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Folder Title: 05/30/1988 Visit: Danilov Monastery (Josh/Carol)

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(Gilder/ARD) May 20, 1988 3:30 p.m. L

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS:

DANILOV MONASTERY MOSCOW, USSR MONDAY, MAY 30, 1988

It is a very great pleasure to visit this beautiful monastery and have a chance to meet some of the people who have helped make its return to the Russian Orthodox Church a reality. I am also addressing in spirit the 35 million believers whose personal contributions made this magnificent restoration possible.

It has been said that an icon is a window between heaven and

Earth through which the believing eye can peer into the beyond.

One cannot look at the magnificent icons created and re-created here under the direction of Father Zinon without experiencing the deep faith that lives in the hearts of the people of this land.

Like the saints and martyrs depicted in these icons, the

Like the saints and martyrs depicted in these icons, the faith of your people has been tested and tempered in the crucible of hardship, but in that suffering it has grown strong, ready now to embrace with new hope the beginnings of a second Christian millennium.

We, in our country, share this hope for a new age of religious freedom in the Soviet Union; we share the hope that this monastery is not an end in itself, but the symbol of a new policy of religious tolerance that will extend to all peoples of all faiths.

We pray that the return of this monastery signals a willingness to return to believers the thousands of other houses

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of worship, which are now closed, boarded-up, or used for secular purposes.

There are many ties of faith that bind your country and mine. We have in America many churches, many creeds, that feel a special kinship with their fellow believers here: Protestant, Catholic, Jewish, Orthodox, and Islamic -- they are united with believers in this country in many ways, especially in prayer.

Our people feel it keenly when religious freedom is denied to anyone, anywhere, and hope with you that soon all the many Soviet religious communities that are now prevented from registering, or banned altogether -- including the Ukrainian Catholic and Orthodox churches -- will soon be able to practice their religion freely and openly and instruct their children, in and outside the home, in the fundamentals of their faith.

We don't know if this first thaw will be followed by a resurgent spring of religious liberty; we don't know, but we may hope. We may hope that "perestroika" will be accompanied by a deeper restructuring, a deeper conversion -- a metanoia, a change in heart; and that "glasnost," which means "giving voice," will Cathy Chymerchenk also let loose a new chorus of belief, singing praise to the God state Dept. that gave us life.

There's a beautiful passage that I'd just like to read if I may. It's from one of this country's great writers and believers, Alexander Solzhenitsyn, about the faith that is as elemental to this land as the dark and fertile soil:

"When you travel the byroads of Central Russia you begin to understand the secret of the pacifying Russian countryside.

"It is in the churches... they lift their bell towers -graceful, shapely, all different -- high over mundane timber and
thatch... from villages that are cut off and invisible to each
other they soar to the same heaven...

"People were always selfish and often unkind. But the evening chimes used to ring out, floating over the villages, fields, and woods. Reminding men that they must abandon trivial concerns of this world, and give time and thought to eternity."

In our prayers, we may keep that image in mind, the thought that the bells may ring again, sounding throughout Moscow and across the countryside, clamoring for joy in their new found freedom.

Well, I've talked long enough. I'm sure you have many questions, many things on your minds. I know I have many questions to ask you.

See 515

A. Solzchitsyn, "Along the OKa,"

Executer, 1965, Mar 8-9. This

doter short sketeras printed in the
issue had not been published in
the USSE

Document No. <u>561378</u>

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

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|----------|---------|------------------|---------------------|-------------|--|
| DATE: | 5/16/88 | ACTION/CONCURREN | NCE/COMMENT DUE BY: | COB 5/18/88 | |
| CURIECT. | PRESIDE | NTIAL REMARKS: | MEETING WITH MONK | S | |

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|----------------|--------|------------|-----------|---|-------|
| VICE PRESIDENT | | | HOBBS | | |
| BAKER | | | HOOLEY | | |
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| DONATELLI | | | DOLAN | | |
| FITZWATER | | | - | | |
| GRISCOM | | | | | |

REMARKS:

SUBJECT:

please provide your comments/recommendations directly to Tony Dolan's office with an info copy to my office by close of business Wednesday, May 18, 1988. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

May 18, 1988

TO: TONY DOLAN

NSC staff concurs with changes marked.

Paul Schott Stevens Executive Secretary

cc: Rhett Dawson

Rhett Dawson Ext. 2702

(Gilder/ARD) May 16, 1988 3:00 p.m.vodSS

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: MEETING WITH MONKS 1938 MAY 16 PM 3: 58 MONDAY, MAY 30, 1988

It is a very great pleasure to visit this beautiful some of the people who have helped make its monastery and have a chance to meet and speak with you, a reality. Ian return to future leaders of the Russian Orthodox Church (in the also addressing in spirit the 35 million believers whose personal contributions made this magnificent restoration possible.

It has been said that an icon is a window between heaven and earth through which the believing eye can peer into the beyond. magnificent icons created and re-created here under the One can not look at the con paintings of Zinon without feeling direction of Father Zinon without experiencing the deep faith that lives in the hearts of the people of this land.

Like the saints and martyrs depicted in many of the icons, the faith of your people has been tested and tempered in the crucible of hardship, but in that suffering it has grown strong, Deginnings of a Christian ready now to embrace with a new hope the second millennium Christianity in Kievan-Rush

We, in our country, share this hope for a new age of religious freedom in the Soviet Union; we share the hope that may occome this monastery as not an end in itself, but the symbol of a new policy of religious tolerance that will extend to all peoples of all faiths.

We pray that the return of this monastery signals a willingness to return to believers the thousands of other houses of worship, which are now closed, boarded up, or used for secular purposes.

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There are many ties of faith that bind your country and mine. We have in America many churches, many creeds, that feel a special kinship with their fellow believers here: Protestant, Islamic Mormon Jewish, Islamic Roman Catholic, and Orthodox -- they are united with believers in this country in many ways, especially in prayer.

Our people feel it keenly when religious freedom is denied any of their brethren in the Soviet Union and hope with you that soon all the many religious communities that are now prevented from registering, or banned altogether -- including the Ukrainain Catholic and Orthodox churches -- will soon be able to practice their religion freely and openly and instruct their children, in and outside the home, in the fundamentals of their faith.

We don't know if this first thaw will be followed by a resurgent spring of religious liberty; we don't know, but we may hope. We may hope that "perestroika" will be accompanied by a deeper restructuring, a deeper conversion — (a metanoia) a change of the heart; and that "glasnost," which means "giving voice," will also let loose a new chorus of belief, singing praise to the God that gave us life.

There's a beautiful passage that I'd just like to read if I
may. It's from one of this country's great writers and
Alexander Solzhentry,
believers, about the faith that is as elemental to this land as
the dark and fertile soil:

"When you travel the byroads of Central Russia you begin to understand the secret of the pacifying Russian countryside.

N.B. State would like to drop Solzhen Asyn guste, saying he (and these remarks) will be viewed as too Prossian nationalist by war-Prossians.

NSC Staff thinks the guste is fine.

Is this a thomas

My MA

straight

"It is in the churches.. they lift their bell towers -graceful, shapely, all different -- high over mundane timber and
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other they soar to the same heaven....

"People were always selfish and often unkind. But the evening chimes used to ring out, floating over the villages fields, and woods. Reminding men that they must abandon trivial concerns of this world, and give time and thought to eternity."

In our prayers, we may keep that image in mind, the thought that the bells may ring again, sounding throughout Moscow and across the countryside, clamoring for joy in their new found freedom.

Well, I've talked long enough. I'm sure you have many questions, many things on your minds. I know I have many questions to ask you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

April 14, 1988

TO:

FREDERICK J. RYAN, ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS AND

SCHEDULING

FROM:

REBECCA G. RANGE, DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF

PUBLIC LIAISON

REQUEST:

For the President to address the opening session of the World Gas Conference of the

International Gas Union.

PURPOSE:

Given the dates of the conference, this group

may provide an appropriate forum for a

post-Summit address on the accomplishments of

the Summit.

BACKGROUND:

The Conference is a triennial event sponsored by the International Gas Union, located in Paris. The I.G.U. was founded over 50 years ago as an international organization to share technical and economic information about the development and utilization of natural gas. The Conference this year is being hosted by the American Gas Association in Washington,

D.C.

PREVIOUS

PARTICIPATION:

None.

DATE & TIME:

June 5-7, 1988 Time: TBD

LOCATION:

Sheraton Washington Hotel

Washington, D.C.

PARTICIPANTS:

3500 individuals from 45 Eastern and Western

nations.

OUTLINE OF EVENT:

TBD

REMARKS REQUIRED:

To be provided by Speechwriting.

MEDIA COVERAGE:

Open.

PROJECT OFFICER:

Mary McGeein Schnepper

CH. 23912

(Gilder/ARD) May 16, 1988 3:00 p.m.55 7 minutes

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: MEETING WITH MONKS
DANILOV MONASTERY

MONDAY, MAY 30, 1988

It is a very great pleasure to visit this beautiful monastery and have a chance to meet and speak with you, the present and future leaders of the Russian Orthodox Church in the Seviet Union.

It has been said that an icon is a window between heaven and earth through which the believing eye can peer into the beyond.

One can not look at the icon paintings of Zinon without feeling the deep faith that lives in the hearts of the people of this land.

Like the saints and martyrs depicted in many of the icons, the faith of your people has been tested and tempered in the crucible of hardship, but in that suffering it has grown strong, ready now to embrace with a new hope the second millennium of Christianity in Kievan-Rus.

We, in our country, share this hope for a new age of religious freedom in the Soviet Union; we share the hope that this monastery is not an end in itself, but the symbol of a new policy of religious tolerance that will extend to all peoples of all faiths.

We pray that the return of this monastery signals a willingness to return to believers the thousands of other houses of worship, which are now closed, boarded up, or used for secular purposes.

Father POTAPO V.O.A. There are many ties of faith that bind your country and mine. We have in America many churches, many creeds, that feel a special kinship with their fellow believers here: Protestant, Mormon, Jewish, Islamic, Roman Catholic, and Orthodox -- they are united with believers in this country in many ways, especially in prayer.

none

Our people feel it keenly when religious freedom is denied any of their brethren in the Soviet Union and hope with you that soon all the many religious communities that are now prevented from registering, or banned altogether -- including the Ukrainain Catholic and Orthodox churches -- will soon be able to practice their religion freely and openly and instruct their children, in and outside the home, in the fundamentals of their faith.

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Well, I've talked long enough. I'm sure you have many questions, many things on your minds. I know I have many questions to ask you.

(Gilder) May 16, 1988 12:00 p.m.

Carol

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: MEETING WITH MONKS
DANILOV MONASTERY
MONDAY, MAY 30, 1988

It is a very great pleasure to visit this beautiful monastery and have a chance to meet and speak with you, the present and future leaders of the Russian Orthodox Church in the Soviet Union.

It has been said that an icon is a window between heaven and earth, through which the believing eye can peer into the beyond.

One can not look at the icon paintings of Zinon without feeling the deep faith that lives in the hearts of the people of this land.

Like the saints and martyrs depicted in many of the icons, the faith of your people has been tested and tempered in the crucible of hardship, but in that suffering it has grown strong, ready now to embrace the second millennium of Christianity in this land with a new hope.

We, in our country, share that hope for a new age of religious freedom in the Soviet Union; we share the hope that this monastery is not an end in itself, but the symbol of a new policy of religious tolerance that will extend to all peoples of all faiths.

We pray that the return of this monastery signals a willingness to return the thousands of other houses of worship -- which are now closed, boarded up, or used for secular purposes -- back to the control of believers.

There are many ties of faith that bind your country and mine. We have in America many churches, many creeds, that feel a special kinship with their fellow believers here: Protestant, Mormon, Jewish, Islamic, Roman Catholic, and Orthodox -- they are united with believers in this country in many ways, especially in prayer.

Our people feel keenly the denial of religious freedom for their brethren in the Soviet Union; and hope with you that soon all the many religious communities that are now prevented from registering, or banned altogether -- including the Ukrainain Catholic and Orthodox churches -- will soon be able to practice their religion freely and openly and instruct their children, in and outside the home, in the fundamentals of their faith.

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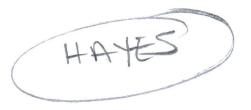
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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON



May 17, 1988

MEMORANDUM FOR TONY DOLAN

FROM

JIM HOOLE

SUBJECT

REMARKS: MEETING WITH MONKS

Tony, the meeting with Monks was not envisioned as one at which the President would deliver actual remarks from a lecturn. Rather, it was planned that he would sit down in a "chairs in a circle" type of meeting and make some comments, ask a few questions, and try to evoke a response from the monks.

You may have had discussions with Tom in which he indicated that he would like the President to open up with a little more formal presentation than impromptu remarks. If so, the remarks drafted may be very appropriate. I'll check with Tom, and I'll assume you will, too.

For further guidance and suggestions as to talking points and possible questions for the President to ask, I refer you to a memorandum from Mark Ramee, political counselor at our embassy in Moscow, which I forwarded to your office and to Agnes Waldron a few weeks ago.

cc: T. Griscom

R. Dawson

M. Batjer



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 17, 1988

MEMORANDUM FOR TONY DOLAN

FROM

JIM HOOL

SUBJECT

REMARKS TO SELECTED SOVIET CITIZENS

Tony, the remarks Peter wrote are great; but he may have the scenario out of order. The President will be speaking after he has chatted casually with some of the group at his table, and after three or four of the group have made remarks to him in behalf of the group. Therefore, the end line is not appropriate.

As with the case of the Monks meeting, which I referred to in a separate memo, we are flexible on this. If Tom and you think that it serves the President better to re-arrange the format, it is an easy thing to do at this point. Let's talk to Tom.

cc: T. Griscom

R. Dawson