# Ronald Reagan Presidential Library Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual collections.

Collection: Speechwriting, White House Office of: Speech Drafts: Records, 1981-1989 Folder Title: Fundraiser for JFK Memorial Library (Noonan)(Timmons) 06/24/1985 (1)

**Box:** 220

To see more digitized collections visit: <a href="https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library">https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library</a>

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library inventories visit: https://reaganlibrary.gov/document-collection

Contact a reference archivist at: <a href="mailto:reagan.library@nara.gov">reagan.library@nara.gov</a>

Citation Guidelines: <a href="https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing">https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing</a>

National Archives Catalogue: <a href="https://catalog.archives.gov/">https://catalog.archives.gov/</a>

tennedy PN6

### THE WHITE HOUSE

## Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

June 25, 1985

### REMARKS OF THE PRESIDENT AT JFK MEMORIAL LIBRARY FUNDRAISER

June 24, 1985

The Residence of Senator Edward M. Kennedy McLean, Virginia

THE PRESIDENT: I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in nelping the library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father.

It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory. But I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims and there's nothing so invigorating as the truth. In this case, a good deal of truth resides in a strikingly-sculpted library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries and oral histories of the New Frontier. But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by, I've found myself thinking not so much about the John F. Kennedy Library as about the man himself and what his life meant to our country and our times, particularly to the nistory of this century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues, we know in part from the testimony available at the library, that he was self-deprecating yet proud, ironic yet easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the ordinary man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy. On the other hand, he possessed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been a sailor.

He loved history, and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Stephen Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army: "The aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek and other such unnecessary things that are good for peace, but are not deemed so serviceable for war -- "

And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was not really meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on. And he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man, understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He wanted -- Well, he tried always to be strong

- 2 -

with them and shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed. He cared that his country could be safe.

He was a patriot wno summoned patriotism from the neart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved by his call to "ask not -- ," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President. I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But, you know, it's true, when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan. And his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked, none given. But he gave as good as he got. And you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to betray a huge enjoyment of life. He seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey. It's unthankful not to.

I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy. And it was a joy he knew how to communicate. He knew that life is rich with possibilities, and he believed in opportunity, growth and action.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor in New York put up a sign on the door: "Closed because of a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe. They put his picture up in huts in Brazil and tents in the Congo, in offices in Duplin and Warsaw. That was some of what he did for his country, for when they honored him they were nonoring someone essentially—quintessentially, completely American. When they honored John Kennedy, they honored the nation whose virtues, genius and contradictions he so fully reflected.

Many men are great, but few capture the imagination and the spirit of the times. The ones who do are unforgettable. Four administrations have passed since John Kennedy's death. Five Presidents have occupied the Oval Office, and I feel sure that each of them thought of John Kennedy now and then, and his thousand days in the White House.

And sometimes I want to say to those who are still in school, and who sometimes think that history is a dry thing that lives in a book: Nothing is ever lost in that great house; some music plays on.

I've even been told that late at night when the clouds are still and the moon is high, you can just about hear the sound of certain memories brushing by. You can almost hear, if you listen close, the whirr of a wheelchair rolling by and the sound of a voice calling out, "And another thing, Eleanor!" Turn down a hall and you near the brisk strut of a fellow saying, "Bully! Absolutely ripping!" Walk softly now and you're drawn to the soft notes of a piano and a brilliant gathering in the East Room, where a crowd surrounds a bright young President who is full of hope and laughter.

I don't know if this is true, but it's a story I've been told. And it's not a bad one, because it reminds us that history is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service, yes.

History is not only made by people, it is people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be, as heroic as you are.

And that's where I'll end my remarks on this lovely evening, except to add that I know the John F. Kennedy Library is the only Presidential Library without a full endowment. Nancy and I salute you, Caroline and John, in your efforts to permanently endow the library. You have our support and admiration for what you are doing.

Thank you and God bless you all. (Applause.)

END

FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY MCLEAN, VIRGINIA

THANK YOU, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

I WAS VERY PLEASED A FEW MONTHS AGO
WHEN CAROLINE AND JOHN CAME TO SEE ME AND TO
ASK FOR OUR SUPPORT IN HELPING THE LIBRARY.
I THOUGHT AFTERWARDS WHAT FINE YOUNG PEOPLE
THEY ARE AND WHAT A FINE TESTAMENT THEY ARE
TO THEIR MOTHER AND FATHER. IT WAS OBVIOUS
TO ME THAT THEY CARE DEEPLY ABOUT THEIR
FATHER AND HIS MEMORY -- BUT I WAS ALSO
STRUCK BY HOW MUCH THEY CARE ABOUT HISTORY.
THEY FELT STRONGLY THAT ALL OF US MUST TAKE
CARE TO PRESERVE IT, PROTECT IT, AND HAND IT
DOWN FOR FUTURE SAILORS ON THE SEA OF
SCHOLARSHIP.

THEY'RE RIGHT, OF COURSE. HISTORY HAS ITS CLAIMS, AND THERE'S NOTHING SO INVIGORATING AS THE TRUTH.

IN THIS CASE, A GOOD DEAL OF TRUTH RESIDES
IN A STRIKINGLY SCULPTED LIBRARY THAT
CONTAINS THE ACCUMULATED DOCUMENTS,
RECOLLECTIONS, DIARIES, AND ORAL HISTORIES
OF THE NEW FRONTIER.

BUT I MUST CONFESS THAT EVER SINCE CAROLINE AND JOHN CAME BY I HAVE FOUND MYSELF THINKING NOT SO MUCH ABOUT THE JOHN F. KENNEDY LIBRARY AS ABOUT THE MAN HIMSELF, AND WHAT HIS LIFE MEANT TO OUR COUNTRY AND OUR TIMES, PARTICULARLY TO THE HISTORY OF THIS CENTURY.

IT ALWAYS SEEMED TO ME THAT HE WAS A MAN OF THE MOST INTERESTING CONTRADICTIONS, VERY AMERICAN CONTRADICTIONS. WE KNOW FROM HIS MANY FRIENDS AND COLLEAGUES -- WE KNOW IN PART FROM THE TESTIMONY AVAILABLE AT THE LIBRARY -- THAT HE WAS SELF-DEPRECATING YET PROUD, IRONIC YET EASILY MOVED, HIGHLY LITERARY YET UTTERLY AT HOME WITH THE COMMON SPEECH OF THE ORDINARY MAN.

HE WAS A WRITER WHO COULD EXPOUND WITH EASE
ON THE MORAL FORCES THAT SHAPED JOHN
CALHOUN'S POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY; ON THE OTHER
HAND, HE POSSESSED A MOST DELICATE AND
REFINED APPRECIATION FOR BOSTON'S POLITICAL
WARDS AND THE CHARACTERS WHO INHABITED IT.
HE COULD CUSS A BLUE STREAK -- BUT THEN,
HE'D BEEN A SAILOR.

HE LOVED HISTORY AND APPROACHED IT AS
BOTH ROMANTIC AND REALIST. HE COULD QUOTE
STEPHEN VINCENT BENET ON GENERAL LEE'S
ARMY --

"THE AIDE DE CAMP KNEW CERTAIN LINES OF GREEK/

AND OTHER SUCH UNNECESSARY THINGS/
THAT ARE GOOD FOR PEACE/
BUT ARE NOT DEEMED SO SERVICEABLE FOR
WAR..."

AND HE COULD SUM UP A CURRENT "STATESMAN" WITH AN EARTHY EPITHET THAT WOULD LEAVE HIS AUDIENCE WEAK WITH LAUGHTER.

ONE SENSED THAT HE LOVED MANKIND AS IT WAS, IN SPITE OF ITSELF, AND THAT HE HAD LITTLE PATIENCE WITH THOSE WHO WOULD PERFECT WHAT WAS REALLY NOT MEANT TO BE PERFECT.

AS A LEADER, AS A PRESIDENT, HE SEEMED TO HAVE A GOOD, HARD, UN-ILLUSIONED UNDERSTANDING OF MAN AND HIS POLITICAL CHOICES. HE HAD WRITTEN A BOOK AS A VERY YOUNG MAN ABOUT WHY THE WORLD SLEPT AS HITLER MARCHED ON; AND HE UNDERSTOOD THE TENSION BETWEEN GOOD AND EVIL IN THE HISTORY OF MAN -- UNDERSTOOD, INDEED, THAT MUCH OF THE HISTORY OF MAN CAN BE SEEN IN THE CONSTANT WORKING OUT OF THAT TENSION. HE KNEW THAT THE UNITED STATES HAD ADVERSARIES, REAL ADVERSARIES, AND THEY WEREN'T ABOUT TO BE PUT OFF BY SOFT REASON AND GOOD INTENTIONS. HE TRIED ALWAYS TO BE STRONG WITH THEM, AND SHREWD. HE WANTED OUR DEFENSE SYSTEM TO BE UNSURPASSED; HE CARED THAT HIS COUNTRY WOULD BE SAFE.

HE WAS A PATRIOT WHO SUMMONED

PATRIOTISM FROM THE HEART OF A SATED

COUNTRY. IT IS A MATTER OF PRIDE TO ME THAT

SO MANY MEN AND WOMEN WHO WERE INSPIRED BY

HIS BRACING VISION AND MOVED BY HIS CALL TO

"ASK NOT...," SERVE NOW IN THE WHITE HOUSE

DOING THE BUSINESS OF GOVERNMENT.

WHICH IS NOT TO SAY I SUPPORTED JOHN
KENNEDY WHEN HE RAN FOR PRESIDENT,
BECAUSE I DIDN'T, I WAS FOR THE OTHER
FELLOW. BUT YOU KNOW, IT'S TRUE: WHEN THE
BATTLE'S OVER AND THE GROUND IS COOLED,
WELL, IT'S THEN THAT YOU SEE THE OPPOSING
GENERAL'S VALOR.

HE WOULD HAVE UNDERSTOOD. HE WAS
FIERCELY, HAPPILY PARTISAN, AND HIS
POLITICAL FIGHTS WERE TOUGH -- NO QUARTER
ASKED AND NONE GIVEN. BUT HE GAVE AS GOOD
AS HE GOT, AND YOU COULD SEE THAT HE LOVED
THE BATTLE.

EVERYTHING WE SAW HIM DO SEEMED TO
BETRAY A HUGE ENJOYMENT OF LIFE; HE SEEMED
TO GRASP FROM THE BEGINNING THAT LIFE IS ONE
FAST-MOVING TRAIN, AND YOU HAVE TO JUMP
ABOARD AND HOLD ON TO YOUR HAT AND RELISH
THE SWEEP OF THE WIND AS IT RUSHES BY.
YOU HAVE TO ENJOY THE JOURNEY,
IT'S UNTHANKFUL NOT TO. I THINK THAT'S HOW
HIS COUNTRY REMEMBERS HIM, IN HIS JOY.
AND IT WAS A JOY HE KNEW HOW TO COMMUNICATE.
HE KNEW THAT LIFE IS RICH WITH
POSSIBILITIES, AND HE BELIEVED IN
OPPORTUNITY, GROWTH, AND ACTION.

AND WHEN HE DIED, WHEN THAT COMET DISAPPEARED OVER THE CONTINENT, A WHOLE NATION GRIEVED AND WOULD NOT FORGET.

A TAILOR IN NEW YORK PUT UP A SIGN ON THE DOOR -- "CLOSED BECAUSE OF A DEATH IN THE FAMILY." THE SADNESS WAS NOT CONFINED TO US. "THEY CRIED THE RAIN DOWN THAT NIGHT," SAID A JOURNALIST IN EUROPE.

THEY PUT HIS PICTURE UP IN HUTS IN BRAZIL

AND TENTS IN THE CONGO, IN OFFICES IN DUBLIN

AND WARSAW, THAT WAS SOME OF WHAT HE DID

FOR HIS COUNTRY, FOR WHEN THEY HONORED HIM

THEY WERE HONORING SOMEONE ESSENTIALLY,

QUINTESSENTIALLY, COMPLETELY AMERICAN.

WHEN THEY HONORED JOHN KENNEDY THEY HONORED

THE NATION WHOSE VIRTUES, GENIUS -
AND CONTRADICTIONS -- HE SO FULLY REFLECTED.

MANY MEN ARE GREAT, BUT FEW CAPTURE THE IMAGINATION AND THE SPIRIT OF THE TIMES. THE ONES WHO DO ARE UNFORGETTABLE. FOUR ADMINISTRATIONS HAVE PASSED SINCE JOHN KENNEDY'S DEATH, FIVE PRESIDENTS HAVE OCCUPIED THE OVAL OFFICE, AND I FEEL SURE THAT EACH OF THEM THOUGHT OF JOHN KENNEDY NOW AND THEN, AND HIS THOUSAND DAYS IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

AND SOMETIMES I WANT TO SAY TO THOSE WHO ARE STILL IN SCHOOL, AND WHO SOMETIMES THINK THAT HISTORY IS A DRY THING THAT LIVES IN A BOOK: NOTHING IS EVER LOST IN THAT GREAT HOUSE; SOME MUSIC PLAYS ON.

I HAVE EVEN BEEN TOLD THAT LATE AT NIGHT WHEN THE CLOUDS ARE STILL AND THE MOON IS HIGH, YOU CAN JUST ABOUT HEAR THE SOUND OF CERTAIN MEMORIES BRUSHING BY. YOU CAN ALMOST HEAR, IF YOU LISTEN CLOSE, THE WHIRR OF A WHEELCHAIR ROLLING BY AND THE SOUND OF A VOICE CALLING OUT, "AND ANOTHER THING, ELEANOR!" TURN DOWN A HALL AND YOU HEAR THE BRISK STRUT OF A FELLOW SAYING, "BULLY! ABSOLUTELY RIPPING!" WALK SOFTLY NOW AND YOU'RE DRAWN TO THE SOFT NOTES OF A PIANO AND A BRILLIANT GATHERING IN THE EAST ROOM, WHERE A CROWD SURROUNDS A BRIGHT YOUNG PRESIDENT WHO IS FULL OF HOPE AND LAUGHTER.

I DON'T KNOW IF THIS IS TRUE...
BUT IT'S A STORY I'VE BEEN TOLD. AND IT'S
NOT A BAD ONE, BECAUSE IT REMINDS US THAT
HISTORY IS A LIVING THING THAT NEVER DIES.
A LIFE GIVEN IN SERVICE TO ONE'S COUNTRY IS
A LIVING THING THAT NEVER DIES.

HISTORY IS NOT ONLY MADE BY PEOPLE,
IT <u>IS</u> PEOPLE. AND SO, HISTORY IS, AS YOUNG
JOHN KENNEDY DEMONSTRATED, AS HEROIC AS YOU
WANT IT TO BE -- AS HEROIC AS YOU ARE.

AND THAT IS WHERE I WILL END MY REMARKS ON THIS LOVELY EVENING, EXCEPT TO ADD THAT I KNOW THE JOHN F. KENNEDY LIBRARY IS THE ONLY PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARY WITHOUT A FULL ENDOWMENT. NANCY AND I SALUTE YOU, CAROLINE AND JOHN, IN YOUR EFFORTS TO PERMANENTLY ENDOW THE LIBRARY. YOU HAVE OUR SUPPORT AND ADMIRATION FOR WHAT YOU ARE DOING.

THANK YOU, AND BLESS YOU ALL.

Kim Thus is ted my final edited my final edited copy Call mo a.m. y copy monday problem.

KT'S Δ'S +
(Noonan/BE)
June 20, 1985 PN Δ'S
4:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY MCLEAN, VIRGINIA MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1985

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in helping the Library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father. It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory — but I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it, and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims, and there's nothing so invigorating as the truth. In this case, a good deal of truth resides in a strikingly sculpted Library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries, and oral histories of the New Frontier.

But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by I have found myself thinking not so much about the John F.

Kennedy Library as about the man himself, and what his life meant to our country and our times, particularly to the history of this century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues -- we know in part from the testimony available at the Library -- that he was

self-deprecating yet proud, ironic yet easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the produced was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on the other hand, he possessed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been a sailor.

such unnessarya

realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's

Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other

are dee med So Serviceable
things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..."

And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet
that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed
that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he
had little patience with those who would perfect what was really
not meant to be perfect.

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried always to be strong with

them, and shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed; he cared that his country would be safe.

He was a patriot who summoned patriotism from the heart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved by his call to "Ask not...," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President, because I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But you know, it's true: when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan, and his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked and none given. But he gave as good as he got, and you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to betray a huge enjoyment of life; he seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey, it's unthankful not to. I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy. And it was a joy he knew how to communicate. He knew that life is rich with possibilities, and he believed in opportunity, growth, and action.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole Nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor

in New York put up a sign on the door -- "Closed because of a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe.

They put his picture up in huts in Brazil and tents in the Congo, in offices in Dublin and Danzig. That was some of what he did for his country, for when they honored him they were honoring someone essentially, quintessentially, completely American. When they honored John Kennedy they honored the Nation whose virtues, genius -- and contradictions -- he so fully reflected.

Many men are great, but few capture the imagination and the spirit of the times. The ones who do are unforgettable. Four administrations have passed since John Kennedy's death, five Presidents have occupied the Oval Office, and I feel sure that each of them thought of John Kennedy now and then, and his thousand days in the White House.

And sometimes I want to say to those who are still in school, and who sometimes think that history is a dry thing that lives in a book: nothing is ever lost in that great house; some music plays on.

I have even been told that late at night when the clouds are still and the Moon is high, you can just about hear the sound of certain memories brushing by. You can almost hear, if you listen close, the whirr of a wheelchair rolling by and the sound of a voice calling out, "And another thing, Eleanor!" Turn down a hall and you hear the brisk strut of a fellow saying, "Bully! Absolutely ripping!" Walk softly now and you're drawn to the soft notes of a piano and a brilliant gathering in the East Room,



where a crowd surrounds a bright young President who is full of hope and laughter.

I don't know if this is true... but it's a story I've been told. And it's not a bad one, because it reminds us that history is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies.

History is not only made by people, it <u>is</u> people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be -- as heroic as you are.

And that is where I will end my remarks on this lovely evening, except to add that I know the John F. Kennedy Library is the only Presidential Library without a full endowment. Nancy and I salute you, Caroline and John, in your efforts to permanently endow the library. You have our support and admiration for what you are doing.

Thank you, and bless you all.

R

(Noonan/BE) June 20, 1985 4:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS:

FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY McLEAN, VIRGINIA MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1985

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in helping the Library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father. It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory — but I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it, and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims, and there's nothing so invigorating as the truth. In this case, a good deal of truth resides in a strikingly sculpted Library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries, and oral histories of the New Frontier.

But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by
I have found myself thinking not so much about the John F.
Kennedy Library as about the man himself, and what his life meant
to our country and our times, particularly to the history of this
century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues -- we know in part from the testimony available at the Library -- that he was

self-deprecating yet proud, ironic yet easily moved, highly
literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the
ONDINACT
werking man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the
moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on
the other hand, he possessed a most delicate and refined
appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who
inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been
a sailor.

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..."

And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was really not meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried always to be strong with

them, and shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed; he cared that his country would be safe.

He was a patriot who summoned patriotism from the heart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved by his call to "Ask not...," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President, because I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But you know, it's true: when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan, and his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked and none given. But he gave as good as he got, and you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to betray a huge enjoyment of life; he seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey, it's unthankful not to. I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy. And it was a joy he knew how to communicate. He knew that life is rich with possibilities, and he believed in opportunity, growth, and action.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole Nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor

in New York put up a sign on the door -- "Closed because of a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe. They put his picture up in huts in Brazil and tents in the Congo, in offices in Dublin and Danzig. That was some of what he did for his country, for when they honored him they were honoring someone essentially, quintessentially, completely American. When they honored John Kennedy they honored the Nation whose virtues, genius -- and contradictions -- he so fully reflected.

Many men are great, but few capture the imagination and the spirit of the times. The ones who do are unforgettable. Four administrations have passed since John Kennedy's death, five Presidents have occupied the Oval Office, and I feel sure that each of them thought of John Kennedy now and then, and his thousand days in the White House.

And sometimes I want to say to those who are still in school, and who sometimes think that history is a dry thing that lives in a book: nothing is ever lost in that great house; some music plays on.

I have even been told that late at night when the clouds are still and the Moon is high, you can just about hear the sound of certain memories brushing by. You can almost hear, if you listen close, the whirr of a wheelchair rolling by and the sound of a voice calling out, "And another thing, Eleanor!" Turn down a hall and you hear the brisk strut of a fellow saying, "Bully! Absolutely ripping!" Walk softly now and you're drawn to the soft notes of a piano and a brilliant gathering in the East Room,

where a crowd surrounds a bright young President who is full of hope and laughter.

I don't know if this is true... but it's a story I've been told. And it's not a bad one, because it reminds us that history is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies.

History is not only made by people, it is people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be -- as heroic as you are.

And that is where I will end my remarks on this lovely evening, except to add that I know the John F. Kennedy Library is the only Presidential Library without a full endowment. Nancy and I salute you, Caroline and John, in your efforts to permanently endow the library. You have our support and admiration for what you are doing.

Thank you, and bless you all.

char

Document No.

# WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

	ACTION FYI				ACTION FYI	
VICE PRESIDEN	IT [		0	LACY		
REGAN	C	_	4	McFARLANE		
STOCKMAN	Į.			OGLESBY		9
BUCHANAN	j	$\supset$	6	ROLLINS		0
CHAVEZ			0	RYAN		
CHEW		□P	<b>Z</b> SS	SPEAKES		<b>U</b>
DANIELS	1			SPRINKEL		
FIELDING			0	SVAHN		
FRIEDERSDOR	F		4	TUTTLE		
HENKEL	(		d	ELLIOTT		9
HICKEY	- 1				1 6	
HICKS			0/			. $\Box$
KINGON			0			

Vecsine 422 Dilling

(Noonan/BE) June 20, 1985 4:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY
MCLEAN, VIRGINIA
MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1985

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in helping the Library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father. It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory — but I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it, and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims, and there's nothing so invigorating as the truth. In this case, a good deal of truth resides in a strikingly sculpted Library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries, and oral histories of the New Frontier.

But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by I have found myself thinking not so much about the John F.

Kennedy Library as about the man himself, and what his life meant to our country and our times, particularly to the history of this century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues -- we know in part from the testimony available at the Library -- that he was

self-deprecating yet proud, ironic yet easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the of the working man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on the other hand, he possessed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been a sailor.

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..."

And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was really not meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried always to be strong with

them, and shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed; he cared that his country would be safe.

He was a patriot who summoned patriotism from the heart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved by his call to "Ask not...," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President, because I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But you know, it's true: when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan, and his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked and none given. But he gave as good as he got, and you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to betray a huge enjoyment of life; he seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey, it's unthankful not to. I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy. And it was a joy he knew how to communicate. He knew that life is rich with possibilities, and he believed in opportunity, growth, and action.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole Nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor

in New York put up a sign on the door -- "Closed because of a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe.

They put his picture up in huts in Brazil and tents in the Congo, in offices in Dublin and Danzig. That was some of what he did for his country, for when they honored him they were honoring someone essentially, quintessentially, completely American. When they honored John Kennedy they honored the Nation whose virtues, genius -- and contradictions -- he so fully reflected.

Many men are great, but few capture the imagination and the spirit of the times. The ones who do are unforgettable. Four administrations have passed since John Kennedy's death, five Presidents have occupied the Oval Office, and I feel sure that each of them thought of John Kennedy now and then, and his thousand days in the White House.

And sometimes I want to say to those who are still in school, and who sometimes think that history is a dry thing that lives in a book: nothing is ever lost in that great house; some music plays on.

I have even been told that late at night when the clouds are still and the Moon is high, you can just about hear the sound of certain memories brushing by. You can almost hear, if you listen close, the whirr of a wheelchair rolling by and the sound of a voice calling out, "And another thing, Eleanor!" Turn down a hall and you hear the brisk strut of a fellow saying, "Bully! Absolutely ripping!" Walk softly now and you're drawn to the soft notes of a piano and a brilliant gathering in the East Room,

where a crowd surrounds a bright young President who is full of hope and laughter.

I don't know if this is true... but it's a story I've been told. And it's not a bad one, because it reminds us that history is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies.

History is not only made by people, it <u>is</u> people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be -- as heroic as you are.

And that is where I will end my remarks on this lovely evening, except to add that I know the John F. Kennedy Library is the only Presidential Library without a full endowment. Nancy and I salute you, Caroline and John, in your efforts to permanently endow the library. You have our support and admiration for what you are doing.

Thank you, and bless you all.

CK pg

(Noonan/BE) June 20, 1985 4:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY MCLEAN, VIRGINIA MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1985

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in helping the Library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father. It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory — but I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it, and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims, and there's nothing so invigorating as the truth. In this case, a good deal of truth resides in a strikingly sculpted Library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries, and oral histories of the New Frontier.

But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by I have found myself thinking not so much about the John F.

Kennedy Library as about the man himself, and what his life meant to our country and our times, particularly to the history of this century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues -- we know in part from the testimony available at the Library -- that he was

self-deprecating yet proud, ironic yet easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the working man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on the other hand, he possessed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been a sailor.

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..."

And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was really not meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried always to be strong with

them, and shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed; he cared that his country would be safe.

He was a patriot who summoned patriotism from the heart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved by his call to "Ask not...," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President, because I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But you know, it's true: when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan, and his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked and none given. But he gave as good as he got, and you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to betray a huge enjoyment of life; he seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey, it's unthankful not to. I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy. And it was a joy he knew how to communicate. He knew that life is rich with possibilities, and he believed in opportunity, growth, and action.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole Nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor

in New York put up a sign on the door -- "Closed because of a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe. They put his picture up in huts in Brazil and tents in the Congo, in offices in Dublin and Danzig. That was some of what he did for his country, for when they honored him they were honoring someone essentially, quintessentially, completely American. When they honored John Kennedy they honored the Nation whose virtues, genius -- and contradictions -- he so fully reflected.

Many men are great, but few capture the imagination and the spirit of the times. The ones who do are unforgettable. Four administrations have passed since John Kennedy's death, five Presidents have occupied the Oval Office, and I feel sure that each of them thought of John Kennedy now and then, and his thousand days in the White House.

And sometimes I want to say to those who are still in school, and who sometimes think that history is a dry thing that lives in a book: nothing is ever lost in that great house; some music plays on.

I have even been told that late at night when the clouds are still and the Moon is high, you can just about hear the sound of certain memories brushing by. You can almost hear, if you listen close, the whirr of a wheelchair rolling by and the sound of a voice calling out, "And another thing, Eleanor!" Turn down a hall and you hear the brisk strut of a fellow saying, "Bully! Absolutely ripping!" Walk softly now and you're drawn to the soft notes of a piano and a brilliant gathering in the East Room,

where a crowd surrounds a bright young President who is full of hope and laughter.

I don't know if this is true... but it's a story I've been told. And it's not a bad one, because it reminds us that history is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies.

History is not only made by people, it <u>is</u> people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be -- as heroic as you are.

And that is where I will end my remarks on this lovely evening, except to add that I know the John F. Kennedy Library is the only Presidential Library without a full endowment. Nancy and I salute you, Caroline and John, in your efforts to permanently endow the library. You have our support and admiration for what you are doing.

Thank you, and bless you all.

(Noonan BE) June 19, 1985 5:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY MCLEAN, VIRGINIA MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1985

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in helping the Library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father. It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory — but I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it, and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims, and there's nothing so braining as the truth. In this case, much of the truth resides in a strikingly sculpted Library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries, and oral histories of the New Frontier.

But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by I have found myself thinking not so much about the John F.

Kennedy Library as about the man himself, and what his life meant to our country and our times, particularly to the history of this century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues -- we know in part from the testimony available at the Library -- that he was both

self-deprecating and proud, ironic and easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the working man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on the other hand, he betrayed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been a sailor.

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..."

And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was really not meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried to be strong with them, and

shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed; he cared that his country would be safe.

He was a patriot who summoned patriotism from the heart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many ground men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved Sfe by his call to "Ask not...," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President, because I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But you know, it's true: when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan, and his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked and none given. But he gave as good as he got, and you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to we a huge enjoyment of life; he seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey, it's unthankful not to. I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole Nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor in New York put up a sign on the door -- "Closed a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe. They put

his picture up in huts in Brazil and tents in the Congo, in offices in Dublin and Danzig. That was some of what he did for his country, for when they honored him they were honoring someone essentially, quintessentially, completely American. When they honored John Kennedy they honored the Nation whose virtues, genius -- and contradictions -- he so fully reflected.

Many men are great, but few capture the imagination and the spirit of the times. The ones who do are unforgettable. Four administrations have passed since John Kennedy's death, five Presidents have occupied the Oval Office, and I feel sure that each of them thought of John Kennedy now and then, and his thousand days in the White House.

And may I say to some of the young people horo who may sometimes think that his say is ever house, sometimes that lives in a books nothing is ever lose in that great house, some music play

I have even been told that late at night when the clouds are still and the Moon is high, you can just about hear the sound of certain memories brushing by. You can almost hear, if you listen close, the whirr of a wheelchair rolling by and the sound of a voice calling out, "And another thing, Eleanor!" Turn down a hall and you hear the brisk strut of a fellow saying, "Bully! Absolutely ripping!" Walk softly now and you're drawn to the soft notes of a piano and a brilliant gathering in the East Room, where a crowd surrounds a bright young President who is full of hope and laughter.

I don't know if this is true... but it's a story I've been told. And it's not a bad one, because it reminds us that history

is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies.

History is not only made by people, it <u>is</u> people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be -- as heroic as you are.

And that is all I have to say on this lovely evening, except to add that Name I brought along a personal check as a 15 the only presidential Library without affection to the only presidential library that and I calufe you canoline and John, in your efforts to permanently accepts no national endowment. Caroline and John, this is for endow the library. You have our support and admiration for what you are the John F. Kennedy Library Long may it flourish.

Thank you, and bless you all.

Document No.	
--------------	--

## WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/19/85 ACTION/C	ONCURRI	ENCE/CO	MMENT DUE BY: Thurs., 6/2	noon , 0	-
SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARK			ISER FOR JFK MEMORIAL Lom, June 19 draft)	IBRARY	
A	CTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT			LACY		
REGAN		4	McFARLANE CTATO		
STOCKMAN			OGLESBY NOW	Ø	
BUCHANAN			ROLLINS		
CHAVEZ atta			RYAN JUSTO	D	
CHEW	□P	<b>USS</b>	SPEAKES		
DANIELS			SPRINKEL		
FIELDING -atlas.			SVAHN		
FRIEDERSDORF MOTUL			TUTTLE		
HENKEL	<b>2</b>		ELLIOTT	D	
HICKEY					
HICKS					
KINGON	<b>2</b>				

#### **REMARKS:**

Please submit your comments directly to Ben Elliott with an information copy to me. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

new - none

ReceivedSS

1995 JUN 19 PM 5: 04 PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS:

FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY MCLEAN, VIRGINIA MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1985

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in helping the Library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father. It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory — but I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it, and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims, and there's nothing so bracing as the truth. In this case, much of the truth resides in a strikingly sculpted Library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries, and oral histories of the New Frontier.

But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by I have found myself thinking not so much about the John F.

Kennedy Library as about the man himself, and what his life meant to our country and our times, particularly to the history of this century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues -- we know in part from the testimony available at the Library -- that he was both

Page 2 1:00p 6-20 5 pt Speech

self-deprecating and proud, ironic and easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the working man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on the other hand, he betrayed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak but then, he'd been sailer? Delette Manna Small, NSC

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..."

And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was really not meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried to be strong with them, and

shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed; he cared that his country would be safe.

He was a patriot who summoned patriotism from the heart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many young men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved by his call to "Ask not...," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President, because I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But you know, it's true: when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan, and his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked and none given. But he gave as good as he got, and you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to show a huge enjoyment of life; he seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey, it's unthankful not to. I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole Nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor in New York put up a sign on the door -- "Closed due to a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe. They put

is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies.

History is not only made by people, it <u>is</u> people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be -- as heroic as you are.

And that is all I have to say on this lovely evening except to add that Nancy and I brought along a personal check as a personal contribution to the only presidential library that accepts no national endowment. Caroline and John, this is for the John F. Kennedy Library. Long may it flourish.

Thank you, and bless you all.

(Noonan BE)
June 19, 1985
5:00 p.m.

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY MCLEAN, VIRGINIA MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1985

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in helping the Library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father. It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory -- but I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it, and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims, and there's nothing so bracing as the truth. In this case, much of the truth resides in a strikingly sculpted Library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries, and oral histories of the New Frontier.

But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by I have found myself thinking not so much about the John F.

Kennedy Library as about the man himself, and what his life meant to our country and our times, particularly to the history of this century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues -- we know in part from the testimony available at the Library -- that he was both

self-deprecating and proud, ironic and easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the working man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on the other hand, he betrayed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been a sailor.

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..." And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was really not meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried to be strong with them, and

shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed; he cared that his country would be safe.

He was a patriot who summoned patriotism from the heart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many young men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved by his call to "Ask not...," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President, because I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But you know, it's true: when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan, and his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked and none given. But he gave as good as he got, and you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to show a huge enjoyment of life; he seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey, it's unthankful not to. I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole Nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor in New York put up a sign on the door -- "Closed due to a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe. They put

his picture up in huts in Brazil and tents in the Congo, in offices in Dublin and Danzig. That was some of what he did for his country, for when they honored him they were honoring someone essentially, quintessentially, completely American. When they honored John Kennedy they honored the Nation whose virtues, genius -- and contradictions -- he so fully reflected.

Many men are great, but few capture the imagination and the spirit of the times. The ones who do are unforgettable. Four administrations have passed since John Kennedy's death, five Presidents have occupied the Oval Office, and I feel sure that each of them thought of John Kennedy now and then, and his thousand days in the White House.

And may I say to some of the young people here who may sometimes think that history is a dry thing that lives in a book: nothing is ever lost in that great house; some music plays on.

I have even been told that late at night when the clouds are still and the Moon is high, you can just about hear the sound of certain memories brushing by. You can almost hear, if you listen close, the whirr of a wheelchair rolling by and the sound of a voice calling out, "And another thing, Eleanor!" Turn down a hall and you hear the brisk strut of a fellow saying, "Bully! Absolutely ripping!" Walk softly now and you're drawn to the soft notes of a piano and a brilliant gathering in the East Room, where a crowd surrounds a bright young President who is full of hope and laughter.

I don't know if this is true... but it's a story I've been told. And it's not a bad one, because it reminds us that history

is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies.

History is not only made by people, it <u>is</u> people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be -- as heroic as you are.

And that is all I have to say on this lovely evening except to add that Nancy and I brought along a personal check as a personal contribution to the only presidential library that accepts no national endowment. Caroline and John, this is for the John F. Kennedy Library. Long may it flourish.

Thank you, and bless you all.

Document No.	
--------------	--

## WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

E: 6/19/85 A	CTION/CONCURR	ENCE/CO	OMMENT DUE BY: Thurs.	FICE, 6/20, NOON
JECT: PRESIDENTIAL			AISER FOR JFK MEMOR pm, June 19 draft)	
	ACTION	FYI		ACTION F
VICE PRESIDENT		9	LACY	
REGAN		4	McFARLANE	
STOCKMAN			OGLESBY	2
BUCHANAN			ROLLINS	
CHAVEZ			RYAN	>p'
CHEW	□P	<b>IISS</b>	SPEAKES	
DANIELS			SPRINKEL	
FIELDING			SVAHN	
FRIEDERSDORF			TUTTLE	
HENKEL	2		ELLIOTT	
HICKEY			-	
HICKS				
KINGON				

#### **REMARKS:**

Please submit your comments directly to Ben Elliott with an information copy to me. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

ReceivedSS

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS:

FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY MCLEAN, VIRGINIA MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1985

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in helping the Library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father. It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory -- but I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it, and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims, and there's nothing so bracing as the truth. In this case, much of the truth resides in a strikingly sculpted Library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries, and oral histories of the New Frontier.

But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by I have found myself thinking not so much about the John F.

Kennedy Library as about the man himself, and what his life meant to our country and our times, particularly to the history of this century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues -- we know in part from the testimony available at the Library -- that he was both

self-deprecating and proud, ironic and easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the working man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on the other hand, he betrayed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been a sailor.

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..." And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was really not meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried to be strong with them, and

shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed; he cared that his country would be safe.

He was a patriot who summoned patriotism from the heart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many young men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved by his call to "Ask not...," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President, because I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But you know, it's true: when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan, and his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked and none given. But he gave as good as he got, and you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to show a huge enjoyment of life; he seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey, it's unthankful not to. I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole Nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor in New York put up a sign on the door -- "Closed due to a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe. They put

his picture up in huts in Brazil and tents in the Congo, in offices in Dublin and Danzig. That was some of what he did for his country, for when they honored him they were honoring someone essentially, quintessentially, completely American. When they honored John Kennedy they honored the Nation whose virtues, genius -- and contradictions -- he so fully reflected.

Many men are great, but few capture the imagination and the spirit of the times. The ones who do are unforgettable. Four administrations have passed since John Kennedy's death, five Presidents have occupied the Oval Office, and I feel sure that nod many shorphfol minutes each of them thought of John Kennedy, new-and them, and his thousand days in the White House.

And may I say to some of the young people here who may sometimes think that history is a dry thing that lives in a book: nothing is ever lost in that great house; some music plays on.

I have even been told that late at night when the clouds are still and the Moon is high, you can just about hear the sound of certain memories brushing by. You can almost hear, if you listen close, the whirr of a wheelchair rolling by and the sound of a voice calling out, "And another thing, Eleanor!" Turn down a hall and you hear the brisk strut of a fellow saying, "Bully! Absolutely ripping!" Walk softly now and you're drawn to the soft notes of a piano and a brilliant gathering in the East Room, where a crowd surrounds a bright young President who is full of hope and laughter.

I don't know if this is true... but it's a story I've been told. And it's not a bad one, because it reminds us that history

is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies.

History is not only made by people, it <u>is</u> people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be -- as heroic as you are.

And that is all I have to say on this lovely evening except to add that Nancy and I brought along a personal check as a personal contribution to the only presidential library that accepts no national endowment. Caroline and John, this is for the John F. Kennedy Library. Long may it flourish.

Thank you, and bless you all.

Caroline, John I show I hat

the John I shumby liting the only purdential litinary
without an endoument. I salute you for your

efforts to permanently endow the I heavy and

want you to show you have my

support and admiration for want you are doing.

(If the pundent dender the works to math a personal control him, it should be done in private. ?

Document No.	

David L. Chew **Staff Secretary** Ext. 2702

# WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

VICE PRESIDENT		FYI		ACTION FY	
AISTLINESIDEIAI			LACY		
REGAN		4	McFARLANE		
STOCKMAN			OGLESBY		
BUCHANAN			ROLLINS		
CHAVEZ			RYAN		
CHEW	□P	IISS	SPEAKES		V
DANIELS			SPRINKEL		
FIELDING	2		SVAHN		
FRIEDERSDO <del>RF</del>	B		TUTTLE		
HENKEL	<b>B</b>		ELLIOTT		
HICKEY					
HICKS			-		
KINGON	12				

ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: Thurs., 6/20, NOON

### WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: _	PRESIDENTIAL	The second liverage and the se		AISER FOR JFK MEMO		
		(	5:00	pm, June 19 draft	)	
		ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PI	RESIDENT			LACY		
REGAN	l		4	McFARLANE		
STOCK	MAN			OGLESBY	Ø	
BUCHA	NAN			ROLLINS		
CHAVE	Z	- 1		RYAN		
CHEW		□P	<b>IISS</b>	SPEAKES		
DANIE	LS			SPRINKEL		
FIELDI	NG			SVAHN		
FRIEDE	RSDORF	, P		TUTTLE		
HENKE	L	<b>B</b>		ELLIOTT		
HICKE	<b>(</b> )					
HICKS						
KINGO	N					
REMARKS:						

**DATE:** 6/19/85

Please submit your comments directly to Ben Elliott with an information copy to me. Thank you.

**RESPONSE:** (1) not self-deprecating-use self-effacing or self-depreciating: page 2 (2) Too many references to Kennedy's Staff Secretary Ext. 2702 ReceivedSS

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS:

FUNDRAISER FOR J.F.K. MEMORIAL LIBRARY MCLEAN, VIRGINIA MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1985

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

I was very pleased a few months ago when Caroline and John came to see me and to ask for our support in helping the Library. I thought afterwards what fine young people they are and what a fine testament they are to their mother and father. It was obvious to me that they care deeply about their father and his memory -- but I was also struck by how much they care about history. They felt strongly that all of us must take care to preserve it, protect it, and hand it down for future sailors on the sea of scholarship.

They're right, of course. History has its claims, and there's nothing so bracing as the truth. In this case, much of the truth resides in a strikingly sculpted Library that contains the accumulated documents, recollections, diaries, and oral histories of the New Frontier.

But I must confess that ever since Caroline and John came by I have found myself thinking not so much about the John F.

Kennedy Library as about the man himself, and what his life meant to our country and our times, particularly to the history of this century.

It always seemed to me that he was a man of the most interesting contradictions, very American contradictions. We know from his many friends and colleagues -- we know in part from the testimony available at the Library -- that he was both

self-deprecating and proud, ironic and easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the working man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on the other hand, he betrayed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been a sailor.

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..."

And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was really not meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried to be strong with them, and

shrewd. He wanted our defense system to be unsurpassed; he cared that his country would be safe.

He was a patriot who summoned patriotism from the heart of a sated country. It is a matter of pride to me that so many young men and women who were inspired by his bracing vision and moved by his call to "Ask not...," serve now in the White House doing the business of government.

Which is not to say I supported John Kennedy when he ran for President, because I didn't. I was for the other fellow. But you know, it's true: when the battle's over and the ground is cooled, well, it's then that you see the opposing general's valor.

He would have understood. He was fiercely, happily partisan, and his political fights were tough -- no quarter asked and none given. But he gave as good as he got, and you could see that he loved the battle.

Everything we saw him do seemed to show a huge enjoyment of life; he seemed to grasp from the beginning that life is one fast-moving train, and you have to jump aboard and hold on to your hat and relish the sweep of the wind as it rushes by. You have to enjoy the journey, it's unthankful not to. I think that's how his country remembers him, in his joy.

And when he died, when that comet disappeared over the continent, a whole Nation grieved and would not forget. A tailor in New York put up a sign on the door -- "Closed due to a death in the family." The sadness was not confined to us. "They cried the rain down that night," said a journalist in Europe. They put

his picture up in huts in Brazil and tents in the Congo, in offices in Dublin and Danzig. That was some of what he did for his country, for when they honored him they were honoring someone essentially, quintessentially, completely American. When they honored John Kennedy they honored the Nation whose virtues, genius -- and contradictions -- he so fully reflected.

Many men are great, but few capture the imagination and the spirit of the times. The ones who do are unforgettable. Four administrations have passed since John Kennedy's death, five Presidents have occupied the Oval Office, and I feel sure that each of them thought of John Kennedy now and then, and his thousand days in the White House.

And may I say to some of the young people here who may sometimes think that history is a dry thing that lives in a book: nothing is ever lost in that great house; some music plays on.

I have even been told that late at night when the clouds are still and the Moon is high, you can just about hear the sound of certain memories brushing by. You can almost hear, if you listen close, the whirr of a wheelchair rolling by and the sound of a voice calling out, "And another thing, Eleanor!" Turn down a hall and you hear the brisk strut of a fellow saying, "Bully! Absolutely ripping!" Walk softly now and you're drawn to the soft notes of a piano and a brilliant gathering in the East Room, where a crowd surrounds a bright young President who is full of hope and laughter.

I don't know if this is true... but it's a story I've been told. And it's not a bad one, because it reminds us that history

is a living thing that never dies. A life given in service to one's country is a living thing that never dies.

History is not only made by people, it <u>is</u> people. And so, history is, as young John Kennedy demonstrated, as heroic as you want it to be -- as heroic as you are.

And that is all I have to say on this lovely evening except to add that Nancy and I brought along a personal check as a personal contribution to the only presidential library that accepts no national endowment. Caroline and John, this is for the John F. Kennedy Library. Long may it flourish.

Thank you, and bless you all.

#### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 20, 1985



DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

FROM:

FRED F. FIELDING

COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT:

Draft Presidential Remarks for J.F.K.

Memorial Library Fundraiser

In response to the memorandum of yesterday, I have reviewed the above-referenced remarks and would like to express one concern from a legal perspective.

The next to the last paragraph of the remarks, on page 5, contains a statement that the President and Mrs. Reagan are making a personal contribution "to the only presidential library that accepts no national endowment." This characterization of the Kennedy Library is unclear, and might be interpreted to suggest that the Library accepts no federal funds. This would be incorrect.

My office has requested clarification from Ms. Kim Timmons, the researcher involved in the preparation of these remarks, who advises that the statement does not pertain to federal funding. Rather, the goal was to communicate the fact that the Library does not have a national endowment. The nature of such a "national endowment" is still not clear, and I understand that Ms. Timmons is currently investigating the precise distinction between the Kennedy Library and others. Once this has been ascertained, I recommend that the statement be revised to ensure that there is no confusion about the question of Federal funding.

cc: David L. Chew

4940

June 20, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR BEN ELLIOTT

FROM:

WILLIAM F. MARTIN WAN

SUBJECT:

Presidential Remarks: Fundraiser for

JFK Memorial Library

The NSC has reviewed the attached Presidential remarks and has made a suggested deletion on page 2.

Attachment

As stated

cc: David L. Chew

Document No.	4940

# WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

	ACTION	I FYI		ACTION	I FY
VICE PRESIDENT			LACY		
REGAN		4	McFARLANE -		
STOCKMAN			OGLESBY	<b>2</b>	
BUCHANAN			ROLLINS		· c
CHAVEZ			RYAN	P	
CHEW	□P	<b>USS</b>	SPEAKES		Ţ
DANIELS			SPRINKEL		
FIELDING			SVAHN		
FRIEDERSDORF			TUTTLE		
HENKEL	2		ELLIOTT		E
HICKEY					
HICKS					
KINGON	2				
MARKS: ase submit your co y to me. Thank yo	mments direc	tly to	Ben Elliott with	an information	on

David L. Chew Staff Secretary

self-deprecating and proud, ironic and easily moved, highly literary yet utterly at home with the common speech of the working man. He was a writer who could expound with ease on the moral forces that shaped John Calhoun's political philosophy; on the other hand, he betrayed a most delicate and refined appreciation for Boston's political wards and the characters who inhabited it. He could cuss a blue streak -- but then, he'd been a sailor.

He loved history and approached it as both romantic and realist. He could quote Steven Vincent Benet on General Lee's Army -- "the aide de camp knew certain lines of Greek/ and other things quite fitting for peace but not so suitable for war..." And he could sum up a current "statesman" with an earthy epithet that would leave his audience weak with laughter. One sensed that he loved mankind as it was, in spite of itself, and that he had little patience with those who would perfect what was really not meant to be perfect.

As a leader, as a President, he seemed to have a good, hard, un-illusioned understanding of man and his political choices. He had written a book as a very young man about why the world slept as Hitler marched on; and he understood the tension between good and evil in the history of man -- understood, indeed, that much of the history of man can be seen in the constant working out of that tension. He knew that the United States had adversaries, real adversaries, and they weren't about to be put off by soft reason and good intentions. He tried to be strong with them, and

and a second