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WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET

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APPOINTMENTS FOR					0 0 7 - 0 1	
FOR PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULED			/ /	Subject Codes:		
Name of Document: BRIEFING PAPERS	ame of Document: BRIEFING PAPERS					
☐ H-INTERNAL						
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THE SCHEDULE OF PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN



Friday, October 21, 1983

	1	
9:00 am (30 min)	Staff Time (Baker/Meese)	Oval Office
9:30 am (15 min)	National Security Briefing (McFarlane)	Oval Office
9:45 am (15 min)	Senior Staff Time	Oval Office
10:00 am (30 min)	Personal Staff Time	Oval Office
10:30 am (90 min)	Budget Overview meeting (Darman/Fuller) (TAB A)	Cabinet Room
12:00 m (90 min)	Lunch and Personal Staff Time	Oval Office
1:30 pm (10 min)	Dropby Meeting re Natural Gas Decontrol (Fuller) (TAB B)	Cabinet Room
1:40 pm (30 min)	Personal Staff Time	Oval Office
2:10 pm (10 min)	Briefing for Interview (TAB C)	Oval Office
2:20 pm (20 min)	"Good Morning America" Interview (Gergen/Speakes)	Library
3:00 pm (30 min)	Meeting with Bipartisan Commission on Central America (McFaMane) (available lat	Cabinet Room
3:30 pm (5 min)	Taping for Saturday Radio Address (Gergen/Speakes)	Map Room
4:00 pm N	Depart for Augusta, Georgia (Henkel) (TAB D - trip	South Lawn schedule)

SUPPLEMENTARY BRIEFING MATERIAL

TAB E - Georgia Political Overview (Rollins)

Historical File

UNP 10/20/83 4:00 pm

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1:30 pm (10 min) 54.3 1:37 -1:38 (2011)	Dropby Meeting re Natural Gas Decontrol (Fuller) (TAB B)	Cabinet Room
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SUPPLEMENTARY BRIEFING MATERIAL

TAB E - Georgia Political Overview (Rollins)

WASHINGTON

BRIEFING MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: BUDGET OVERVIEW

Friday, October 21, 1983 10:30 a.m. (90 minutes) The Cabinet Room

FROM:

RICHARD G. DARMAN CRAIG L. FULLER

I. PURPOSE

This is the second of two budget "overview" meetings. The two meetings will provide relevant background and analysis for those who will participate in the subsequent budget review meetings. These are not decision meetings. (The Presidential budget decision meetings are scheduled for December.)

II. PARTICIPANTS

The President

_ The Vice President

Secretary Regan

Secretary Baldrige Secretary Shultz

—David A. Stockman

Edwin Meese III

-James A. Baker III

-- Richard G. Darman

-- Kenneth M. Duberstein

-Martin Feldstein

Craig L. Fuller

David R. Gergen

_Robert C. McFarlane

_Larry M. Speakes

John A. Svahn

- Lore WRIGHT

III. AGENDA

David Stockman will continue his analysis of what has been accomplished to date in the Administration's effort to control domestic spending and increase national security spending -- noting what this may imply for FY '85 and beyond.

The briefing book will be distributed and reviewed in the meeting.



THE SCHEDULE OF PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN





Friday, October 21, 1983

9:11 OUR

9:00 am (30 min)	Staff Time 9:17 - (Baker/Meese) 9:28- Kush	Oval Office
9:30 am (15 min)	National Security Briefing 9:33 9:45 (McFarlane) POINDERTER	Oval Office
9:45 am (15 min)	Senior Staff Time	Oval Office
10:00 am (30 min)	Personal Staff Time 9:45— 10:30-10:31 JB, DICK GROSS PHOSE	Oval Office
10:30 am (90 min)	Budget Overview meeting 10:34-12:10 (TAB A)	Cabinet Room
12:00 m (90 min)	Lunch and Personal Staff Time	Oval Office
	Dropby Meeting re Natural 1:38-1:47 Gas Decontrol	Cabinet Room
1:40 pm (30 min)	Personal Staff Time /'47	Oval Office
2:10 pm (10 min)	Briefing for Interview 2:10 (Gergen/Speakes) MS FARENCE (TAB C) DAMMAN (GES JAMAS, POULS, BARROOM,	Oval Office
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WASHINGTON

October 20, 1983

MEETING WITH BUSINESS LEADERS ON NATURAL GAS DECONTROL

DATE:

October 21, 1983

LOCATION:

Cabinet Room

TIME:

1:30 PM (10 minutes)

FROM: Craig L. Fuller

I. PURPOSE

To encourage chief executive officers of major corporations to assist administration efforts to deregulate natural gas.

II. BACKGROUND

On February 28, you sent to Congress legislation to deregulate production and first sale of natural gas. This was based upon three principles: deregulation of all gas by a date certain, contract readjustment to eliminate disincentives to produce and sell low-cost gas, and consumer protection. On July 25, the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources reported a bill which, while differing with the Administration proposal, achieves our principal goals. This legislation is tentatively scheduled for floor action on October 26. On November 1, the House Energy and Commerce Committee is scheduled to mark up a different bill. Failure in the Senate would most likely kill any hope for deregulation prior to 1985.

III. PARTICIPANTS

- -- The Vice President
- -- Secretary Hodel
- -- Approximately 30 chief executive officers of major corporations

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Secretary Hodel will brief the participants on the legislative status prior to your arrival. You and the Vice President will drop in, you will give brief remarks urging their help with Administration efforts, and then take questions.

Attachment: suggested talking points

SUGGESTED TALKING POINTS FOR NATURAL GAS MEETING

- -- I am personally committed to natural gas deregulation because only the free market will guarantee abundant supply at reasonable prices.
- -- Every law of economics tells us that when supply exceeds demand, prices fall. With the present crazy quilt system of regulations, the government is actually hurting the consumers by forcing higher prices in some cases.
- -- We need only look to our efforts to remove price controls on oil. Many of the same people who now oppose this legislation were predicting two dollar a gallon gasoline. None of these doomsayers were right; we proved that the free market works -- if only we give it a chance. The same thing will happen if this legislation becomes law.
- -- The Senate bill is not perfect -- but it is great progress and I've instructed Don Hodel to support it without amendment.
- -- Now we need your help. I have asked the Senate leadership to consider this bill this year; its tentatively scheduled for floor action late this month. All of us must push together now for success -- never have our chances been better.

MEETING ON NATURAL GAS

Friday, October 21, 1983

1:00 P.M.

The Cabinet Room

Bruce Anderson, President Texas Independent Producers & Royalty Owners Assn

John Bookout, President and CEO Shell Oil

Edwin L. Cox, Chairman of the Board Mid-Continent Oil and Gas Association

William C. Douce, Chairman and CEO Phillips Petroleum Company

H.J. Elam III, Vice President Cone Mills Corporation

Louis Fernandez, Chairman Monsanto Company

Joe Bill Foster, CEO Tenneco Oil Company

Clifton C. Garvin, Chairman Exxon Corporation

Michel T. Halbouty
Michel T. Halbouty Energy Company

Wayne Harman, Executive Director Louisiana Independent Producers and Royalty Owners

Robert Hicklin, Vice President Reeves Brothers Inc.

John Rex Jones, IPAA President-elect Jones Exploration Company

Harry Keegan, President, Oil & Gas Division Union Oil Company

Kenneth Lay, President Transco Energy Company

John K. McKinley, Chairman Texaco, Inc.

C. John Miller Miller Brothers

Richard M. Morrow, Chairman Standard Oil Company (Indiana)

Robert Mosbacher, Sr., Chairman Mosbacher Production Company

Paul F. Oreffice, President and CEO Dow Chemical Company

Robert L. Parker, Chairman Parker Drilling Company

Ray H. Potts, President Oklahoma Independent Petroleum Association

Toy Reid, Executive Vice President Eastman Kodak Company

Wilfred P.Schmoe, Vice Chairman Conoco, Inc.

William T. Smith, Chairman and CEO Champlin Petroleum Company

Jimmy Lawrence Terrill, President Louisiana Intrastate Gas Corporation

Donald Trautlein, Chairman Bethlehem Steel

Kye Trout, Jr., Chairman and President IPPA

Harrold E. Wright, Past Chairman Natural Gas Supply Association

Charles Parry, Chairman ALCOA

WASHINGTON

October 20, 1983

INTERVIEW WITH DAVID HARTMAN FOR GOOD MORNING AMERICA

DATE: Friday, October 21 PLACE: Library (Residence)

TIME: 2:20 p.m. (20 minutes)

FROM: Dave Gergen

Larry Speakes

I. PURPOSE

To lead off a week-long series on education with the President's views on what U.S. education problems are and what can be done to solve them.

II. BACKGROUND

ABC is planning this series in education featuring activities that are actually working in schools. They would like the President to help kick off the series with this interview. Other features planned during the week include the Adopt-A-School program, a profile of a perfect school, a profile of a good program for preparing teachers, and a profile of a special teacher.

ABC's figures show Good Morning America with a 4.2 rating (3.5 million viewers).

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President David Hartman

IV. PRESS PLAN none

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

The interview will be in two parts: The first seven minutes will be an opportunity for David Hartman to ask questions of general interest (e.g., U.S.-Soviet relations, Lebanon, politics), followed by seven minutes of discussion of education issues.

VI. BRIEFING

Pam Bailey has prepared the attached briefing paper.

RR'S VIEWS ON EDUCATION

- O <u>U.S.</u> has the best public school system in the world. RR is confident that with parents, teachers and communities working together America can meet the challenge to get it back on track.
- o When RR came to office, <u>our educational system had</u> <u>problems</u>. Average student was not competitive with those of other industrialized nations:
 - -- Between 1963 and 1980 SAT's were in unbroken decline.
 - -- Too little was demanded of students. Graduation requirements were lax.
 - -- Thirteen percent of 17-year olds were functional illiterates.
 - -- Most students had less than 1 hour of homework.

Solution:

- o RR believes excellence in education requires greater emphasis on basics and broader vision for education -- involvement of parents, communities, churches and work place.
- o More money without reforms is <u>not</u> the answer. Federal spending boom (20 fold increase in 23 years) began at the same time SAT's started dropping.
- o We don't have an education problem because we're not spending enough. We have an education problem because we're not getting our money's worth for what we spend.
- o RR has met with parents, teachers, students, and principals around the country -- including Minnesota, Tennessee, Kansas, Kentucky, California and New Mexico.
 - -- All say the same thing: Basics, tough standards and good discipline, good teachers and demanding principals make the difference.
 - -- RR has seen the difference first hand at Providence-St. Mel's in Chicago. Known as the "hard-work high school," 100% of the innercity graduates go to college.

KEY POINT: If there's one fundamental lesson we've all been reminded of since the Commission's report came out -- RR's seen it on the news and with some of the teachers and principals we've brought into the White House -- one person can make a difference.

RESPONSE TO EXCELLENCE IN EDUCATION REPORT

- O Commission on Excellence report is good news. Serving to energize and mobilize country to improve education.
- o Since the report was released in April:
 - 1. Many states (including the largest) and localities have taken action on the Commission's findings.
 - -- This fall 40% of nation's largest school districts have implemented new high school graduation requirements. And 2/3 of these large schools are considering additional requirements.
 - -- Indiana State Board of Education recently raised standards dramatically.
 - -- Florida has enacted major educational reforms, with stiffened graduation requirements, merit pay, and math and science initiatives. Goal is to raise student achievement to upper quarter of states by 1986.
 - -- Washington State approved a loan forgiveness program for students and teachers who plan to teach math and science.
 - -- California passed a major reform of its educational system, including increased graduation requirements, a longer school day and year, and loan forgiveness for students who plan to teach math and science. Governor Deukmejian proposed 51% of state budget go to education -- first real dollar increase in 7 years (no new taxes).
 - -- <u>Illinois State</u> legislature approved tougher graduation requirements and a master teacher concept.
 - -- New York State Board of Regents approved major reforms, including new graduation standards, a longer school year and new curriculum standards.
 - -- In San Diego, students must have at least 2 hours of homework every night. And they need a "C" average to participate in extracurricular activities.

- -- Memphis now requires its students to have at least a "C" average to graduate.
- -- Denver has cut curriculum to 500 courses (down from 650) and it may be cut further.
- 2. Civic and business groups are pitching in, too:
 - * RR's Office of Private Sector Initiatives has set up a National Partnerships-in-Education program. Will work with a nationwide computer system -- Datanet -- to help schools and partners get together. Program goal is for all 110,000 U.S. schools to form a "partnership-in-education" with a local business or community group.
 - -- RR has asked all government agencies to be "partners." White House has adopted Congress Heights Elementary School in D.C.
 - -- ABC has joined Partnership Program. Its week-long education series is part of its contribution and will include a segment on San Diego Adopt-a-School Project. (NBC and CBS have also joined Partnership program.)
 - -- In Dallas, over 1,000 businesses have formed partnerships with 140 schools.
 - -- <u>In Chicago</u>, 133 businesses are partners with 140 schools.
 - -- San Diego schools are partners with the Chargers, the Padres and the Navy.