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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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Withdrawer

JET 4/28/2005

File Folder DISSIDENTS (13/23)

FOIA

F06-114/6

Box Number 23

YARHI-MILO

2313

ID	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
9440	MEMO	HILL TO WILLIAM CLARK RE PRESIDENTIAL SIGNING CEREMONY FOR SAKHAROV RESOLUTION [20 - 20] R 12/13/2007 F06-114/6	1	4/2/1983	B1
9441	CABLE	290955Z APR 83 [22 - 23] R 12/13/2007 F06-114/6	2	4/29/1983	B1
9439	MEMO	TASS STATEMENT PRESAGES ACTION AGAINST SAKHAROV [33 - 33]	1	5/5/1984	B1

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

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1
2061/27001
Disidents

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

April 22, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR CHARLES HILL
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: H.R. 67 re Anatoly Shcharansky

On behalf of the President, and as stated in Section 2 of House Resolution 67, regarding Anatoly Shcharansky (his imprisonment and denial of permission to emigrate from the USSR), please transmit copies of this Resolution to the Ambassador of the Soviet Union to the United States and to the Ambassadors of the other 33 nations which are signatories to the Helsinki Final Act.

Copies of H.R. 67 are attached for your use.

Michael O. Wheeler
Michael O. Wheeler
Staff Secretary

Attachments

cc: Richard G. Darman
Assistant to the President

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: April 20 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: _____

SUBJECT: H. Res. 67 - Re Anatoly Shcharansky

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	GERGEN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
MEESE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	HARPER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BAKER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	JENKINS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DEAVER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	MURPHY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
STOCKMAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ROLLINS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
CLARK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	WHITTLESEY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN	<input type="checkbox"/> P	<input type="checkbox"/> SS	WILLIAMSON	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DUBERSTEIN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	VON DAMM	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
FELDSTEIN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	BRADY/SPEAKES	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
FIELDING	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ROGERS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
FULLER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Remarks:

For appropriate action.

Richard G. Darman
Assistant to the President
(x2702)

Response:

2

Please return original to the Office
of the Executive Clerk.

H. Res. 67

In the House of Representatives, U. S.,

April 12, 1983.

Whereas Anatoly Shcharansky, an eminent Soviet computer scientist, has been a leader of the Moscow Jewish community since 1973 when he first applied for and was denied permission to emigrate to Israel and is a founding member of the Moscow Helsinki Monitoring Group; and

Whereas the Government of the Soviet Union has engaged in a systematic campaign of harassment and intimidation against Anatoly Shcharansky, culminating in his arrest in March 1977 on trumped-up charges of treason; and

Whereas in July 1978, after sixteen months of being detained incommunicado, Anatoly Shcharansky was tried and sentenced to thirteen years of imprisonment; and

Whereas since his conviction Anatoly Shcharansky has been subject to extremely harsh prison treatment, including isolation, severe cold, and inadequate food, sleep, and health care, resulting in a deterioration of his health; and

Whereas on September 26, 1982, Anatoly Shcharansky began a hunger strike to protest the severe prison conditions which have further harmed his health; and

Whereas Anatoly Shcharansky symbolizes the plight of many other Soviet Jews whose level of emigration is at its lowest

point in a decade and who are increasingly harassed by Soviet authorities; and

Whereas by its treatment of Anatoly Shcharansky and others, the Soviet Union is violating its international obligations, including its obligations under the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, and the Helsinki Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe; and

Whereas fifty other members of the Helsinki Monitoring Groups in Moscow, the Ukraine, Lithuania, Georgia, and Armenia are currently imprisoned or in internal exile and, since the beginning of the Madrid Meeting of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe which reviews compliance with the Helsinki Final Act, at least five hundred human rights activists have been arrested in the Soviet Union; and

Whereas the Madrid Meeting resumes its deliberations on April 19, 1983: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the House of Representatives that—

(1) the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics should immediately release Anatoly Shcharansky from prison and allow him to emigrate;

(2) the President and the Secretary of State should, at every suitable opportunity and in the strongest terms, express to the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics the opposition of the United States to the imprisonment of Anatoly Shcharansky and other Helsinki Monitors;

(3) all countries which are signatories to the Helsinki Final Act, including the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, should abide by their international commitments in the field of human rights, including complying fully with all provisions of the Helsinki Final Act; and

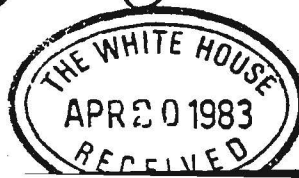
(4) the United States delegation to the Madrid Meeting of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe should seek a balanced and substantive result from the Madrid Meeting which should include indications of improved implementation of the Helsinki Final Act's provisions, such as the release of Anatoly Shcharansky and other imprisoned Helsinki Monitors, as well as other steps toward compliance with obligations under the Final Act.

SEC. 2. The Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit a copy of this resolution to the President with the request that the President transmit copies of this resolution to the Ambassador of the Soviet Union to the United States and to the Ambassadors of the other thirty-three nations which are signatories to the Helsinki Final Act.

Attest:



Benjamin A. Guthrie
Clerk.



Office of the Clerk
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

April 20, 1983

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

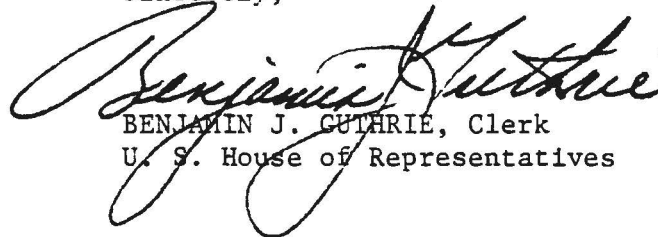
Dear Mr. President:

Pursuant to the direction of the U. S. House of Representatives, I am enclosing an engrossed and attested copy of House Resolution 67, as passed by the U. S. House of Representatives on April 12, 1983, resolving that the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics should immediately release Anatoly Shcharansky from prison and allow him to emigrate, and for other purposes.

Also enclosed are sufficient copies of this resolution for your transmittal to the Ambassador of the Soviet Union to the United States and to the Ambassadors of the other thirty-three nations which are signatories to the Helsinki Final Act, in accordance with this resolution.

With kind regards, I am

Sincerely,



BENJAMIN J. GUTHRIE, Clerk
U. S. House of Representatives

Enclosures (35)

Ninety-eighth Congress
in the
U.S. House of Representatives

April 12, 1983.

Whereas Anatoly Shcharansky, an eminent Soviet computer scientist, has been a leader of the Moscow Jewish community since 1973 when he first applied for and was denied permission to emigrate to Israel and is a founding member of the Moscow Helsinki Monitoring Group; and

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Whereas by its treatment of Anatoly Shcharansky and others, the Soviet Union is violating its international obligations, including its obligations under the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, and the Helsinki Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe; and

Whereas fifty other members of the Helsinki Monitoring Groups in Moscow, the Ukraine, Lithuania, Georgia, and Armenia are currently imprisoned or in internal exile and, since the beginning of the Madrid Meeting of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe which reviews compliance with the Helsinki Final Act, at least five hundred human rights activists have been arrested in the Soviet Union; and

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(3) all countries which are signatories to the Helsinki Final Act, including the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, should abide by their international commitments in the field of human rights, including complying fully with all provisions of the Helsinki Final Act; and

(4) the United States delegation to the Madrid Meeting of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe should seek a balanced and substantive result from the Madrid Meeting which should include indications of improved implementation of the Helsinki Final Act's provisions, such as the release of Anatoly Shcharansky and other imprisoned Helsinki Monitors, as well as other steps toward compliance with obligations under the Final Act.

SEC. 2. The Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit a copy of this resolution to the President with the request that the President transmit copies of this resolution to the Ambassador of the Soviet Union to the United States and to the Ambassadors of the other thirty-three nations which are signatories to the Helsinki Final Act.

Attest:




Clerk.

Disidents

2784

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

April 26, 1983

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM P. CLARK

FROM: PAULA DOBRIANSKY *PD*

SUBJECT: Letter from Avital Shcharansky

Mrs. Shcharansky sent a reply to the President's letter of February 16 (Tab III). At Tab I, State forwarded a memorandum which asserts that another Presidential response is not necessary and recommends that Mark Palmer, the EUR Deputy Assistant Secretary (who has been Mrs. Shcharansky's principal contact at State), send the proposed reply at Tab II.

A memorandum from Mike Wheeler to Charles Hill, concurring with State's recommendation is attached at Tab IV.

John Lenczowski concurs.

RECOMMENDATION

That you authorize Michael Wheeler to forward the memorandum at Tab IV to the Department of State.

Approve _____ Disapprove _____

Attachments:

Tab I	State's memorandum, April 23, 1983, with proposed draft for the President
Tab II	Proposed reply to be signed by Mark Palmer
Tab III	Mrs. Shcharansky's letter of April 11
Tab IV	Proposed Wheeler to Hill memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Declassify on: OADR

CAS

7/12/02



S/S 8311734
United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

April 23, 1983

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. WILLIAM P. CLARK
THE WHITE HOUSE

SUBJECT: Letter from Avital Shcharansky

Mrs. Shcharansky has written the President (Tab 1) to express her appreciation for his February 16 letter (Tab 2) confirming his commitment to aiding her husband Anatoly. The Department of State does not believe that another Presidential response is necessary. We recommend that EUR Deputy Assistant Secretary Mark Palmer, who has been Mrs. Shcharansky's principal contact at the Department, reply to her, using the suggested response at Tab 3.

Steven J.
Charles Hill
Executive Secretary

Attachments:
As stated.

CVs
July 21, 1997
7/21/97

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECL: OADR

Dear Mrs. Shcharansky:

I am writing to you to reaffirm my continuing concern and support for your husband Anatoly. Your recent message, and numerous reports emanating from the Soviet Union, have indicated that his situation remains grave. We are worried about his health and the conditions of his confinement.

We have been closely following recent events concerning Anatoly. As you know, some recent reports have suggested that there have been changes in his situation. I would like to hope this means that favorable developments are underway. If so, they can only be welcome.

A few days ago I again reiterated my deep admiration for your husband. I want to assure you that my commitment to Anatoly's cause is unwavering, and that I remain willing to pursue every possible avenue to improve his situation and secure his freedom.

Sincerely,

Ronald Reagan

Mrs. Avital Shcharansky
Sderot Herzl 34,
Kiryat Moshe,
Jerusalem, Israel.

SUGGESTED RESPONSE

Dear Avital:

I have been asked to respond to your letter of April 11 to the President, concerning U.S. efforts on behalf of Anatoly.

As President Reagan stated in his letter to you, he is firmly committed to Anatoly's cause. You are right in pointing out that Anatoly has struggled for the same high ideals and values as those upon which the United States was founded. This fact only enhances our admiration for him and our resolve to help him. All of us are determined to do everything possible to win Anatoly's release and reunion with you.

We must continue our nearly weekly meetings and phone calls. We also will remain in closest touch with Anatoly's family in Moscow. As you know, there are some more hopeful signs, and we are pursuing the Soviet authorities with vigor and determination. Let me assure you once again that the President's personal commitment and the efforts of the United States Government to free Anatoly will not cease until that goal is accomplished.

Sincerely,

Mark Palmer

Mrs. Avital Shcharansky
Sderot Herzl 34,
Kiryat Moshe,
Jerusalem, Israel.

34 Sderot Herzl,

JERUSALEM.

11th April, 1983.

The President,
White House,
WASHINGTON D.C.
U.S.A.

Dear Mr. President,

I thank you for your letter of encouragement and the assurance that your commitment to secure my husband's freedom remains unwaivering and determined. The efforts of the free world on Anatoly's behalf are the fulfillment of a moral obligation to a fighter who has dedicated his life to the ideals of freedom and human dignity embodied in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States, ideals which are at the salvation of all democracy. United States now and in the past has made the fight in defence of these principles which are the truest expression of the American spirit.

Your helping hand, Mr. President, is the hand of friendship and support proffered by one freedom fighter to another no less valiant, who has been captured in the common struggle.

Mr. Mark Palmer of the State Department has confirmed that concrete efforts are being made to effect Anatoly's release in accordance with those steps you and Mr. Schultz indicated would be taken in this direction. I am certain, Mr. President, that your personal involvement in these efforts would assure their success and would enable me to be reunited with my husband after these years of painful separation and anxiety. Your actions on Anatoly's behalf have written a chapter of honour in the history of the United States and are a testimony to your personal sense of justice and human values.

Sincerely yours,

Avital Scharansky
Avital Scharansky.

2784
(S/S 8311734)

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM FOR CHARLES HILL
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Letter from Mrs. Avital Shcharansky

We have reviewed and concur with the Department of State recommendation that EUR Deputy Assistant Secretary Mark Palmer sign the suggested response to Mrs. Shcharansky's letter of April 11.

Michael O. Wheeler
Staff Secretary

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Declassify on: OADR

CWJ

7/12/02

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Dobriansky
Residents

4/29/83

62
OK

MEMORANDUM

TO: WILLIAM CLARK/KENNETH DUBERSTEIN
FROM: FREDERICK J. RYAN, JR. *FJR*
SUBJ: APPROVED PRESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY

MEETING: Signing Ceremony for H. R. 178 honoring Dr.
Andrei Sakharov

DATE: May 18, 1983

TIME: 10:45 am

DURATION: 10 minutes

LOCATION: Roosevelt Room

REMARKS REQUIRED: Brief remarks

MEDIA COVERAGE: Coordinate with Press Office

FIRST LADY
PARTICIPATION: No

NOTE: PROJECT OFFICER, SEE ATTACHED CHECKLIST

cc:	A. Bakshian	M. McManus	C. Tyson
	R. Darman	J. Rosebush	
	R. DeProspero	B. Shaddix	
	K. Duberstein	W. Sittmann	
	D. Fischer	L. Speakes	
	C. Fuller	WHCA Audio/Visual	
	W. Henkel	WHCA Operations	
	E. Hickey	A. Wrobleski	
	G. Hodges	Nell Yates	

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

CONFIDENTIAL

April 28, 1983

TO: CHARLES P. TYSON

RE: Sakharov Signing Ceremony

With regard to our schedule request for a signing ceremony to honor Andrei Sakharov, the sponsors have asked that the dates on the Schedule Proposal be changed to show only May 18 or 19 and not May 10, 11, 12.

You may need to raise this at your regular scheduling meetings.


Paula Dobriansky

ad

7/2/02

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FILE
Dobriansky
Dissidents

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 25, 1983

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

TO: FREDERICK J. RYAN, JR., DIRECTOR
PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS AND SCHEDULING

FROM: JOHN M. POINDEXTER

REQUEST: Signing ceremony.

PURPOSE: To honor Dr. Andrei Sakharov, the leading Soviet human rights activist, renowned scientist and Nobel Prize Laureate.

BACKGROUND: In January 1980, Andrei Sakharov was exiled by Soviet authorities to Gorky, where he has been subjected for two years to villainous harassment, punishment, loss of his livelihood and acts of physical violence, in retaliation for his outspoken advocacy of human rights.

It is expected that in April the joint House-Senate resolution honoring Dr. Sakharov (H.R. 178) will be passed. A signing ceremony would manifest the President's continuing concern for Dr. Sakharov, an internationally renowned human rights activist.

PREVIOUS PARTICIPATION: None.

DATE AND TIME: May 10, 11, 12, 18 or 19, 1983
Time: open DURATION: 10-15 minutes

LOCATION: Roosevelt Room

PARTICIPANTS: List to be provided.

OUTLINE OF EVENT: 1. Brief remarks; 2. Signing document.

REMARKS REQUIRED: Brief remarks to be provided.

MEDIA COVERAGE: Photo opportunity.

RECOMMENDED BY: Department of State

OPPOSED BY: None

PROJECT OFFICER: Charles P. Tyson

CJS

7/12/02

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Declassify on: OADR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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Dobriansky
Dissidents 12

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 25, 1983

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

TO: FREDERICK J. RYAN, JR., DIRECTOR
PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS AND SCHEDULING

FROM: JOHN M. POINDEXTER

REQUEST: Signing ceremony.

PURPOSE: To honor Dr. Andrei Sakharov, the leading Soviet human rights activist, renowned scientist and Nobel Prize Laureate.

BACKGROUND: In January 1980, Andrei Sakharov was exiled by Soviet authorities to Gorky, where he has been subjected for two years to villainous harassment, punishment, loss of his livelihood and acts of physical violence, in retaliation for his outspoken advocacy of human rights.

It is expected that in April the joint House-Senate resolution honoring Dr. Sakharov (H.R. 178) will be passed. A signing ceremony would manifest the President's continuing concern for Dr. Sakharov, an internationally renowned human rights activist.

PREVIOUS PARTICIPATION: None.

DATE AND TIME: May 10, 11, 12, 18 or 19, 1983
Time: open DURATION: 10-15 minutes

LOCATION: Roosevelt Room

PARTICIPANTS: List to be provided.

OUTLINE OF EVENT: 1. Brief remarks; 2. Signing document.

REMARKS REQUIRED: Brief remarks to be provided.

MEDIA COVERAGE: Photo opportunity.

RECOMMENDED BY: Department of State

OPPOSED BY: None

PROJECT OFFICER: Charles P. Tyson

White House GI

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Declassify on: OADR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

April 22, 1983

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM P. CLARK

THROUGH: CHARLES P. TYSON *CT*FROM: PAULA DOBRIANSKY *PD*SUBJECT: Presidential Signing Ceremony for Sakharov
Resolution**SIGNED**

I was informed by Charles Tyson that the first Schedule Proposal for a Presidential Signing Ceremony of the joint House-Senate Resolution (H.R. 178) honoring Dr. Sakharov on April 27 was disapproved. On that day, the President will be in New York until the late afternoon and has a speaking engagement in the evening.

I am resubmitting this Schedule Proposal as both State, NSC and OSTP perceive this to be a very worthwhile endeavor. Most significantly, it would manifest the President's continuing support for Dr. Sakharov, a renowned Soviet human rights activist and Nobel Prize Laureate. A proposed Schedule Proposal is provided at Tab I.

JL *U* *(not available until Mon.)*
Lenczowski, Lord, Sommer, and OSTP concur.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Schedule Proposal at Tab I be forwarded to Fred Ryan.

Approve *[Signature]*

Disapprove _____

Attachment:

Tab I Schedule Proposal
Tab II State's memorandum, April 2, 1983

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Declassify on: OADR

GJ

APR 28 1983
7/12/02



United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

2224

April 2, 1983

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

83 APR 2 P 3: 02

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. WILLIAM P. CLARK
THE WHITE HOUSE

SITUATION ROOM

SUBJECT: Presidential Signing Ceremony for Sakharov Resolution

We understand that the organizers of Sakharov Day have been in touch with White House Science Adviser Keyworth to request a Presidential signing ceremony for the joint House-Senate resolution honoring Dr. Sakharov (H.J. 178). Congressional staffers we have contacted anticipate that the resolution will probably be passed by mid-April, in time for one of the main events honoring Sakharov, a National Academy of Sciences news conference on April 27 involving several Nobel Prize winners. The Sakharov Day organizers feel that a signing ceremony would give a big boost to their efforts, and increase the amount of attention that would be paid to the Academy's press conference.

We believe that Dr. Sakharov deserves and can use considerable support in his ongoing struggle with the Soviet authorities, and he and his wife Elena Bonner have let us know they would appreciate support on this occasion. At the same time, they would prefer to see private spokesmen take the lead over government figures. This fits well, we believe, with the President's preference for both firm principles and quiet diplomacy on human rights matters. Thus, we think that a Presidential signing ceremony would be appropriate in this case, provided it is conducted in a manner consonant with the Sakharovs' evident preference that government efforts not overshadow private efforts on their behalf.

We would appreciate any early word that may be forthcoming on the President's decision in this matter.

Charles Hill
Executive Secretary~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
DECL: OADR

DECLASSIFIED

NLS FD6-114/6#9440

BY LOT, NARA, DATE 12/13/07

632

National Security Council The White House

Package #

2224

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	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	ACTION
John Poindexter	1	<i>[Signature]</i>	A
Bud McFarlane			
Jacque Hill			
Judge Clark			
John Poindexter			
Staff Secretary	2		D
Sit Room			

I-Information A-Action R-Retain D-Dispatch N-No further Action

DISTRIBUTION

cc: VP Meese Baker Deaver Other _____

COMMENTS

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
MESSAGE CENTER

SAKHAROV
INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 01 OF 02 MOSCOW 5336
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~~C O N F I D E N T I A L~~ MOSCOW 05336

EXDIS
MADRID FOR AMBASSADOR KAMPELMAN
E.O. 12356: DECL: OADR
TAGS: SHUM, PREL, UR, SW
SUBJECT: SOVIETS BACKPEDAL ON SAKHAROV
REFS: (A) MOSCOW 5271, (B) VIENNA 5170 (NOTAL)

1. ~~(C)~~ - ENTIRE TEXT)

2. THE SOVIET MINISTRY OF JUSTICE HAS DENIED THAT MINISTER TEREBILOV SAID IN STOCKHOLM THAT SAKHAROV WOULD "PROBABLY BE PERMITTED TO LEAVE" IF HE APPLIED TO DO SO. IN A STATEMENT TO REUTERS IN MOSCOW, A MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID THAT "SUCH A REQUEST WOULD BE DEALT WITH BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITIES AND HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH THE MINISTRY" WHICH "WOULD MAKE NO ASSESSMENT OF ITS CHANCES OF SUCCESS." COMPETENT AUTHORITY IN SUCH A CASE IS THE MINISTRY OF INTERIOR.

3. ACCORDING TO MEDIA REPORTS, SWEDISH TELEVISION HAS REACTED WITH OUTRAGE TO THIS DENIAL AND IS STICKING BY ITS ORIGINAL REPORT OF TEREBILOV'S REMARKS, WHICH IT HAS RECORDED ON TAPE AND FILM. HOWEVER, THERE APPEARS TO BE A PROBLEM IN TRANSLATION INVOLVED. SWEDISH EMBASSY HERE HAS RECEIVED A FULL SWEDISH-LANGUAGE TEXT OF TEREBILOV'S REMARKS. THE OPERATIVE SENTENCE WAS TRANSLATED BY SWEDISH TELEVISION FROM THE ORIGINAL RUSSIAN TO READ, "I THINK THAT, IF HE ASKED, HE WOULD CERTAINLY BE PERMITTED TO LEAVE." THIS IS AN OVER-INTERPRETATION OF THE RUSSIAN WORD "NAVERNO," WHICH IN THIS CONTEXT WAS MORE LIKELY INTENDED BY TEREBILOV TO MEAN "PROBABLY." NEVERTHELESS, THE MINISTRY DENIAL IS SUCH AS TO COVER EITHER INTERPRETATION. THEREFORE, IF NOTHING ELSE, THIS INCIDENT SHOULD REDUCE THE CREDIBILITY OF OFFICIAL SOVIET DENIALS YET ANOTHER NOTCH IN THE SWEDISH NATIONAL CONSCIOUSNESS.

DECLASSIFIED

NLS F06-114/6 #9444

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BY LOT NARA DATE 12/13/07

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
MESSAGE CENTER

28
INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 02 OF 02 MOSCOW 5336

DTG: 290955Z APR 83 PSN: 002547

EXDIS
EXDIS
EXDIS

4. OTHER INTERESTING WRINKLES APPEAR FROM THE FULL TEXT AVAILABLE TO THE SWEDISH EMBASSY. TEREBILOV IS QUOTED AS REFERRING TO A PHOTOGRAPH OF SAKHAROV HE HAD SEEN IN STOCKHOLM AND REMARKING THAT SAKHAROV LOOKED TO BE IN GOOD HEALTH. THIS IS AN OBVIOUS ATTEMPT TO COUNTER REPORTS IN THE WESTERN MEDIA OF SAKHAROV'S DECLINING CONDITION. THEN, AFTER NOTING THAT HE IS NOT PERSONALLY ACQUAINTED WITH SAKHAROV, TEREBILOV (ACCORDING TO THE SWEDISH TEXT) SAID, "FOR SOME TIME IT WAS INSISTENTLY SUGGESTED TO SAKHAROV THAT HE LEAVE THE SOVIET UNION. HE HAS NOT, ACCORDING TO MY INFORMATION, ASKED FOR PERMISSION TO LEAVE. I THINK THAT, IF HE ASKED, HE WOULD CERTAINLY (PROBABLY) BE PERMITTED TO LEAVE." THIS IS AN EVEN MORE DUPLICITOUS STATEMENT THAN THAT CONCERNING SAKHAROV'S HEALTH, IMPLYING THAT THE IMPEDIMENT TO HIS EMIGRATION HAS BEEN SAKHAROV'S RATHER THAN THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT. BASED ON OUR CONVERSATIONS WITH MRS. BONNER THIS IS CLEARLY UNTRUE, BUT MAY INDICATE SOME KNOWLEDGE BY TEREBILOV OF A CHANGING ATTITUDE WITHIN THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP TOWARD THE DESIRABILITY OF LETTING, OR EVEN ENCOURAGING, SAKHAROV TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY. THE ONLY RELIABLE INDICATION OF THIS WOULD BE WHAT, IF ANYTHING, THE SAKHAROV'S ARE BEING TOLD BY THE AUTHORITIES IN GORKIY, SOMETHING WHICH WE MAY LEARN AT THE TIME OF MRS. BONNER'S NEXT VISIT TO MOSCOW.

EXDIS
EXDIS

5. COMMENT: IT APPEARS THAT TEREBILOV OVERREACHED BOTH HIS OWN AUTHORITY AND SOVIET PUBLIC POSTURE IN HIS COMMENTS IN STOCKHOLM IN MID-APRIL. HOWEVER, THE OFFICIAL DENIAL FROM THE JUSTICE MINISTRY DOES NOT PER SE MEAN THERE IS NO MOVEMENT ON THE SAKHAROV CASE. WE NOTE THAT QUIET INDICATIONS OF SOVIET FLEXIBILITY HAVE APPEARED IN AUSTRIA RECENTLY (REF B). THE COMEDY OF ERRORS OVER TEREBILOV'S REMARKS INDICATES ONLY TWO RATHER OBVIOUS POINTS: ANY DECISION ON THE SAKHAROV CASE WILL COME FROM A MUCH HIGHER LEVEL THAN THE MINISTRY OF JUSTICE AND THE SOVIETS WANT TO CONDUCT THIS MATTER AWAY FROM THE SPOTLIGHT. WE BELIEVE THE MINISTRY "CLARIFICATION" SHOULD BE READ LITERALLY AND NOT AS A DEFINITIVE STATEMENT OF KREMLIN INTENTIONS TOWARD SAKHAROV. END COMMENT.
HARTMAN
BT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

April 26, 1983

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM P. CLARK

FROM: PAULA DOBRIANSKY ⁷⁷
SUBJECT: Letter from Avital Shcharansky

Mrs. Shcharansky sent a reply to the President's letter of February 16 (Tab III). At Tab I, State forwarded a memorandum which asserts that another Presidential response is not necessary and recommends that Mark Palmer, the EUR Deputy Assistant Secretary (who has been Mrs. Shcharansky's principal contact at State), send the proposed reply at Tab II.

A memorandum from Mike Wheeler to Charles Hill, concurring with State's recommendation is attached at Tab IV.

^{SL}
John Lenczowski concurs.

RECOMMENDATION

That you authorize Michael Wheeler to forward the memorandum at Tab IV to the Department of State.

Approve 

Disapprove _____

Attachments:

Tab I	State's memorandum, April 23, 1983, with proposed draft for the President
Tab II	Proposed reply to be signed by Mark Palmer
Tab III	Mrs. Shcharansky's letter of April 11
Tab IV	Proposed Wheeler to Hill memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Declassify on: OADR

7/12/92
7/12/92

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

Dubransky:

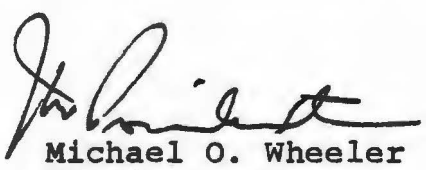
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

May 2, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR CHARLES HILL
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Letter from Mrs. Avital Shcharansky

We have reviewed and concur with the Department of State recommendation that EUR Deputy Assistant Secretary Mark Palmer sign the suggested response to Mrs. Shcharansky's letter of April 11.


Michael O. Wheeler
Staff Secretary~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Declassify on: OADR

DECLASSIFIED

Cis

August 28, 1997

DATE

7/2/02



2784 26
S/S 8311734
United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

April 23, 1983

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. WILLIAM P. CLARK
THE WHITE HOUSE

SUBJECT: Letter from Avital Shcharansky

Mrs. Shcharansky has written the President (Tab 1) to express her appreciation for his February 16 letter (Tab 2) confirming his commitment to aiding her husband Anatoly. The Department of State does not believe that another Presidential response is necessary. We recommend that EUR Deputy Assistant Secretary Mark Palmer, who has been Mrs. Shcharansky's principal contact at the Department, reply to her, using the suggested response at Tab 3.

Charles Hill
Executive Secretary

Attachments:
As stated.

5, Jul 21, 1997

7/2/92

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECL: OADR

SUGGESTED RESPONSE

Dear Avital:

I have been asked to respond to your letter of April 11 to the President, concerning U.S. efforts on behalf of Anatoly.

As President Reagan stated in his letter to you, he is firmly committed to Anatoly's cause. You are right in pointing out that Anatoly has struggled for the same high ideals and values as those upon which the United States was founded. This fact only enhances our admiration for him and our resolve to help him. All of us are determined to do everything possible to win Anatoly's release and reunion with you.

We must continue our nearly weekly meetings and phone calls. We also will remain in closest touch with Anatoly's family in Moscow. As you know, there are some more hopeful signs, and we are pursuing the Soviet authorities with vigor and determination. Let me assure you once again that the President's personal commitment and the efforts of the United States Government to free Anatoly will not cease until that goal is accomplished.

Sincerely,

Mark Palmer

Mrs. Avital Shcharansky
Sderot Herzl 34,
Kiryat Moshe,
Jerusalem, Israel.

Dear Mrs. Shcharansky:

I am writing to you to reaffirm my continuing concern and support for your husband Anatoly. Your recent message, and numerous reports emanating from the Soviet Union, have indicated that his situation remains grave. We are worried about his health and the conditions of his confinement.

We have been closely following recent events concerning Anatoly. As you know, some recent reports have suggested that there have been changes in his situation. I would like to hope this means that favorable developments are underway. If so, they can only be welcome.

A few days ago I again reiterated my deep admiration for your husband. I want to assure you that my commitment to Anatoly's cause is unwavering, and that I remain willing to pursue every possible avenue to improve his situation and secure his freedom.

Sincerely,

Ronald Reagan

Mrs. Avital Shcharansky
Sderot Herzl 34,
Kiryat Moshe,
Jerusalem, Israel.

34 Sderot Herzl,

JERUSALEM.

11th April, 1983.

The President,
White House,
WASHINGTON D.C.
U.S.A.

Dear Mr. President,

I thank you for your letter of encouragement and the assurance that your commitment to secure my husband's freedom remains unwaivering and determined. The efforts of the free world on Anatoly's behalf are the fulfillment of a moral obligation to a fighter who has dedicated his life to the ideals of freedom and human dignity embodied in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States, ideals which are at the salvation of all democracy. United States now and in the past has made the fight in defence of these principles which are the truest expression of the American spirit.

Your helping hand, Mr. President, is the hand of friendship and support proffered by one freedom fighter to another no less valiant, who has been captured in the common struggle.

Mr. Mark Palmer of the State Department has confirmed that concrete efforts are being made to effect Anatoly's release in accordance with those steps you and Mr. Schultz indicated would be taken in this direction. I am certain, Mr. President, that your personal involvement in these efforts would assure their success and would enable me to be reunited with my husband after these years of painful separation and anxiety. Your actions on Anatoly's behalf have written a chapter of honour in the history of the United States and are a testimony to your personal sense of justice and human values.

Sincerely yours,

Avital Scharansky
Avital Scharansky.

*Incident**File* ID 8403610 *70*

RECEIVED 04 MAY 84 15

TO

KIMMITT

FROM CICCONI, J

DOCDATE 03 MAY 84

MATLOCK

05 MAY 84

KIMMITT

05 MAY 84

KEYWORDS USSR

HUMAN RIGHTS

WHS

~~matlock~~ SCHARANSKY, ANATOLY

SCHARANSKY, AVITAL

BAKER, J

SUBJECT: REQUEST FM MRS SCHARANSKY TO MEET W/ BAKER OR NSC STAFFER RE HUSBAND
SITUATION

ACTION: PREPARE MEMO FOR MCFARLANE DUE: 04 MAY 84 STATUS C FILES WH

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO

MATLOCK

LENCZOWSKI

KIMMITT

COMMENTS

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(HW CL)

ACTION OFFICER (S)	ASSIGNED	ACTION REQUIRED	DUE	COPIES TO
	<i>C 5/7</i>	<i>Kimmit approved recom</i>		<i>rk, JM</i>

DISPATCH _____ W/ATTCH FILE _____ (C)

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

April 4, 1984

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT C. MCFARLANE

FROM: JACK MATLOCK

SUBJECT: Mrs. Shcharansky's Request for Meeting with Baker

Avital Shcharansky has telephoned Jim Baker's office to request a meeting to discuss "new information on her husband's situation." Jim Cicconi, who received the call, has the impression, however, that she would be satisfied to meet with someone from the NSC.

Although I see no objection to Mr. Baker meeting with Mrs. Shcharansky, I believe it would be sufficient for me to meet with her, given the pressures on his schedule. Therefore, I would recommend that she be told that although Mr. Baker's calendar is full before her departure May 10, I would be available to discuss her husband's situation with her.

Recommendation

That Mrs. Shcharansky be offered a meeting with me in lieu of Mr. Baker.

Approve RHK Disapprove

Passed to Cicconi
5/5/84

Attachment:

Tab I Cicconi-Kimmitt Memorandum of May 3, 1984

cc. Dr. Lenczowski

THE WHITE HOUSE

3610

WASHINGTON

May 3, 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT KIMMITT

FROM: JAMES W. CICCONI *me*
SUBJECT: Phone call from Mrs. Anatoly Scharansky

As we discussed earlier today, I received a phone call from Avital Scharansky, whose husband Anatoly has been persecuted and imprisoned in the Soviet Union. She will be in the U.S. until May 10, and has requested a meeting with Jim Baker to discuss new information on her husband's situation.

We would appreciate it if NSC could advise on whether such a meeting should be held. It is my impression that Mrs. Scharansky would probably be satisfied to meet with someone from NSC in lieu of Mr. Baker. If you wish to contact her directly, she can be reached at (212) 884-0930 or (212) 884-4617.

Thanks.

INTERNAL NSC ROUTING

32

Mittele:

File - 35
Sakharov

STRAIGHT WIRE - OR TELEX - MAY 7, 1984

TELEX: 429 439 FREEDOM

Mr. Ed Lozansky
Freedom House
20 West 40th Street
New York, New York 10018

Nancy and I are delighted to join all those gathered to pay homage to Dr. Andrei Sakharov on this special occasion.

When judged against the backdrop of world events, Andrei Sakharov, it is clear, is one of those rare individuals who has transcended difficult challenges to become part of history. A renowned physicist, Dr. Sakharov has repeatedly demonstrated his overriding commitment to international peace and the human rights of the peoples of the Soviet Union. In recognition of these singular qualities, Dr. Sakharov was awarded the Nobel Prize for Peace.

Exiled to the closed city of Gorky in 1980, he and his wife have been subjected to continuous harassment and attempted intimidation. Even in the face of his declining health, the Soviet government has refused to permit him to enter the Academy of Sciences Hospital in Moscow. Nor have the Soviets allowed him to emigrate to another country.

In his strivings for peace and freedom, his life and work serve as testimony to the power of moral courage to inspire people around the globe. By forcefully speaking out and aiding the victims of severe repression, he has with his valor brought light and meaning to the very heart of liberty.

NSC/S

At this critical time in history, it is incumbent upon us to bring deserved attention to the plight of the Sakharovs. It is easy to identify with their fate, for they seek the fundamental freedoms that all Americans cherish.

As Andrei Sakharov approaches his sixty-third birthday, we fervently hope that the coming years will see the realization of the progress and liberty he has so devotedly sought.

RONALD REAGAN

RR:Wells:vs

cc: K.Osborne/D.Livingston/B.Kimmitt, NSC/L.Speakes(FYI)/CF

EVENT: MAY 8

General Petr. ^{BY}
Grigorenko
Nadia
Svitlychna

TO PRES,

27

Ukr. Helsinki Group

March 12

re: Nikola
Radenko

ANNIE Higgins 7610

NSC/s - no

Central files
x 2292

NSC → x 3912

no record

Pres met w/ group

~~5/9~~ 5/12 1.6

Paula Dobriansky
NSC-
368

Paula — 8/25th

1. NSC/S - has no record

2. Central files --
attached are
copies of all they
have on conesp.
w/ G. H. G.

21
COPY

May 9, 1983

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GI002

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Dear General Grigorenko:

Gift
Thank you very much for the copy of your Memoirs. I truly appreciate your kindness in sharing with me your recently published autobiography and am grateful for the support conveyed in your warm inscription. It was a deeply rewarding experience for me to meet with you and the other Soviet emigres who came to the White House last May. Thank you for your generous trust and friendship.

My best wishes for the future.

Sincerely,

RONALD REAGAN *A*

X
General Petro G. Grigorenko
c/o W. W. Norton & Company, Inc.
500 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10110

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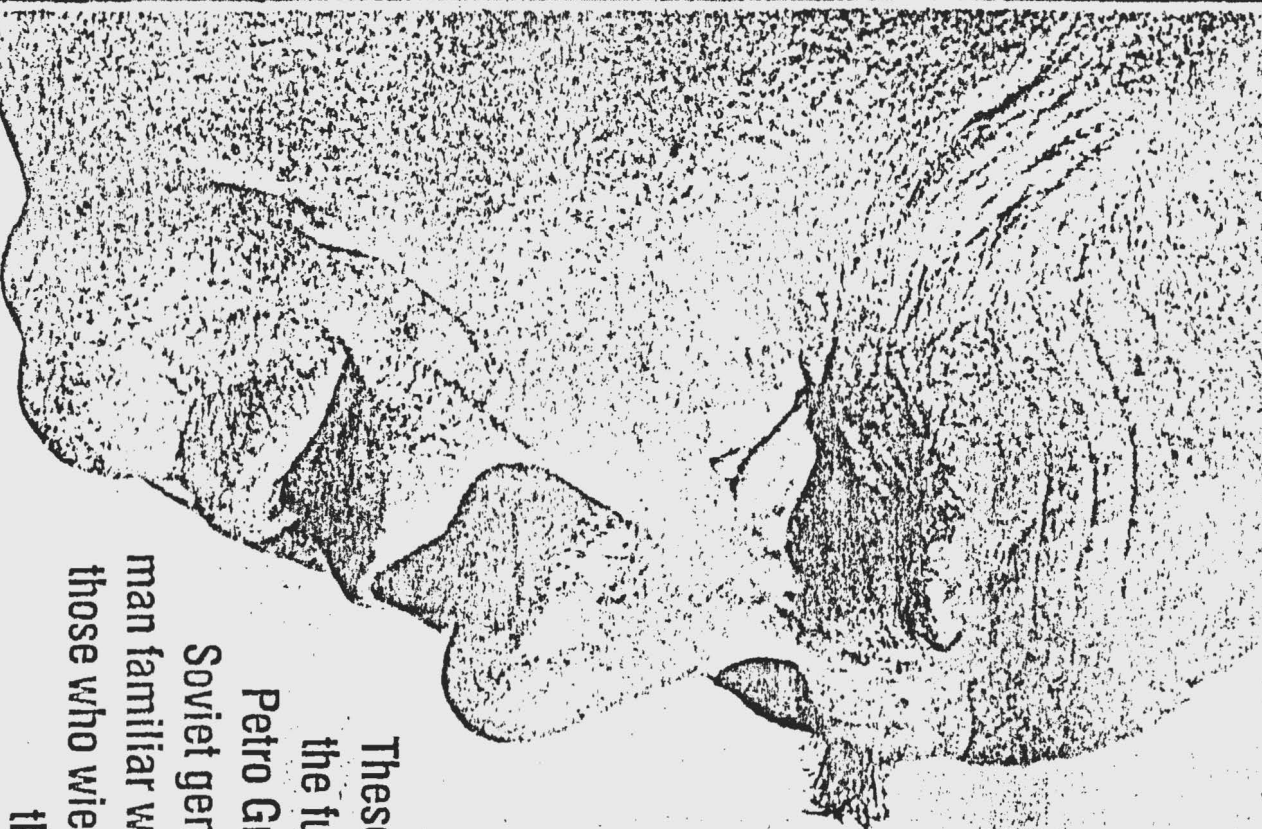
Рональду Рейгану - Президенту США.

В память о встрече в Белом Доме 11 мая 1982 г.
С пожеланием дальнейших успехов в деле полного вос-
становления Величия Америки и устранения надвигающейся
над миром коммунистической опасности

С глубочайшим уважением Петро Григоренко
3 февраля 1983 года.

TO MR. RONALD REAGAN, HONORABLE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF
AMERICA, IN THE REMEMBRANCE OF THE MEETING IN WHITE HOUSE (THE
11-th OF MAY 1982). WITH THE BEST WISHES OF SUCCESS IN YOUR WORK
FOR REBUILDING THE GREATNESS OF AMERICA AND AGAINST THE GLOBAL
THREAT OF COMMUNIST DANGER, CHALLENGING THE WORLD.
WITH MY DEEPEST RESPECT, PETRO GRIGORENKO.

GRIGORENKO *Memoirs*



These memoirs recount the full life and times of Petro Grigorenko, the only Soviet general ever exiled, a man familiar with power and with those who wielded it at the top of the Soviet hierarchy.

92
May 10, 1982
5:00 pm

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE
Tuesday, May 11, 1982

9:00 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (William P. Clark)	Oval Office
9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
10:00 am (60 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
11:00 am (20 min)	<u>Meeting with Small Business Organization</u> <u>Chief Executive Officers</u> (Elizabeth Dole)	Oval Office
11:20 am (20 min)	<u>Meeting with Leaders of National Trade</u> <u>Associations</u> (Elizabeth Dole)	Cabinet Room
11:40 am (20 min)	<u>Meeting with Representatives of Business</u> <u>Organizations</u> (Elizabeth Dole)	Oval Office
12:00 m (10 min)	<u>Meeting with Alexander Solzhenitsyn</u> (William P. Clark)	Oval Office
12:15 pm (75 min)	<u>Luncheon with Soviet Immigrants</u> (William Clark/Muffie Brandon)	Family Dining Room, State Floor
1:30 pm (20 min)	<u>Speak via satellite to ABC Affiliates</u> <u>Meeting in Los Angeles</u> (Aram Bakshian/Mark Goode)	Library
1:50 pm (3 hrs)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Residence
5:00 pm (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u>	Residence

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Memo Petro G

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London WC1B 3NU

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TO

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up / Pet
April 19, 1983

Dear General Grigorenko:

Thank you very much for the copy of your Memoirs. I truly appreciate your kindness in sharing with me your recently published autobiography and I am grateful for the support conveyed in your warm inscription. It was a deeply rewarding experience for me to meet with you and the other Soviet ^{emigres} ~~immigrants~~ who came to the White House last May. Thank you for your generous trust ^{and friendship} ~~I shall work very hard to continue to merit your friendship~~.

My best wishes for the future.

Sincerely,

RR

General Petro G. Grigorenko
c/o W. W. Norton & Company, Inc.
500 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10110

RR:CMF:MP:AVH

Definite addition to library

COPY

**WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET**

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45

HO

- ☐ O - OUTGOING
☐ H - INTERNAL
☐ I - INCOMING

Date Correspondence
Received (YY/MM/DD)

82-11-112

Name of Correspondent:

Petro Grigorenko

☐ MI Mail Report

User Codes:

(A)

(B)

(C)

Subject:

Ukrainian - Helsinki group

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency	(Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
PLBurg		ORIGINATOR	82-11-112	IB	A	82-11-112
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ACTION CODES:

A - Appropriate Action
C - Comment/Recommendation
D - Draft Response
F - Furnish Fact Sheet
to be used as Enclosure

I - Info Copy Only/No Action Necessary
R - Direct Reply w/Copy
S - For Signature
X - Interim Reply

DISPOSITION CODES:

A - Answered
B - Non-Special Referral
C - Completed
S - Suspended

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Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 15, 1982

Dear Mr. Grigorenko:

In behalf of President Reagan, thank you for your telegram of November 9, a day honoring the Ukrainian Helsinki Group.

The President is very grateful for your kind words of gratitude and support and wishes you to know he is firm in his commitment to help the Ukrainian people in their struggle for freedom and justice. The President also wishes to commend you for your personal efforts in behalf of the people of Ukraine.

Sincerely,



Jack Burgess
Special Assistant to
the President

Mr. Petro Grigorenko
Ukrainian Helsinki Watch Group
in the West
43-30 48th Street, Apt. 15E
Long Island City, New York 11104

37
PETRO GRIGORENKO REPRESENTATIVE
43430 48TH ST APT 15E
LONG ISLAND CITY NY 11104

western union

Mailgram



47
1-061709S313 11/09/82 ICS IPMMTZZ CSP WXSA
2127843676 MGM TDMT LONG ISLAND CITY NY 102 11-09 1146P EST

37
Jack Burgess

PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN
WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON DC 20500

109710

DEAR MR PRESIDENT:

TODAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1982, ON THE 6TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FOUNDING OF THE UKRAINIAN HELSINKI WATCH GROUP-WHICH YOU PROCLAIMED AS THE DAY COMMEMORATING THIS GROUP-THERE WAS A DEMONSTRATION IN FRONT OF THE UN. THE GROUP'S MEMBERS HAVE ASKED ME TO EXPRESS TO YOU AND THE US CONGRESS OUR SINCERE GRATITUDE FOR YOUR SUPPORT OF THE HUMAN RIGHTS MOVEMENTS IN THE USSR. YOUR PROCLAMATION WILL SURELY ASSIST IN THE UKRAINIAN PEOPLE'S STRUGGLE FOR THEIR LIBERATION.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

PETRO GRIGORENKO REPRESENTATIVE OF THE UKRAINIAN HELSINKI WATCH GROUP IN THE WEST NOVEMBER 9, 1982

23:48 EST

MGMCCMP

FILE
DISSIDENTS

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 12, 1983

TO: Paula
FROM: Julie
RE: Sakharov Day

Attached, FYI, are copies of
S.J. Res 51 (has passed the Senate)
and H.J. Res 178 (still in the House).
The final text should turn out pretty
much the same.

Any guidance you can give us in
the meantime would be helpful--
site, guests, points to highlight --
and may help ensure that you get
what you want in the form of draft
remarks.

Thanks.

their suitability for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System.

TITLE IV—WITHDRAWAL OF DESIGNATED WILDERNESS AREAS FROM OPERATION OF THE MINING AND MINERAL LEASING LAWS

WITHDRAWAL OF DESIGNATED WILDERNESS AREAS FROM MINING AND MINERALS ACTIVITY

SEC. 401. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to valid existing rights, lands within the national forest system in Wyoming which have previously been designated by Act of Congress for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System, and lands which are so designated by this Act, are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the mining laws and from disposition under all laws pertaining to mineral and geothermal leasing and all amendments thereto. In the case of the lands referred to in the preceding sentence, for purposes of applying the provisions of section 4(d)(3) of the Wilderness Act, the date of enactment of this Act shall be substituted for the December 31, 1983, and the January 1, 1984, dates referred to in such provisions.

TITLE V—ASSESSMENT OF MINERALS, PROHIBITION ON DRILLING

SEC. 501. (a) Subject to subsection 501(b) of this Act, and in furtherance of section 4(d)(2) of the Wilderness Act and the policies of the National Materials and Minerals Policy, Research and Development Act (94 Stat. 2305), the Secretary of the Interior shall continue to assess the minerals potential of National Wilderness Preservation System lands within the State of Wyoming in order to expand the data base with respect to the minerals potential of such lands.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to valid existing rights, exploratory drilling within the boundaries of any congressionally designated unit of the National Wilderness Preservation System in the State of Wyoming for the purpose of assessing oil and gas potential is hereby prohibited.

(c) The provisions of section 308 of Public Law 97-394 shall not apply to lands within the national forest system in Wyoming which have been previously designated by Act of Congress for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System, or the lands which are so designated by this Act.

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

GRAZING IN WILDERNESS AREAS

SEC. 601. The Secretary of Agriculture is directed to review all policies, practices, and regulations of the Department of Agriculture regarding livestock grazing in national forest wilderness areas in the State of Wyoming in order to ensure that such policies, practices, and regulations fully conform with and implement the intent of Congress regarding grazing in such areas, as such intent is expressed in the Wilderness Act.

STATE WATER ALLOCATION AUTHORITY

SEC. 602. (a) As provided in section 4(d)(7) of the Wilderness Act, nothing in this Act shall constitute an express or implied claim or denial on the part of the Federal Government as to exemption from Wyoming water laws.

(b) As provided in section 4(d)(8) of the Wilderness Act, nothing in this Act shall be construed as affecting the jurisdiction or responsibilities of the State of Wyoming with respect to wildlife and fish in the national forests in Wyoming.

PROHIBITION ON BUFFER ZONES

SEC. 603. Congress does not intend that designation of wilderness areas in the State

of Wyoming lead to the creation of protective perimeters or buffer zones around each wilderness area. The fact that nonwilderness activities or uses can be seen or heard from areas within the wilderness shall not, of itself, preclude such activities or uses up to the boundary of the wilderness area.

The amendments were agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

ANDREI SAKHAROV DAY

The joint resolution (S.J. Res. 51) designating May 21, 1983, as "Andrei Sakharov Day," was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

The preamble was agreed to.

The joint resolution, and the preamble, are as follows:

Whereas Andrei Sakharov has earned the admiration and gratitude of all the peoples of the world for his tireless and courageous efforts to secure basic human freedoms for the peoples of the Soviet Union, including those rights and freedoms proclaimed and guaranteed in the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe signed at Helsinki, August 1, 1975; and

Whereas Andrei Sakharov has been awarded the Nobel Prize for Peace for "his love of truth and strong belief in the inviolability of human beings . . . his courageous defense of the human spirit . . ." and a life that has made him "the conscience of mankind"; and

Whereas Andrei Sakharov, in direct consequence of his tireless work for world peace and human rights, has been illegally confined by the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the remote city of Gorky, where, on May 21, 1983, he will spend his sixty-second birthday in almost total isolation; and

Whereas even under conditions of isolation and harassment by Soviet authorities, Andrei Sakharov has continued to speak with eloquence and great moral force for the causes of human rights and world peace, for amnesty for all prisoners of conscience, and for full compliance by all signatory states with the provisions of the Helsinki Final Act and the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That May 21, 1983, is designated "National Andrei Sakharov Day" and the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies and activities; and be it further

Resolved, That the President of the United States is authorized and requested to call upon all nations of the world to designate May 21, 1983, as "National Andrei Sakharov Day" within their respective nations; and be it further

Resolved, That the President of the United States is authorized and requested to urge the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to permit Andrei Sakharov and his wife, Elena Bonner, freely to choose their place of residence; and be it further

Resolved, That the President of the United States is authorized and requested to direct the American delegation to the United Nations to introduce a resolution in

the General Assembly calling upon that body to designate May 21, 1983, as "International Andrei Sakharov Day," to be observed by the United Nations with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

NATIONAL PARKINSON'S DISEASE WEEK

The joint resolution (S.J. Res. 62) to provide for the designation of the week beginning on May 15, 1983, as "National Parkinson's Disease Week"; was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

The preamble was agreed to.

The joint resolution, and the preamble, are as follows:

S.J. RES. 62

Whereas Parkinson's disease is one of the most devastating illnesses threatening the citizens of the United States;

Whereas Parkinson's disease afflicts one out of every one hundred persons over the age of sixty;

Whereas Parkinson's disease is one of the most severely crippling disorders of the nervous system;

Whereas the American Parkinson Disease Association, the National Parkinson Foundation, the Parkinson's Disease Foundation, and the United Parkinson Foundation are major contributors to research on Parkinson's disease and to treatment and rehabilitation programs for the victims of such disease;

Whereas the Parkinson Education Program/USA and the all-volunteer Parkinson Support Groups of America are devoted to helping Parkinson patients and their families cope with their ailment; and

Whereas research on the causes of and the search for a cure for Parkinson's disease are continuing to be conducted and patient support groups continue to grow and bring new hope to those who bear the burden of this affliction: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of May 15, 1983, through May 21, 1983, is designated as "National Parkinson's Disease Week" and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate activities and programs.

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote, en bloc, by which the bills and joint resolutions were passed.

Mr. BYRD. I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

CONVEYING CERTAIN LANDS TO SHOW LOW, ARIZONA

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Energy Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. 597, a bill to convey certain lands to Show Low, Ariz., and I ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered.

The clerk will state the bill by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

98TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. J. RES. 178

To authorize and request the President to issue a proclamation designating May 21, 1983, as "National Sakharov Day".

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 3, 1983

Mr. KEMP (for himself and Mr. SOLARZ) introduced the following joint resolution; which was referred jointly to the Committees on Post Office and Civil Service and Foreign Affairs

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize and request the President to issue a proclamation designating May 21, 1983, as "National Sakharov Day".

Whereas Andrei Sakharov has earned the admiration and gratitude of all the peoples of the world for his tireless and courageous efforts to secure basic human freedoms for the peoples of the Soviet Union, including those rights and freedoms proclaimed and guaranteed in the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe signed at Helsinki, August 1, 1975; and

Whereas Andrei Sakharov has been awarded the Nobel Prize for Peace for "his love of truth and strong belief in the inviolability of human beings . . . his courageous defense of the human spirit . . ." and a life that has made him "the conscience of mankind"; and

Whereas Andrei Sakharov, in direct consequence of his tireless work for world peace and human rights, has been illegally confined by the government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the remote city of Gorky, where, on May 21, 1983, he will spend his sixty-second birthday in almost total isolation; and

Whereas even under conditions of isolation and harassment by Soviet authorities, Andrei Sakharov has continued to speak with eloquence and great moral force for the causes of human rights and world peace, for amnesty for all prisoners of conscience, and for full compliance by all signatory states with the provisions of the Helsinki Final Act and the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*
 2 *of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
 3 That May 21, 1983, is designated "National Sakharov Day"
 4 and the President of the United States is authorized and re-
 5 quested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the
 6 United States to observe that day with appropriate ceremo-
 7 nies and activities; and be it further

8 *Resolved, That the President of the United States is au-*
 9 thorized and requested to call upon all nations of the world to
 10 designate May 21, 1983, as "National Sakharov Day" within
 11 their respective nations; and be it further

12 *Resolved, That the President of the United States is au-*
 13 thorized and requested to urge the Government of the Union
 14 of Soviet Socialist Republics to permit Andrei Sakharov and

1 his wife, Elena Bonner, freely to choose their place of resi-
2 dence; and be it further

3 *Resolved*, That the President of the United States is au-
4 thorized and requested to direct the American delegation to
5 the United Nations to introduce a resolution in the General
6 Assembly calling upon that body to designate May 21, 1983,
7 as "International Sakharov Day", to be observed by the
8 United Nations with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

○

SUPPLEMENTAL CLIPS: THURSDAY, 12 MAY 1983

WASHINGTON POST

12 May 1983

Pg. 25

Tass Says Sakharov May Not Emigrate

Reuter

MOSCOW, May 11—The Soviet Union said today that dissident scientist Andrei Sakharov would not be allowed to leave the country.

After weeks of speculation that the Nobel Peace Prize winner might be granted an exit visa, the official Soviet news agency Tass said Sakharov would be barred from traveling abroad because he possessed state secrets.

Tass said the physicist, who developed the Soviet hydrogen bomb was a scientist in possession of important state and military secrets.

"For these reasons and in the interests of national security, he is deprived of the possibility of making trips abroad," Tass said.

The sharply negative Tass statement came a few hours after an interview given foreign journalists by Sakharov's wife Yelena Bonner who returned today from Gorki, the city Sakharov was exiled to in 1980. She told reporters that Sakharov, who earlier had said his human rights work was too important to allow him to leave the Soviet Union, was now willing to emigrate.

The Tass statement followed still unexplained hints that the Soviet government under new Communist Party leader Yuri Andropov was considering allowing the scientist to leave the country.

Sakharov, 61, was banished in 1980 to Gorki, 250 miles east of Moscow, in an attempt by the Soviet authorities to stop his activities as the country's leading human rights advocate.

The physicist lost his security clearance in 1968 after the publication in the West of an essay dealing with the possible "convergence" of the capitalist and socialist systems. In the 1970s he became involved in human rights issues, losing his place



ANDREI SAKHAROV
...wife fears for his safety

in the Soviet scientific elite. He was barred from leaving the country to accept the Nobel Peace Prize in 1975.

Speaking today with reporters before the Tass announcement, Bonner said her husband was willing to leave the Soviet Union and not return if he was granted a visa. But she said she was pessimistic that permission to leave would be granted.

Bonner complained of her husband's isolation in Gorki, and said she feared for his safety.

"I am very frightened. He's in the hands of terrorists and I fear one day they will kill him," she said.

She added that he had not yet received an official invitation to

teach at the University of Vienna, an invitation that Austrian authorities said last month they were offering. Austrian officials had said they were optimistic that Sakharov would be allowed to take up the offer.

Soviet Justice Minister Vladimir Terebilov visiting Sweden last month also said he saw a possibility that Sakharov might be allowed to leave. Later he said the matter would be handled by the appropriate authorities.

The University of Vienna offer raised hopes in the West that Sakharov would be allowed to leave.

Diplomats in Moscow said the Austrian Embassy had handed a formal invitation to Sakharov to the Soviet government last week and was awaiting a response.

Bonner said conditions in Gorki had grown worse for her husband in recent weeks and he was very depressed and isolated.

Since Sakharov's exile, his wife has traveled regularly from Gorki to Moscow and reported that her husband was finding it difficult to continue his work as a physicist because he was cut off from information and from his colleagues. She told reporters, "I can state categorically that Sakharov is ready to leave. He is ready to leave completely.

"Do you think Aldo Moro would have asked for the right to go back to the Red Brigades if they had offered him his freedom," she asked referring to the Italian Christian Democratic party leader slain by urban guerrillas.