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TR ID # 082640

OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET

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WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET

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April 29, 1982 5:00 pm

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE

Friday, April 30, 1982

9:00 am (30 min)	Staff Time (Parer)	Oval Office
9:30 am (60 min)	National Security Council Meeting (William P. Clark) 9:30 - 10:35	Cabinet Room
10:30 am (30 min)	Personal Staff Time	Oval Office
ll:00 am (30 min)	Meeting with GOP House & Senate Members (Kenneth Duberstein) 19 14 12:00 (Tab A)	Cabinet Room
11:30 am (30 min)	Personal Staff Time	Oval Office
12:00 m (75 min)	Lunch with Editors and Broadcasters from the Midwest (Karna Small/Muffie Brandon) (Tab B) (draft)	State Dining Room
1:30 pm (15 min)	Meeting with Governor John Spellman (R-Wash) (Richard Williamson) 1:20-1:45 (Tab C)	Oval Office
1:45 pm (10 min)	Photo with Poster Children for Better Hearing and Speech Month (Elizabeth Dole) 1:45-1:55 (Tab D)	Oval Office
2:00 pm (10 min)	Photo Opportunities (1) Denise Wieck (Dennis LeBlanc) (Tab E) (2) Professor Giovanni Pinto (Wm. Sittmann) (3) Bru Mikewa	Oval Office
2:30 pm (10 min)	Dropby and photo with Advisory Council for Small and Minority Business (Elizabeth Dole) (Tab F)	Roosevelt Room
2:45 pm (10 min)	Meeting with Engraver for Inaugural Medal (David Fischer) 2:32 - (Tab G)	Oval Office
3:00 pm (5 min)	Phone Call to Saul Pett (Larry Speakes) H:39-4:41 (Tab H)	Oval Office
3:05 pm	To Residence for remainder of the day	Residence

REQUEST FOR APPOINTMENTS

То:	Officer-in-charge Appointments Center Room 060, OEOB	NS(Mt	7
Please a	dmit the following appointments on	Friday, Apri	il 30	, 1982
	The President	24		
for	(NAME OF PERSON TO BE VISIT	of	(AGENC	(Y)
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5	DSD Secretary Caspar W. Wei Deputy Secretary Frank			
· C	OMB Villiam Schneider			
	CIA Deputy Director Bobby I	nman		
	<u>JSUN</u> Ambassador Jeane Kirkpa	trick		
W E M	JCS Jeneral David C. Jones John B Haywood White House Edwin Meese III Michael K. Deaver Robert C. McFarlane Admiral John Poindexter	Richard	G. Darman	
3	NSC Colonel Michael O, Whee Jim Rentschler Roger Fontaine	ler		
MEETI	ING LOCATION			
	White House		Kathy McGr	aw
Buildin	Situation Room	Requested by		
Room	No	Room No	Telephone	3044
Time o	9:30 a.m.	Date of request	April 29,	1982

Additions and/or changes made by telephone should be limited to three (3) names or less.

APPOINTMENTS CENTER: SIG/OEOB - 395-6046 or WHITE HOUSE - 456-6742

WASHINGTON

April 30, 1982

PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH THE CHAIRMAN OF THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON HOUSING

DATE:

APRIL 30, 1982

TIME:

2:00 P.M. (10 MINUTES)

LOCATION:

OVAL OFFICE

FROM:

CRAIG L. FULLER

I. PURPOSE

William McKenna has served as the Chairman of your Commission on Housing. It has become almost a full time job for him. The Commission has finished its work and produced a final report. Bill McKenna is coming in for a photograph and should be thanked for his dedication and hard work. The report should assist us in designing longer range reforms to assist the housing industry.

II. PARTICIPANTS

William F. McKenna CARLA HILL Secretary Sam Pierce Ed Gray Craig Fuller

FB War

III. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer only.

IV. SEQUENCE

Visit with Bill McKenna informally while photographs are taken.

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1982

MEETING WITH DENISE WIECK

April 29, 1982

Location: Oval Office

Time:

4:15 PM

From:

Dennis E. LeBlanc

I. PURPOSE

To present the President with a figure of one of the 18th and 19th century soldiers that her brother made for the President. Her brother, Mark Retter, died in mid-January of muscular dystrophy.

BACKGROUND II.

The President voiced a strong desire to meet with Denise Wieck.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Denise Wieck, Mark Retter's sister Dennis E. LeBlanc

D . F13CHS2

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer only.

WASHINGTON

PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH

PROFESSOR GIOVANNI PINTO PRESIDENT OF ITALCABLE

DATE:

Thursday, April 29, 1982

LOCATION:

Oval Office

TIME:

4:15pm (5 minutes)

FROM:

William F. Sittmann

I. PURPOSE

To be introduced to Professor Giovanni Pinto, President of Italcable, the communications network of Italy, and Italcable/USA.

II. BACKGROUND

In his position as President of Italcable and Italcable/USA, Professor Pinto is a prominent Italian businessman who is responsible for the entire communications network (including cable and satelite) in Italy.

Italcable/USA intends to make substantial investments in America. Mark Fowler, Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission, has had a lengthly meeting on this subject with Professor Pinto.

There is a strong possibility that Professor Pinto will be named President of the STET Group, which is the largest holding company (with assets over \$100 billion) in Italy.

Professor Pinto is a member of the Christian Democratic Party. He does not appear to be opposed or out of favor with either the Socialist or the Democratic Parties in Italy.

Italcable is the only communications network in Italy. It was started in 1921.

Professor Pinto has met Vice President Bush.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Professor Giovanni Pinto --- President of Italcable, Italcable/US

Mr. Mario Castellani --- Bi-lingual Assistant to Professor Pinto

IV. PRESS PLAN

None, White House Photographer only.

WASHINGTON April 29, 1982

MEETING WITH ELIZABETH JONES

DATE:

Friday, April 30, 1982

LOCATION:

Oval Office

TIME:

10:00 a.m. (10 minutes)

FROM: Dave Fischer

I. PURPOSE

To provide Elizabeth Jones, Chief Engraver of the U.S. Mint, an opportunity to meet with you in preparation for the striking of your official Presidential medal.

BACKGROUND II.

The Bureau of the Mint began striking the Official Presidential Series Medals in 1801 during Thomas Jefferson's administration for distribution to the Indian tribes for the signing of treaties and as expressions of friendship. The medals for George Washington and John Adams were added to the series in later years.

As the series progressed, the "Indian Peace Medals" began to be considered "Presidential Medals." In 1860 the Bureau of the Mint began making the medals available to the general public and continued to do so during every administration.

The 3 inch bronze Presidential medals now sell for \$8.00 over-the-counter in the public areas at the Mint facilities and \$8.30 by mail order. The miniature Presidential medals sell for 50¢ over-thecounter and 60¢ by mail order.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President

SEMER

____Elizabeth Jones

Donna Pope, Director of the Mint

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Dave Fischer will escort guests into Oval Office

WASHINGTON THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE

Friday, April 30, 1982

9:00 am (30 min)	Staff Time (Baker, Meese, Deaver)	Oval Office
9:30 am (60 min)	National Security Council Meeting (William P. Clark)	Cabinet Room
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11:00 am (30 min)	Meeting with GOP House & Senate Members (Kenneth Duberstein) (Tab A)	Cabinet Room
ll:30 am (30 min)	Personal Staff Time	Oval Office
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1:30 pm (15 min)	Meeting with Governor John Spellman (R-Wash) (Richard Williamson) (Tab C)	Oval Office
1:45 pm (10 min)	Photo with Poster Children for Better Hearing and Speech Month Vice Note (Elizabeth Dole) (Tab D)	Oval Office
2:00 pm (10 min)	Photo Opportunities (1) Denise Wieck (Dennis LeBlanc) (Tab E) (2) Professor Giovanni Pinto (Wm. Sittmann) (3) Wm. McKing (Fuller) comm. on Australia	Oval Office
2:30 pm (10 min)	Dropby and photo with Advisory Council for Small and Minority Business (Elizabeth Dole) (Tab F)	Roosevelt Room
2:45 pm (10 min)	Meeting with Engraver for Inaugural Medal (David Fischer) (Tab G)	Oval Office
3:00 pm (5 min)	Phone Call to Saul Pett (Larry Speakes) 4:39 Contact To Residence for remainder of the day	Oval Office
3:05 pm	To Residence for remainder of the day Stary HAIL, EM. B. M. FARLANK Can creed	Residence

WASHINGTON

THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE Friday, April 30, 1982

9:00 am (30 min)	Staff Time (Baker, Meese, Deaver)	Oval Office
9:30 am (60 min)	National Security Council Meeting (William P. Clark) (no pager)	Cabinet Room
10:30 am (30 min)	Personal Staff Time	Oval Office
ll:00 am (30 min)	Meeting with GOP House & Senate Members (Kenneth Duberstein) (Tab A)	Cabinet Room
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3:00 pm (5 min)	Phone Call to Saul Pett (Larry Speakes) (Tab H)	Oval Office
3:05 pm	To Residence for remainder of the day	Residence

WASHINGTON

April 29, 1982

MEETING WITH REPUBLICAN HOUSE AND SENATE MEMBERS

WHO SERVED ON THE BUDGET NEGOTIATING TEAM

DATE: Friday, April 30, 1982 LOCATION: The Cabinet Room TIME: 11:00 a.m. (30 minutes)

FROM: Kenneth M. Duberstein Ken

I. PURPOSE

To thank these Congressmen and Senators for their efforts to negotiate a budget compromise and to consult with them on where we proceed from here.

II. BACKGROUND

In an effort to break the stalemate over budget proceedings in the Congress, a bipartisan group of House and Senate members have been working with Administration officials since March 20 to devise a compromise budget document. Thirteen meetings were held, and numerous options were discussed in an effort to reach an agreeable settlement. Despite the best efforts of the task force, the Democratic leadership ultimately refused to accept the options offered by the Administration.

As Congress prepares to proceed with legislative action on the First Concurrent Budget Resolution, it would be helpful for you to meet with the Republican House and Senate members who served on the negotiating team to thank them for their efforts, to seek their advice on where we should proceed from here, and to give them some Administration guidance as the Budget Committees prepare to markup the First Concurrent Budget Resolution. In addition, you should express the desire to continue a close working relationship with these members as the Congress proceeds to debate economic issues generally.

III. PARTICIPANTS

List attached.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Senators and Congressmen to arrive through the Northwest Gate, enter the West Lobby, and be escorted to the Cabinet Room for a 30-minute meeting with the President. When the President departs at the conclusion of the meeting, the Members will remain in the Cabinet Room for continued discussion.

Attachments: Participants List Talking Points

SUGGESTED TALKING POINTS FOR MEETING WITH REPUBLICAN HOUSE AND SENATE MEMBERS WHO SERVED ON THE BUDGET NEGOTIATING TEAM

- -- Mention that you know these members have been spending almost as much time at the White House in the last month or so as you have, and express your deep appreciation for their efforts to work out a budget compromise.
- -- Express your disappointment at the lack of agreement on a budget compromise and mention that it was clear that the Democratic leadership was simply not prepared to accept an agreement.
- -- Despite the lack of an agreement, mention the fact that these Republicans who served on the negotiating team have a good deal to be proud of, and that you are optimistic that the Administration will be able to work with the Congress in fashioning an acceptable budget.
- -- Seek the advice of these Republican members as to where we should go from here and open the meeting up for general discussion.
- -- Thank the members for coming and seek their assistance in working with other members of the Senate and House to support Administration policy on these critical economic issues. Remind the members that you would like to continue this close working relationship as Congress proceeds with its action on the budget resolution and other economic issues. Encourage them to keep in touch and share their observations with you and your staff.

ATTACHMENT

PARTICIPANTS

The President Donald Regan, Secretary of the Treasury David Stockman, Director of OMB

Senate

Senator Pete Domenici (R-N.M.), Chairman, Budget Committee Senator Robert Dole (R-Kan.), Chairman, Finance Committee Senator Paul Laxalt (R-Nev.)

House

Congressman Bob Michel (R-Ill.), Republican Leader
Congressman Barber Conable (R-N.Y.), Ranking Republican Member,
Ways and Means Committee
Congressman Del Latta (R-Ohio), Ranking Republican Member,
House Budget Committee

Staff

Richard Darman Kenneth M. Duberstein Pam Turner M. B. Oglesby

Regrets

The Vice President James A. Baker Senator Howard Baker Congressman Trent Lott

WASHINGTON

April 29, 1982

LUNCHEON AND REMARKS TO EDITORS AND BROADCASTERS FROM MIDWEST

DATE:

Friday, April 30, 1982

LOCATION:

State Dining Room

TIME:

12 Noon (75 minutes)

FROM:

Karna Smally

I. PURPOSE:

This is the third in a series of briefings and luncheons for out-of-town editors and broadcasters. It is an opportunity for you to explain your programs directly to the "home town" media. It is also a chance for them to ask you a few questions.

II. BACKGROUND:

Most of the attendees have not been to the White House during your Administration. Many had written to ask for a personal interview. When time would not permit individual interviews, we put them on the list to be invited to these regional briefings. In the morning they will be briefed by David Stockman on general budget matters, Caspar Weinberger on the defense budget and defense priorities, and by Richard Burt of the State Department who is an expert on the nuclear freeze issue.

III.PARTICIPANTS:

The President
Selected White House staff
Several Cabinet members who will join the luncheon (and who
may walk over with you at the conclusion of your Cabinet
meeting from 11:00 - 12:00). Those who wish to come are:
Secretary Haig, Secretary Baldridge, Secretary Bell,
Secretary Schweiker, Secretary Weinberger, Secretary Pierce.

Plus some 90 editors and broadcasters

IV. PRESS PLAN:

Local crews will be escorted to the State Dining Room at approximately 12:40 to set up for your remarks, Q & A. No White House press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS:

At the conclusion of the morning briefings in 450 EOB at 11:30 a.m., the editors and broadcasters will be escorted to the State Dining Room.

You will enter at noon, have lunch and then at 1:00 you will make brief remarks at the lectern and take a few questions.

VI. REMARKS:

Brief remarks being submitted separately by speechwriters

A list of guests at your table is attached, along with some possible areas of questioning that could come up (of regional interest.) (Tab A)

The President's table at the luncheon will include:

Tom Driscoll, Editor of the Journal Star, Peoria, Illinois. This paper has been supportive of your policies, however, since the Caterpiller Tractor Co. is located in that area, a question regarding sanctions against the sale of equipment for use on the Soviet gas pipeline could come up.

William Chapman, The Times, Hammond, Indiana. This paper has the largest circulation in the area and has been very supportive of many administration policies. They like your pledge to create more jobs, but their current concern is over crime and they'd like to see a special strike force created for their area (near Chicago) to work on crime issues.

Bill Bonds, Anchorman, WXYZ-TV, Detroit, Michigan.
He is the leading anchorman in Detroit, is considered quite fair.
He could ask questions about unemployment, particularly black unemployment in their state.

Robert Wilbanks, WHO Radio, Des Moines, <u>Iowa</u>.

He is from your old station in Iowa and just may want to reminsce a bit - particularly about sports coverage in the old days. However questions could come up regarding the desire of many Iowans for increased grain sales to Russia and questions about whether the voluntary program to take corn and wheat acreage out of production will work.

Jim Doherty, Cincinnati Enquirer, Cincinnati, Ohio. This paper is generally supportive of administration policies - in fact its editorial pages have been pro-Reagan all along. Recent articles have supported your position on arms control and have been critical of those calling for a "no first-use policy on U.S. atomic arms."

Carl Zimmerman, Anchorman, WITI-TV, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

He is a leading TV newsman in Milwaukee and is considered quite fair. In fact, his station has been a bright spot of balance in an otherwise very liberal area.

The following are summaries of key races in states -- editors and broadcasters from these states may ask about specific races:

ILLINOIS:

Illinois conducted the first primary in the nation on March 16. Republican Gov. Jim Thompson now faces tough race against former Democrat U.S. Senator Adlai Stevenson, III. Your 1980 Regional Political Director Don Totten lost out in a bid for Lt. Gov. to Thompson's choice, Ill. House Speaker George Ryan.

INDIANA

Freshman Republican U.S. Senator Richard Lugar is seeking a second term (is considered pretty safe). A question could come up regarding the Lugar Bill for the Housing industry. Our general position here has been that we do not favor massive bail-outs for particular industries, although we are doing a number of things in the regulatory area that will help the housing industry...bail-outs would send the wrong signal at this time.

IOWA

Republican Gov. Robert Ray announced he will not run again (after 14 years as Gov.) His young Lt. Gov. Terry Branstad will run. He faces several Democrats - frontrunner is a strong feminist Roxanne Conlin. (polls show that race is pretty close now)

KANSAS

Democratic Governor John Carlin is considered vulnerable -- several Republicans will be trying to unseat him.

MICHIGAN

The most popular Republican in Michigan, Governor William Milliken, announced he will retire (after 14 years). There are four major Republican contenders. But the Republican nominee is likely to be an underdog and will need help. In the U.S. Senate race, liberal Democrat incumbent Donald Riegle is up for re-election. There are several Republicans trying for the nomination. One of them (leading candidate) is former U.S. Congressman Phil Ruppe (you appointed his wife, Loret Ruppe to head the Peace Corps).

MINNESOTA

Republican U.S. Senator <u>Dave Durenberger</u> is running for a full term and is considered fairly safe. <u>Republican Gov. Albert Quie</u> has decided to retire and not seek a second term. He supports his Lt. Gov. Louis Wangberg...but there is some minor primary opposition.

NEBRASKA

U.S. Democrat Senator Edward Zorinsky faces strong Republican opposition - it may be a close race against Republican James Keck. Republican Governor Charles Thone is running again - is being challenged for the nomination but is expected to win. Gov. Thone endorsed you and has consistently mirrored your policies. All three U.S. House seats are held by Republicans and you carried every county in Nebraska in 1980.

NORTH DAKOTA

Democrat Senator Quentin Burdick is seeking a fourth term (at age 70). The Republican State Convention has chosen Gene Knorr to run against him (Knorr served as a member of President-elect Reagan's task force on tax policy).

OHIO

The sudden death of Republican Congressman John Ashbrook last weekend has put a cloud over the Republican U.S. Senate race to oppose Democrat incumbent Howard Metzenbaum. The filing deadline has passed, but many are suggesting write-in candidates. Republican Governor Jim Rhodes is not eligible for a third term.. four Republicans are serious candidates.

VIRGINIA

Republicans have not yet held their nominating convention - but Republican U.S. Congressman Paul Trible is leading candidate for U.S. Senate nominee. Incumbent Harry Byrd announced he would not seek re-election. Trible's candidacy is being managed by a former White House Special Assistant Judy Peachee.

WISCONSIN

Republican Governor Lee Dreyfus is running for a second term. Two Democrats have announced they are running, but Dreyfus is expected to win. Democrat U.S. Senator William Proxmire is seeking his fifth term - and will probably win.

NOTE: Someone might ask why you think so many Midwest Republican Governors have decided not to run again. One answer is that these were individual decisions (in some cases the Governors wanted to leave politics entirely and go into other business while they were still young enough to do it).

REMARKS: LUNCH WITH MIDWEST EDITORS AND BROADCASTERS APRIL 30, 1982

Welcome, I hope you enjoyed the lunch. You know when Grant was President, King Kalakaua of the Sandwich Islands once dined at the White House. During the meal, he had his entourage stand behind him to inspect every morsel of food he put to his lips.

No one has done that lately . . . gee _______ to think of it, not since Tip O'Neill was here.

As you know, I went up to the Hill to meet with the Speaker a couple days ago, and we didn't see eye to eye about the budget. I must admit I believe that compromise must not endanger the consistency of an economic plan. Yet, let me say, consistency and compromise need not be mutually exclusive. As I said to a group the other day, I'm all ears when it comes to new ideas. But too often in the past our Nation's economic programs have turned over faster than stolen property, and it was the American people who were robbed, robbed of buying power, economic stability, and growth.

So in any negotiations on the economic program, I've insisted that we adhere to certain goals -- while leaving flexible the means to attain them. Consistency requires that we continue our commitment to tax incentives for the American people, because they are sick and tired of getting paychecks that are simply stubs for payroll deductions. Consistency also requires a long term effort to reduce the government's share of



GNP. And it requires, for the sake of our security, a rebuilding of our national defense.

By maintaining a steady course, we have already come a decent distance. We have reduced inflation by two-thirds. Already that decline in inflation has meant that a worker in Ohio, for example, has over \$35 more purchasing power every week than he would have if inflation had kept at the rate prior to the 1980 election. We've cut the prime rate by five points, still too high, but headed lower. And we'll see real progress on interest rates when the financial markets wake up to the fact that inflation is coming down and we're going to keep it there.

The dramatic progress against inflation helps not only purchasing power but the incentives for people to save. One month does not make a trend, but the Treasury estimates that the personal savings rate rose from 4.9 percent in February to 5.7 percent in March. This is very positive news, because it shows our incentives are getting underway, and a bigger savings rate is essential to finance investments for jobs and bring down interest rates.

Well, you say, what about that darn unemployment rate? Of all our current problems, I think this one bothers me the most.

Losing a job is devastating. Unemployment, unfortunately, is the last symptom to ease as the economy improves. But I can assure you that when our program takes hold, the jobs formed as a result will be solid ones; for with economic growth will come an expansion of the job base.

Surge of woman much force - 332,000 more surplemed. Then when Trok office

So, in short, while I have worked hard for a legislative compromise, I cannot and will not compromise our future. These are complex, challenging times and I believe in the midst of so much confusion and political divisiveness, consistency is the best policy to follow.

Of course, there are other issues besides the budget. We very much want to reach an agreement with the Congress on tuition tax credit for families sending children to private schools. Let me give you a couple facts here. The overwhelming majority of so-called private schools are church-supported -- Catholic, Protestant and Jewish. The majority of students are from families earning less than \$25,000. And in some of our large cities, 40 percent or more of the parochial students are from minority neighborhoods. Now, I think these parents are entitled to some relief since they're supporting two school systems and only using one. We want to redress this inequity.

I hope when you return home you will let the people know we are trying to lay a stable economic base that will provide prosperity for the rest of the century. I hope you will tell them we are looking out for the needs of the average working people of this country who pay the bills while struggling to make ends meet. And to those who don't have work, tell them we're doing our doggone darnedest to turn things around so they can get back on the payroll.

Now, knowing how shy newsmen are, I don't suppose you have any questions. . .

WASHINGTON

April 29, 1982

MEETING WITH GOVERNOR JOHN SPELLMAN (R-WASHINGTON)

DATE:

APRIL 30, 1982 OVAL OFFICE

LOCATION:

1:30 P.M. TO 1:45 P.M.

FROM:

TIME:

RICHARD S. WILLIAMSON

I. PURPOSE

This is an opportunity for Governor Spellman to brief you on the current economic and fiscal problems facing the state of Washington. This meeting will be helpful politically to the Governor.

II. BACKGROUND

Governor Spellman has been extremely supportive of the Economic Recovery Plan. He has publicly supported the FY 82 budget cuts, block grants, and the "New Federalism."

The Governor has maintained his support for the Economic Recovery Plan in spite of significant political pressure to break with the Administration because of the severe effects of the recession upon the state of Washington.

Unemployment in the state of Washington is near 13 percent, the highest level since 1947, and at 30 percent at some of the Washington wood product mills. Boeing Aircraft recently doubled its projected end of the year layoff estimate. (See attached Wall Street Journal article.)

State revenues are substantially behind projections. Consequently, Governor Spellman has made \$1.25 billion in state budget cuts over the last year, and absorbed cuts in Federal grants totalling \$400 million.

The Governor has embarked upon some innovative programs to meet these fiscal exigencies. He has completely repriortized programs in his state Health Department, eliminating many of them. He has developed a new program for the unemployed and has made a major effort in the area of voluntary action. He is prepared to describe these innovations to you.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Governor John Spellman James M. Medas

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Jim Medas will escort Governor Spellman to the Oval Office. The Governor will make an informal presentation of the information outlined above.

Attachment: Wall Street Journal Article

Another Boeing Bust Strikes Seattle, And the Misery and Anxiety Show

By VICTOR F. ZONANA

Staff Reporter of THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

SEATTLE—The classified section of a recent Sunday Post-Intelligencer tells much of the story. A scant three pages are devoted to help-wanted ads—and most of that space is filled by aerospace companies offering jobs in Texas, Missouri, Louisiana and California.

Just a year ago the reverse was true. Boeing Co., the area's biggest employer, was scouring the nation for skilled engineers and machinists to build new generations of airliners and missiles. But the airliner boom went bust, and Boeing lost a big MX missile

The Uneven Recession contract. Suddenly, many of the people



Boeing had brought here were out of work.

"I'm very bitter," says Robin Bushman, who moved from Pasadena, Calif., with her husband, Rob-

ert, last June after Boeing offered him a job as a machinist. He was laid off less than six months later and is now back in California working for about half the salary he earned before coming here. Mrs. Bushman says she and her husband are having marital difficulties, which she blames on the stressful relocation and layoff.

"I wish I'd never heard of Boeing," says Mrs. Bushman, who feels stranded in Seattle with three children and a house she can't sell except at a big loss. The area's real estate market is sagging badly.

Misery of the 'Layoff Mode'

This is an old story in Seattle, and one that deepens the gloom of recession. The violent cycles in the commercial-airliner business have long taken their toll on this pristine city of hills and ridges surrounded by blue waters and majestic mountain ranges. But the natural beauty is little consolation for the misery and anxiety that course through the Seattle area when Boeing, as the technocrats put it, "is in a layoff mode."

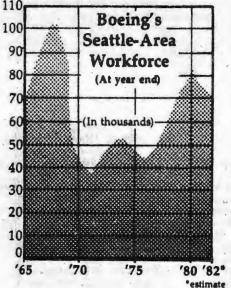
Seattle's memory is haunted by the "Boeing depression" that bottomed out 11 years ago. The company's work force was cut to 38,000 from 101,500 as nearly two out of three Boeing employes lost their jobs. The economic pain brought Seattle to its knees, since every Boeing worker supports another 2.5 employes in related and service industries.

The downturn of 1969 through 1971 "left a mark on the city's psyche," says Lyn Schroeder, administrator of Scattle's crisisline, a telephone counseling and referral service. David Holdsworth, a Boeing subcontractor executive who was thrown out of work, during that period, is now a volunteer

at the crisis line. Recalling the 1968-1971 slump, Mr. Holdsworth says: "The system broke down so badly that if you weren't in line for food stamps by 7 a.m., you wouldn't get them."

Local economists and Boeing officials say things won't get nearly as bad this time, in part because Boeing accounts for just 10% of the metropolitan area's work force, compared with 19% in 1968.

Still, employment at Boeing's Seattlearea plants is down to about 72,800 from more than 81,000 at the end of 1980. Boeing's first quarter net plunged 58% to \$61 million from the year-earlier \$144 million. Malcolm T. Stamper, Boeing's president, said at the recent annual meeting that the company might reduce the Seattle work force by as



many as 8,000 to 10,000 workers. With the local unemployment rate at 10.5% and climbing, the anxiety level is rising.

"We're talking to many more people who are depressed either because they've been laid off or because they're anxious for their jobs," says Mrs. Schroeder of the crisis line. Calls are up 50% for secondary problems related to the sagging economy: alcoholism, drug abuse, marital stress and suicide. "We had six suicides-in-progress on New Year's Eve," she says. Government cutbacks have forced her to reduce paid staff to 16 from 25, and she worries about the rising number of busy signals callers are getting.

Nowhere is the fear and loathing greater than at the five Boeing manufacturing complexes here. "Our people are scared," says Thomas F. Baker, president of the International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers union, district 751. "They're all looking over their shoulder for a layoff slip."

Rumors of big new layoffs constantly

sweep through plants. Workers are jittery, and fistfights erupt with little or no provocation. "It's dog eat dog," says Jerry Van Allen, a machinist at Boeing's sprawling Plant No. 2.

"You don't trust anybody," Mr. Van Allen adds. "You're uptight. You're wondering whether people with seniority will go after your job." In the past month, his plant, which has been hit hard by layoffs, has had four bomb threats, Mr. Van Allen says.

Disaffected employes have also started stealing company property. "Tools, building materials, paint, you name it," says Mr. Baker, the union president. One man collapsed while trying to walk through a plant gate with heavy copper tubing wrapped around his waist.

Boeing's white-collar workers also are feeling the strain. Since the start of the year, four Boeing technicians and engineers have suffered "mental irregularities," says Robert Bradford, executive director of the union for Boeing's white-collar workers. In better times, he says, there's usually just one such breakdown every six months or so.

Professionals Look Elsewhere

Since Boeing is the only big aerospace-industry employer in town, layoffs usually force professionals to seek work elsewhere. "It isn't like Los Angeles, where if Lockheed lays you off you can walk across the street to Northrop," says Mr. Bradford. The decision to leave Seattle is a difficult one for many who enjoy the Pacific Northwest's natural splendors, moderate cost of living and unhurried life style.

"I'll move to L.A. if I have to, but I don't want to," says Michael L. Welcome, who was laid off in March because of a slowdown in Boeing's 757 airliner program. The sole support for his wife and four children, Mr. Welcome, 37 years old, says he resents Boeing's way of doing business. "Boeing brings a lot of people in, but when the layoffs come they're dumped on the local job market."

Boeing says it's aware of the problem, but notes that it has successfully dampened part of the swings in employment by contracting more work out than in the past. The company also last month sweetened severance pay for workers recruited and relocated here but laid off within six months of their being hired.

But that hasn't stopped 13 workers, who were recruited between 1979 and 1981 by Boeing and subsequently laid off, from banding together and filing suit against the company in Washington State superior court. The lawsuit, whose allegations are denied by Boeing, claims that the relocated workers were led to believe they would have long-term employment. The suit seeks damages for "fraud," "misrepresentation," and "breach of contractual good faith."



WASHINGTON April 28, 1982

MEETING WITH COUNCIL FOR BETTER HEARING AND SPEECH MONTH

DATE: LOCATION: April 30, 1982 Oval Office

TIME:

1:45 - 1:55 P·m·

FROM:

ELIZABETH H. DOLE



I. **PURPOSE**

Photo opportunity with poster child, Greg Hill, and and Council representatives, including Nanette Fabray.

II. BACKGROUND

Twenty-two million Americans, one out of every ten citizens, have hearing and speech problems. May is National Hearing and Speech Month, and the photo opportunity will help the Council and its 23 sponsoring organizations to focus attention on hearing and speaking problems.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See attached list.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House press pool.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

You will be joined in the Oval Office by Greg Hill and Nanette Fabray and the Council officials.

You have your picture taken on the sofa with Greg Hill and Nanette Fabray.

You make brief comments about the importance of the Council's work.

You have a picture taken with Dr. House, Dr. Rizzo, and Ms. Williams.

You thank your guests and they depart.

ATTACHMENTS: Participants/Talking Points LIST OF PARTICIPANTS -- BETTER HEARING AND SPEECH MONTH POSTER CHILD

PARTICIPANTS

HILL, Greg (Poster child)

FABRAY, Nanette (Friend and former neighbor of the President)

HOUSE, Howard, M.D. (California sponsor of the Council for Better Hearing and Speech Month)

RIZZO, Joseph (Chairman of the Council)

WILLIAMS, Debbie (Mr. Rizzo's assistant)

ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS

The President Elizabeth Dole Virginia H. Knauer

TALKING POINTS FOR THE PRESIDENT FOR BETTER HEARING AND SPEECH MONTH VISITORS

- --Americans with hearing and speech problems are lucky to have Greg Hill and Nanette Fabray represent them for Better Hearing and Speech Month. Because of the outstanding contributions Nanette has and is making to the needs of the disabled, I was pleased to reappoint her to the National Council on the Handicapped. When Greg gets a little older, I'll appoint him to a government council also.
- --Over 22 million Americans have speech or hearing disabilities. There's much that can be done about these problems, and that is why the work Greg, Nanette, the Council for Better Hearing and Speech, and its 23 sponsoring national organizations is so important. Maybe one day one of these organizations will develop a solution to Greg's problem. And it just won't be Greg, but Sally, John, Mary and thousands of others with similar disabilities will be the benefactors.
- --I am pleased to help you inform the public about what your group is doing on what yet has to be done.
- -- Among the recent advances made to benefit the hearing handicapped, one most closely affects my Administration. Through close captions, or subtitled television, all of my speeches since I took office have been made instantly available to those who cannot hear. I feel proud knowing that, when I address the nation, I can reach all of its citizens.
- -- Just as we strive to give the mobility disabled equal access

to places, we must do everything in our power to bring equality of information to the hearing impaired. We look to this country's powerful television industry to support the close captioning service and we hope for the day that all programs will be acceptable to hearing impaired citizens.

What better time than during Better Hearing and Speech Month.

E

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1982

MEETING WITH DENISE WIECK

Date: April 30, 1982

Location: Oval Office Time: 2:00 PM

From: Dennis E. LeBlanc

I. PURPOSE

To present the President with a figure of one of the 18th and 19th century soldiers that her brother made for the President. Her brother, Mark Retter, died in mid-January of muscular dystrophy.

II. BACKGROUND

The President voiced a strong desire to meet with Denise Wieck.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Denise Wieck, Mark Retter's sister Dennis E. LeBlanc

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer only.

WASHINGTON

PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH

PROFESSOR GIOVANNI PINTO PRESIDENT OF ITALCABLE

DATE:

April 30, 1982 Oval Office

LOCATION: TIME:

2:00 pm (5 minutes)

FROM:

William F. Sittmann

I. PURPOSE

To be introduced to Professor Giovanni Pinto, President of Italcable, the communications network of Italy, and Italcable/USA.

II. BACKGROUND

In his position as President of Italcable and Italcable/USA, Professor Pinto is a prominent Italian businessman who is responsible for the entire communications network (including cable and satelite) in Italy.

Italcable/USA intends to make substantial investments in America. Mark Fowler, Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission, has had a lengthly meeting on this subject with Professor Pinto.

There is a strong possibility that Professor Pinto will be named President of the STET Group, which is the largest holding company (with assets over \$100 billion) in Italy.

Professor Pinto is a member of the Christian Democratic Party. He does not appear to be opposed or out of favor with either the Socialist or the Democratic Parties in Italy.

Italcable is the only communications network in Italy. It was started in 1921.

Professor Pinto has met Vice President Bush.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Professor Giovanni Pinto --- President of Italcable, Italcable/USA

Mr. Mario Castellani --- Bi-lingual Assistant to Professor Pinto

IV. PRESS PLAN

None, White House Photographer only.

WASHINGTON

April 29, 1982

MEETING WITH PRESIDENT'S ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS AND MINORITY OWNERSHIP

DATE:

April 30, 1982

LOCATION:

Roosevelt Room

TIME:

2:30 - 2:40

FROM:

ELIZABETH H. DOLE



I. PURPOSE

The advisory committee will play a key role in promoting your budget and economic programs to the small business community nationally. This brief meeting will demonstrate your support for their efforts and will demonstrate your interest in and support of small and minority business growth and development.

II BACKGROUND

This ten-member advisory committee was announced on February 1, 1982. Its mandate is to advise you on small and minority business concerns.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See attached list.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House press pool.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

You enter the Roosevelt Room accompanied by Elizabeth Dole.

Elizabeth Dole makes a brief introductory statement.

You make brief remarks.

Miller Hicks, Chairman of the Committee, thanks you and says a few words about the plans of the Committee.

You stand for photos with the individual committee members.

You thank your guests and depart.

PARTICIPANTS

Advisory Committee Members

R. Miller Hicks, Chairman
Alberto R. Cardenas
William Jackson Greer
Leroy W. Jeffries
Katherine D. Ortega
Lincoln Johnson Ragsdale
Stanley S. Scott
Walter Larke Sorg
Stephen Postupack
Del Green

ADMINISTRATION

Elizabeth H. Dole James C. Sanders Victor Rivera Henry Zuniga

TALKING POINTS

- -- I am very pleased to welcome you to the White House in your new role. Miller, I want to thank you for accepting the challenge of heading this committee. Your energy and dedication were amply demonstrated during your numerous campaigns on my behalf. Your talent and enthusiasm will be a tremendous asset in the effort this committee is undertaking.
- -- I would like also to thank Jim Sanders, our new Small Business
 Administration (SBA) Administrator, for joining us today. This
 committee will rely heavily on your agency for support and
 direction in order to communicate our economic message to the
 small and minority business communities.
- -- I am here to offer my support for your endeavors to bring corporate America, small business and minority businesses closer together. At the bottom line, cooperation between these sectors is simply good business for all.
- The work of each of you in this room is critical to our efforts.

 We must have a budget for 1983 that is consistent with the overall goals of our Economic Recovery Program. The support of small business is absolutely necessary if we are to convince the public and the Congress that ours is the only sound plan. We cannot tolerate a return to the spend, spend, spend methods of years past.
- -- Thank you and good luck.

WASHINGTON April 29, 1982

MEETING WITH ELIZABETH JONES

DATE:

Friday, April 30, 1982

LOCATION:

Oval Office

TIME:

2:45 p.m. (10 minutes)

FROM:

Dave Fischer

I. PURPOSE

To provide Elizabeth Jones, Chief Engraver of the U.S. Mint, an opportunity to meet with you in preparation for the striking of your official Presidential medal.

II. BACKGROUND

The Bureau of the Mint began striking the Official Presidential Series Medals in 1801 during Thomas Jefferson's administration for distribution to the Indian tribes for the signing of treaties and as expressions of friendship. The medals for George Washington and John Adams were added to the series in later years.

As the series progressed, the "Indian Peace Medals" began to be considered "Presidential Medals." In 1860 the Bureau of the Mint began making the medals available to the general public and continued to do so during every administration.

The 3 inch bronze Presidential medals now sell for \$8.00 over-the-counter in the public areas at the Mint facilities and \$8.30 by mail order. The miniature Presidential medals sell for 50¢ over-the-counter and 60¢ by mail order.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Elizabeth Jones
Donna Pope, Director of the Mint

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Dave Fischer will escort guests into Oval Office

WASHINGTON

RECOMMENDED TELEPHONE CALL

TO:	Saul Pett, Reporter for the Associated Press
DATE:	April 30, 1982
RECOMMENDED BY:	Larry Speakes
PURPOSE:	To wish Saul Pett well as he recovers from a heart attack
BACKGROUND:	Saul Pett, a well known and respected reporter for the Associated Press, recently won a Pulitzer Prize for reporting on the Federal bureaucracy.
	A few days after, he suffered a heart attack. His prognosis is listed as fair, and yesterday he walked around his room at the hospital for the first time. He is expected to be able to return to work.
	Saul Pett interviewed the President on October 2, 1981.
TOPICS OF DISCUSSION:	 Congratulations on Pulitzer Prize Sorry to hear about heart attack Recall interview last October Good wishes for recovery
TELEPHONE NUMBER:	691-3771 (Room B-27, Commonwealth Hospital, Fairfax, Virginia)
ACTION:	

WASHINGTON

April 30, 1982

PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH THE CHAIRMAN OF THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON HOUSING

DATE: APRIL 30, 1982

TIME: 2:00 P.M. (10 MINUTES)

LOCATION: OVAL OFFICE

FROM: CRAIG L. FULLER

I. PURPOSE

William McKenna has served as the Chairman of your Commission on Housing. It has become almost a full time job for him. The Commission has finished its work and produced a final report. Bill McKenna is coming in for a photograph and should be thanked for his dedication and hard work. The report should assist us in designing longer range reforms to assist the housing industry.

II. PARTICIPANTS

William F. McKenna Secretary Sam Pierce Ed Gray Craig Fuller

III. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer only.

IV. SEQUENCE

Visit with Bill McKenna informally while photographs are taken.