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WASHINGTON

June 3, 1981

FOR:

EDWIN MEESE, RICHARD ALLEN, MICHAEL DEAVER. &

JAMES A. BAKER

FROM:

MAX L. FRIEDERSDORF M -  $/\gamma$ .

SUBJECT:

REQUEST FOR ADMINISTRATION SUPPORT OF H. J. RES. 220

THAT WOULD GRANT HONORARY CITIZENSHIP TO RAOUL

WALLENBERG, A SWEDISH DIPLOMAT

Congressman Tom Lantos, a freshman Democrat from California, requested, as early as last February, Administration support for his resolution that would grant honorary citizenship to Raoul Wallenberg, a Swedish diplomat long suspected to be a Soviet prisoner, who saved the lives of thousands of Jews in Hungary prior to the defeat of Hitler's army. The congressman is one of those whose life Wallenberg saved. The resolution would also request the President to pursue, with the Russians, Wallenberg's whereabouts and secure his freedom if alive. A copy of the resolution in draft form is attached.

The resolution was introduced March 26 and has as its co-sponsors more than half the Members of the House, including Republican Leader Bob Michel. The resolution was introduced in the Senate, sponsored by Senators Pell and Chafee.

This resolution appears to be Lantos' raison d'etre and he has mounted a media campaign to assist his efforts in the House. (As he not so subtly points out, any opposition to this resolution would be regarded by the Jewish community as a major affront.) Congressional action hasn't been fast enough for him, however, and he continues to follow the Administration's departmental reviews closely. Since his arrival in Washington, he has requested meetings with the President to discuss the resolution. He wants the President to take an active role in supporting the resolution. Such a role would, he believes, hasten his efforts along.

Justice, State, OMB and the NSC have indicated that they have no objections to the resolution from a technical standpoint. The NSC, however, indicated some reluctance to sign off on the resolution from a policy standpoint. The reason for this is that only two other foreign citizens in the U.S.'s history have received honorary citizenship--LaFayette and Churchill.

The State people originally did not anticipate taking any position on the resolution.

This is somewhat academic, however, since the President, upon seeing a 60-Minutes segment on Wallenberg, called Secretary Haig and told him that he wanted to strongly support the efforts of those sponsoring the Wallenberg resolution. Before anyone had an opportunity to analyze the effects of the resolution, the Secretary told Lantos of the President's support.

On June 4, two House Foreign Affairs subcommittees, Europe and the Middle East and Human Rights, are holding a joint hearing on H. J. Res. 220. Congresswoman Fenwick (R-NJ), Congressman Jack Kemp, Lantos and Lantos' wife (as chairwoman of the Save Raul Wallenberg Committee), Senator Pell, and Wallenberg's sister, Mrs. Nina Lagergren, the wife of the Chief Justice of the World Court in the Hague, are all testifying for the resolution. Secretary Haig and/or another State official were invited to testify and declined. State told Lantos they would expedite a position letter to him instead. State is prepared to send a letter stating Administration support pending clearance from the White House.

Further on the Wallenberg resolution of Lantos;

N Risque called Fairbanks, got Fairbanks to ask Haig if the PRESIDENT truly said he was behind this resolution. Haig told Fairbanks yes. HOWEVER, she also learned that State was preparing a letter to the committee for delivery today stating the Administration is fully behind this resolution. I asked NR if she could get them to hold up on this until we could canvas the Big Three. Mike Uhlmann at OPD had a hold on the resultion, because he could find not one member of the Senior Staff including the Big Three who was aware of the PRESIDENT"s okay on this. Nancy is preparing a memo for your signature to the big three asking for their guidance, which we have to get ASAP, as the committee meets tomorrow.

NK

The bottom live is, the WH has a hold on the resolution, a state is ready to signal Hill it's okay!!!

Max:

a Jim Adams with AP, who says he called Friday and left word, is now calling to ask the following for a news story he is doing for the Tuesday pm newspapers.

Adams found out Friday that the WH made the decision not to withdraw LeFever, and that "Friedersdorf will review" wants to know what "review" entails. review the nomination? review the process? review the possibility of LeFever making it thru Congress?

Jim Adams - 224-0241

#### 2) On the Wollenberg matter:

Nancy Risque was unfortunate enough to be the one at her desk when MC Lantos first called about Wollenberg. You'll recall her memoes on this. Wollenberg was a Swede who saved scores of Jews during WWII (Lantos was one of them). There is no proof, but Lantos and many others think Wollenberg is still alive in a soviet prison. Lanto has authored a resolution condeming the USSR and demanding his release. Haig, according to Lantos, told Lantos that the President is 100% behind him on his resolution. When Nancy R called Belden to check that out, Belden told her Haig was too busy to bother, to ask the President. Nancy hung up on Belden. We thought the resolution was in NSC, it isn't. We thought it was at OMB for clearance , however Nancy now learns that Ooffice of Policy Development has a hold on it. For policy reasons.... Risque is going to make one more try and talk to Fairbanks about this remark Haig supposedly made, she is also checking OPD to find out what the policy hangup is....the bottom line now is that you have a phone call from Millicent Fenwick. wants the President to see Wollenberg's sister who will be in town thru Friday. She is Nina Wollenberg Lagergren...her husband is Chief Justice of the World Court at the Haque. FYI - his brother is the President of SAS airlines in Sweden, and the airline accounts for 25 % of the GNP. ANYHOW, i wanted to alert you to this before you call Millicent. 225-7300-

NK

Jofagithe + Churchill webuter of alm And prom of

September 23, 1981

FOR:

MAX L. FRIEDERSDORF

THRU:

KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN

FROM:

NANCY J. RISQUE YOUR

SUBJECT:

SIGNING CEREMONY FOR S.J. RES. 65 (H.J. Res. 220) Proclaiming Raoul Wallenberg as Honorary Citizen

of the United States

I would like to recommend that we try to set up a signing ceremony for the above, which was adopted in the Senate and House. Specifically, Tuesday, September 29 would be ideal because it is the beginning of the Jewish New Year. (Any day shortly thereafter is still early in the New Year...)

This recommendation is based upon:

- 1. The timeliness of recognizing the Jewish community vis-a-vis AWACS.
- 2. The President's personal interest in the issue.
- 3. The overwhelming support this Resolution enjoyed. 43+ cosponsors in the Senate and more than 250 in the House.

We would recommend a brief ceremony, no pens (there or later), and would include all cosponsors, no staff.

Passed Senate aug. 3

97TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. J. RES. 65

Proclaiming Raoul Wallenberg to be an honorary citizen of the United States, and requesting the President to ascertain from the Soviet Union the whereabouts of Raoul Wallenberg and to secure his return to freedom.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 8 (legislative day, FEBRUARY 16), 1981

Mr. Pell (for himself, Mr. Sarbanes, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Williams, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. Specter, Mr. Tsongas, Mr. Moynihan, Mr. Levin, Mr. Riegle, Mr. Zorinsky, Mr. Hayakawa, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Bradley, Mr. Metzenbaum, Mr. Eagleton, Mr. Boben, Mr. Huddleston, Mr. Danforth, Mr. Hollings, Mr. Durenberger, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Haet, Mr. Nunn, Mr. Pryor, Mr. Heflin, Mr. Mathias, Mr. Matsunaga, Mr. Bentsen, Mr. Cranston, Mr. Cannon, Mr. DeConcini, Mr. Biden, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Chiles, Mr. Exon, Mr. Cohen, Mr. Boschwitz, Mr. Glenn, Mr. Roth, Mr. Wallop, and Mr. Leahy) introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred jointly by unanimous consent to the Committees on Foreign Relations and the Judiciary

### JOINT RESOLUTION

Proclaiming Raoul Wallenberg to be an honorary citizen of the United States, and requesting the President to ascertain from the Soviet Union the whereabouts of Raoul Wallenberg and to secure his return to freedom.

Whereas during World War II the United States was at war with Hungary, and had no diplomatic relations with that country;

- Whereas in 1944 the United States Government through Secretary of State Cordell Hull requested the cooperation of Sweden, as a neutral nation, in protecting the lives of Hungarian Jews facing extermination at the hands of the Nazis;
- Whereas Raoul Wallenberg agreed to act at the behest of the United States in Hungary, and went to Hungary in the summer of 1944 as Secretary of the Swedish Legation;
- Whereas Raoul Wallenberg, with extraordinary courage and with total disregard for the constant danger to himself, saved the lives of almost one hundred thousand innocent men, women, and children;
- Whereas Raoul Wallenberg, with funds and directives supplied by the United States, provided food, shelter, and medical care to those whom he had rescued;
- Whereas the Soviet Union, in violation of Wallenberg's Swedish diplomatic immunity and of international law, seized him on January 17, 1945, with no explanation ever given for his detention and subsequent imprisonment;
- Whereas Raoul Wallenberg has been a prisoner in the Soviet Union since 1945;
- Whereas reports from former prisoners in the Soviet Union, as recent as January 1981, suggest that Raoul Wallenberg is alive;
- Whereas history has revealed that heroic acts of salvation were tragically rare during the massacre of millions of innocent human beings during World War II; and
- Whereas the significance of this symbol of man's concern for his fellow man has been tainted by the wall of silence that surrounds the fate of Wallenberg: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
- 2 of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 Section 1. Raoul Wallenberg is proclaimed to be an
- 4 honorary citizen of the United States of America.
- 5 SEC. 2. The President is requested to take all possible
- 6 steps to ascertain from the Soviet Union the whereabouts of
- 7 Raoul Wallenberg and to secure his return to freedom.

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TOM LANTOS

4/6/8/ - lomment don't fully like a lice loncers - Eugen i lee le more spicyic aux adarem letter to wein buy

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Mashington, D.C. 20515

tile-Longe

February 12, 1981

Ms. Nancy Risque
Room 112
East Wing
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Nancy:

Enclosed is a copy of Congressman Lantos' statement on the proposed sale of bomb racks and fuel tanks to the Saudis.

Thanks for your help on the other matter.

Yours sincerely,

Eric Schnapper

ES:ha

Enclosure



# Congressional Record

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE  $97^{tb}$  congress, first session

Vol. 127

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1981

No. 20

# House of Representatives

#### AMERICA HELD HOSTAGE

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, the American hostages are free, and all Americans are thankful. But now we find an attempt to hold America itself hostage.

Last week, the Oil Minister of Saudi Arabia implied that his country would cut its oil production unless the United States changed its Middle East policy. Saudi officials and their American spokesmen are now warning that unless Saudi Arabia receives every sophisticated, offensive weapon it seeks, America will have failed this latest test of friendship, and Saudi Arabia will retaliate.

Well, Mr. Speaker, like most Americans, I am tired of America being tested by countries that rely on the United States for their very existence. We should be putting those countries

like Saudi Arabia to the friendship test.

Has Saudi Arabia supported American peace efforts in the Middle East? Has Saudi Arabia renounced PLO terrorism? Has Saudi Arabia assisted the United States in building up our vital strategic petroleum reserve?

The answer to all these questions, of course, is a resounding "no." Oil supply, oil price, and American interests are all being held hostage by Saudi Arabia.

I fully understand the need for defending Saudi security, but I question the need to appease Saudi threats.

Therefore, Mr. Speaker, as the administration moves toward a decision on the sale of offensive equipment to the Saudi kingdom, I call on it to reject the sale. We must remember that friendship—and the test of friendship—must work in both directions.

### May 15, 1978

Secretary of Defense, Washington, D.C., May 9, 1978.

Hon. John J. Spakkman, Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations,

U.S. Senate, Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: During recent conversations with you and other members of your Committee, a number of questions have been raised regarding the characteristics of the F-15 aircraft we propose to sell to Saudi Arabia and reassurances as to the purposes for which Saudi Arabia will use the aircraft. I would like to respond to these questions and attempt to resolve any uncertainties that members may have felt regarding the proposed sale.

#### I. THE F-15 AIRCRAFT

The F-15 we plan to sell to Saudi Arabia will have the same configurations as the interceptor model approved for the United States Air Force. During the developmental phase of the F-15, initial plans called for giving the aircraft a ground attack capability. However, the availability of other aircraft with superior strike capabilities led the Air Force to alter its plans and to limit the role of the F-15 to that of an air superiority fighter. Consequently, the development of new ground attack systems for the F-15 was discontinued in 1976.

Saudi Arabia chose the F-15 because of its extended patrol capability and superior air defense characteristics (including an advance\* all-weather air-to-air radar system). The F-15 best meets Saudi Arabian requirements for the air defense of a vast territory. In choosing the F-15, Saudi Arabia rejected aircraft with powerful ground attack capa-

bilities such as the F-16.

As Saudi Arabia has selected the F-15 to defend its national territory, it would be folly, as the Chairman designate of the JCS, General David Jones, USAF, observed in testimony, to use the F-15 offensively against neighboring countries. This is particularly so vis-a-vis Israel, whose air strength is, and will be, so much greater. Not only would the F-15 be relatively ineffective in an offensive mode, and the risk of loss of the aircraft high, but its use away from Saudi Arabia would leave vital oil facilities, urban centers and military installations without necessary air defense cover. From the standpoint of military planning, it would make no sense whatsoever for Saudi Arabia to acquire an aircraft with the characteristics of the F-15 with an idea of using it as a ground attack aircraft. I am confident the Saudis have no such intention.

Like the USAF model, the F-15 for Saudi Arabia will be equipped with air defense armament, namely four AIM-9 Sidewinder air-to-air missiles, four AIM-7 Sparrow air-to-air missiles and a 20 mm gun.

The aircraft can carry three external fuel tanks, but the plane requested by Saudi Arabia will not be equipped with special features that could give it additional range. Specifically, the planes will not have conformal fuel tanks ("fast packs"), i.e., auxiliary fuel tanks that conform to the body of

the plane, and Saudi Arabian KC-130 tankers do not have equipment for air refueling of the F-15.

Saudi Arabia has not requested that the plane be outfitted with Multiple Ejection racks (MER 200) which would allow the plane to carry a substantial bomb load. The U.S. will not furnish such MERs, and testing and certification of a MER system for the F-15 would not be feasible by anther country without U.S. authorization. While aircraft could conceivably carry three standard MK 84 bombs, they would each replace an external fuel tank; this would greatly shorten the aircraft's range and increase its vulnerability. Moreover, in contrast to the F-16, the F-15 does not have a radar system designed for bombing.

Saudi Arabia has not requested nor do we

Saudi Arabia has not requested nor do we intend to sell any other systems or armaments that would increase the range or enhance the ground attack capability of the

Pursuant to our national security disclosure policy, certain highly sensitive subcomponents of the U.S. Air Force version of the F-15 (e.g., cryptologic equipment and some special electronic capabilities) will not be sold to Saudi Arabia.

In sum, it is clear that the F-15 will help Saudi Arabia deter and defend against those nations that are hostile to its role as a leading moderate Arab state.

#### II. ASSURANCES

The Government of Saudi Arabia has assured us that it has no aggressive intentions against any state, that it will use the F-15 aircraft only in furtherance of its legitimate self-defense, and that it will not employ the aircraft offensively. The Saudi Arabian Government has similarly assured us that it will not transfer the F-15 aircraft to any third country or permit the nationals of such country to train on the F-15 aircraft, serve as pilot, or otherwise to have access to the aircraft without the authorization of the United States.

We have specifically discussed these restrictions on use and prohibitions on transfer with the Government of Saudi Arabia. They have assured us that they intend scrupulously to comply with these prohibitions and restrictions. The record of Saudi Arabia in this respect is excellent. However, should the assurances be violated, the United States can take appropriate action, including suspension of services and of delivery of spare parts and other military equipment. Without such services the usability of the F-15 would degrade rapidly.

It is also important to note that the sales agreement reserves to the United States the right to suspend or cancel deliveries at any time "when the national interest of the United States so requires." Further, under Section 21(c) of the Arms Export Control Act, no U.S. person employed under Foreign Military Sales contracts in Saudi Arabia or any other country would be permitted to perform services in support of combat operations.

Questions have been raised concerning the possible basing of the F-15 alreraft at Tabuk Air Base. I would like to repeat to you the assurance given to me and other United States officials by the Saudi Arabian Government that Saudi Arabia will base the P-15 aircraft, not at Tabuk, but at Dhahran, Talf and possibly at Riyadh or Khamis Mushalit. Basing the F-15 at the vulnerable Tabuk base could place in needless jeopardy these vital aircraft which will form the heart of the Saudi Arabian air defense system. In addition, Tabuk is not equipped to serve as an operating base for the F-15s, and could not be so equipped without extensive U.S. assistance which would not be provided. These practical considerations, of which Saudi

Arabia is well aware, strengthen the assurnuces that the F-15s will not be based at Tabuk.

The question has also been raised whethe the Government of Saudi Arabia intends to acquire additional combat aircraft from other countries. The Saudi Arabian Government has assured us that it does not intend to add to its inventory any combat aircraft from other countries while it is preparinfor and receiving the sixty F-15s. The short age of trained personnel in Saudi Arabia would severely constrain Saudi Arabia's ability to utilize any additional new aircraft be youd the F-15 during this period.

With respect to the security of the aircraft the Government of Saudi Arabia has expressed its determination to provide care fully for the physical protection of the air craft, manuals and other material related it. Prior to the delivery of the aircraft, we will work with the Government of Saudi Arabia to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to prevent unauthorized persons from obtaining access to the aircraft.

or information about it.

The proposal with respect to Saudi Arabia like all such proposals, stands on its own merits, and I hope the foregoing information will be helpful to you and that you and the members of your Committee will join in support of the Administration's proposals to sell aircraft to Israel, Egypt and Saudi Arabia

Sincerely,

HAROLD BROWN.

WASHINGTON

February 19, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR:

MAX L. FRIEDERSDORF

ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS

THRU:

E-- 5

KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN

DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS

FROM:

NANCY J. RISQUE SPECIAL ASSISTANT FOR LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS

SUBJECT:

Offer of assistance from

Congressman Tom Lantos (D-CA.)

This is to make you aware that Eric Schnapper, Congressman Tom Lantos' administrative assistant, called to offer to sponsor legislation to formally terminate COWPS and thereby to save the Treasury several million of dollars.

I thanked him, told him I'd pass this on to you, and that I would get back to him on it.

Attached is the status of COWPS. I will suggest that the Congressman support the rescision as soon as I track it down.

ATTACHMENT

Call House Clerk Personal And Check Bill Clerk Diel aste who was

FEBRUARY 19, 1981

STATUS OF COUNCIL ON WAGE AND PRICE STABILITY
Telephone call with DAN DUFF, General Counsel at CWPS

The President (Reagan) sent to Congress a rescision bill to cut by 1.5 million the funds appropriated for CWPS and to cut the staff down to the 35 regulatory staff members. There is a time limit of 60 consecutive days in session for Congress to act on this. It was sent January 29, 1981 and if no action is taken, CWPS is appropriated (funded) until June 5th and has legislation until September 30th.

Over 200 CWPS employees (all that remained other than the regulatory people) were sent RIF notices which means they must leave by March 7. However, it is possible that they must be kept if no action is taken on the rescision bill, or that the funds be spent on CWPS anyway. Even if only the 35 regulatory staff remain after March 7, legislation is probably necessary to keep them as part of OMB which has been suggested by the transition team.

Paige de Picciotto

WASHINGTON

April 22, 1981

FOR:

MAX L. FRIEDERSDORF

THRU:

KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN FOR A.

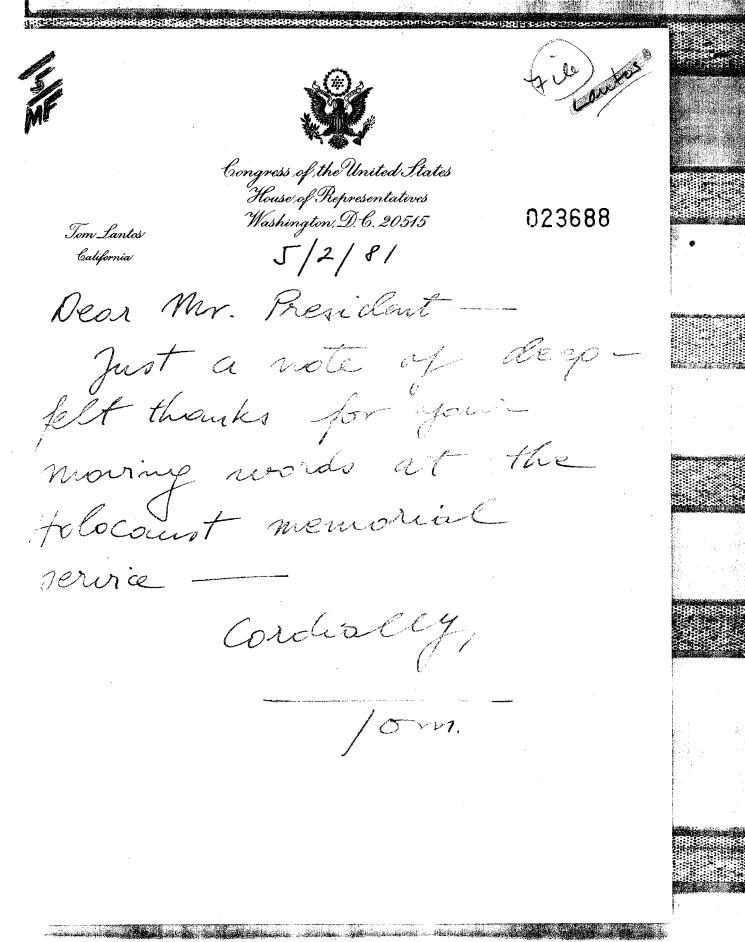
FROM:

NANCY J. RISQUE

SUBJECT: CONGRESSMAN TOM LANTOS (D-CALIF.)

Eric Schnapper, Tom's administrative assistant, called to "counsel" us on the Warren Richardson issue. He says that in 3 or 4 days Lantos will send a letter to the President enclosing some "front page stuff" that should make it totally inadvisable to proceed with the nomination. He hinted that the letter and materials would go to the press also.

He called because he heard that a decision to go or not to go would be made by Friday.



WASHINGTON

June 3, 1981

FOR:

EDWIN MEESE

JAMES A. BAKER

FROM:

MAX L. FRIEDERSDORF

SUBJECT:

REQUEST FOR ADMINISTRATION SUPPORT OF H. J. RES. 220

THAT WOULD GRANT HONORARY CITIZENSHIP TO RAOUL

WALLENBERG, A SWEDISH DIPLOMAT

Congressman Tom Lantos, a freshman Democrat from California, requested, as early as last February, Administration support for his resolution that would grant honorary citizenship to Raoul Wallenberg, a Swedish diplomat long suspected to be a Soviet prisoner, who saved the lives of thousands of Jews in Hungary prior to the defeat of Hitler's army. The congressman is one of those whose life Wallenberg saved. The resolution would also request the President to pursue, with the Russians, Wallenberg's whereabouts and secure his freedom if alive. A copy of the resolution in draft form is attached.

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On June 4, two House Foreign Affairs subcommittees, Europe and the Middle East and Human Rights, are holding a joint hearing on H. J. Res. 220. Congresswoman Fenwick (R-NJ), Congressman Jack Kemp, Lantos and Lantos' wife (as chairwoman of the Save Raul Wallenberg Committee), Senator Pell, and Wallenberg's sister, Mrs. Nina Lagergren, the wife of the Chief Justice of the World Court in the Hague, are all testifying for the resolution. Secretary Haig and/or another State official were invited to testify and declined. State told Lantos they would expedite a position letter to him instead. State is prepared to send a letter stating Administration support pending clearance from the White House.

KEN-FY1?

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 8, 1981

Dear Congressman Latta:

I received today your request for an audiotaped message from the President to be played on July 4, 1981, on WBNO in Bryan, Ohio.

I wanted you to know that I am submitting this request to the appointments and scheduling office on the recommendation of the Communications Office for approval. As soon as a decision has been made, I will be in contact with you.

Sincerely,

Jann Mahan

Media Coordinator

Congressman Delbert L. Latta 2309 Rayburn HOB Washington, D.C. 20515

# Congress of the United States

House of Representatives . Mashington, D.C. 20515

June 4, 1981

Mrs. Jan Mahan Office of Communications The White House Room 164, OEB Washington, D.C.20500

Dear Mrs. Mahan:

Pursuant to the telephone conversation with a member of my staff I am requesting a 3 to 5 minute radio tape for station WBNO in Bryan, Ohio.

President Reagan did a tape for them last year and they would be most appreciative for one this year to be played several times on July 4, 1981. The theme this year is AMERICA, LET FREEDOM RING (what most represents why America is free, or why freedom is great -- mainly a fourth of July theme).

They use reel to reel tape and of course would take any time length but would prefer 3 to 5 minutes. I will also be doing a tape for them.

I would appreciate a timely reply to my request.

Sincerely,

DELBERT L. LATTA

Representative to Congress

DLL:jms



### Eric Schnapper Administrative Assistant,

Congressman Tom Lantos California

1123 Longworth Building Washington, D.C.,20515 (202) 225-3531

TOM LANTOS CALIFORNIA

WASHINGTON OFFICE. 1123 LONGWORTH BUILDING WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515 (202) 225-3531

CALIFORNIA OFFICES 520 EL CAMINO REAL SUITE 800 SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402 (415) 342-0300

CITY HALL 90TH AND SULLIVAN AVENUE DALY CITY, CALIFORNIA 94015 (415) 992-4500, Ext. 235



# Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, **B.C.** 20515

FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

BURCOMMITTEE ON EUROPE AND THE MIDDLE EAST

BUBCOMMITTEE ON ASIAN AND PACIFIC AFFAIRS

GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS COMMITTEE

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY. AND NATURAL RESDURCES SUBCOMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES AND TRANSPORTATION

> SELECT COMMITTEE ON AGING

SUBCOMMITTEE ON RETIREMENT INCOME

AND EMPLOYMENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND CONSUMER INTERESTS

Llew Fele : 11

CIECULA16

June 15, 1981

Honorable John Lehman Secretary of the Navy The Pentagon Washington, D.C. 20301

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Last month Congress authorized the necessary \$326 million for the reactivation and modernization of the battleship New Jersey. Among the alternatives available to the Navy, objective criteria clearly indicate that this work be done by private contractors in the San Francisco Bay Area.

Both the necessary facilities and sufficient skilled manpower exist in the Bay Area to begin this work at once and to complete Three dry docks, each capable of berthing the New Jersey, are available for the entire period involved. Ample machine shops and other physical facilities are located at several shipyards, and other contractors in the area are capable of handling the design and installation of complex electronic and weapons The ship's crew could be housed at the Hunters Point All of the needed work could be completed without displacing Shipyard. scheduled military or civilian ship repair or construction. Of an experienced shipyard workforce of over 9,000, of whom as many as 2500 were employed in the industry as recently as last fall, only 600 are now at work on an average day. Thus, sufficient manpower is clearly available. Provisioning of the New Jersey would be facilitated by the proximity of the Naval Supply Center at Oakland.

The past failure of the Navy to utilize to a substantial degree the civilian facilities and manpower in the Bay Area poses a serious longterm problem for our national security. In the absence of sufficient military projects to sustain them, both shipyards and related firms are closing down, and skilled workers are leaving the industry for other careers. At the present rate of decline, the needed resources soon will not exist in Northern California if a national emergency required a sudden increase in ship construction, repair, or reactivation. The overconcentration of activities at other yards threatens to delay needed work if additional projects, such as the New Jersey, are sent there.

Honorable John Lehman Page 2 June 15, 1981

Several major experienced Bay Area firms have indicated to the Navy a serious desire to participate in the reactivation and modernization of the New Jersey. We urge that their proposals be given full consideration, and that they be afforded an opportunity to offer more detailed proposals in light of the specifications which the Navy is now developing.

Cordially,

Ion Lantos

Tom Lantos

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(that I. Malon.

Don Edwards

fet stark

forald Vollun

- Coelho

John Bout

Je gir

Mune) Abrile

#### TOM LANTOS CALIFORNIA

WARHINGTON OFFICE. 1123 LONGWORTH BUILDING WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515 (202) 225-3531

CALIFORNIA OFFICES: 520 EL CAMINO REAL SUITE 800 SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402 (415) 342-0300

CITY HALL 90TH AND SULLIVAN AVENUE DALY CITY, CALIFORNIA 94015 (415) 992-4500, EXT. 235



### Congress of the United States House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

SUBCOMMITTEE ON EUROPE AND THE MIDDLE EAST

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ASIAN AND PACIFIC AFFAIRS

**GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS** 

COMMITTEE

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND NATURAL RESOURCES

SUBCOMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES AND TRANSPORTATION

SELECT COMMITTEE ON AGING

SUBCOMMITTEE ON RETIREMENT INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT

SUBCOMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND CONSUMER INTERESTS

June 23, 1981

Mr. Kenneth Duberstein Deputy Assistant to the President for Legislative Affairs The White House Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. Duberstein:

One of my constituents, Norma Richeter, has contacted me regarding the upcoming 80th birthday of her father, Mr. Carl H. Kothe. He would appreciate very much receiving a card from President Reagan. His birthday is July 20, 1981 and his address is 1059 S. Country Club Blvd., Stockton, California 95204.

Thank you for your kind attention to this request.

Sincerely,

Tom Lantos

Member of Congress

TL/bs

Sent 7/20/8/

July 16, 1981

FOR:

MAX L. FRIEDERSDORF

THRU:

KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN Jerl

FROM:

NANCY J. RISQUE Must

FYI -

Congressman Tom Bantos called this afternoon to convey his support for Governor Jerry Brown's request that the state of California be declared a disaster area because of Mediterranean fruit fly infestation.

addendeurWe have a joint letter,
lead by lantos, requesting
Ted assistance. NE

August 5, 1981

FOR:

Richard Williamson

Assistant to the President for Intergovernmental Affairs

FROM:

John H. Dressendorfer / John

Special Assistant for Legislative Affairs

SUBJECT:

Request from the City Council of the City of Pacifica,

California

The Office of Congressman Tom Lantos (D-California) contacted our office and requested that we accept the attached material from one of their constituents, Ginny Silva Jaquith, a councilwoman from Pacifica, California.

The attached material is self-explanatory. We are forwarding this material to you for your consideration and appropriate action. For additional information, please contact:

Ms. Ginny Silva Jaquith
Mayor Pro-Tem
City Hall
170 Santa Maria Avenue
Pacifica, California 94044

Telephone: 415/877-8600 or 415/355-5167

Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

Attachments

WASHINGTON

August 6, 1981



On Monday, August 3, I was contacted by your office and asked if I would accept from Ms. Ginny Silva Jaquith, a councilwoman from the City of Pacifica, a resolution inviting the President to attend the City's Silver Jubilee Celebration.

This is to inform you that I have accepted the resolution from Ms. Jaquith, and have forwarded the material to the appropriate office here at the White House for their consideration and appropriate action.

If we can be of assistance in the future, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

Barbara Wood Staff Assistant

Office of Legislative Affairs

ballood

The Honorable Tom Lantos House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515





#### September 4, 1981

Dear Mr. Lantos:

This is to thank you for your August 10 letter regarding H.R. 4398, the Anti-Crime Anti-Drug Act of 1981, which you introduced in the House.

The Administration shares your concern over the problems of crime and illegal drugs, and appreciates your interest in bringing this bill to our attention. Please know that I have shared your correspondence with the appropriate staff members so that they may have the benefit of your comments.

Again, thank you for the interest which prompted you to write.

With cordial regard, I am

Sincerely,

Max L. Friedersdorf Assistant to the President

The Honorable Tom Lantos House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

cc w/cy of inc: Dr. Carlton Turner - for approp. action MLF:cmp:kir:emb-7a



Congress of the United States House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

Tem Lantes California

August 10, 1981

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President Ronald W. Reagan The White House

Dear Mr. President:

The flood of illegal drugs from abroad and the resultant wave of violent crime sweeping our beloved country are destroying the fabric of American life.

I respectfully urge you to put the fight against the flood of illegal drugs from abroad at the top of our national agenda. If cooperatively we succeed in this effort, we shall have reduced violent crime dramatically in our communities. Your support of my Anti-Crime Anti-Drug Act of 1981, H.R. 4398, is earnestly requested.

Most cordially,

Tom

So Whot's new?

### Congress of the United States

### House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

September 15, 1981

Ronald Reagan The President The White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

We respectfully inform you that the twenty-two member California Democratic delegation -- the largest in the Congress--is unanimously opposed to the sale of AWACS and the F-15 enhancement package to Saudi Arabia. overriding consideration on which our opposition is based is our considered judgment that this sale would be profoundly contrary to the interests of the United States.

We fully share your stated desire to further advance the Camp David process and to strengthen relations both with Israel and with friendly Arab nations, but we believe that the proposed Saudi arms package would increase tensions and instability in the Middle East and would threaten the integrity of some of our most sophisticated weapons systems.

Sincerely,

Denn M. Anderson	Augustus F. Hawkins
Anthony C. Beilenson	Robert T. Matsui
George E. Brown, Jr.	George Miller
John Burton	Norman Y. Mineta
Phillip Runton Phillip furton	Loon E. Vanetta
Tohy Coelho	Jeny M Salleur erri M. Patterson
George E. Davielson	Edward R. Roybal
Ronald V. Dellums	Pete Stark
ulian Dixon	Henry A. Waxman
VW TYV	

WASHINGTON

October 29, 1981

TO: NANCY KENNEDY

FROM: DAVID WRIGHT

SUBJECT: Request of Representatives Bob Dornan (R-California)

and Tom Lantos (D-California) for a Presidential

meeting with a group of veterans

Bob Dornan gave me the attached copy of the request which was sent to Greg Newell on October 23rd. You should be aware that Menlo Park (where the veterans are being treated) is in Pete McCloskey's District; yet Pete is not a co-signer of the letter.

I have alerted Mike Castine to the potential sensitivities involved and have asked that you be consulted before a decision is made.

cc: Kenneth M. Duberstein

### Congress of the United States

### House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

October 23, 1981

Mr. Gregory Newell
Director of Presidential Appointments
and Scheduling
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Newell:

On Veterans Day, November 11, 1981, a remarkable chorus of Vietnam Veterans, the Young Vets, will visit Washington under the auspices of the Veterans Administration. They will perform at the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Exhibit at the Octagon Museum, which President Reagan will open the night before, at the Capitol, and at other locations through the day. The group is composed of Vietnam veterans, including one former POW, who are being treated for service-related injuries at the Veterans Administration Medical Facility in Menlo Park, California. The Young Vets have in the past given widely acclaimed concerts throughout California.

We respectfully request that President Reagan meet briefly with the Young Vets on November 11. We believe that this meeting would demonstrate in a uniquely effective manner the Administration's gratitude to those who served in our armed forces, and to the veterans who bear the scars of their sacrifices for our country. The President has spoken eloquently of our national debt to men and women such as these, and of the particular importance of remembering those who served in Vietnam. A meeting with the Young Vets would dramatize his deep personal concern, and his special appreciation of those who have worked so hard to overcome the wounds of war and rebuild their shattered lives.

We would be most grateful if such a meeting could be arranged, and for any other action the White House could take to show these young men that their patriotism and courage have not been forgotten. When a determination on the availability of President Reagan is made, please contact Mr. Denis Tomsco at 225-6451.

Sincerely,

Tom Lantos Member of Congress Robert K. Dornan Member of Congress

RKD:dts Enclosures

WASHINGTON

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

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the Manner albert Gore's - Colberwin to perfectly resecution of the Her (president appears to be very moved by the I believe he could support it will Her ky rome the level of conscioures about the issue and support it wigovously without making much ado allow Lantos.

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Forcing afters - Mazzolli - Miller is Mazzallis Staff grug STATE -> report -> -> Schappen des -Dup in the bowle" aux Bureau-( Dim Dowel > - Nallenberg = 60 minutes - Lange Street - & LATimes - Fover of water berg: w favor of legislation forme neutring hour brief with - Heuse Frank relation

To Ken Duberstein

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BC-POLAND-CONGRESSMEN 3 BRUSSELS

"'SomeBody had to take the Lead; " Mr Lantos Said; Adding that he would like further heasures to be taken in coordination with Mestern Europe. "I don't think he should be selective about measures. We should use the full spectrum of measures available to us."

Among other possibilities. Mr Lantos Referred to a possible embargo on grain sales to the Soviet Union, which he claimed could easily be organized with the co-operation of Hestern Europe: Canada: Australia and Argentina.

HOWEVERS HE ADMITTED THAT THERE HERE DIFFERING VIEWS ON THE EFFICACY OF SUCH A HOVE MITHIN HIS OWN DELEGATION.

MR LANTOS EXPRESSED THE OPINION THAT THE WESTERN ALLIANCE HOULD ENERGE STRONGER RATHER THAN HERKER OUT OF THE PRESENT DISCUSSION CONCERNING THE POLISH CRISIS.

But the United States Hould have to take a firm lead in this area; he added. The United States is not about to give Mr Papandreou (Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou) a veto over its foreign policy; and I think that is a very important lesson of the past 48 hours.

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BC-Poland-Congressmen 2 Brussels

(OUT OF SEQUENCE)

But the EEC states did not follow the United States in any inhediate action against the Soviet Union: stating simply that they would not be anything to underwine U.S. moves such as a ban on high technology sales.

. MR LANTOS ADMITTED THAT TRADE SANCTIONS AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION COULD HURT WEST EUROPEAN ECONOMIES MORE THAN THE UNITED STATES.

But HE STRESSED THAT AMERICA HAS PAYING A HIGH PRICE FOR ITS CONTRIBUTION TO WESTERN DEFENSE CAPABILITIES.

THERE ARE NO CHEAP SOLUTIONS. IF ANYONE HAS ILLUSIONS THAT DEALING WITH THE SOVIET UNION CAN BE DONE ON THE CHEAP! THOSE ILLUSIONS NEED TO BE DISSIPATED! THE CONGRESSMAN SAID.

HR LANTOS ALSO COMMENTED CRITICALLY ON GREECE'S DECISION TO MITHDRAW ITS SUPPORT OF THE EEC DECLARATION ON POLAND; A HOVE WHICH BELGIAN DIPLOMATS SAY COULD RAISE SERIOUS PROBLEMS FOR NEXT WEEK'S NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO) MEETING OF FOREIGN MINISTERS ON POLAND.

JUSTIFYING PRESIDENT REAGAN'S DECISION LAST WEEK TO IMPOSE SANCTIONS AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION: Mr Lantos said these had symbolic value even if they were of limited economic impact. MORE 1008 SS

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# OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS

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Who have the File: LANTOS

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# United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

January 5, 1982

Honorable Tom Lantos House of Representatives Washington, D. C. 20515

#### Dear Tom:

The other day you called me expressing your interest in having the National Park Service purchase the Sweeney Ridge properties. At that time, as I expressed to you on the phone, I had not been briefed on the Sweeney Ridge property. After your phone call, I received a phone call from Congressman Pete McCloskey on the same matter and proceeded to check the matter out.

I found that indeed Sweeney Ridge was not the subject of a line item appropriation by the Congress of the United States, but was one of the properties listed in the Legislative Report for which monies were to be appropriated. Roughly 10% of the amount was designated in the Legislative Report for Sweeney Ridge. I also found a letter dated December 7, 1981, adressed to the Chairman of our Appropriations Committee, Sid Yates, and signed by the director of the National Park Service, which explained that the National Park Service intended not to exercise its option to acquire Sweeney Ridge because of the need to satisfy deficiencies in condemnation proceedings. The letter stated the following:

"This will respond to a telephone request from Fred Mohrman for the National Park Service's priority concern for the acquisition of Sweeney Ridge at Golden Gate National Recreation Area.

The Sweeney Ridge addition to Golden Gate National Recreation Area has important open space values. In addition, the social value to the immediate communities of Pacifica and environs are recognized. Further, the historic Portola Discovery site has been identified and set aside as a small country park. However, as a disjointed tract in relation to the national recreation area it is not critical to its resource protection. Therefore, the National Park Service in a period of economic readjustment would not place this acquisition high where there are critical resource protection considerations, hardship circumstances affecting property owners inside authorized areas, or areas where there are intensive recreation use opportunities. Such areas would be Mineral King in Sequoia

National Park (resource protection), War in the Pacific National Historical Park (hardship), and priority projects in Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area (recreation opportunities).

Overriding those priorities, however, is a more urgent need to pay off pending and anticipated court awards at other units of the National Park System such as Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore, Cape Cod National Seashore, and Big Cypress and Big Thicket National Preserves."

During the last two weeks of December, I received many phone calls. The issue became clear to me: Would I, as Secretary of the Interior, allow the management of the National Park Service to be subject to political pressures, or would I allow professional park managers to make decisions with regard to the allocation of resources?

To date, I have not overruled one of our professional park or resource managers. Certainly, that is a prerogative that a Presidential Appointee has and I may want to exercise in the future. However, to date, I have not done it. I did not feel that the purchase of Sweeney Ridge was an issue that should cause me to override the recommendation of the National Park Service professionals. If Congress wants to give specific direction contrary to that which is recommended by the professional park managers, Congress is free to do so, and we of course will honor that direction.

Traditionally, the Congress of the United States has not done that, but rather has listed as they did in the 1982 Legislative Report, properties that they thought desirable. As in the past, the dollar value of the properties listed for acquisitions and the requirements for satisfying deficiencies is greater than the money actually appropriated. Therefore, reprogramming will be required in 1982 as it has been in many other similar situations.

It is likely that some members of Congress will want to hold hearings on the way we conducted ourselves with regard to the Sweeney Ridge matter. We would look forward to such hearings. The issue would be very clear: Will the Secretary of the Interior follow the advice and recommendations of the professional park managers, or will he yield to political pressures?

We are willing to stand on our record and are confident that you will understand the position we have taken.

Sincerely,

James G. Watt Secretary

# January 6, 1982

Honorable Phillip Burton House of Representatives Washington, D. C. 20515

## Dear Phil:

Attached you will find a two-page letter which I am mailing to Congressman Lantos, summarizing the Sweeney Ridge matter.

I thought that it would be of interest to you.

Sincerely,

/s/ Jim

James G. Watt Secretary

### Enclosure

Identical letters to: Hon. Paul N. McCloskey, Jr. Hon. S. I. Hayakawa Hon. Alan Cranston

JGW:jce

Russ Dickenson - NPS
Stan Hulett - CL
Ex Secy

Copies of the attached to the following:

Morris K. Udall John F. Seiberling

All Republicans on the House Interior Committee

All Republicans on the Appropriations Committee

James A. McClure

Ted Stevens

Malcolm Wallop

Mark O. Hatfield

Steven D. Symms