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WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET

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Office/Agency

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Page 28/2 10# 1447/8

WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET

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Wednesday, May 18, 1983

1	J. Olling			
	9:00 am (30 min)	Staff Time (Baker, Meese, Deaver)	Oval Office	
	9:30 am (15 min)	National Security Briefing (Clark)	Oval Office	
	9:45 am (15 min)	Senior Staff Time	Oval Office	
	10:00 am (45 min)	Personal Staff Time	Oval Office	
	10:45 am (10 min)	Signing Veremony for SJ Res 51 honoring Andrei Sakharov (Clark/Duberstein) (Tab A) (draft rem	Rose Garden	
	11:00 am (60 min)	Cabinet Meeting (Fuller) (Tab B)	Cabinet Room	
	12:00 m (60 min)	Lunch with Key Supporters (Tuttle/Rosebush) (Tab C)	Residence	
	1:15 pm (60 min)	National Security Council Meeting (Clark) (distributed sepa	Cabinet Room erately)	
	2:15 pm (75 min)	Congressional Meetings (Duberstein) (Tab D)	Roosevelt Room	
	3:30 pm (30 min)	Personal Time	Oval Office	
	4:00 pm (15 min)		EOB 450 Pab E) Braft remarks attache	
	4:15 pm (10 min)	Attend Reception for William Ruckelshaus (Fuller/Henkel)	Indian Treaty Room	1,
	4:30 pm (5 min)	Tape Message for Cuban American (available Foundation Dinner (Bakshian/Goode) in a.m.)	Diplomatic Reception Room	
	4:35 pm (10 min)	Interview with Jess Marlow (Gergen/Speakes) (Tab F)	Map Room	
	9:05 pm N	Depart for Dropby at WH News Photographers Annual Awards Dinner (Henkel/Gergen/Speakes) (BLACK TIE) (Tab G)	Sheraton Washington Hotel	
	10:00 pm	Arrive back at White House	South Grounds	

UNP 5/17/83 4:00 pm

Wednesday, May 18, 1983



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4:35 pm 1723 (10 min)	Interview with Jess Marlow (Gergen/Speakes) (Tab F)	Map Room
9:05 pm N/	Depart for Dropby at WH News	Sheraton
	<pre>Photographers Annual Awards Dinner (Henkel/Gergen/Speakes) (BLACK TIE) (Tab G)</pre>	Washington Hotel

DO

UNP 5/17/83 4:00 pm

WASHINGTON

May 23, 1983

TO:

DAVE FISCHER

FROM:

PAM TURNER

SUBJECT:

Attendance at Meeting with the President

The following Senators attended the signing ceremony for the Resolution honoring Andrei Sakharov on Wednesday, May 18, 1983, in the Rose Garden.

ACCEPT

Robert Dole Patrick Moynihan Edward Kennedy Claiborne Pell (arrived at end of ceremony)

REGRET

Strom Thurmond Malcolm Wallop Charles Percy

WASHINGTON

May 18, 1983

TO:

Dave Fischer

FROM:

Pam Turner

SUBJECT:

Senate Attendance at Swearing-In Ceremony for William Ruckelshaus

The following Senators attended the Swearing-In Ceremony for William Ruckelshaus on Wednesday, May 18, 1983 at 4:00 p.m. in 450 EOB

Senator Robert Stafford (R-Vermont)

Regret

Staff

Senator Paul Laxalt Senator Howard Baker Senator James McClure Senator Jennings Randolph Senator Jake Garn Senator John Stennis

Senator Ted Stevens Senator Robert C. Byrd Senator John Chafee

Senator Dave Durenburger

Senator Alan Simpson Senator James Abdnor Senator Steve Symms Senator Pete Domenici

Senator Gordon Humphrey

Senator George Mitchell Senator Max Baucus

Senator Pat Moynihan Senator Dick Lugar Senator Jesse Helms

Senator David Boren

Senator Mark Hatfield Senator Dee Huddleston

Senator Slade Gorton Senator Henry Jackson

Senator Dan Quayle

Senator Lloyd Bentsen

Dave Swanson Nancy Risque Jim Baker Dave Gergen

WASHINGTON

May 18, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR DAVE FISCHER

FROM:

M. B. OGLESBY, JE

SUBJECT:

ATTENDEES AT SWEARING-IN CEREMONY

FOR WILLIAM RUCKELSHAUS

The following were in attendance at the swearing-in ceremony for William Ruckelshaus to be EPA Administrator this afternoon at 4:00 P.M. in Room 450, Old Executive Office Building:

Members of Congress

James Broyhill (R-NC)
Gene Snyder (R-KY)
Elliott Levitas (D-GA)
Guy Molinari (R-NY)
James Scheuer (D-NY)
Ed Forsythe (R-NJ)
Lyle Williams (R-OH)

Staff

House Committee on Energy and Commerce:

Arnold Havens Mike Mason Jim Christy

House Committee on Public Works and Transportation

Michael Toohey Paul Yates

Robert Dizard, Administrative Assistant to Congressman Guy Molinari

Barbara Morris Lent, wife of Congressman Norm Lent(R-NY)

cc: Dave Fischer Kathy Osborne Nell Yates

- -

SIGNING CEREMONY FOR SAKHAROV DAY RESOLUTION

Wednesday, May 18, 1983 -- 10:45 a.m. -- Rose Garden

Congress

Senator Bob Dole Senator Daniel Moynihan Senator Strom Thurmond Senator Edward Kennedy Senator Malcolm Wallop Senator Charles Percy Senator Claiborne Pell

Congressman Jack Kemp
Congressman Stephen Solarz
Congressman Dante Fascell
Congressman Don Ritter
Congressman Chris Smith
Congressman Clement Zablocki
Congressman William Broomfield
Congressman James Courter
Congressman Robert Garcia

Administration

State
Elliot Abrams
Hugh Simon
Thomas Simons
James Schumaker

Ambassador Jeane Kirkpatrick Director Charles Wick Dr. George A. Keyworth, II

White House
The President
Edwin Meese III
James A. Baker, III
Michael K. Deaver
William P. Clark
Ron Mann
Dr. John Lenczowski
Peter Sommer

Other Participants

Mr. Frederick C. Barghoorn

Yale University

Mrs. Nina P. Barghoorn

Robert Bernstein

Pres/Random House (Helsinki Watch)

Brian Berry

Chairman, Montgomery Country

Young Republicans

Professor Edward Clark

President, Long Island University

Professor Sheldon Glashow

Physics, Harvard University

Mr. Norman Hill

Member, Exec.Bd, Freedom House

Frantichek Janouch

Swedish National

Mr. Edward Klein

Khronika Press, New York City

Professor Joel Lebowitz

N.Y. Academy of Sciences/Rutgers

Mr. Melvin Levitsky

Professor Edward Lozansky

Sakharov International Committee

Mrs. Tatiana Lozansky

Mr. Charles Moser

Nikolaus von Mach

Federal Republic of Germany

Dr. Richard Pipes

Harvard University

Mrs. Irene Pipes

Dr. Frank Press

National Academy of Sciences

Mr. Orville Schell

Attorney (Helsinki Watch)
Dr. Frederick M. Seitz

Rockefeller University, New York

Mrs. Elizabeth Marshall Seitz

Mr. Charles Sutherland

Sakharov International Committee

Professor Valentine Turchin

(Personal friend of Sakharov)

Mr. Efraim Yankelevich

Mrs. Tatiana Yankelevich

(Sakharov's son-in-law/daughter)

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

May 18, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR DAVE FISCHER

FROM:

M. B. OGLESBY, JE

SUBJECT:

Presidential Ceremony Attendance

The following Members of the House of Representatives were in attendance at the 10:45 Rose Garden Ceremony this morning in honor of Dr. Andrei Sakharov:

Congressman Jack Kemp (R-New York)
Congressman James Courter (R-New Jersey)
Congressman Gus Yatron (D-Pennsylvania)
Congressman Tom Lantos (D-California)

WASHINGTON

May 18, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR DAVE FISCHER

FROM:

M. B. OGLESBY, JA

SUBJECT:

Presidential Meeting Attendance

The following individuals were in attendance at the 2:15 p.m. meeting with the President today in the Roosevelt Room concerning the MX missile:

Kenneth Dam, Deputy Secretary of State General John Vessey, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff

Members of the House of Representatives

Bob Smith (R-Oregon)
Les Aspin (D-Wisconsin)
Richard Shelby (D-Alabama)
Sam Gibbons (D-Florida)
John Bryant (D-Texas)
Bill Gradison (R-Ohio)
Norm Dicks (D-Washington)
Norm Sisisky (D-Virginia)
Fred Boucher (D-Virginia)
Guy Molinari (R-New York)
Tom Petri (R-Wisconsin)
Norm Lent (R-New York)

Staff

James Baker, Dave Gergen, M. B. Oglesby, Jr., John Dressendorfer, David Wright, Bob Kimmitt

WASHINGTON

May 17, 1983

SIGNING CEREMONY FOR JOINT RESOLUTION ON ANDREI SAKHAROV DAY

DATE:

Wednesday, May 18, 1983

PLACE:

Rose Garden

TIME:

10:45 a.m. (10 minutes)

FROM:

WILLIAM P. CLARK

KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN

I. PURPOSE

To sign a proclamation designating Saturday, May 21, 1983, as "National Andrei Sakharov Day."

II BACKGROUND

In January 1980, Andrei Sakharov, the leading Soviet human rights activist, renowned scientist and Nobel Prize Laureate, was exiled by Soviet authorities to Gorky. For three years, he has been subjected to villainous harassment, punishment, loss of his livelihood and acts of physical violence in retaliation for his outspoken advocacy of human rights.

On May 17, 1983, the House concluded action on S.J. Resolution 51 honoring Dr. Sakharov "for his tireless and courageous efforts to secure basic human freedoms for the peoples of the Soviet Union." The resolution requests that you issue a proclamation designating May 21, 1983, as National Sakharov Day and that you call upon the people of the United States and all nations of the world to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies and activities. It also requests that you urge Soviet authorities to release Sakharov and that you direct the U.S. United Nations delegation to introduce a resolution in the General Assembly calling upon that body to designate May 21 as International Sakharov Day. By signing the proclamation on May 18, you will manifest domestically and internationally the Administration's continuing concern and support for Dr.Sakharov.

III. PARTICIPANTS

List attached.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open press coverage.

cc Vice President
Ed Meese
Jim Baker
Mike Deaver
Dick Darman

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

10:30 a.m.	Guests	arrive	at	N.W.	Gate	and	are	escorted
	through	West	Wing	Lobb	y to	the	Rose	Garden.

10:40 a.m. VIP Guests are escorted to places on the Rose Garden steps.

10:45 a.m. The President enters the Rose Garden and proceed to steps to make remarks. OPEN PRESS COVERAGE.

10:50 a.m. Following remarks, the Presidents will sit at table and signs proclamation.

10:52 a.m. After signing of the proclamation, the President will shake hands with VIPs on the steps and return to the Oval Office.

Attachments:

Tab A Participants List

Tab B Remarks

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

Congress

Senator Bob Dole Senator Daniel Moynihan Senator Strom Thurmond Senator Edward Kennedy Senator Malcolm Wallop Senator Charles Percy Senator Claiborne Pell

Congressman Jack Kemp
Congresman Stephen Solarz
Congressman Dante Fascell
Congressman Don Ritter
Congressman Chris Smith
Congressman Clement Zablocki
* Congressman William Broomfield
Congressman James Courter

* Congressman Robert Garcia

Administration

State Elliot Abrams Hugh Simon Thomas Simons James Schumaker

Ambassador Jeane Kirkpatrick Director Charles Wick Dr. George A. Keyworth, II

White House
The President
Edwin Meese III
James A. Baker, III
Michael K. Deaver
William P. Clark
Ron Mann
Dr. John Lenczowski
Peter Sommer
Kenneth Duberstein

* late regret

Other Participants

Mr. Frederick C. Barghoorn

Yale University

Mrs. Nina P. Barghoorn

Robert Bernstein

Pres/Random House (Helsinki Watch)

Brian Berry

Chairman, Montgomery Country

Young Republicans

Professor Edward Clark

President, Long Island University

Professor Sheldon Glashow

Physics, Harvard University

Mr. Norman Hill

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Professor Valentine Turchin

(Personal friend of Sakharov)

Mr. Efraim Yankelevich

Mrs. Tatiana Yankelevich

(Sakharov's son-in-law/daughter)

(Dolan/AB)
May 17, 1983
3:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: SIGNING CEREMONY FOR "NATIONAL ANDREI SAKHAROV DAY" PROCLAMATION WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1983

A brilliant scientist, dissident and defender of human rights, Andrei Sakharov has been called by the Nobel committee "the conscience of mankind."

Andrei Sakharov has chosen a life of conscience. He has explained why with these simple words: "I felt that I did not have the right to keep silent."

The bold and penetrating voice of Andrei Sakharov is now in danger of being stilled. Not only is he denied his freedom, but his health is jeopardized by the lack of decent medical attention. That is why we have gathered here — to honor him, to acknowledge the world's debt to him and to do all in our power to prevent him from being silenced.

Members of the Congress who passed this Resolution, like the people in this room, are individuals of greatly differing backgrounds and persuasions. We are especially pleased to have with us today Mr. Sakharov's daughter, Tatiana, and son-in-law, Efrem, as well as the congressional sponsors of this Resolution, Senators Dole and Moynihan and Representatives Kemp and Solarz. The diversity of the distinguished groups gathered here is testimony to the appeal of Andrei Sakharov's life; it is also a tribute to the majesty of the principles he stands for.

But Andrei Sakharov's voice is not just the solitary voice of principle, of one man with courage; his voice is also the

voice of a great, good and noble people who long for freedom and just rule.

Andrei Sakharov speaks for Russia. He speaks for all the peoples under Soviet rule. No one knows this better than those who now attempt to stifle his spirit, to silence him. Rulers of totalitarian states, however great the danger they pose to the rest of mankind, are aware of the shakiness of their rule and the fragility of their claims to legitimacy. That is why they seek to stifle dissent. And that is why we must never stand by in silence as they do so.

The words of Andrei Sakharov I quoted earlier remind us that speaking the truth is more than a right or privilege, it is an obligation and a duty. In this, we must follow his lead. So today, we bear witness to these truths: that Andrei Sakharov is a man of uncommon courage and decency, and that all who value freedom and human dignity must speak out now in his defense and on his behalf.

Today we call upon the Soviet leaders to give Andrei Sakharov his freedom. The world needs his learning, his wisdom, his nobility. In observing "National Andrei Sakharov Day", May 21st, we urge the American people and all the peoples of the world to speak for Andrei Sakharov. For in doing so, we speak for ourselves, for all mankind, for all that is good and noble in the human spirit.

WASHINGTON

May 17, 1983

Cabinet Meeting

DATE: May 18, 1983 LOCATION: Cabinet Room

TIME: 11:00 A.M.

FROM: Craig L. Fuller

I. PURPOSE

The Cabinet will be briefed by David Stockman on the budget deficits and by Secretary Block on the Payment-in-Kind program.

II. BACKGROUND

Budget Review: David Stockman will review with the Cabinet the impact of this Administration's budget requests on the budget deficit. The review demonstrates graphically that our budget requests have contributed significantly to the overall deficit problem.

Payment-in-Kind Update: The PIK programs has been very successful in terms of farmer participation. However, criticisms have begun to surface regarding the cost and the fact that farmers receive such large amounts of commodities for not producing. A clarification of the programs and its cost are in order under these circumstances.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Members of the Cabinet (list attached to agenda)

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- ° David Stockman will make the presentation on the budget.
- ° Secretary Block will brief the Cabinet on the PIK program.



DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY WASHINGTON, D. C. 20250

May 16, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

JOHN R. BLOCK

SUBJECT:

Status Report on PIK Program

Background

o Worsening farm surpluses caused by record crops, weak demand due to recession, farm price supports above market-clearing levels, and strength of dollar abroad.

o At end of 1982/83 season, stocks of wheat, corn, cotton, and rice estimated to exceed generally accepted carryover needs by 50 to 150 percent.

o Rising stocks resulted in sharply lower commodity prices, depressed farm incomes and rising government program expenditures for price and income support for farmers (from \$4.0 billion in FY 1981 to \$11.6 billion in FY 1982 and projected \$21 billion for FY 1983).

Aims of PIK

- o Reducing production and stocks at the same time.
- o Ensuring adequate market supplies.
- o Minimizing direct government outlays in support of agriculture.
- o Improving conservation practices.
- o Increasing farm incomes.
- o Helping to ease storage problems.

Major Features of the PIK Program

- o Farmers must participate in acreage reduction and land diversion programs previously announced for 1983 crops.
- o In addition, farmers may idle 10-30 percent of crop acreage in return for payments-in-kind.

- o Some farmers were permitted to bid out all crop acreage in return for PIK.
- o Payments are 95 percent of usual yield for wheat, 80 percent for cotton, rice, corn, sorghum.
- o Idled acreage must be placed in an approved conserving use -- generally a cover crop such as grass or legumes.

Effects of PIK on the Farm Sector

- o 83 million acres, or about 36 percent, of the acres eligible for the land retirement program will be idled this year.
- o Surplus stocks will be drawn down sharply though not as much as the acreage reduction would imply. Ending grain stocks for 1983-84 are projected at 115.9 million metric tons (mmt.) compared to 152.6 mmt. at the end of the current year.
- o Prices should strengthen somewhat. Wheat price is projected at \$3.50-3.75 per bushel, up 3 percent from the current year. Corn price is projected at \$2.65-2.90 per bushel, up 5 percent from the current year.
- o Feed costs will rise somewhat, encouraging producers to cut back on livestock production. Smaller livestock supplies are likely to mean higher livestock prices.
- o Net farm income is expected to be \$18 to \$22 billion in 1983, about the same as last year, but approximately \$3 billion higher because of PIK.
- o More farmers will stay in business at least a year or two longer.

Effects on Related Sectors

- o PIK will have little or no effect on food prices in 1983, but will cause about a 1 percent additional increase in 1984.
- o Pronounced adverse impact on input industry sales (fertilizer, seeds, machinery) in the near term. In the long term, a financially stronger farm

sector should have a positive impact on input industries. The value of stocks of many input supplies went up after the announcement of a large sign-up.

- o Lenders should benefit from farmers' improved cash flow and reduced borrowing for production expenses.
- o Local employment may be affected, but little overall national impact (1/20 of 1 percent).
- o PIK has provided a big psychological lift to rural America -- there is hope where once we could see only despair.

Effects on Federal Budget

- o PIK is estimated to reduce outlays for commodity support programs by \$2.7 billion in FY 1984. If PIK is continued for the 1984 crops, outlay savings should total \$9.0 billion in FY 1983-86. (These are the latest estimates of savings using the same two-year PIK program assumptions that were contained in the January budget for FY 84).
- o The FY 1984 budget also proposed to hold income support (target) prices for the 1984 and 1985 crops at the 1983 level. This would require a change in the current legislation, which increases target prices each year. Savings in outlays from holding the line on target prices is estimated at \$3.8 billion for FY 1984-86. This would be in addition to the outlay savings from implementing PIK. Moreover, this policy change is needed so as to not encourage farmers to produce more when we offer programs to cut-back.
- o The book value of commodities distributed under PIK is \$7.5 billion for the 1983 crop. Should PIK be continued for the 1984 crops, the estimated book value of the commodities distributed would be roughly an additional \$4.3 billion.

Problems in Implementing PIK

o Implementation of PIK is not easy. It involves payment with commodities which is obviously more difficult than with cash. We expect patience on the part of farmers and will get the job done.

Future PIK Programs

O USDA believes it is likely that a PIK program will be necessary for the 1984 crop of wheat -- perhaps a smaller and more simplified program will lower rates of in-kind compensation. Because of the late announcement of the 1983 PIK, many winter wheat producers did not participate in the program. The weather has been good for wheat production to date, and therefore a large crop and carryover (average 1.5 billion bushels) is expected putting downward pressure on prices. It is too early to comtemplate 1984 crop programs for the other commodities since they will not be planted for another year.

C

WASHINGTON

May 18, 1983

MEETING WITH KEY SUPPORTERS

DATE: May 18, 1983

LOCATION: State Dining Room
TIME: 12:00 to 1:15 p.m.

FROM: Robert H. Tuttle

I. PURPOSE

To meet with those persons who were Key Supporters in the 1980 campaign, brief them on the achievements of the past two years, and give an overview of what you wish to accomplish in the future.

II. BACKGROUND

All of the attendees are members of the Reagan "10" Club (those individuals who raised more than \$10,000 during the campaign).

III. PARTICIPANTS

Key Supporter Group, White House Staff (list attached)

IV. PRESS PLAN

Barry Sarafin, of ABC News, and his camera crew, will film your remarks to the group in the State Dining Room. They will also film the photo opportunity in the Red Room

following your remarks.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

You will enter the State Dining Room at 12:00 noon and luncheon will be served. At 12:45 p.m., you may begin your brief remarks to the group. At the conclusion of your remarks, there will be a short question and answer period which will conclude at 1:00 p.m. From 1:00 to 1:15 p.m., there will be a receiving line in the Red Room.

Prior to the luncheon, the group will be briefed by James Baker, David Gergen, John Herrington and William Clark. Following the luncheon, they will be briefed by Secretary Regan.

WHITE HOUSE STAFF PARTICIPANTS

Vice President Bush

Lee Atwater

James Baker, III

Frederick Biebel (RNC)

William P. Clark

Helene von Damm

Michael K. Deaver

Frank Fahrenkoph, Jr. (RNC)

David Fischer

John Herrington

Edwin Meese, III

Secretary Regan

Ed Rollins

Robert Tuttle

Faith Whittlesey

D

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH SELECT BIPARTISAN HOUSE MEMBERS

DATE:

Wednesday, May 18, 1983

LOCATION:

The Cabinet Room

TIME:

2:15 p.m. (45 Minutes)

FROM:

Kenneth M. Duberstein

I. PURPOSE

To discuss the strategic forces proposal (arms control/Midgetman/MX) and to encourage support for it.

II. BACKGROUND

On Tuesday afternoon the full House Appropriations Committee voted out House Concurrent Resolution 113 which approves the release of engineering development funds for basing the Peacekeeper missile. The full House will consider the Resolution possibly as early as next week, prior to the Congressional Memorial Day recess.

Those in attendance today represent a cross section of Republican and Democrat Members who are undecided or leaning in favor of supporting the strategic forces proposal. Their support will not only aid in the passage of H.Con.Res. 113 but will assist in the approval of MX procurement funds as requested in the FY '84 Defense Authorization bill, which is scheduled tentatively to be considered early in June.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See Attachment A.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

See Attachment B.

Attachments: Participants - Attachment A.

Agenda - Attachment B.

Talking Points - Attachment

Talking Points - Attachment C. (Provided by NSC)

Attachment A

PARTICIPANTS

The President
The Vice President
Kenneth Dam, Deputy Secretary of State
General John Vessey, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff

Members of the House of Representatives

Bob Smith (R-Oregon) Doug Bereuter (R-Nebraska) Jack Edwards (R-Alabama) Les Aspin (D-Wisconsin) George Gekas (R-Pennsylvania) John McKernan (R-Maine) Charles Whitley (D-North Carolina) Ike Andrews (D-North Carolina) Dan Mica (D-Florida) Richard Shelby (D-Alabama) Tom Lantos (D-California) Sam Gibbons (D-Florida) John Bryant (D-Texas) Bill Gradison (R-Ohio) Norm Dicks (D-Washington) Don Fuqua (D-Florida) Bob Young (D-Missouri) Ed Jones (D-Tennessee) Frank Horton (R-New York) Ike Skelton (D-Missouri) Butler Derrick (D-South Carolina) Robin Tallon (D-South Carolina) Gus Yatron (D-Pennsylvania) Marge Roukema (R-New Jersey) Robin Britt (D-North Carolina) Walter Jones (D-North Carolina) Steve Neal (D-North Carolina) Tim Valentine (D-North Carolina) Norm Sisisky (D-Virginia) Phil Sharp (D-Indiana) Fred Boucher (D-Virginia) Guy Molinari (R-New York

Staff

Edwin Meese, James Baker, Michael Deaver, William Clark, Dick Darman, Craig Fuller, Dave Gergen, Kenneth Duberstein, Larry Speakes, M. B. Oglesby, Jr., John Dressendorfer, Randy Davis, John Scruggs, David Wright, Bob Kimmitt, Nancy Risque

SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

2:15 - 2:20 (5 Minutes)	Presidential remarks.
2:20 - 2:23 (3 Minutes)	President calls on Kenneth Dam, Deputy Secretary of State, for remarks on arms control aspects of the package.
2:23 - 2:25 (2 Minutes)	President calls on General John Vessey, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff, for remarks on military aspects and commitment to the package.
2:25 - 2:55 (30 Minutes)	President to open discussion with House Members.
2:55 - 3:00 (5 Minutes)	President concludes meeting.

SUGGESTED TALKING POINTS FOR MEETING WITH SELECT BIPARTISAN HOUSE MEMBERS

- -- Thank you for coming down. I believe we share a common desire both to enhance the United States' deterrent posture and to pursue arms control agreements that promote stability.
- -- The MX Peacekeeper missile, on which the legislative clock has begun to run, offers us a significant opportunity to strengthen these twin goals. It was within this context that I endorsed the recommendations of the bipartisan Commission on Strategic Forces.
- -- The key feature and central value of the Commission's recommendations is its thoughtful integration in a single package of three basic and inseparable elements: modernization, deterrence, and arms control. The Commission concluded that there is a direct relationship between specific modernization programs (like Peacekeeper) and our dual objectives of effective deterrence and arms control. I certainly share this assessment.
- -- But to give arms control a chance, I need your strong support for the bipartisan package, including deployment

of 100 Peacekeeper missiles in existing silos and development of a small, single-warhead missile. If the United States foregoes this package, the Soviet Union would not have any real incentive to agree to reductions. Further, our Western European Allies would be reluctant also to base new Pershing and cruise missiles if we fail to modernize, and such action would undercut our efforts to negotiate intermediate nuclear missile reductions in Europe.

- -- Some have questioned my commitment to arms control.

 They are flatly wrong. We will continue to pursue equitable arms reductions with great vigor.
- -- We will work closely with Congress on this vital issue.

 We have been meeting with several Members to examine how to integrate recent Congressional recommendations into our overall arms control approach. Let's close ranks and take an essential bipartisan step toward promoting stability and ensuring our national security.
- -- One last point: Many of your colleagues have expressed concern about the continued vulnerability of our ICBM force when Peacekeeper is deployed in existing silos. The Commission recognizes, as do I, that a degree of vulnerability will remain. However, failure to deploy Peacekeeper will only serve to make our total force more

vulnerable, by permitting the Soviets to concentrate on the bomber and submarine legs of the triad.

-- As you know, on Wednesday of last week, I sent a letter to several House Members. This letter addressed many of the questions that have been raised about my commitment to arms control and the Commission report. I have pledged to work with the Congress to bring about meaningful arms reductions. You have my commitment but I need your help and support in the Congress.