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ADPA BOARD MEETING 12/9/83
Hyatt, Arlington, VA 2:00pm
Suite 611

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alcohol and drug problems association of north america

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS** 

TO:

Carlton Turner, Ph.D.

FROM:

Roger F. Stevenson

PRESIDENT

RE:

ADPA Annual Conference

\*Kay Hardin

DATE:

August 19, 1983

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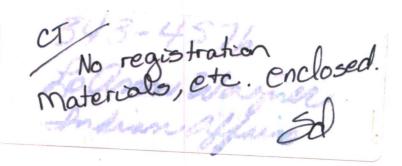
Roger F. Stevenson Executive Director

Eric G. Scharf Assistant Director for Membership Services ADPA's 34th Annual Conference will take place on August 28 through September 1, 1983. We are very pleased with the level of interest that has been shown and are anticipating a first-class conference. We want to invite your participation in this meeting in two ways:

- We are waiving a conference registration for you and another staff member of your association or agency. (This does not include any of the social functions for which there is a charge.) Please return registration forms to us in advance indicating who from your staff will be attending.
- 2. The ADPA Annual Awards Luncheon will be held on August 30th. We want to invite your elected President or other representative of your organization to sit at the head table, as our guest. We would appreciate your letting us know by August 26th who will be representing your group.

I am looking forward to seeing you at the conference.

\*Executive Committee Member



### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

### September 19, 1983

Dear Mr. Monson:

I read with much interest your article, "Stronger inter-group cooperation goal of new ADPA president" in the September 1, 1983 issue of The Journal.

In the article, you are reported as saying, "...there has been a void in the field in the U.S. over the last three or four years in terms of policy formulation at the state and federal levels and in the public and private sectors." Anne MacLennan goes on to write that you feel, "Many people in the field believe there's been an erosion in the relationship between the executive and administrative branches of government and the leadership in the field, and that leaders are less and less called upon for input into policy and program legislation."

For the first time in history, the President and First Lady, the Vice President, the Attorney General and both the former and present Secretarys of Health and Human Services are all actively involved in the drug abuse issue. Early in his Administration, President Reagan declared war on drugs and has made major accomplishments in all areas of the drug program and at all levels of government. In my capacity as Director of the Drug Abuse Policy Office, I work on a daily basis with many public and private sector organizations concerned with alcohol and drug abuse. In fact, it is my policy and the policy of this office to meet with representatives from any credible organization.

The President's drug program is based on a five-pronged approach; international cooperation, drug law enforcement, education and prevention, detoxification and treatment, and research. For your information, enclosed is copy of the 1982 Federal Strategy for Prevention of Drug Abuse and Drug Trafficking which outlines the President's program. The Strategy was prepared by this office with direct input from the involved government agencies (9 Departments, 29 Agencies and 4 Independent Agencies) and the private sector. You may find it interesting.

I regret that I did not have an opportunity to meet you at the recent Alcohol and Drug Problems Association (ADPA) Conference, but I received a photocopy of a letter as an invitation only a few days prior to the beginning of the conference and it was impossible to work it in. The invitation, from Roger Stevenson, was obviously a "form letter" because in speaking of the Awards Luncheon, it stated, "We want to invite your elected president or other representative of your organization to sit at the head table." Is this the way ADPA would invite the President of the United States to a conference?

In the last three years parents have recognized that they are the first line of defense in the escalating nationwide war against drug use by our young people. Over 4,000 parent groups have formed to battle illegal drugs. The National Federation of Parents for Drug Free Youth (NFP) is the nationwide umbrella organization for these diversified parent groups. Based on experience, The Parent Resources Institute on Drug Education (PRIDE) provides the parent movement an international perspective. There is cooperation and coordination at the national level.

The problems of drug and alcohol abuse affect nearly every family in every community across the United States and this Administration is committed to providing an environment where the youth of America can grow-up "drug free."

Welcome to the fight!

Sincerely,

Carlton F. Turner, Ph.D.
Special Assistant to the President
for Drug Abuse Policy

Mr. Larry Monson Office of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse One West Wilson Street P.O. Box 7851 Madison, WI 53707 and literature or be communicated to friend-

ly staff members of congressmen, or senators, who make the laws.

"Policy has to come out of groups like this," he told the 1st National Invitational Policy Forum on Alcohol and Other Drug Problems — a think tank of about 40 leaders in the US alcohol and drug field — held here in late July. Participants represented private and public sectors; prevention and treatment programs; local, state, and federal governments and associations; and the alcohol beverage industry.

Calling on leaders of organizations and associations across the country that "still have some respectability and some voice and some ability to represent collecand to do it so that your getting together doesn't appear to subborn punitive reactions to alcohol and drug abuse that most of us who are

(See — Community — page

# Stronger inter-group cooperation goal of new ADPA president

By Anne MacLennan

RACINE, WISC — Tackling charges that the alcohol and drug abuse field in the United States is fragmented and in disarray will be among the priorities of the new chief of the Alcohol and Drug Problems Association of North America (ADPA).

Larry Monson, a social worker, and director of the Wisconsin State Office of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse, was scheduled to be named president at the annual meeting of the ADPA in Washington at the end of August. He succeeds Kay Hardin of Texas.

He told **The Journal**: "One of the priorities over the next couple of years will be to focus on building much stronger working relationships with other national associations and alcohol- and drug-related interest groups.

"This will enable us to overcome the criticism that we are not a united field, that we are divided and fragmented, and that we don't have a constituency, a voice, in this country or in the alcohol and drug field."

He said there has been a void in the field in the US over the last three or four years in terms of policy formulation at the state and federal levels and in the public and private sectors.

Many people in the field believe there's been an erosion in the relationship between the executive and administrative branches of government and the leadership in the field, and that leaders are less and less called upon for input into policy and program legislation, he said.

"We want input up-front, on a proactive rather than a reactive basis, input from the leadership in the field at all levels — national, state, and local.

Does the US administration, and particularly Carlton Turner, PhD, chief of the White House Office on Drug Abuse Policy, want it that way?

"I'm not sure at this point. Until I've had an opportunity to talk with him and others, I'm not willing to say.

"But, if they don't accept it, we will become prepared to advocate and lobby within Congress for our points of view and our policy recommendations and to indicate to Congress that they are not working with us, that their policies and recommendations are not relevant, if that indeed is the case.

"I think you're going to see the field unite in terms of the parent movement, minorities, the traditional alcohol/drug associations, and come out with one voice demanding that our advice, our knowledge be sought at the development stage, the thought stage, rather than at the response stage."

(See - Monson - page 2)



Monson: we'll lobby Congress

### INSIDE-

p3

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New wave of heroin users in US

Side-effects of skin-popping

Confrontation needs rehearsing

Backgrounder on Quebec

Crime fighters join drug war

Tobacco, a Third World plague The Back Page



New clue to FAS

SESERVATION COS



# Idren smoke most, worsening: study

girls are regular smokers.

"The statistics are alarming and there has to be more work done on this," said Kane Tologanak, NWT health minister. The study was undertaken by his department and Health and Welfare Canada last winter.

He said students in 66 of the 70 NWT schools were examined, and that the study yielded a 94% response rate. "It confirmed the problem does exist and that it's getting worse."

Mr Tologanak said smoking education programs geared to the Native population need to be introduced in schools. He said the NWT is supporting the federal government's new, nationwide, anti-smoking campaign, the Generation of Non-Smokers, (The Journal May, 1982), but programs designed specifically for children in the north must be created.

The study also showed peer pressure plays an important role in students' smoking habits. Between 10 and 14 years of age, students with friends who smoke were 19 times more likely to be smokers themselves than those with friends who didn't smoke.

(See — Hardships — page 2)

nteen per cent of the ulation reported using acco.

Thomson, a nurse with ba Lung Association rked in Northern Canaatistics indicating the nce of smoking among ople across Canada, ity, "are really quite

n view of the poor living overcrowding, lack of and other health probare common in many nmunities, the risks asith smoking are only in-

ed more information moking habits of Native ne said. "As far as I can there are no smoking for Native people," ale said some have been

ganak and Ms Thomson ressing a session on and minority groups at World Conference on and Health held here re-

elegates from the United w Zealand, and Austraported a high incidence g among minority groups untries.

ase of the Maori people of and, delegates were told male and 58% of the feulation were reported to r smokers. As well, the of lung cancer among was 81 cases per 100,000 and 45 per 100,000 among That compares to 47 and 11 (females) per the general population.

ns to me," Mr Tologanak at the cigarette has taken coming to put out that old cigarette."

In another presentation, Richard Stanwick, MD, assistant professor of pediatrics at the University of Manitoba's medical school, gave the results of a study he conducted on smoking patterns in students in Thunder Bay, Ont. He found that of 947 students who responded to the questionnaire in one high school, 38% of the boys had never tried smoking compared to only 25% of the girls.

"Girls are experimenting more than boys with cigarettes." Dr Stanwick added that he found girls were more likely to start smoking if their mothers smoked.

Dr Stanwick said boys are more likely not to smoke because of positive role models such as "a clean living fellow who sells jeans whose name is Wayne Gretzky."

Girls don't have a similar model, and "cigarettes are associated with the liberated woman," he said.



Young girls: they lack a positive role model

### Community support 'disgraceful'

(from page 1)

And they have to be resolved in the face of "far less — absolutely, disgracefully less — support from the community at large than a broad range of other health areas." He referred among others to cancer, heart disease, stroke, arthritis, rheumatism, children's disorders, and maternal and child health.

"You name it. We have the least support from around the country of any health enterprise. And we have the most questions asked about whether we even are a health enterprise," Dr Mayer said.

However, he said, the issues that need to be addressed "from my point of view are much the same as they have been for some years now.

"They are issues to do with health insurance; issues of so-called responsible drinking, a term I don't like; issues of controlled drinking, of location of treatment and who should get it; issues having to do with advertising and free speech; issues that can be considered ethical, legal issues.

"Are we exploiting Medicare patients by readmitting and readmitting them at extremely high cost to give certain very specific kinds of treatment? What is appropriate treatment?

"Can we afford, as a society, to treat alcoholism, other than the very serious physical problems, in hospitals designed to treat physical diseases at 400 bucks a day?"

These are the questions and the issues "that are going to have to be resolved, and they can only be resolved by the people in the field, speaking with some clarity of vision and some purpose."

As for the Public Health Service, its primary mission is research, Dr Mayer said.

It and the institutes are "not in the business of generating policy positions for the government.

"We are very clearly charged," he said, with getting people together and with collecting information and scientific data upon which policy can be based.

# Monson favors continent-wide info exchange

(from page 1)

Mr Monson said in addition to national and state leadership, three other issues are of immediate concern — prevention, funding, and controls.

To facilitate broad exchange of views, he would like to revive the idea of large North American meetings every year or two that draw together people not only from across the US but also from Canada and, possibly, Mexico.

Mr Monson was one of about 40 leaders in the field across the US who attended the 1st National Invitational Policy Forum on Alcohol and Other Drug Problems held here in late July.

Participants represented private, public, treatment, and prevention sectors, and local, state, and national bodies. Discussion centred on policy issues.

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#### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 28, 1983

Dear Mr. Monson:

This is to confirm receipt of your letter to Dr. Carlton Turner regarding his participation in the ADPA meeting on Friday, December 9, 1983.

Dr. Turner is on travel out of the country until December 7, 1983 and will be in touch with you upon his return. If this is not convenient for the scheduling of your agenda please let me know.

Best wishes,

Sincerely,

Sue H. Daoulas (Mrs.)
Executive Assistant

Drug Abuse Policy Office

Mr. Larry W. Monson, ACSW President Alcohol and Drug Problems Association 1101 15th Street, N.W. Suite 204 Washington, D.C. 20005





alcohol and drug problems association of north america

November 17, 1983

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\*Executive Committee Member

Carlton E. Turner, Ph.D.
Special Assistant to the President
for Drug Abuse Policy
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Dr. Turner:

The Board of Directors of the Alcohol and Drug Problems Association will be meeting at the Hyatt Regency, Arlington, Virginia, on Friday, December 9, 1983. We cordially extend an invitation to you to meet with our Board and discuss current and future policy issues.

We apologize for the photocopy of a letter you received as an invitation to our Annual Conference last August, and for the short lead time provided you. We are confident that this will not happen in the future.

We appreciate the increased involvement of the White House in alcohol and other drug abuse and highly commend the First Lady for her leadership in supporting and spearheading the "Chemical People" program. The township meetings and task force approach are facilitating both increased interest and responsiveness to alcohol and drug abuse problems throughout the country.

We are interested in building a close working relationship with you and are therefore hopeful you will be able to meet with us on December 9, 1983. We have tentatively set aside time from 2:00-3:00 p.m., however, are flexible and can adapt our Board agenda to accommodate your schedule.

We look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

Larry W. Monson, ACSW

President

Alcohol and Drug Problems Association of North America

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ADPA

#### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 25, 1985

Dear Mr Besteman:

Thank you for your invitation to attend the meeting of sponsoring agencies and associations for a North American Congress on Alcohol and Drug Abuse to be held February 22, 1985.

Due to several previously scheduled commitments, I will be unable to attend. I sincerely thank you for including me among the guests and send you my best wishes for a successful and productive meeting.

Again, my thanks. Best regards,

Sincerely,

Carlton E. Turner, Ph.D.
Special Assistant to the President
for Drug Abuse Policy

Mr. Karst J. Besteman
Executive Director
ADPA
444 North Capitol Street, N.W.
Hall of the States
Washington, D.C. 20001



alcohol and drug problems association of north america

Dear Dr. Turner:

January 18, 1985

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Riley Regan
\*Harold A. Swift

\*Executive Committee Member

Karst J. Besteman Executive Director

\*Kay Hardin

I am writing to invite you to a meeting of sponsoring agencies and associations for a North American Congress on Alcohol and Drug Abuse. The meeting will be held on February 22, 1985 at 10:00 A.M., in the Hall of States, 444 North Capitol Street, N. W., Room 341, Washington, D.C.

The Board of Directors of the Alcohol and Drug Problems Association of North America has agreed to be the secretariat for the Congress which was last held in 1974. ADPA has previously functioned as secretariat and chief sponsor. Responding to the increased number of interested parties in alcohol and drug issues, the planned North American Congress is designed to have many sponsors and the broadest, most comprehensive program content possible.

Sponsorship is achieved by contributing One Thousand (\$1,000) Dollars to the Congress and agreeing to participate on the program committee as well as other sub-committees. In addition to ADPA, several national groups have expressed an interest, including The Salvation Army, The Volunteers of America, and The National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors.

Enclosed with this letter are a series of statements which explain the basic committee structure, the fiscal arrangements, the general process of development and a tentative time frame and location. The February 22 meeting will be an opportunity to review this information and determine what organizations will be co-sponsors.

In addition to the major task of developing and designing a high quality, substantive meeting, efforts must be planned and coordinated to assure adequate financial support for this effort.

Sincerely,

Karst J. Besteman Executive Director

KJB/jbc