Ronald Reagan Presidential Library Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual collections.

Collection: Blackwell, Morton: Files

Folder Title: White House Outreach Working Group on Central America (13 of 18)

Box: 58

To see more digitized collections visit: https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library inventories visit: https://reaganlibrary.gov/document-collection

Contact a reference archivist at: reagan.library@nara.gov

Citation Guidelines: https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing

National Archives Catalogue: https://catalog.archives.gov/

Document No. 1465465PL

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM OFFICE OF PUBLIC LIAISON

Faith Ryan Whittlesey
Assistant to the President
Ext. 2270

Document No.	146546SS

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: July 11, 1983 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: July 13, 1983, 5:00 p.m.

SUBJECT: Enrolled Bill H.R. 1271 -- Presidential Certification on Conditions in El Salvador

ACTION FYI					ACTION FYI	
VICE PRESIDENT				HARPER	V	
MEESE				HERRINGTON		
BAKER				JENKINS		. 🗆
DEAVER			2	McMANUS		
STOCKMAN				MURPHY		
CLARK		0		ROGERS		
DARMAN		□P	₽ SS	ROLLINS	٥	
DUBERSTEIN				VERSTANDIG	4	
FELDSTEIN			. 0	WHITTLESEY	7	
FIELDING		D		BRADY/SPEAKES		
FULLER		V	, 🗆			
GERGEN		M				

REMARKS:

Please forward comments on this enrolled bill to my office by 5:00 Wednesday, July 13.

Thank you.

RESPONSE:

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

JUL 11 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Enrolled Bill H.R. 1271 - Presidential Certification on

Conditions in El Salvador

Sponsors - Rep. Studds (D) Massachusetts and eight

others

Last Day for Action

July 16, 1983 - Saturday

Purpose

Requires the President to make certain determinations as part of his certification on progress in El Salvador in the human rights and political areas.

Agency Recommendations

Office of Management and Budget

Approval

Department of State National Security Council Approval(Titlessee 1)
Approval

Discussion

Section 728 of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1981 (P.L. 97-113) requires the suspension of all military assistance and sales to El Salvador and the prompt withdrawal from El Salvador of members of the Armed Forces performing defense services and related activities unless the President certifies to the Speaker of the House and the Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that the Government of El Salvador:

- (a) is making a concerted effort to comply with internationally recognized human rights;
- (b) is achieving substantial control over all elements of its own armed forces to bring an end to their indiscriminate torture and murder of Salvadoran citizens;
- (c) is making progress in implementing economic and political reforms; and
- (d) is committed to the holding of free elections.

Such certification, made thirty days after enactment of P.L. 97-113 and required every one hundred and eighty days thereafter, is currently due to the Congress on July 29, 1983. H.R. 1271 would amend P.L. 97-113 by requiring the President to determine that, in addition to certifying items (a) through (d) noted above for the fourth certification, the Government of El Salvador has made good faith efforts both to investigate the murders of the seven United States citizens in El Salvador in December 1980 and January 1981 and to bring to justice all those responsible for those murders, and has taken all reasonable steps to investigate the killing of Michael Kline in El Salvador in October 1982. Similar certifications regarding the murders of United States citizens have already been made twice as required under section 728.

Such certification and determination requirements are generally viewed by the Administration as counterproductive, particularly in this case where the Administration is already taking the initiative required by H.R. 1271. Although the enrolled bill further impinges on the President's ability to conduct foreign policy, the Administration has previously indicated no objection to its enactment, given the Administration's commitment to the complete investigation into the murders in question.

The enrolled bill passed the House and Senate by voice vote.

(Signed) James M. Frey

Assistant Director for Legislative Reference

Enclosures

THE WHITE HOUSE



WASHINGTON July 19, 1983

MEMORANDUM TO: ARAM BAKSHIAN

FROM:

Morton C. Blackwell

SUBJECT:

Text of Presidential Remarks: Briefing

for Central American Outreach Group,

July 20, 1983

Mrs. Whittlesey asked me to respond directly to you.

I think these are very strong and useful remarks.

We are distributing at this meeting a new "White House <u>Digest</u>" paper which served as background material for Landon Parvin's excellent draft.

MCB:jet

cc: Faith Ryan Whittlesey

Document No.	

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: July 19th ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE TY: 1:00 TODAY

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	I FY
VICE PRESIDENT			HARPER		
MEESE		V	HERRINGTON		
BAKER		V	JENKINS		
DEAVER			McMANUS		
STOCKMAN	0/		MURPHY		
CLARK	' \	o,	ROGERS		
DARMAN	□P	₩ss.	ROLLINS		
DUBERSTEIN			VERSTANDIG		٦
FELDSTEIN			WHITTLESEY	- P	-
FIELDING			BRADY/SPEAKES		
FULLER					
GERGEN	abla				

Please provide any edits directly to Aram Bakshian by 1:00 today, with an information copy to my office.

Thank you.

RESPONSE:

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: BRIEFING FOR CENTRAL AMERICA OUTREACH GROUP JULY 19, 1983

Welcome to the White House. I wish the occasion for your visit today was a more enjoyable one -- but it couldn't be more important. We are gathered here to draw attention to the growth of an anti-Semitic government near the borders of the United States.

A situation exists in Nicaragua today where Jews, in what can only be called a grim echo of history, have been threatened, arrested and mistreated to the point they have fled their homeland. The persecutors are not Nazis; they are Sandinistas — blood brothers of the PLO. This brotherhood has spawned a new strain of vicious anti-Semitism in our hemisphere dedicated to the destruction of Israel. The Sandinistas have trained with the PLO. They have fought side-by-side with the PLO and the PLO has fought with them. They espouse the same principles and the same hate.

Virtually the entire small Jewish community in Nicaragua has been forced into exile over the past several years. In 1978, Sandinista supporters torched the door of the Managua synogogue while services were going on. Today, the Sandinistas have confiscated that synogogue and turned it into a government youth center. The Stars of David are papered over with propaganda posters. Even before the Sandinistas took power they frightened many of Nicaragua's Jews into exile.

After the takeover, some Jews were turned out of their homes, their property confiscated. Others were subjected to death threats or arrests. The remaining Jews fled their country.

In neighboring El Salvador, there is a similar alliance between the communist guerrillas and the PLO. They proclaim common goals and solidarity of purpose. And Jewish people everywhere must know the grim consequences if such an alliance ever triumphs. But it will not triumph in El Salvador if we do our part now to support the forces of freedom and tolerance. We must -- and we will -- oppose anti-Semitism wherever we find it.

When the world fully understands the intentions and consequences of communist rule in Central America, it will appreciate what the United States is trying to do there. Our goal is nothing less than to protect human liberty and dignity.

The United States stands for religious freedom. That is why the Pilgrims first set foot here. And our belief in religious freedom is one more reason we must give assistance to those in Central America who are fighting totalitarian, anti-Semitic forces.

I hope when you leave here today you will discuss what you've heard with others. Let them know that communism in Central America means not only the loss of political freedom, but religious freedom as well. Now, I believe you have some questions.



THE WHITE HOUSE

1/20/83 -12: 40 p.m. Valerce called.

MCB not to return call.

Will be handled by Mary Ann Meloy

MEMORANDUM TO: FAITH RYAN WHITTLESEY

THROUGH: Mary Ann Meloy

SUBJECT:

Press Request

DATE:

FROM:

September 20, 1983

Morton C. Blackwell

REPORTERS NAME:	Bob Perry
MEDIA OUTLET:	AP
TELEPHONE NUMBER:	833-5331
America. Wants to	Follow-up to earlier story on Central know if the President has changed his tism in Nicaragua since his talk of July 20?
REQUESTED/PRONEXXX	XX INTERVIEW DATE: ASAP
HOW: In Person	Telephone Yes
	Tape Live
FAITH RYAN WHITTLE	SEY: Approve:
	Disapprove:
Press Office: Cal	led in:
Cle	ared :
Not	Cleared :
-	

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH: OUTREACH WORKING GROUP ON CENTRAL AMERICA

DATE: Wednesday, August 3, 1983

**LOCATION: Room #2010 - NEW EXECUTIVE OFFICE BUILDING

TIME: 2:30 p.m.

I. PURPOSE:

To brief certain individuals from the public sector on matters relating to Central America and the Administration policies.

II. BACKGROUND:

This is the 12th in a series of meetings of the White House Outreach Working Group on Central America chaired by Faith yan Whittlesey. The first meeting occurred on May 18, 1983 at which time approximately 35 people were in attendance. Since that time, public interest and awareness has grown to such a point that more than 145 organizations are represented at meetings of the Outreach Working Group. The meeting of July 20th, at which the President spoke, saw more than 195 people in attendance.

III. PARTICIPANTS:

The Honorable John F. Lehman, Secretary of the Navy

IV. PRESS PLAN:

None.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS:

- 2:25 p.m. Faith Ryan Whittlesey arrives at Room #2010
 New Executive Office Building
- 2:30 p.m. Faith Ryan Whittlesey opens program
- 2:45 p.m. Faith Ryan Whttlesey introduces main speaker,
 The Honorable John F. Lehman, Secretary of the
 Navy

VI. ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Talking points
- 2. Introduction for Speaker John F. Lehman
- 3. Agenda for meeting (previously forwarded)

TALKING POINTS

- Welcome to the White House Complex and the TWELFTH in a series of meetings regarding Central America.
- For those of you who were present when Dr. Richard Wirthlin briefed the group, you know that poll data clearly shows that the overwhelming majority of the American public supports the Administration's policies on Central America when they "hear it like it is." When they understand why the Administration has taken a particular stand.
- President Reagan KNOWS how important Central America's well-being is to the well-being of the United States and, indeed, to the Americas. The President has addressed a Joint Session of the Congress in April of this year. He has twice appeared on television to let the American public know why he is concerned about the worsening situation in Central America. Why he is concerned about the spread of Communism to our very borders.
- The various briefings given in our Outreach Working Group series have touched upon parts of the many faceted situation we are facing in Central America. Administration spokesmen have "told it like it is" and their message has been clear --- we cannot ignore the problems that are present in Central America in the hopes that by doing so, they will vanish.
- I have been very gratified by the interest in Central America which has been evidenced by the number of people who regularly attend our meetings and by the activities which have been undertaken by various groups represented at these meetings to "tell it like it is" to their constituencies.

- I must apologize that the press of activities today will only allow me to be with you for a very short time. But I am pleased to announce that Dr. Fred Ikle, Under Secretary of Defense for Policy will be speaking to us next Wednesday on the "Future Prospects for Central America." Please note the bottom of your Agenda today for the time and place of the meeting.
- Now, let's take a few minutes before we introduce our featured speaker, Secretary of the Navy John Lehman, to hear from you --- reporting on activities in which you have recently been engaged, "telling it like it is on Central America."
- Mr. Robert Baldwin, Executive Director of the Central American Freedom Alliance has asked for a few minutes to report on their activities.

INTRODUCTION

- When JOHN F. LEHMAN, JR. took the oath of office on February 5, 1981, he became the youngest man in this Century to occupy the position as Secretary of the Navy.
- Secretary Lehman has actively pursued increased involvement and responsibilities in defense affairs since the late 1960s.
- In government and as a businessman, scholar, and author, he has been committed professionally and personally to the principles of a strong maritime posture.
- Secretary Lehman has been serving in the United States
 Naval Reserve for the past 15 years and was recently
 promoted to Commander. (John, someday I want you to
 tell me if a Navy Captain or Admiral addresses you as
 "sir" or is it the other way around?)
- Secretary Lehman has held positions as Senior Staff
 Member to Dr. Henry Kissinger on the National Security
 Council. Served as Deputy director of the U.S. Arms
 Control and Disarmament Agency, and Delegate to the
 Mutual Balanced Force Reduction Negotiations in Vienna.
- John Lehman is a graduate of St. Joseph's College,
 Cambridge University and holds a Ph.D. in International
 Relations from the University of Pennsylvania.
- Secretary Lehman has authored several publications on defense and foreign relations subjects and, most recently, was President of a Washington, D.C. management firm specializing in Defense matters.
- It gives me great personal pleasure to introduce to you The Honorable John F. Lehman, Jr., Secretary of the Navy.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

OUTREACH WORKING GROUP ON CENTRAL AMERICA

FAITH RYAN WHITTLESEY
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR PUBLIC LIAISON,
CHAIRMAN

Meeting of:
Wednesday, August 3, 1983
2:30 p.m.
Room #2010 - NEW EXECUTIVE OFFICE BUILDING

AGENDA

- I. HIGHLIGHTS OF ACTIVITIES OF GROUPS BRIEFED BY WHITE HOUSE OUTREACH WORKING GROUP ON CENTRAL AMERICA
- II. THE STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE OF THE CARIBBEAN SEA LANES Speaker: The Honorable John Lehman, Secretary of the Navy

Next Meeting of the Outreach Working Group on Central America Wednesday, August 10, 1983 2:30 p.m.

Suite #450 - Old Executive Office Building
Speaker: Dr. Fred Ikle, Under Secretary of Defense for Policy

For more information/to attend, contact:

Joyce Thomann (456-2657), Office of Public Liaison

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

O - OUTGOING				
H - INTERNAL		2000年1月1日		
D - INCOMING				
Date Correspondence 3 received (YY/MM/DD)	108 108			
	1			
NAME OF CORRESPONDENT:	Bu Brigat			
M / M	0		The State of the	
PL Mail Report	User Codes: (A)	(B)	(C)	
SUBJECT: Central	America X	Buelini		
30BJE 10BJE 10B		1	N. Walley	A 1888 A
				Line of the state of
一、水平、水水等。		TAR WALLEY	加速加速的层层线	4.种种的影响
7、"先生"的人名阿拉格里				
ROUTE TO:	ACTION		DISPOSITION	
(4) 有数据的,普通证明的数据是		Tracking 1	Гуре	
OUT - March No A	Action	Date	of.	Completion Date
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Cook	/Y/MM/DD Res	sponse Code	YY/MM/DD
PLMORE	ORIGINATOR	108108		1 1
	Referral No. Di			
PLBLAC	I 83	108108	C8	3108 108
IN White acceptance of the first	DDI Y		国现代第一张的 图19	Don.
	Referral Note:			allous with the last
		1 1 2	K-300 - 200	1 12
	Referral Note:			ASSESSED FOR THE SAME
表示意思,因为在 不		1 1	副 编列的1分层	1 1
型 10 元 10	The second second	Have bettern to the	SCHOOL STATE	然东西的老领家
	Referral Note:		(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	
			_	
ACTION CODES:		DISPOSITION CODES:	FOR OUTGOING CO	
	o Copy Only/No Action Necessary irect Reply w/Copy	A - Answered B - Non-Special Referra	Type of Response	
D - Draft Response 5 - Fo	or Signature	* C-Completed	Completion Date	= Date of Outgoing
F - Furnish Fact Sheet to be X - In	terim Reply	S - Suspended	1	
COMMENTS:	本版版图			AUSTRAL COSTA
COMMUNICATION.			ight each it.	MATERIAL STATE OF STA
		AND THE RESERVE AND THE	STATE OF STA	Marie Cold of State of

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter. Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB). Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files. Refer questions about the Correspondence Tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590

8 CAMPUS CRUSADE FOR CHRIST INTERNATIONAL

Arrowhead Springs, San Bernardino, California 92414, U.S.A. Telephone (714) 886-5224 William R. Bright, President

August 1, 1983



Mrs. Faith Ryan Whittlesey Assistant to the President for Public Liaison The White House Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mrs. Whittlesey:

Word of your kind invitation to attend a special briefing on U.S. national security and our Central American policy on July 28 was brought to me by telephone. I regret very much that a previous commitment, which I was unable to change, made it impossible for me to be with you.

I do want to mention that I am strongly committed to whatever U.S. involvement is necessary in Latin American countries to help build bridges of friendship. As you may know, we have ministries in every country in South America, and I applaud all efforts that are made to build such bridges of friendship to the Latin American people. Thank you again for your kind invitation.

Yours for fulfilling the Great Commission in this generation

WRB:ben

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH: OUTREACH WORKING GROUP ON CENTRAL AMERICA

DATE:

Wednesday, August 17, 1983

LOCATION:

Room #450 - OEOB

TIME:

2:30 p.m.

I. PURPOSE:

To present certain Administration policies on Central America to individuals from the public sector.

II. BACKGROUND:

This is the 14th in a series of meetings of the White House Outreach Working Group on Central America Chaired by Faith Ryan Whittlesey. The first meeting occurred on May 18, 1983 at which time approximately 35 people were in attendance. Since that time, public interest and awareness has grown to such a point that more than 145 organizations are represented at meetings of the Outreach Working Group.

III. PARTICIPANTS:

The Honorable M. Peter McPherson, Administrator Agency for International Development

Colonel Samuel T. Dickens, USAF (Ret.) Director New World Dynamics

IV. PRESS PLAN:

No press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS:

- 2:29 p.m. Faith Ryan Whittlesey arrives at Room #450 Old Executive Office Building
- 2:30 p.m. Faith Ryan Whittlesey opens program
- 2:40 p.m. Faith Ryan Whittlesey introduces main speaker,
 The Honorable M. Peter McPherson, Administrator
 Agency for International Development

VI. ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Talking points
- 2. Introduction for Speaker M. Peter McPherson
- 3. Agenda for meeting

TALKING POINTS

- Welcome to the White House Complex and the FOURTEENTH in a series of meetings on Central America.
- All of you in this room today are present because you are action oriented. You are the thought leaders of the groups you represent, your industry, and your community.
- You are here today because you have an interest in our neighbors in Central America and a genuine appreciation of the fact that <u>OUR</u> freedom depends on the freedom of our hemispheric neighbors.
- Monday of this week when President Reagan spoke to the VFW's Annual Convention in New Orleans, he talked about Central America in terms that I believe deserve repeating. The President told why you and I are here today and why so many wonderful individuals in this Administration, such as Peter McPherson, have given so generously of their time to be here to brief you on the situation in Central America and to answer your questions. We are all a part of what the President called "the Neighborhood Watch." The "Neighborhood Watch" is a program which has sprung up all over the United States. It's where neighbors keep an eye on each other's homes so outside

trouble makers and bullies will think twice. The President equated his policies in Central America to that of a "Neighborhood Watch." And he noted that because of communist aggression which is taking place today in Central America, our "Neighborhood Watch" isn't there to protect someone's silverware or television set, we are protecting something much more valuable -- freedom.

- In 1980, the American people made it clear they wanted a new direction in foreign affairs. Yet, as the President observed the other day, changing America's foreign policy is a little like towing an iceberg. You can only pick up speed as the frozen attitudes and mistakes of the past melt away. As I said at the outset of my remarks, you are here because you are the thought leaders and I believe you have an interest in melting away the frozen attitudes of the past and preventing the recurrence of past mistakes.
- The past Monday, the President also spoke about our Caribbean Basin Initiative which is designed to help the nations there help themselves through trade and private investment. Our speaker today, Mr. Peter McPherson, Administrator of the Agency for International Development will tell us more about the economic aid which is being given to Central America.

- But before I introduce our featured speakers, I want to take a few minutes to hear from you. From those of you who want to share the results of your activities on the other end of the tow line of the iceberg.

INTRODUCTION

- President Reagan nominated M. Peter McPherson, a former
 Peace Corps Volunteer, to be the Administrator of the
 Agency for International Development on January 29, 1981.
 As Administrator of AID, Mr. McPherson oversees and
 directs U.S. economic development operations in more
 than 60 Third World countries. He is also Chairman
 of the Board of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation.
- Prior to being appointed as the Administrator of AID,

 Mr. McPherson served as Acting Counsel to President

 Reagan and General Counsel to the Reagan-Bush Transition.
- And prior to that, he was a partner and head of the Washington offices of Vorys, Sater, Seymour and Pease, an Ohio law firm.
- During Mr. McPherson's Peace Corps Volunteer days,
 he served in Peru where he worked on the school feeding
 programs, organized credit unions and later worked
 in Aid's Private Enterpries Office in Lima.
- President Ford appointed Mr. McPherson to the Board for International Food and Agricultural Development where he was a member of the Joint Committee on Agriculture Development and Chairman of its Latin American Work Group.

- Mr. McPherson received his BA from Michigan State
 University; his MBA from Western Michigan University
 and his JD from American University.
- Before you begin your remarks, Peter, I want to thank you for giving so generously of your time to be with us. It is a testimony to your commitment to the President's policies for Central America.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

OUTREACH WORKING GROUP ON CENTRAL AMERICA

FAITH RYAN WHITTLESEY,
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR PUBLIC LIAISON,
CHAIRMAN

Meeting of: Wednesday, August 17, 1983 2:30 p.m., Room #450 - OEOB

AGENDA

- I. HIGHLIGHTS OF ACTIVITIES OF GROUPS BRIEFED BY THE WHITE HOUSE OUTREACH WORKING GROUP ON CENTRAL AMERICA.
- II. ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE TO CENTRAL AMERICA
 Speaker: The Honorable M. Peter McPherson,
 Administrator
 Agency for International Development
- III. EL SALVADOR TODAY
 Speaker: Colonel Samuel T. Dickens, USAF (Ret.)
 Director
 New World Dynamics

Next Meeting of the Outreach Working Group on Central America: Wednesday, August 24, 1983 2:30 p.m., Room #450-OEOB Speaker: Ambassador Vernon A. Walters

For more information/to attend, contact:
Mrs. Joyce Thomann (456-2657), Office of Public Liaison

Document No. 14697255PL

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM OFFICE OF PUBLIC LIAISON

1	La	1/0	et Bepar	uso r) Con
the Cen	llal	Ame	lear		
		* *	4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4	A S S Syk	
	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
WHITTLESEY			MORRISON		
VIPOND		□ ′	RIGGS		
ROUSSELOT		₽ □	TILLER		
BLACKWELL	D		VILA		
BRADLEY			VILLALPANDO		
BUCKALEW			BENSCHOTER		
GALE			GRAF		
JACOBI	İ		SHORTLY		
JEPSEN			SUNDSETH		k,
KOJELIS		10.	MORECI		
MELOY		Marine.			

Most of the groups now vigorously supporting the

Bresident's policy in Central America are not forms of

Bresident's policy in Central America are not forms of

Doctor Kissinger. From the standpoint of grassingly

Support for the president, the somer the Commission

Support for the president, the somer the Commission

Expires, the better. A two month extension will Assistant to the President

be tolerable. Any further extention will Assistant to the President

Ext. 2270 RESPONSE: be very demonalizing. M. Abrhaell 8/22/83

Document No.	146972SS
Document it	14071200

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 8/22/83 ACTI	ON/CONCURR	ENCE/CO	MMENT DUE BY: 8/25/	83	
SUBJECT: PROPOSED EXECT		ER - N	ATIONAL BIPARTISAN	COMMISSION C	ON
	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT			HARPER		
MEESE			HERRINGTON		
BAKER		P	JENKINS		
DEAVER			McMANUS		
STOCKMAN			MURPHY		
CLARK			ROGERS		
DARMAN ;	□Р	₩SS	ROLLINS	O.	
DUBERSTEIN			VERSTANDIG		
FELDSTEIN			WHITTLESEY		
FIELDING	DB/		BRADY/SPEAKES	Ó	
FULLER			-		
GERGEN	02/				

REMARKS:

May we have your comments on the attached executive order by Thursday, August 25. Thank you.

RESPONSE:



Received S S 1983 AUG 22 PM 12: 49

U.S. Department of Justice
Office of Legal Counsel

Office of the Assistant Attorney General

Washington, D.C. 20530

AUG 2 2 1983

The President,

The White House,

My dear Mr. President:

I am herewith transmitting a proposed Executive order entitled "National Bipartisan Commission on Central America."

This proposed order was submitted by the Department of State, through the National Security Council. It has been forwarded for the consideration of this Department as to form and legality by the Office of Management and Budget with the approval of the Director.

The proposed Executive order is approved as to form and legality.

Respectfully,

Theodore B. Olson

Assistant Attorney General Office of Legal Counsel



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

August 18, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR:

THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

DAVID A. STOCKMAN

SUBJECT:

PROPOSED EXECUTIVE ORDER ENTITLED "NATIONAL BIPARTISAN COMMISSION ON

CENTRAL AMERICA"

SUMMARY. This memorandum forwards for your consideration a proposed Executive order which would extend the time for submission of the report of the National Bipartisan Commission on Central America.

BACKGROUND. Executive Order No. 12433 of July 19, 1983, established the National Bipartisan Commission on Central America and provided that it would report to the President by December 1, 1983. The Chairman of the Commission has requested that the reporting date be moved to February 1, 1984, to permit the Commission more time to complete its study. The proposed order would grant the requested extension of the reporting deadline.

None of the affected agencies has objected to the proposed order.

RECOMMENDATION. I recommend that you sign the proposed order.

Enclosure



U.S. Department of Justice

Office of Legal Counsel

Office of the Assistant Attorney General

Washington, D.C. 20530

AUG 2 2 1983

MEMORAN DUM

Re: Proposed Executive order entitled "National Bipartisan Commission on Central America"

The attached proposed Executive order was submitted by the Department of State, through the National Security Council. It has been forwarded for the consideration of this Department as to form and legality by the Office of Management and Budget with the approval of the Director.

The proposed Executive order would, by amending Executive Order No. 12433, 48 Fed. Reg. 33227 (July 21, 1983), extend the life of the National Bipartisan Commission on Central America from December 1, 1983 to February 1, 1984.

The proposed Executive order is acceptable as to form and legality.

Theodore B. Olson Assistant Attorney General Office of Legal Counsel



OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

August 18, 1983

Honorable William French Smith Attorney General Washington, D. C. 20530

Dear Mr. Attorney General:

Enclosed, in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order No. 11030, as amended, is a proposed Executive order entitled "National Bipartisan Commission on Central America."

The proposed Executive order was submitted by the Department of State, through the National Security Council. The proposal would extend until February 1, 1984, the time for submission of the Commission's report.

Your staff may direct any questions concerning this proposed Executive order to Mr. John F. Cooney of this office (395-5600).

This proposed Executive order has the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Sincerely,

Michael J. Horowitz Counsel to the Director

Enclosures

EXECUTIVE ORDER

NATIONAL BIPARTISAN COMMISSION ON CENTRAL AMERICA

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and laws of the United States of America, including the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App. I), it is hereby ordered that Section 2(b) of Executive Order No. 12433, establising the National Bipartisan Commission on Central America, is amended to provide as follows:

"(b) The Commission shall report to the President by February 1, 1984.".

THE WHITE HOUSE,

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH

OUTREACH WORKING GROUP ON CENTRAL AMERICA

DATE: Wednesday, September 14, 1983

LOCATION: Room #450 - OEOB

TIME: 2:30 p.m.

I. PURPOSE:

To brief certain individuals from the public sector on matters relating to Central America and the Administration's policies.

II. BACKGROUND:

This is the 18th in a series of meetings of the White House Outreach Working Group on Central America chaired by Faith Ryan Whittlesey. The first meeting occurred on May 18, 1983 at which time approximately 35 people were in attendance. Since that time, public interest and awareness has grown to such a point that more than 207 organizations are represented at meetings of the Outreach Working Group.

III. PARTICIPANTS:

Mme. Monique Garnier-Lancon, Deputy Mayor of Paris, RPR, France

His Excellency Ernesto Rivas-Gallont, Ambassador of the Government of El Salvador to the United States

IV. PRESS PLAN:

None.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS:

2:25 p.m. - Faith Ryan Whittlesey arrives at the Holding Room Outside Room #450

2:30 p.m. - Faith Ryan Whittlesey opens program with brief remarks

2:33 p.m. - Faith Ryan Whittlesey introduces first speaker,
Mme. Monique Garnier-Lancon

NOTE: This briefing will be followed at 4:00 p.m. by the briefing for the Hispanic Evangelicals; it is imperative that we finish no later than 3:40 p.m. in order to allow the other group to enter the room.

VI. ATTACHMENTS:

- Talking points
- 2. Introduction for Speakers

TALKING POINTS

- Welcome to the White House Complex and the EIGHTEENTH in a series of meetings devoted exclusively to Central America.
- Outreach Working Group series have touched upon parts of the many faceted situation we are facing in Central America. Today's briefing will be the first time, however, that we have had a representative of one of our NATO allies give us their view of the situation in Central America. I am sure that the perspective is much different from that vantage point. One thing upon which I believe we will all ultimately agree is that the resolution of the situation in Central America will undoubtedly impact on the entire community of nations before it is finished.
- The expansion of our awareness which has been provided to us by our Central American speakers has been invaluable, and I am confident that the insights which Ambassador Rivas-Gallont will provide us today will even further deepen our sensitivity.
- I am only going to quote a small selected phrase from George Bernard Shaw because it seems to me so applicable to the opportunity which we have today, "Would God give us the opportunity to see ourselves as others see us."

Through the eyes ans ears of others, today, we are going to have that rare opportunity not only to see ourselves as others see us, but to see ourselves in relationship to our neighbors in Central America through the eyes of a somewhat distant observer - Mme. Garnier-Lancon, and through the eyes of our friend and neighbor, His Excellency Ambassador Rivas-Gallont.

INTRODUCTION:

Madame Monique Garnier-Lancon

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON September 14, 1983

OUTREACH WORKING GROUP ON CENTRAL AMERICA

FAITH RYAN WHITTLESEY
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR PUBLIC LIAISON,
CHAIRMAN

AGENDA

- I. WELCOME TO THE WHITE HOUSE,
 FAITH RYAN WHITTLESEY,
 Assistant to the President for Public Liaison
- II. A EUROPEAN LOOKS AT CENTRAL AMERICA,

 MME. MONIQUE GARNIER-LANCON,

 Deputy Mayor of Paris, RPR, France
- III. EL SALVADOR

 HIS EXCELLENCY ERNESTO RIVAS-GALLONT,

 Ambassador of the Government of El Salvador

 to the United States
 - IV. ACTIVITIES OF GROUPS BRIEFED BY THE WHITE HOUSE OUTREACH WORKING GROUP

Next Meeting: Wednesday, September 21, 1983,

Speakers: Ambassador Richard Stone

Richard McCormack, Assistant Secretary of State, Bureau of Economic and

Business Affairs

Wednesday, September 28, 1983, Speaker: The Honorable Vernon Orr, Secretary of the Air Force

INTRODUCTION OF

MONIQUE GARNIER-LANÇON

- Elected Deputy Mayor of the City of Paris, France in 1977.
- Prior to that time, she had been the Vice President of the Paris City Council since 1974 and was first elected to that Council in 1971.
- As a member of the Executive Committee of the
 Rassemblement pour la République (R.P.R.) which
 is currently considered to be the main opposition party
 to the Socialist Government of Francois Mitterand,
 and a member of the Foreign Relations Committee of
 the R.P.R., Madame Garnier-Lançon has traveled widely
 in Europe, Africa, the Far East and the Middle East.
 Since 1979, she has participated actively in the
 search for peace in the Middle East, meeting with
 leaders of Israel, Lebanon, Syria, Jordan, and Egypt.
- Madame Garnier-Lançon is a member of the Board of
 Directors of Club 89, the think-tank organization of
 the R.P.R.; President of the Franco-German Cultural
 Association for Youth; a member of the Board of Directors
 of the European Institute for Defense Problems, representing France, and Representative of the City of Paris
 to the "Great Cities of the World Conference" held in
 Boston, Mass in 1980.
- Before entering political life, Monique Garnier-Lançon was a journalist, serving as a regular news commentator

- on French National Television and as a producer of numerous programs on that medium.
- Madame Garnier-Lançon holds an advanced degree in literature and has received a number of decorations from France and other countries, including the highest French decoration, The Cross of the Legion of Honor.
- Madame Garnier-Lançon is also the mother of five.

INTRODUCTION OF.

HIS EXCELLENCY ERNESTO RIVAS-GALLONT AMBASSADOR OF THE GOVERNMENT OF EL SALVADOR TO THE UNITED STATES

- Ambassador Rivas-Gallont received his appointment as

 Ambassador to the United States in April, 1981 after a

 thirty year career of commercial, civil and humanitarian
 service to his country.
- Ambassador Rivas-Gallont graduated from the Peirce School of Business Administration in Philadelphia in 1950 and went to work as the Secretary General for El Salvador's Central Bank.
- He left public service briefly in the late 1950's to join a private commercial bank as assistant manager but later returned to public life as general manager for the Salvadoran Port Authority where he worked until the mid-1960's.
- In 1965, he founded and now serves as President of Agencias Maritimas and became the Director-Secretary of a movie theatre chain. In 1968 he became general manager and executive director of an automobile dealership where he later became a member of the Board of Directors. In 1971, he co-founded El Salvador's Banco Cuscatlan, where he served on the Board of Directors until the bank was nationalized under the banking reforms of 1980.
- In 1964, Ambassador Rivas-Gallont was appointed President of the Salvadoran Institute for the Handicapped and went on to found the Society for the Deaf, in which he continues to play an active role. He is also active

in several art and cultural institutions.

- Throughout the last fifteen years the Ambassador
 has served as President of the Salvadoran Red Cross;
 President of Junior Achievement of his country; and
 a member of the Honor Tribunal of the Boy Scouts. He
 has served as President of his country's Special Olympics
 between 1979 and 1981.
- As a successful businessman, he has worked to strengthen his country's commercial sector. Ambassador Rivas-Gallont has served as President of several business associations including the National Association of Private Enterprise, the Steamship Agents Association and the Salvadoran Automobile Déalers Association. He has also served as a Member of the Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce in El Salvador.
- Ambassador Rivas-Gallont was married to Rina Gardiner de Rivas in 1955 and has four children, and two newly acquired grandchildren.

MONIQUE GARNIER-LANCON

- Deputy Mayor of the City of Paris, France, since 1977.
- Vice President of the Paris City Council since 1974.

 First elected a member of the Paris City

 Council for the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th

 districts in 1971 and re-elected in 1977.
- Vice President of the Paris Cultural Commission.
- Secretary General of the Social Affairs and Public Health Commission.
- Member of the Board of the Paris Public Welfare Commission.
- Member of the Regional Council of the Ile-de-France (Paris and the surrounding communities, an area of 4650 square miles with a population of around 11 million) since 1976 and the only woman member of its Finance Committee.
- Member of the Executive Committee of the R.P.R.

 (Rassemblement pour la République, currently considered to be the main opposition party to the Socialist Government of François Mitterand. Jacques Chirac, the Mayor of Paris is the head of the R.P.R.)
- Member of the Foreign Relations Committee of the R.P.R Travelled widely in Europe, Africa, the Far East, and the Middle East. Since 1979 has participated actively in the search for peace in the Middle East, meeting with leaders of Israel, Lebanon, Syria, Jordan, and Egypt.
- Member of the Board of Directors of Club 89, the thinktank organization of the R.P.R., and the head of its foreign policy and defense committees.
- President of the Franco-German Cultural Association for Youth, responsible for organizing numerous seminars and conferences with West German officials concerning the future of Europe and the development of a doctrine of European unity.
- Member of the Board of Directors of the European Institute for Defense Problems, representing France.

Representative of the City of Paris to the "Great Cities of the World Conference" held in Boston, Mass. in 1980.

Before entering political life, Monique Garnier-Lançon was a journalist, serving as a regular news commentator on French National Television and as producer of numerous programs on music, the preservation of historical monuments, French national theater, historical Paris, as well as documentaries promoting understanding of and aid to handicapped children.

She holds an advanced degree in literature and has received a number of decorations from France and other countries, including the highest French decoration, the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

She is the mother of five.

Ernesto Rivas-Gallont received his apointment as

Ambassador of the Government of El Salvador to the United

States in April, 1981, after a thirty year career of ...

commercial, civil and humanitarian service to his country.

After graduating from the Peirce School of Business

Administration in Philadelphia in 1950, he went to work as

Secretary General for El Salvador's Central Bank, for which

he travelled to Europe and Africa to acquire practical train
ing from some of the world's most prestigious international

and central banking institutions.

In the late 1950's, he left public service briefly to join a private commercial bank as assistant manager but later returned to public life as general manager for his country's National Port Authority, where he worked until the mid-1960's.

Over the next few years, Ambassador Rivas-Gallont built up an impressive record as a successful entrepreneur. In 1968 he became general manager and executive director of an automobile dealership where he later became a member of the Board of Directors. In 1965 he founded and now serves as president of Agencias Maritimas (a steamship agents and brokerage business) and became the Director-Secretary of a movie theatre chain. Also, he has served as Chairman of the Board for Philips of El Salvador, a subsidiary of the Dutch manufacturing corporation and for a successful Salvadoran

hotel company. He has continued to be active in the banking industry as well. In 1971, he co-founded El Salvador's Banco Cuscatlan, where he served on the Board of Directors until the bank was nationalized under the banking reforms of 1980.

Growing personal concern over social problems in El Salvador led Ambassador Rivas-Gallont to embark upon a series of social and humanitarian activities to which he is still dedicated. In 1964 he was appointed President of the Salvadoran Institute for the Handicapped and went on to found the Society for the Deaf, in which he continues to play an active role. He is also active in several art and cultural institutions.

Throughout the last fifteen years the Ambassador has continued his work in humanitarian services as President of the Salvadoran Red Cross, President of Junior Achievement in his country, and a member of the Honor Tribunal of the Boy Scouts. He served as President of his country's Special Olympics between 1979 and 1981.

As a successful businessman, he has worked hard to strengthen his country's commercial sector. He has served as President of several business associations including the National Association of Private Enterprise, the Steamship Agents Association and the Salvadoran Automobile Dealers

Association. Also, he served as a Member of the Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce of El Salvador.

He was married to Rina Gardiner de Rivas in 1955 and has four children, and two newly acquired grandchildren.