ways to protect ourselves and our families from the menace of the drunk and drug-influenced driver.

The first step is to realize that a drunkdriver accident is no accident. The motorist who drinks too much and then drives, who uses drugs and then gets behind the wheel of a car, is a disaster waiting to happen. Overall, alcohol is now involved in up to 55 percent of all fatal highway crashes and is a contributing factor in more than 2 million motor vehicle accidents each year. The drunk driver has turned his car into a weapon—a weapon that threatens the lives and safety of the innocent.

Fortunately, there's a brighter side. Today we have one of our best opportunities in years to tackle this tragic problem. Public awareness has never been higher. Citizens groups, local officials, legislators, judges, police officers—people from all over the country are saying, "Enough is enough. Let's get these killers off our roads and get them off now."

Last April, I appointed a Presidential Commission on Drunk Driving to explore the problem more fully and to work with State and local governments to develop effective programs. Their interim report has already come in and has some useful findings. For example, we've found that people who've had too much to drink are less likely to drive when they know they have a good chance of being caught. The potential drunk driver who understands that prosecution is certain and the penalty swift will be less likely to insist on driving home.

For this deterrent to work, however, State and local law enforcement officials must make it clear that they mean business. Programs are already springing up in some States with good results. In areas where police have made drunk drivers a prime target, traffic deaths have begun to decline. For example, in Maine, alcohol-related crashes have dropped 41 percent since that State's drunk driving program was strengthened. The highway death rate there is the lowest since they started keeping records. Maryland has also intensified its program, and highway deaths there are at a 19-year low.

Since 1980, 11 States have raised the legal drinking age and many other communities, counties, and States have strengthened their laws, some requiring mandatory jail sentences for first offenders. In New

1

Jan. 1 / Administration of Ronald Reagan, 1983

York, for example, the fines and fees levied on those arrested are directed to local alcohol programs. In many areas, citizen groups are assisting State and local task forces, providing legislative support, and participating in court monitoring and victim assistance. Of course, until we change our attitudes and our laws, our best protection is still to buckle our safety belts.

There's much to be done if we're to rid ourselves of this scourge on our roads, and there's a continuing need for private initiative. We must each make it our personal responsibility. If we band together, we can change the laws that will help make the difference. If we insist long enough and loudly enough, we can save lives. So I thought it appropriate to start the ball rolling on this, the first day of the new year.

Today, we're taking a break from the concerns and the bustle of the work-a-day world. But we're also making a new beginning. As we gather around our dining room tables for the mid-day meal, let us thank God for life and the blessings He's put before us. High among them are our families, our freedom, and the opportunities of a new year.

Let us renew our faith that as free men and women we still have the power to better our lives, and let us resolve to face the challenges of the new year holding that conviction firmly in our hearts. That, after all, is our greatest strength and our greatest gift as Americans.

So, till next week, thanks for listening, happy new year, and God bless you.

Note: The President's remarks were recorded on December 23 in the Cabinet Room at the White House for broadcast on January 1.

Monroe, Louisiana

2

Radio Address to the People of Louisiana. January 2, 1983

Thank you very much, and let me assure everyone out there the interruption will be very brief. I just want to say a good afternoon to the courageous people of Monroe, Louisiana, and the other hard-hit areas of this State.

I welcome this opportunity to tell you, the people of Louisiana, you're not alone. The entire Nation has been following your ordeal. I know many here have lost their homes and life's possessions. But I also know that with every rise in the water level, the spirit and determination of the people of Louisiana have risen as well.

The entire country has watched the volunteers who have been filling and stacking sandbags. You exemplify the concept of neighbor helping neighbor, which is the very basis of our way of life.

You know, in Washington, there's a very famous statue of our soldiers raising the flag at Iwo Jima. Well, maybe the sight of volunteers keeping back the force of river waters by lifting sandbags would make another dramatic statue symbolizing America's character.

I've just returned from visiting a floodravaged area in this part of the State, and what we've seen has given human shape to the statistics the Nation has been hearing about Louisiana: 2 dead, hundreds injured, nearly 10,000 homeless, thousands of dwellings damaged or destroyed. I'm told in the Monroe area alone, 2,000 homes have been damaged, 12,600 acres of farmland have also been damaged.

The flood, whether in Louisiana or Mississippi or in Arkansas, remains as dangerous today as it was in ancient Biblical times.

Louisiana's public officials are doing everything possible to lessen the disaster. I've been briefed by your Governor, Dave Treen, Congressman Huckaby, and Mayor Powell of Monroe. They're working hard to ease the impact of disaster.

And let me add that Louisiana local officials in the parishes and towns have been doing a tremendous job as well. And as you'd expect, the National Guard and the Red Cross are on the scene, and the Salvation Army.

You can take pride in the way your whole State is pulling together to meet this crisis. As in past national disasters, the entire Nation wants to come to your aid. Federal and State officials are working now to assess the extent of the damage. I know Governor Treen is framing a request that portions of

WASHINGTON

March 28, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR EDWIN MEESE III

FROM:

TURNER CARLTON

SUBJECT: Budget Policy-Interdiction Initiative

The departments are going to seek an early commitment for major funding increases (and Congress will support increases). OMB will try to avoid getting into an open-ended situation where budget considerations are ill-defined. The recent initiative on organized crime drug enforcement task forces started out to be within existing resources and ended with \$396 million in budget authority over the next four years.

Agencies should not be encouraged to put together an unrestrained "wish-list." In drug law enforcement, the wish-list seems to become self-fulfilling. Even if the Administration doesn't agree, supporters in Congress get a copy of the list and it gradually becomes part of the approved appropriation. <u>A useful</u> way to control the budget impact of this initiative is to set a budget amount and require planning toward the best use of the specified amount.

A major policy question for the interdiction experts is the relative priority on air interdiction versus maritime interdiction. Both are expensive and tend to be relatively separate operational activities. Another significant question is military resources and support.

Policy options for budget discussions:

1. <u>Plan within existing resources</u>. Take advantage of existing plan for Customs Air Wing (\$18 million available from reprograming within Customs budget).

- Focus planning on improving coordination.

- Disadvantages are public allegations that we are not serious about interdiction initiative, agencies will have a negative attitude, not be motivated to help.

- OMB will agree. However, Congress is likely to push through a budget increase of their own design.

2. Stipulate a small, specified increase. (Probably \$10-\$15 million in new budget authority) for enhancing the El Paso Intelligence Center, covering overhead costs of establishing regional system, etc.



-Would overcome primary arguments against first option by providing for direct costs of the initiative, use budget guidance as policy control.

-Probably would relieve OMB concern about size of new budget requirement.

-The Customs \$18 million in option 1 for Customs Air Wing could also be considered an additional element of option 2.

-Is a positive approach and can be revised if necessary as planning progresses.

 Allow planning for a substantive budget increase. Establish a formal decision process to approve plan and necessary budget.

-Promise to go for budget supplemental. Don't talk about actual dollars until plan is developed.

-Somewhat risky in allowing agencies to solicit support for major budget increases.

I prefer Option 2. It provides motivation to the agencies, should limit OMB opposition, and provides some flexibility in establishing the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System to coordinate the over-all interdiction program.

Attached for information is a general summary of the budgets for DEA, Customs and Coast Guard. Drug-related interdiction is not a separate item in the agency budgets.





BUDGET SUMMARY-SELECTED CATEGORIES

The following information has been extracted from the President's FY 1984 Budget to give an indication of the budget requested for and available to the primary interdiction agencies. There is no single line item in the budget for drug interdiction activities. Therefore the agency totals and representative line items are shown. Reimburseable activities are not included. All \$ in millions.

1982198319Direct Program (agency total)\$522\$572(Tactical Interdiction)\$88\$96(Included in agency total)\$1	UNITED STATES CUSTOMS FY 83 over FY 82.	SERVICE:	\$50	million	(9.6%)	increase	in
(Tactical Interdiction) \$88 \$96 \$1	11 05 0Ver 11 02.			1982	1983	<u>3 19</u>	84
	Direct Program (agency	total)		\$522	\$572	2 \$5	79
	•	•	al)	\$88	\$9e	6 \$1	15

UNITED STATES COAST GUARD: \$123 million (8.3%) increase in operating budget in FY 83 over FY 82.

Operating Expenses		\$1,483	\$1,606	\$1,688
(Enforcement of Laws and Treaties**-included Operating Expenses)	in	\$306	\$332	\$359

**Includes fisheries enforcement and general law enforcement which includes drug smuggling, illegal immigration, hijacking/theft of vessels and other unlawful activities. Below workload data also indicate an increase:

General Law Enforcement Workload Data: (Operating Hours)

Cutter Operations	109,500	115,000	120,000
Aircraft Operations	9,500	11,000	13,500
Total budget for all programs (FY 82 reflects cutter acquisition funding)	\$2 , 526	\$2 , 465	\$2 , 545

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION: \$16 million (6.6%) increase in FY 83 over FY 82. (Not a primary interdiction agency)

	1982	1983	1984
Direct Program (agency t	otal) \$241	\$257	\$276

WASHINGTON

March 28, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ED HARPER

FROM:

CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Budget Considerations

For your information, attached is a copy of a memorandum I am sending to Mr. Meese. This memorandum is in response to his request of last Friday.

WASHINGTON

March 28, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR EDWIN MEESE III

FROM:

TURNER CARLTON

SUBJECT:

Budget Policy-Interdiction Initiative

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	1982	1983	1984
Direct Program (agency total)	\$241	\$257	\$276

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE washington March 28, 1983

FOR: SUE DAOULAS

FROM: JUDY JOHNSTON

SUBJECT: Reports

Could you please see if you can locate the attached report and return it to me.

Thanks.

FOR: JUDY JOHNSTON FROM: SUE DAOULAS

Did you fin	d the report	or would y	ou like me to look	for it?
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MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE washington March 28, 1983

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Thanks.



FOR: JUDY JOHNSTON FROM: SUE DAOULAS

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION Washington, D.C. 20503

Date: March 25, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR: Carlton Turner

FROM:

Ursula Pearson Mijzulu Hilliczi Financial Management Division

SUBJECT:

Outstanding Travel Advance

Attached is a copy of your travel voucher. The advance you were given for this trip exceeded your entitlement in the amount of $\frac{12.98}{12.98}$. Please attach your personal check to this letter and forward to:

> Financial Management Division Room 4005 NEOB Attention:Melvin Kingwood

The check should be made payable to the Treasurer of the United States.

If your payment of this amount is not received in this office by $\frac{4/11/83}{13.00}$, a finance charge of $\frac{13.00}{13.00}$ percent will be assessed on the unpaid balance in accordance with the Federal Claims Collection Act of 1966 (80 Stat. 309), and the Federal Claims Collection Standards (4 CFR 101-105).

If you have any questions regarding this, please contact the Travel Branch Office, Ext. 7246.

Attachment: a/s

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name TURNER, CARLTON: FILES	Withdrawer SRN 2/28/2012
File Folder MEMOS: MARCH 1983 (3)	<i>FOIA</i> F06-0060/04 POTTER
Box Number	
4	2
DOC Document Type NO Document Description	No of Doc Date Restric- pages tions

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

March 29, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ADELA GONZALEZ

FROM:

CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Presidential Letter to Senator Hawkins

For your information, the National Foundation on Youth and Drugs was incorporated in the District of Columbia on December 9, 1982. The Internal Revenue Service approved its 501.C3 Tax Exempt Status Charter on February 9, 1983. On April 7, 1983, an organizational meeting will be held with the Board of Directors and the Advisory Board.

The Advisory Board of the Foundation is chaired by Senator Paula Hawkins (R-FL) and includes Joe Coors, Bill Ellinghaus, Bob Gray, Jack Valenti, Ted Turner, George Steinbrenner, W. Clement Stone, and others. The April 7th meeting will be to set priorities for the project and establish fund raising activities. Incidentally, Ambassador Walter Annenberg was the first contributor to the Foundation.

I request the President's letter be transmitted in time to be read at the meeting of the Advisory Board.

March 30, 1983

ANN WROBLESKI

MEMORANDUM

FOR:

FROM:

SUBJECT:

CARLTON TURNER American of the Year

Looks like Ed Meese received this last year.

The First Lady could use this as a means for contacting key people in the private sector and seeking their help.

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950 WEST 190th STREET SUITE 100 TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA 90502



March 10, 1983

Mrs. Ronald Reagan c/o Mrs. Elaine Crispen The White House Washington D.C. 20500

Dear Nancy:

The Board of Directors of the Thomas Jefferson Research Center has asked that I transmit their invitation and notice of your unanimous choice as American of the Year for 1983. You have been chosen for the award because of your highly effective leadership in reducing youth drug abuse, and your other important contributions including the development of the Foster Grandparents program.

I know Efrem Zimbalist has been corresponding with you about the Thomas Jefferson Research Center, and that Doctor Carlton Turner has reviewed our work and is apparently very impressed. The Center's founder and president, Frank Goble, retired twenty years ago at age forty six from a highly successful business career, and has since then devoted his full time without compensation to the work of the Center. Our programs have proved very successful in teaching responsibility and reducing delinguent behavior.

We anticipate upwards of one thousand people at the award banquet, and recognize it as a splendid opportunity to emphasize your urgent campaign to reduce youth drug abuse.

Please let me know if more information would contribute toward your favorable acceptance of this award and our invitation to be our Guest of Honor. Jane joins in sending best wishes to you and the President.

Warm regard,

Edgar M. Gillenwaters Senior Consultant

cc: Efrem Zimbalist Frank Goble





Thomas Jefferson Research Center

Working to preserve our quality of life through value-centered education, responsible leadership and the development of individual responsibility and potential.

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EFREM ZIMBALIST, JR. Chairman KARL R. BENDETSEN Chairman and CEO, retired Champion International, Inc. HELEN K. COPLEY Chairman and CEO Copley Newspapers FRED C. FOY Chairman, retired Koppers Company, Inc. CHAUNCEY J. MEDBERRY III Chairman, Executive Committee Bank of America ROBERT STUART Chairman of the Board National Can Company

DIRECTORS

FRED ADLER, Ph.D., Senior V.P. Hughes Aircraft Company HARRY M. BAKER Chairman of Board, WTC, Inc. HUGH F. COLVIN, President Unitek Corporation EDGAR M. GILLENWATERS Coldwell Banker Company FRANK G. GOBLE, President mas Jefferson Research Ctr. MORTON B. JACKSON ionald, Halsted & Laybourne Chairman Thomas Jefferson Research Ctr. MEADE LIVESAY, Senior V.P. Hughes Aircraft Company GEORGE C. MILLER, President G. C. Miller Associates JAMES W. NEWMAN, President The PACE Organization ROBERT S. SCOTT, President AVCOM Corporation RICHARD G. VAN VORST, Chmn. Caliente Products, Inc.

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March 10, 1983

Mrs. Ronald Reagan The White House Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Mrs. Reagan:

It is my pleasure to invite you to be the Guest of Honor at the Thomas Jefferson Research Center's 20th Anniversary Banquet in Los Angeles. Because of your outstanding work to reduce youth drug abuse, you were the unanimous choice of the Banquet Award Committee to receive the Research Center's "American of the Year" Award.

Realizing your 1983 commitments are exceedingly heavy, we offer the flexibility of scheduling the Award Banquet on any evening convenient to you between September 15 and November 20, 1983. Previous recipients have been Edgar Kaiser, Helen Copley, Dr. William Ballhaus, Ed Meese and Mr. and Mrs. George Osmond, parents of Donny and Marie.

Last year's banquet co-chairmen were Richard J. Flamson, Chairman, Security Pacific National Bank; Leonard S. Janofsky, Chairman, American Bar Association; Thomas V. Jones, Chairman, Northrop Corporation; and E. L. Shannon, Chairman of Santa Fe International. Charlton Heston was outstanding as our guest speaker.

You may already be familiar with the work of the Thomas Jefferson Research Center, but enclosed are programs from the last two banquets which not only tell about the banuqets but also provide a brief summary of the Center's history and activities.

Dwight Eisenhower anticipated our Research Center's position years ago when he said, "Without a moral and spiritual awakening, there is no hope for us."

We are holding the thought that you will be able to accept this honor and are looking forward to your response.

Cordially yours,

Frank Goble President Enclosures cc: Efrem Zimbalist, Jr.

