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File Folder MEMOS: AUGUST 1983-SEPTEMBER 1983 708 (1)

FOIA

F06-0060/01

Box Number 34

POTTER

34

DOC NO	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
1	MEMO	C. TURNER TO EDWIN MEESE RE DOMESTIC ERADICATION THE ABOVE DOCUMENT IS PENDING REVIEW IN ACCORDANCE WITH E.O. 13233	1	9/15/1983	
2	MEMO	COPY OF DOC #1 (C. TURNER TO EDWIN MEESE RE DOMESTIC ERADICATION) THE ABOVE DOCUMENT IS PENDING REVIEW IN ACCORDANCE WITH E.O. 13233	1	9/15/1983	

open
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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

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MEMOS : SEPTEMBER, 1983

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 22, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ROGER B. PORTER
FROM RICHARD L. WILLIAMS *R-LW*
SUBJECT: Status of OPD Automation

This memorandum is to give you a current status report and provide details on the executive work stations.

The automation equipment requests have been delivered to Procurement and we anticipate delivery during October and November with the personal computers (PC's) arriving first and the graphics plotter arriving last. There will be minor disruption during the installation of the Displaywriters and some training will be required. OA has promised to conduct a site survey, install the IBM Displaywriters, and provide the secretarial training. The transfer within OPD of the DEC 278's should not cause problems. OA indicates that they will keep most of our obsolete equipment for use by Presidential commissions, etc. The placement of all new and transferred units is based on the plan that you and Jack approved.

I expect most of the staff interest to focus on the new PC executive work stations.

BACKGROUND: The IBM Personal Computers are part of the OPD automation plan. The overall plan includes the IBM Displaywriter as the primary secretarial word processor and communications unit, the personal computers as executive work stations (primarily for data processing, but also with a word processing capability), and a graphics plotter available at a central location. Document transmission between machines is also planned and, later, full electronic mail, scheduling, and other features will be available through the White House Support System.

Our executive work station hardware is an IBM Personal Computer with expanded memory. Each unit will have at least 576K of internal memory and a disk emulator to provide fast operation. Each unit will have two floppy disk drives and one unit will have a 10MB hard disk expansion unit. All units will have a high resolution color monitor with graphics capability. One unit will have the capability to display monochrome tables and the corresponding color graphics simultaneously.

The software for these systems has been selected to meet the specific needs of the assigned user and to provide sufficient variety to be responsive to other user requirements as they are developed. The software will not be in full-time use and those items which are planned for sharing are marked (utility). It is anticipated that an OPD staff person will be designated to coordinate the operation of the units, keep track of the software, and encourage development of new uses. The FY84 budget provides for expansion or additional software as other requirements are identified. Introductory training on the equipment and software will be available at the GSA computer store.

The units are assigned to meet data processing needs, as determined during the automation review. One unit is planned as a utility system and will be available, on a reservation basis, to all staff members. You should note that the IBM Displaywriters, while assigned to secretarial word processing stations, also will be capable of limited data processing.

Three levels of printing will be available to the executive work stations: high speed (55CPS) letter quality, lower speed (30CPS) letter quality, and a fast 132 column dot matrix for draft and B/W graphics. The printers may be exchanged between work stations, as needed. The letter-quality printers require an acoustical hood and the hoods currently in use on the old DEC Model 78 systems will be retained for use on the new printers after the DEC 78's are transferred to OA.

The IBM personal computers are to be assembled, tested, and burned-in by the contractor prior to delivery. The contractor is also responsible for delivery and assembly at the user location, again testing the system. The computers will have a 90-day warranty, during which time the contractor is responsible for on-site maintenance with a response time of less than 24 hours. If the repair time exceeds 16 working hours, a compatible loaner will be provided by the contractor. We plan an annual maintenance contract with the same contractor to continue this level of service after the expiration of the warranty period.

The locations and configuration of the five executive work stations are:

Set 1--Administration, Judy Johnston, Room 212.

Hardware--IBM PC, 256K system board, 2 360K Disk Drives (DOS 2.0), IBM color graphics board, 320K Memory Expansion Board (AST SixPak), NEC JCl203DH(A) Color Monitor/Display, NEC 3550 LQ Printer, with cables (OPD standard configuration plus medium speed letter-quality printer).

Software--PeachText 5000 (utility), a combination package of word processing, data management, and file management.

Set 2--Cabinet Council on Management and Administration, Ralph Bledsoe, Room 200.

Hardware--IBM PC, 256K system board, 2 360K disk drives (DOS 2.0), Combination Control Board (AMDEC MAI Board), 320K Memory Expansion Board (AST SixPak), IBM Expansion Unit (Fixed disk-10MB), NEC JCl203DH(A) Color Monitor Display, NEC 7710 LQ Printer, with cables (Standard plus large memory, added features, high speed letter-quality printer).

Software--Wordperfect Word Processor (Version 2.30) with file handling, math, merge, and spelling check. LOTUS 1-2-3 (utility) for spreadsheet and graphics.

Set 3--Drug Abuse Policy Office, Dick Williams, Room 219.

Hardware--IBM PC, 256K system board, 2 360K disk drives (DOS 2.0), IBM color graphics board, IBM Monochrome Adapter Board, 320K Memory Expansion Board (AST SixPak), NEC JCl203DH(A) Color Monitor Display, IBM Monochrome Display, NEC 3550 LQ Printer, with cables (Standard plus dual display, medium speed letter-quality printer).

Software--Same as Set 2.

Set 4--Director's Office, Roger Porter, West Wing.

Hardware--IBM PC, 256K system board, 2 360K disk drives (DOS 2.0), IBM color graphics board, 320K Memory Expansion Board (AST SixPak), NEC JCl203DH(A) Color Monitor Display, NEC 7710 LQ Printer, with cables (Standard plus high speed letter-quality printer).

Software--Same as Set 2.

Set 5--Utility System, Wendell Gunn, Room 224.

Hardware--IBM PC, 256K system board, 2 360K disk drives (DOS 2.0), IBM color graphics board, 320K Memory Expansion Board (AST SixPak), NEC JCl203DH(A) Color Monitor Display, EPSON FX-100 Printer, with cables (Standard plus dot matrix/graphic printer).

Software--Personal Wordperfect (utility), a simplified word processing program. Data processing, graphics, and a utility sort package will be made available, as needed, on loan from the other sets.

SUMMARY The executive work stations provide OPD with a new capability for data processing and report generation. In addition to the potential for increased productivity and improved management, the horizons are almost unlimited for innovation. As an essential element in the overall automation plan, the stand-alone work stations described above have been designed with extra capability to accomodate innovation.

While I may sound particularly enthusiastic about the personal computers, note that the Displaywriters at the secretarial work stations also will have improved capability for text handling and reports generation compared to the current equipment. Therefore, we will be able to accomodate innovation in every part of OPD.

In the overall plan, we should be aggressive in participating in the development of and early integration into the White House support system. We also ask for OA's assistance in beginning a phased introduction of document transmission capability to the OPD system soon after the new equipment is installed.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 21, 1983

MEMORANDUM

FOR: CHRIS RIZZUTO
FROM: *CT*
CARLTON TURNER
SUBJECT: Drug Trafficking Question

Per your request, attached is the Question and Answer for the drug trafficking issue.

Please let me know if you would like any additional information.

cc: Jack Svahn
Roger Porter

DRUG TRAFFICKING

Q: Mr. President, we are losing the battle against drug traffickers. What else can be done to stop, or reduce considerably, the amount of illegal drugs coming in from South America?

A: I must disagree with your assumption that we are losing the battle. Since 1981, we have established several major drug law enforcement initiatives. The Vice President's efforts with the South Florida Task Force and the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System, the Organized Crime/Drug Enforcement Task Forces and the major increase in drug law enforcement activities within the United States have stopped a lot of illegal drugs that otherwise would be on our streets and in our homes.

However, all our drug law enforcement efforts and border interdiction efforts will only be partially effective until such time as source countries take vigorous action to eliminate the cannabis and coca crops and we are doing what is possible to encourage a strong and united front against illegal drugs.

Drug abuse is a world problem, but we in the Americas have more than our share. It is destructive to our government's and causes serious health problems to our citizens. The problems caused by drug abuse must be stopped and we won't rest until we succeed.

23 SEP 1983

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 21, 1983

File

MEMORANDUM FOR JACK SVAHN

FROM: ^{at} CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: OPD Meetings

I appreciate being included in the Assistant Directors Breakfasts and the Communications Meetings. Although the drug abuse issues do not often inter-relate with other domestic policy issues, I feel it is an important area and one that we should all know a little about.

Betty informed me today that the Communications Meetings are every Friday at 10:00am in your office. Since this time had not previously been blocked-out on my calander, I have conflicts on the next three Fridays; September 23 I will be participating in a workshop for the Congressional Black Caucus, September 30 and October 7 I will be on travel. I respectfully request a delay in my joining the meetings until October 14, 1983.

Please let me know if this is a problem.

no problem

File

cc: Roger Porter

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 21, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR JACK SVAHN

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cc: Roger Porter

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 21, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ROGER PORTER

FROM: CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Bahamas Update

There has been talk about corruption within the Central Government of the Bahamas (CJOB) for sometime. Carlos Lehder, a famous Colombian narcotics trafficker, used Norman Cay (Bahamas) as a transit point for cocaine. Robert Vesco also has facilities on Norman Cay.

On NBC Nightly News September 5, 1983, Brian Ross did a segment about Vesco, drug trafficking, and alledged monthly pay-offs of \$100,000 by Vesco to CJOB Prime Minister Pindling. Naturally the Prime Minister reacted and challenged NBC and will probably file a law suit. He also sent a letter to President Reagan requesting an investigation of the Government source which supposedly provided the information.

NBC credited the information to the FBI and enforcement sources. The actual source is probably DEA field reports. A draft Presidential response is being handled by State and DOJ. As usual, they do not agree on the subject.

Regardless, there are issues other than drug trafficking involved. Perhaps the most pressing issue is the Atlantic Underwater Testing Evaluation Center (AUTEK). AUTEK is a unique 6,000 feet deep trench, which provides an excellent testing facility for submarine missile research. We are currently using AUTEK under 6 month renewal leases. The last lease was signed in December 1982. The CJOB has indicated that the United States may use AUTEK indefinitely, however, the Navy wants a long term lease in order to upgrade the facility. Negotiations in late April resulted in an agreement which was made retroactive to January 1983. The cost to the U.S. is approximately \$10 million. The agreement calls for a 5-year lease followed by a cost renegotiation for 5 additional years. If the CJOB does not sign the agreement prior to September 30, 1983, we must renegotiate.

Last night (9/20/83), Prime Minister Pindling and External Affairs Minister Adderley arrived in the United States to meet with their U.S. Attorney (F. Lee Bailey) and with select Congressmen. Today the group met with Congressman Ed Feighan (D-OH). I do not have the names of any other Members.

State hopes to provide an answer to the Prime Minister's letter and get the relationship back on its normal path so that nothing will interfere with signing the agreement. A re-draft of the letter is currently being reviewed by DOJ.

OUTLOOK The Bahamas will use the narcotics issue as leverage, but with 30% unemployment, a sick economy and a \$3 million national defense budget, \$10 million will go a long way. Bottom line: I believe the CGOB will formalize the agreement.

ADDITIONAL BACKGROUND For all practical purposes, Norman Cay is closed as a drug transit point. Vesco is reportedly in Cuba. Colombian officials have issued a provisional arrest for Carlos Lehder in compliance with a U.S. request under the Extradition Treaty. Lehder is reportedly hiding in Colombia. One of my sources, accurate in the past, says Lehder is in Cuba.

The Associated Press

DATE: SEPTEMBER 6, 1983

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VESCO

NASSAU, BAHAMAS (AP) -- OPPOSITION LEADERS CALLED TODAY FOR AN IMMEDIATE INVESTIGATION FOLLOWING A NEWS REPORT THAT FUGITIVE FINANCIER ROBERT VESCO RUNS A MAJOR DRUG OPERATION FROM THE BAHAMAS WITH GOVERNMENT PROTECTION.

"PEOPLE IN THE BAHAMAS ARE IN A STATE OF SHOCK OVER THE ASTONISHING PIECE OF NEWS," SAID KENDAL ISAACS, LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION FREE NATIONAL MOVEMENT.

"THE ALLEGATIONS ARE VERY SERIOUS AND I AM SURE THE PEOPLE OF THE BAHAMAS WILL EXPECT SOME STATEMENT FROM GOVERNMENT IN EXPLANATION AND REPLY TO THESE ALLEGATIONS," ISAACS SAID.

OPPOSITION LEADERS ALSO URGED AN EMERGENCY SESSION PARLIAMENT. THE NEXT SESSION OF THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY IS SCHEDULED OCT. 5, AND ONLY PRIME MINISTER LYNDEN PINDLING CAN CALL LEGISLATORS TO NASSAU BEFORE THEN.

PINDLING DID NOT RETURN TELEPHONE INQUIRIES THIS MORNING FROM THE NASSAU TRIBUNE.

"PEOPLE ARE VERY ANGRY," SAID EILEEN CARRON, PUBLISHER OF THE TRIBUNE. "AS SOON AS THE THING WENT OFF LAST NIGHT, WE JUST COULDN'T GET ANY REST, THE PHONES WENT CONSTANTLY ALL NIGHT AND ALL MORNING."

NBC NEWS REPORTED MONDAY THAT VESCO HAS BEEN RUNNING A MAJOR COCAINE AND MARIJUANA OPERATION FOR A LEAST TWO YEARS FROM NORMAN'S CAY, A SMALL ISLAND ABOUT 300 MILES SOUTHEAST OF MIAMI AND 100 MILES EAST OF ANDROS ISLAND. VESCO WAS EXPELLED FROM AND REPORTEDLY LEFT THE BAHAMAS IN THE SUMMER OF 1981.

BUT NBC SAID HE WALKS FREELY IN PUBLIC ON NORMAN'S CAY. THE ALLEGED DRUG OPERATION IS "WIDE OPEN" AND IS "SAID TO BE PROTECTED BY BAHAMIAN OFFICIALS AND TOLERATED BY AMERICAN DIPLOMATS," ACCORDING TO THE NETWORK.

IT SAID AMERICAN AUTHORITIES DESCRIBE VESCO AS "WELL PROTECTED IN THE BAHAMAS BY SOME OF THE LEADERS OF THE RULING PARTY, THE PROGRESSIVE LIBERAL PARTY."

"A JUSTICE DEPARTMENT INTELLIGENCE REPORT SAYS A VESCO ASSOCIATE HAS BEEN 'ALLEGEDLY PAYING APPROXIMATELY \$100,000 PER MONTH TO BAHAMIAN OFFICIALS, INCLUDING THE PRIME MINISTER,'" THE NETWORK SAID.

IT SAID TONS OF COCAINE WERE STORED IN REFRIGERATED HANGARS ON NORMAN'S CAY, WHICH HAS A PAVED RUNWAY BIG ENOUGH TO HANDLE JET PLANES, AND THAT VESCO USED DOZENS OF BOATS AND AIRPLANES TO SMUGGLE COCAINE AND MARIJUANA INTO THE UNITED STATES.

AN UNDERCOVER AGENT WAS QUOTED AS SAYING VESCO WAS "A MAJOR FINANCIER (AND) PROVIDED THE MUSCLE, PROTECTION FOR DIFFERENT GROUPS OF SMUGGLERS."

AN FBI PLAN TO PUT A DENT IN BAHAMIAN DRUG TRAFFIC BY ARRESTING A MEMBER OF THE ISLANDS' PARLIAMENT WAS BLOCKED BY THE U.S. EMBASSY IN NASSAU, THE NETWORK SAID. IT QUOTED AMBASSADOR LEV DOBRIANSKY AS SAYING ONE OF THE REASONS WAS THAT SUCH AN ARREST MIGHT UPSET NEGOTIATIONS FOR A U.S. NAVY SUBMARINE-TESTING BASE IN THE ISLANDS.

AP-WX-09-06-83-1232EDT.

6.

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
DATE: SEPTEMBER 7, 1983

NASSAU, Bahamas (UPI) - The Bahamian government attacked an NBC news report that the country is harboring fugitive financier Robert Vesco as "criminally conceived" and says it will ask President Reagan to trace the allegations.

On Monday, NBC news reported that Vesco heads a major drug distribution empire on a remote Bahamian island protected by top government officials.

The network quoted a U.S. Justice Department intelligence report claiming that a Vesco associate allegedly had been "paying approximately \$100,000 per month to Bahamian officials including the prime minister."

Prime Minister Lindon Pindling described the news story as "a criminally conceived conspiracy against the Bahamas" and told Radio Bahamas he would go "straight to the top" to find the source of the charges.

Pindling said he had written a letter to Reagan denying the allegations and pointing out that Vesco was deported from the Bahamas in April 1981.

The prime minister, who announced a major anti-drug push while visiting Miami earlier this year, said he also would order all Bahamian law enforcement agencies to investigate the claims made in the NBC report.

Finally, Pindling said he would ask Reagan order a high-level
--More--

inquiry to determine the source of the allegations.

NBC charged that a Bahamian island known as Norman's Cay, located 200 miles off the Florida coast, is the base of a cocaine and marijuana smuggling operation run by Vesco.

Vesco, an accused Wall Street master swindler who fled the United States to avoid prosecution, "is now said to have made millions of dollars in the drug business in the Bahamas," NBC reported.

By staying outside the U.S., Vesco has avoided trial on charges of illegal financial manipulations. He presided over a multi-million dollar business enterprise until he fled to escape prosecution.

NBC said leaders of the ruling Progressive Liberal Party were protecting Vesco. The network also reported that FBI agents wanted to arrest Kendall Nottase, a member of the Bahamian parliament and a cabinet minister, but the plan was halted by U.S. diplomatic officials.

Nottase denied any wrongdoing.

"I do not know Robert Vesco personally and have never had any association with Vesco. In fact, I have never met Vesco nor have I ever spoken to him," Nottase said in a statement released Tuesday.

"Vesco never offered me a bribe, either by himself or through others. I am not now nor have I ever been involved in drug trafficking...The allegations concerning me in the NBC report are totally false," Nottase said.

Vesco linked to Cubans, cocaine

CHICAGO (UPI) — Fugitive financier Robert Vesco is working with the Cuban government and major cocaine suppliers to ship the drug to the United States as part of the largest operation supplying the American market, the Chicago Tribune reported today.

The newspaper said Vesco, who fled the country in 1972 with an estimated \$60 million in stolen cash, told a congressional official of his drug link in a recent conversation.

A lawyer representing people trying to recover about \$224 million in assets that disappeared when Vesco fled under indictment in a mutual funds fraud case, speculated Vesco turned to cocaine trading because he was running out of funds.

Federal law enforcement officials say the connection between Vesco and South American drug exporters is Carlos Lehder, a leader of what Drug Enforcement Administration officials say is one of the largest cocaine "mafias" feeding the American market.

The congressional official, who asked not to be named, said he maintains sporadic contact with Vesco, who told him he uses his contacts with Nicaraguan leftists and Cubans to arrange for drug smugglers to buy back drugs confiscated from waylaid ships and planes en route from Bolivia or Colombia to the United States.

Vesco is apparently based out of an island in the Bahamas called Norman's Cay, about 200 miles from Florida.

--More--

Vesco and Lehder bought the island for more than \$5 million, said Nicholas Navarro of the organized crime task force in Broward County, Fla. Navarro said American agents have flown over Norman's Cay and spotted large refrigeration units attached to the rear of at least two small aircraft hangars next to an airstrip.

Last week, NBC News reported Vesco was operating a major cocaine smuggling operation from the island — and that top American diplomats had hampered the FBI's effort to arrest Vesco on drug charges.

Ted Swift, as spokesman for the DEA, declined to comment on the report. But other DEA officials said privately the agency had not developed evidence Vesco was running a cocaine smuggling business, the Tribune reported.

Justice Department officials confirmed that report prepared for the attorney general linked Vesco, through his tie to smugglers the officials refused to name, to cocaine operations.

Federal and state agents in Florida said Vesco and Lehder teamed up to buy as much property as they could on Norman's Cay. Their company, International Dutch Resources, Inc., was based in Nassau, and purchased as much as two-thirds of the island.

The Tribune said an official familiar with the work of the White House Task Force on Drug Traffic in South Florida said informants have told the task force Vesco is linked to major Cuban officials.

That official also said Vesco boasted he could recover cocaine and

--More--

marijuana confiscated by the Cubans for a "finder's fee" of 15 or 20 percent.

That same official said he doubted Vesco's buying-back of drugs was a major source of the massive quantity of cocaine Lehder is known to move into the United States and Europe.

But Navarro, a member of the Broward County Sheriff's Department in Ft. Lauderdale, said he believes the buy-back operation is contributing to the glut of cocaine that has dropped the price of a kilo, or 2.2 pounds, from about \$62,000 to \$28,000.

An official in Washington confirmed the glut and said growers are raising coca plants in Colombia as well as in Peru and Bolivia.

In the last 10 years, Vesco has found expensive refuge in places like Costa Rica, the Bahamas, Nicaragua and Antigua.

"I know he needs to make some investments to keep himself whole," said lawyer John Lewis, "and I know he has the connections with Cubans and the Nicaraguans to recover confiscated shipments."

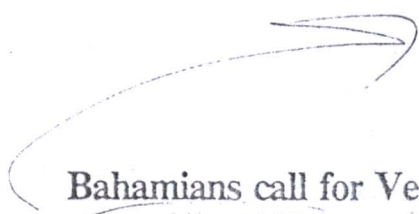
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DATE: SEPTEMBER 7, 1983

*File Bahamians
Folder*



Bahamians call for Vesco drug inquiry

NASSAU, Bahamas — Opposition leaders called Tuesday for an investigation into corruption following an NBC *Nightly News* report that renegade financier Robert Vesco runs a drug-smuggling ring under the protection of some officials. Prime Minister Lynden Pindling denied receiving bribes. Most officials wouldn't comment.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 20, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR JACK SVAHN

FROM: ^{CUT} CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Teen Titans Comic Book

For your information, the second Teen Titans drug awareness comic book and educational package will be ready for release on October 25, 1983.

This book was sponsored by The National Soft Drink Association (NSDA) in cooperation with Warner Communications/DC Comics, Inc. and is geared for the 6th Grade.

The NSDA represents all soft drink manufacturers and bottlers and joining the President's Drug Awareness Campaign is the first effort in which the entire soft drink industry has worked together.

I just received a copy of the summer issue of the NSDA magazine and saw the cover and related story (page 9) for the first time. Thought it might be of interest.

cc: Roger Porter

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 19, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR CARLTON TURNER
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR DRUG ABUSE POLICY

FROM: FRED F. FIELDING 
COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Request for Permission to Reprint
the Presidential Seal in Medical Times

We have no legal objections to the proposed reproduction of the Presidential Seal on the Presidential letter which will be reprinted in the upcoming drug abuse issue of Medical Times.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 16, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN HERRINGTON

FROM: CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Court of Appeals

For your information, attached is a clipping from the May-June issue of the American Patent Law Association Journal, "The President's Page."

Thought the portion marked might be of interest to you.

PRESIDENT'S PAGE

Leonard B. Mackey



The Spring 1983 meeting at the Fairmont Hotel was an outstanding success not only for the substantive program but also for the opportunity afforded to meet with our colleagues in congenial San Francisco. To those members of APLA and the San Francisco Patent Law Association

who contributed so much to this meeting—many thanks.

One of the more significant events affecting intellectual property law this past year has been the legislation establishing the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. A particular purpose for establishing this court with its exclusive appellate jurisdiction for all patent cases was to assure consistency in the interpretation of United States patent laws. To accomplish this it is essential that this new court be staffed with a sufficient number of judges with technical backgrounds experienced in patent law to enable the court to render well-reasoned and knowledgeable opinions that will form the patent law and policies which will bear importantly on the future of technology in our country.

There is a vacancy in this court for which a candidate with little or no patent experience has been nominated by the President despite informal expressions of concerns by bar associations, including APLA, as to the candidate's competence and experience especially in the field of intellectual property law. It is expected that this nomination will be opposed and at this writing it is too early to predict the outcome of such opposition.

Of significance is that additional vacancies in this court can be expected within the next few years. It is imperative these additional vacancies be filled with persons highly qualified to serve as judges on one of our country's highest federal courts. They should, in addition, be able to provide necessary guidance to other members of the court on patent and other intellectual property issues.

Your Association, its Board of Directors, and its standing committees—particularly the Committee on Public Appointments—are dedicated to action necessary to assure that the best qualified candidates are placed on the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit—and expects to work closely with other bar professional associations to this end.

The fields of law and practice by our membership are increasingly being recognized generically under the appellation "intellectual property law." Moreover, an increasing number of our present membership, as well as members of the bar, are engaged in the

practice of law involving patent law, for example, and software. According to a resolution passed on March 24, 1983, the Patent Law Association, Inc., should change its name to the Patent Law Association, Inc., The Articles of Incorporation and the vote of members taken at the meeting assure that this resolution of the membership we expect with respect to the proposed ballot. The results of this ballot are pending whether the proposed membership for vote at

There appears to be a proposal for a new practice which is articulated in the Patent Bar. These proposals fall into two categories: (i) first to file priority, and (ii) first to file trademark and Trademark Office. The present interference category. The APLA In order to bring a proposal for interference reform

In order to bring a proposal for interference reform under consideration and action by the Patent Law Association Committee to be chaired by Leonard Mackey. The proposals and have a meeting on September 12-13, 1983.

Be sure to mark your calendar for the Patent Law Association at the Marriott Hotel in Virginia, October 12-13, 1983. See you there!

Join I

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practice of law involving intellectual property which is not strictly patent law, for example, the law related to trademarks, copyrights, and software. Accordingly, after consideration your Board resolved on March 24, 1983, that the American Patent Law Association, Inc., should change its name to the American Intellectual Property Law Association, Inc., subject to approval by the membership. The Articles of Incorporation can only be amended by a majority vote of members taken at a meeting of the corporation. In order to assure that this resolution reflects a broad consensus of the views of the membership we expect to seek the views of the membership with respect to the proposed name change by means of a "mail-in" ballot. The results of this ballot will guide the Board in determining whether the proposed change of name will be presented to the membership for vote at the Annual Meeting on October 13, 1983.

There appears to be a ground swell for reform of interference practice which is articulated in several proposals before the Patent Bar. These proposals fall into two broad categories, viz., (i) first-to-file priority, and (ii) first-to-invent priority. For example, the Patent and Trademark Office has circulated a proposed revision of the present interference practice that falls in the first-to-invent category. The APLA Interference Committee has advanced a proposal for interference reform that falls into the first-to-file category.

In order to bring a high level of focus on the various proposals for interference reform and to develop a position thereon for consideration and action by the Board, I have appointed a Special Committee to be chaired by John Maurer to review the various proposals and have a report before the Board for action at its meeting on September 15, 1983.

Be sure to mark your calendar for the annual meeting of our Association at the Marriott Crystal Gateway Hotel, Arlington, Virginia, October 12-14, 1983. I'll look forward to seeing you there!

APLA AWAKE
Join Public Information Effort

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 15, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ANNE HIGGINS

FROM: CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Letter from the President

Assistant Chief Daniel Courtenay, Commanding Officer of the Organized Crime Control Bureau of the New York City Police Department has retired after serving thirty five (35) years. Chief Courtenay, as both commander of the Narcotics Division and then as head of the Organized Crime Control Bureau, has always been a staunch foe of narcotics dealers and racketeers.

In addition, Dan has supported this office in every way possible. He has supplied data whenever requested, provided escorts when needed, sent photographs to help our efforts and has generally, never hesitated when asked for assistance. He was the first city commander to agree to supply men for the Vice President's National Narcotics Border Interdiction System effort.

Would it be possible to get a letter of commendation from the President to present to Chief Courtenay at his retirement party on November 16, 1983? Please let me know if you have any questions or need additional information. If it is possible to do the letter, please forward to my office (Room 220). Dan Leonard, my Deputy, will be attending the reception so can deliver the letter and incidentally, used to worked with Chief Courtenay on the NYPD.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 14, 1983

TO: CARLTON TURNER
FROM: DAN LEONARD *[Signature]*
SUBJECT: Retirement of Dan Courteney

Assistant Chief Daniel Courteney, Commanding Officer of the Organized Crime Control Bureau of the new York City Police Department has retired after serving thirty five (35) years. There will be a retirement party in his honor on November 16th which I plan to attend.

As you know Dan, as both commander of the Narcotics Division and then as head of the organized Crime Control Bureau has always been a staunch foe of narcotics dealers and racketeers. In addition he has supported this office in every way possible. He has supplied data whenever requested, provided escorts when needed, sent us photos to help our efforts and has never hesitated when asked for assistance. He was the first city commander to agree to supply men for the NNBIS effort.

Can we get a letter of commendation from the President for presentation at the retirement party. It would also be appropriate to present him with a tie bar or cuff links.

If we cannot get permission through the normal channels I would like permission to contact Ed Meese.

Dan

*Draft letter + letters
move ASAP*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 15, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR EDWIN MEESE III

FROM: ^{CT} CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Domestic Eradication

For your information, the Temporary Restraining Order issued by Judge June Green (U.S. District Court) on September 13, 1983, prohibits the use of paraquat on Federal land until September 26, 1983 at which time the Judge will hear a motion from the Plaintiffs for a permanent injunction on the use of paraquat. Attached is a memorandum from Dan Leonard which provides more detail on the hearing.

The Judge also ruled that DEA must file an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). In August, DEA was told to begin processing the necessary documents for the use of other herbicides. Thus, our position should be to gear up for next year and plan to use several different herbicides.

As an update on the Colombian situation, later this month the Government of Colombia will send a team of eight people to Mexico to study their herbicidal eradication program. The team will also visit the Beltsville Agricultural Research Center for presentations on the testing of herbicides against narcotic plants and the University of Mississippi - Research Institute on Pharmaceutical Sciences for information on paraquat and marijuana. I hope you will be able to visit with these people during their stay, if only for a minute or two (Washington portion of trip on or about October 3).

During their visit in the United States, the President of Colombia, Belisario Bentancur, will be in the United States to speak to the United Nations. President Bentancur would like to visit the President on October 5, 1983. I will process a scheduling request unless you think otherwise; it would be a good opportunity to push for an eradication program.

On September 12, 1983, at the request of Norman Bailey (NSC), I met with two officials from the Colombian Embassy: Minister Jorge Salazar and Mr. Enrique Umana. Minister Salazar admitted Colombia has internal drug problems. They also expressed their desire for crop substitution money, but were told that was not possible. However, I relayed that if the Government of Colombia established a dynamic eradication program, it might be possible for USDA to meet with their agriculture people and recommend crops for possible development. Colombia, unlike Peru and Bolivia, does not qualify for "crop substitution."

cc: Jack Svahn
Roger Porter

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 13, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR CARLTON TURNER

From: Daniel Leonard *DL*

Subject: Temporary Restraining Order (TRO)

On September 13, 1983 in the District Court of the District of Columbia, Judge June Green issued a Temporary Restraining Order against the use of the herbicide paraquat on cannabis cultivated on federal lands anywhere in the United States. The order runs until September 26th, but Judge Green also ruled that the government must do an Environmental Impact Study Statement (EIS) before she will allow the use of paraquat.

RECOMMENDATION

Since an EIS will take several months, I suggest we put off further spraying until next year. This will allow time for an EIS dealing with paraquat and 2,4-D. Incidentally, 2,4-D is approved for use on cannabis, as stated on the label.

With the EIS we will answer both the Judge's and EPA's objections and we can go in on a large scale spraying operation in 1984. Also, with the EIS we can spray and forget about guarding the plots thereby allowing us to hit many growing sites before the opposition can gear up to fight us.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

SIERRA CLUB, et al.)

Plaintiffs)

v.)

FRANCIS M. MULLEN, JR.,)
et al.)

Defendants)

Civil Action No. 83-2592

FILED

SEP 13 1983

NATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR THE)
REFORM OF MARIJUANA LAWS)
(NORML))

Plaintiff)

v.)

UNITED STATES DRUG)
ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION,)
et al.)

Defendants)

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Civil Action No. 83-2595

O R D E R

Upon consideration of plaintiffs' motion for a temporary restraining order, defendants' opposition thereto, plaintiffs' reply, the oral argument of the parties on September 13, 1983, and the entire record herein, and it appearing that the aerial spraying of paraquat on public lands by defendants is in violation of the Environmental Impact

Statement requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act, 42 U.S.C. § 4321, et seq., and the use restrictions of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, 7 U.S.C. § 136 et seq., it is by the Court this 13th day of September 1983,

ORDERED that defendants shall be restrained from the further aerial spraying of paraquat on U.S. federal lands until further hearing in this case can be had; and it is further

ORDERED that plaintiffs must execute and file a bond in the nominal amount of one dollar (\$1.00).


JUNE L. GREEN
U. S. DISTRICT JUDGE

September 13, 1983
2:10 p.m.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 15, 1983

MEMORANDUM

FOR: JACK SVAHN
FROM: CARLTON TURNER
SUBJECT: Domestic Eradication

For your information, attached is a memo I sent to Mr. Meese regarding the domestic marijuana eradication program.

The memo is in response to Mr. Meese's request to me to be kept informed and up-to-date on the issue.

cc: Roger Porter

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 15, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR EDWIN MEESE III

FROM: ^{CT} CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Domestic Eradication

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Roger Porter

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 13, 1983

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UNITED STATES DRUG)
ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION,)
et al.)

Defendants)

Civil Action No. 83-2595

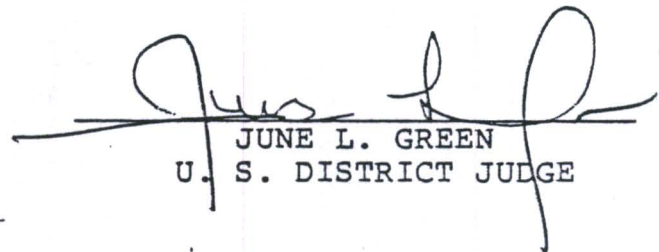
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MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

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Dan

*Draft letter + letters
Done ASAP*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 14, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ANNE HIGGINS

FROM:
 CARLTON TURNER

SUBJECT: Letter from the President

Mr. Glenn R. Dickerson, the former Deputy Commissioner of Customs for International Affairs, has been appointed Secretary General of the Customs Cooperation Council in Brussels. This is the first time that an American has held the highest post within the 95-member organization which is active in the harmonization and simplification of customs procedures among member states. Mr. Dickerson will assume his post on January 1, 1984.

The Commissioner of Customs, William vonRaab, is hosting a reception in honor of Mr. Dickerson on October 12, 1983. Would it be possible to get a letter of congratulations from the President to read at the reception?

If this is possible, please forward the letter to my office (Room 220) and we will deliver it to the reception. Thank you for all your help and please let me know if you have any questions or need additional information.