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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 8, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Max L. Friedersdorf W.6

I thought you would be interested in seeing the attached letter which I recently received from Trueman Rembusch.

Trueman T. Rembusch

551/2 EAST COURT STREET
FRANKLIN, INDIANA 46131

April 27, 1981

PERSONAL

Mr. Max Friedersdorf, Chief of Congressional Relations for the White House Washington, D. C.

Dear Max:

Attached is a clipping from the Indianapolis Star which may not have reached your attention. It is most reassuring that you are manning a key spot on the President's team.

Back in 1952 it was my good fortune to serve on the Council of Motion Picture Organizations' committee with President Reagan and George Murphy. These gentlemen were then officers of the Screen Actors' Guild and working with them gave me a great admiration for their talents. Little known by the public was the ability of these gentlemen in ridding the Actors' Guild of 'Commies'. This was a period when Commies had infiltrated many of the Hollywood Guilds and the President proved then he was well qualified to deal with them. This fact should be most reassuring to Americans that the President is qualified to successfully meet the present Commie threat to world freedom.

On the wall of our den for years we have proudly exhibited an 8×10 picture of my Mary Agnes, Nancy and the President - taken just before their marriage. The occasion was a meeting of the Council of Motion Picture Organizations and the picture is one of our family treasures.

When the terrible attack occurred on the President and members of his retinue, we were watching CNN at our quarters in Marco Island, Florida. Aggie and I immediately added our prayers to our many countrymen's prayers for the survival and healing of all persons so wastefully attacked.

The President's economic program, from my contacts with public opinion, is receiving wide electorate support. It is most reassuring to me that you occupy a key post in this effort.

Thank you for your continuing fine service in behalf of our country.

kindest regards,

Frueman T. Rembusch

TTR:DW enc.

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WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

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Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.

Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).

Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.

Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

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GEORGE M. O'BRIEN 17th District, ELLINOIS

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DISTRICT OFFICE: 101 NORTH JOLIET STREET JOLIET, ILLINOIS 60431 (815) 740-2040

Congress of the United States House of Representatives

Washington, P.C. 20515

April 10, 1981

020091

Mr. Max Friedersdorf Assistant to the President for Legislative Affairs The White House Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Max:

Thanks for the nice note encouraging me to push the President's economic program.

Your suggestions are very good and I intend to give the President all the support I can.

Sincerely

George O'Brien Member of Congress

GMO: mj

ark f

ID # 020107

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET-

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Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

March 20, 1981

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UNCLASSIFIED

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD V. ALLEN THE WHITE HOUSE

FG006-01 CO 078 FG006-12

Subject: Appointment Request with Richard Allen

Bremer, L. Paul III

Taked bank.

The book pur for the puring the 11.

Shintaro Ishihara, one of the Japanese Diet members travelling with former Prime Minister Fukuda who also attended the March 19 breakfast for Fukuda hosted by Mr. Richard Allen, has requested an appointment with Mr. Allen on March 30. The Japanese Embassy was not aware of any particular topics Ishihara wished to raise, but thought he and Mr. Allen were acquaintances. Ishihara will return to Washington on March 28 and depart for Tokyo late in the afternoon of March 30.

L. Paul Bremer, III Executive Secretary

UNCLASSIFIED

4

1386

23 March 1981

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

TO: Richard Allen

FROM: Don Gregg

MG

SUBJECT: ISHIHARA Shintaro

ISHIHARA wants to see you again on 30 March.

You had breakfast with him and Mr. Fukuda.

This sounds like a courtesy call, but ISHIHARA frequently has an angle. I would vote against seeing him.

OPTIONS

RVA t	o see	ISHI	HARA		
Offer	Gregg	as	substi	tute	
Other					

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MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

ACTION

March 25, 1981

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FG006-12

NR 006

MEMORANDUM FOR RICHARD V. ALLEN

FROM:

GEOFFREY KEMP W

SUBJECT:

The Use of Your Name in a Fictional

Article by Dr. S.C. Yuter

The attached draft article by Dr. S.C. Yuter has evidently been submitted to New York Magazine. You will be glad to know that you emerge as the HERO OF THE WESTERN WORLD.... Against the wishes of Al Haig and the State Department, Dick Allen orchestrates the end of OPEC and the capitalist economies achieve an unparalleled period of economic growth and wealth! (See pages 2,4,8,10)

I've never met Dr. Yuter, though he has inundated me with letters and monographs since my arrival (I gather he did the same to Bob Hunter). His use of the term "Geoff" in the letter to me does not reflect any closeness on our part. you know him? From what I gather he is one of the more productive amateurs who have a passionate interest in Middle East Affairs. It doesn't seem to me there is much we can do about his article if it is accepted. You certainly come out with flying colors! However, I wanted to check whether he was a friend. If he is not, I shall not bother to reply since I am certain this would only encourage further correspondence. Therefore, I will not reply unless you think it appropriate.

RECOMMENDATION:

That I not reply to Dr. Yuter.

I Sure do like being a good gry for a change!

Attachment

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LAW OFFICES

YUTER, ROSEN & DAINOW

S.C. YUTER, J. S. D. DANIEL M. ROSEN J. DAVID DAINOW

OF COUNSEL
WILLARD W. ROBERTS
(OHIO BAR ONLY)

Patents Trademarks

489 FIFTH AVENUE - NEW YORK 10017
212 986-1221
CABLE: YUTERLAW
TELEX: 640681

March 20, 1981

Dr. Geoffrey T. H. Kemp Room 351 Executive Office Building Washington, D. C. 20506

Re: THE MECCA INCIDENT OF 1983

Dear Geoff:

The accompanying political science fiction article refers to Dick in a number of places. New York Magazine is presently considering the article.

Please let me know if he has any objection to the references to him.

Any suggestions you may have to make the article more credible would be greatly appreciated.

I am looking forward to meeting you soon.

Sincerely,

Dr.) S. C. Yuter

SCY: d Encl.

cc: Mr. Richard V. Allen (w/encl)

Dr. S. C. Yuter 489 Fifth Avenue New York, N. Y. 10017 March 16,1981 212-986-1221

THE MECCA INCIDENT OF 1983

On November 20, 1979 over 700 heavily armed Moslem extremists seized the Grand Mosque in Mecca, the holiest shrine in Islam, and demanded that Saudi Arabia return to strict Islamic teachings. The Moslem extremists were members of the Salifiya movement who believe that their leader, the Mahdi or Messiah, had appeared to save Moslems and return them to the path of righteousness. Many were killed by Saudi National Guardsmen in recapturing the Mosque. Others were later beheaded or imprisoned by the Saudi Government.

The following events take place in 1983, beginning on the fourth anniversary of the Mosque seizure by the Moslem extremists.

S.C. Yuter, a New York patent attorney with a doctorate in international law, is author of "Cheap Oil: How to Break OPEC."

SAUDI JUMBO JET HIJACKED NEAR MECCA BY MOSLEM EXTREMISTS

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Nov. 20--A Saudi
Arabian Airways jumbo jet, on the regular morning flight from Taif near Mecca
to the Saudi capital of Riyadh, was hijacked by Moslem extremists today. They
say they are ready to blow up the aircraft unless the Saudi authorities release imprisoned members of the extremist Moslem Salifiya movement who were
captured after seizing the Grand Mosque
in Mecca exactly four years ago.

On November 20, 1979, the Moslem extremists seized the holiest shrine in Islam and demanded that Saudi Arabia return to strict Islamic teachings. Over 700 heavily armed 'Islamic renegades' donned burial shrouds to show their readiness to die for their cause. All were killed or captured by Saudi National Guard units.

An estimated 80 percent were Saudi nationals, with the others described as Yemenis, Egyptians, Pakistanis and Moroccans.

The Saudi jet is parked in a corner of the Riyadh airport, immobilized because Saudi National Guardsmen flattened its tires with machine gun fire.

According to airport authorities, the leader of the hijackers, who has also threatened to kill hostages if the Mecca prisoners are not released, speaks Arabic with a Yemeni accent.

Riyadh has put the Saudi armed forces on alert, especially in the southwestern part of the country near South Yemen, which is allied with the Soviet Union. Saudi National Guard units in the Eastern oil province are being moved to Riyadh to help protect the royal family, thus lowering the protection of the oil facilities.

Saudi F-15s, apparently armed with air to ground missiles to deter any coup attempt, are patrolling the air over Riyadh.

SAUDIS HINT COMMUNISTS BEHIND HIJACKING OF MECCA JUMBO JET

RIYADH, Saudi Arabia, Nov. 20-- Prince Abdullah ibn Abdul Aziz, second deputy prime minister and commander of the Saudi National Guard, said today that the 1979 Salafiya movement was dead.

Hijackers, who claim to be members of the Salifiya movement which seized the Grand Mosque in Mecca four years ago, are holding more than 300 hostages on a Saudi jumbo jet parked on a remote part of the Riyadh airport.

The Kahtani and Oteibi tribes, which spawned most of the Salafis, have pledged full support for the Saudi monarchy, according to Prince Abdullah, and there was no reason for any unrest.

The prince complained that Communists are encircling the Persian Gulf and want to seize control of the vast oil reserves. He hinted that the hijackers of the Saudi jet are not Saudi nationals but South Yemen terrorists who are trying to destabilize the Saudi Government.

South Yemen has close ties with Moscow, which has air and naval bases in the former British protectorate of Aden.

U.S. WILL BACK SAUDIS IF ANY SOVIET THREAT TO PERSIAN GULF OIL FIELDS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20--A White House spokesman declared today that the so-called Carter Doctrine was fully supported by the Reagan Administration and would be implemented if required.

In January 1980, President Carter proclaimed that American interests in the Persian Gulf region were vital and that any threat there would be met by military force if necessary.

Richard V. Allen, the President's national security advisor, emphasized today that since 1981, the Reagan Administration had built up its forces in the area and that strong elements of the Rapid Deployment Force are stationed in Oman and in the Indian Ocean and are ready to back Saudis against any Soviet threat to Persian Gulf oil.

SAUDI JET HIJACKERS THREATEN HOSTAGES IF INMATES NOT FREED

Tension Rises in Saudi Oil Area From Shiites Demanding Religious Freedom

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Nov. 21--Hijackers of the Saudi jumbo jet immobilized in a corner of the Riyadh airport today threatened to shoot passengers one by one unless the Saudi Government meets their demand for release of the "martyrs" imprisoned after the 1979 seizure of the Grand Mosque in Mecca.

A Saudi spokesman hinted that some of the hijacked airline passengers are important members of the Saudi royal family, which explains the failure to attack the aircraft.

Tension is rising, meanwhile, among Shiites in the Eastern oil province. Unruly mobs in Qatif, on the Gulf coast near the Saudi oil facilities, have threatened Saudi Government offices but Saudi guardsmen have been able to keep order. The Shiites are seeking more religious freedom.

Shiites, who split from the Sunni Moslems centuries ago, have long been feuding with the Wahabi Sunni Moslems who, under the leadership of the man who later became King Ibn Saud, conquered the Shiites in 1913. To the Wahabis, the Shiites are objects of special hatred.

Iran, 93 percent Shiite, has long been agitating Shiites in the Saudi oil province. A large proportion of the Saudis employed by the Arab American Oil Company, which operates the oil facilities for the government, are Shiite Moslems. According to one Western diplomat, Iran has been training dissident Shiites from the Saudi oil province in demolition techniques.

As a result of Iranian radio instigation, significant Shiite disturbances took place in Qatif during the Mecca incident four years ago and again in 1980.

MOSCOW ACCUSES U.S. OF SEEKING CONTROL OF SAUDI OIL FACILITIES

MOSCOW, Nov. 21--Tass, the Soviet news agency, today ridiculed the U.S. suggestion that the Soviet Union or its South Yemen ally has anything to do with the Saudi airliner being held at the Riyadh airport by Saudi nationals seeking social progress in their country.

The Tass report continued: "The main causes of the region's tensions are the hostility of imperialism towards social and political changes in the area, and the Western monopolies' fear of losing control over its oil. U.S. and Western naval forces on permanent patrol in the area number more than 60 ships, including three U.S. aircraft carriers. Forward contingents of the rapid deployment force are stationed in Oman, and aboard craft ready to land at any moment. U.S. military installations at Diego Garcia, in the Indian Ocean, include B-52 bombers capable of carrying nuclear bombs, as well as facilities for nuclear submarines.

As for the Soviet Union, Tass continued, "its position is clear and principled. The Persian Gulf area is the sphere of vital interest of all its states and peoples, and no one has the right to interfere in their affairs. The Soviet Union resolutely condemns the imperialist policy of intimidation and military blackmail, and stands for the strengthening of the independence and sovereignty of all states and for the free national and social progress of all peoples."

Tass concluded: "The Soviet Union stands for making the Persian Gulf and Indian Ocean a zone of peace. It is Western imperialism, led by Washington, which is looking for an excuse to heighten tensions in the area in order to seize control of Saudi oil facilities."

SAUDI F-15 ATTACKS ROYAL PALACE; TENSION INCREASES IN SAUDI OIL AREA

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Nov. 22--A Saudi Air Force F-15 reportedly fired air to ground missiles at the Saudi Royal Palace in Riyadh today. There was no report of deaths or injuries in the attack, which raised tensions in the Saudi capital.

According to observers, the F-15 bombed other government facilities before speeding westward.

The attack increased unrest in the Eastern oil province, where Shiites have been demonstrating for more religious freedom.

The Moslem extremists holding more than 300 hostages on a Saudi jetliner threatened to blow up the plane and all aboard unless Saudi Arabia met a deadline tomorrow for freeing members of their movement imprisoned after seizing the Grand Mosque at Mecca four years ago.

The Lockheed 1011, seized two days ago on a flight from Taif near Mecca to Riyadh, rested on a remoterunway at the Riyadh airport, immobilized with flat tires shot out by Saudi National Guardsmen surrounding the aircraft.

A Western diplomat who observed the attack on the Royal Palace by the Saudi F-15 noted that the F-15 pilots spent extended periods in the U.S. in training to fly the sophisticated jet fighter. It was not surprising, he said, if some of the Saudi pilots are dissatisfied with the policies of the Saudi Government.

Washington, in 1981, agreed to supply advanced air to ground armaments for the F-15s.

SAUDI OIL FIELDS THREATENED

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22--The Arabian American Oil Company, Aramco, reported today that Shiite unrest in the Saudi oil province had spread to Aramco's oil facilities, with a number of explosions occurring in the oil fields.

U.S. CONCERNED ABOUT SAUDI OIL FACILITIES ATTACKED BY SHIITES

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22--A White House spokesman expressed serious concern about the security of Saudi oil facilities, which supply about 16 percent of U.S. imported oil but a much larger portion of oil imported by Western European nations.

The spokesman, Richard V. Allen, President Reagan's national security advisor, said that U.S. forces in the Persian Gulf area are strong enough to secure the Saudi oil facilities, but only if the Saudi Government requests it.

Officials of the Arabian American
Oil Company, which operates the Saudi
oil facilities, reported that a series of
explosions have destroyed key installations
in the giant Ghowar oil field and two
large storage tanks are burning at
Ras Tanura, the main loading terminal
for Saudi oil.

Shiite demolition teams, reportedly trained in Iran, apparently are attacking oil facilities in support of Shiite religious groups agitating for more religious freedom.

Mr. Allen said that any serious threat to the Saudi oil facilities could prove disastrous to the Western world, which relies heavily on Saudi oil.

MOSLEM EXTREMISTS SEIZE AIRPORT IN HEART OF SAUDI OIL FACILITIES

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Nov. 23--Saudi religious extremists have taken control of the Dharhan airport tower and most of the field, according to Saudi radio communications monitored here.

The Dharhan airport is at the heart of the Saudi oil facilities in the Eastern Province.

Apparently belonging to the same group that holds the hijacked Saudi jet at the Saudi capital Riyadh, the extremists are calling for the release of all imprisoned members of the Salifiya movement who were captured after seizing the Grand Mosque in Mecca four years ago, on November 20, 1979.

TERRORISTS CAPTURE SAUDI AIRPORT

RIYADH, Saudi Arabia, Nov. 23--Saudi Government officials confirmed today that Arab terrorists have taken control of the Dharhan airport in the Eastern oil province. They landed about 9:30 P.M. last night in a British Airways 747 jumbo jet which flies daily to Dharhan nonstop from London.

A group of heavily armed men rapidly left the plane and overwhelmed the Saudi National Guard contingent assigned to protect the airport.

There was no information about the condition of the passengers, and no explanation how so many arms could be smuggled through tight London airport security.

MORE EXPLOSIONS IN OIL FIELDS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23--Shiite demolition teams, apparently trained in Iran, blew up more Saudi oil installations in the Eastern oil province, according to the Arabian American Oil Company, which operates the oil facilities for the Saudi Government.

SAUDI JET HIJACKERS EXTEND DATE TO KILL ROYAL FAMILY HOSTAGES

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Nov. 23--Hijackers of a Saudi jumbo jet parked in a remote corner of the Riyadh airport agreed to extend the deadline to kill members of the Saudi royal family who are among the over 300 hostages.

The threat was made yesterday after Saudi Government authorities said they could not locate a number of the Mecca prisoners whose release is demanded by the Moslem extremists holding the plane.

Members of the group captured the Grand Mosque in Mecca four years ago demanding that Saudi Arabia return to strict Islamic teachings. Some were later beheaded or imprisoned by the Saudis.

As negotiators sought a compromise to free the hostages and the Mecca prisoners simultaneously, unofficial sources in Riyadh said that a special plane was being prepared for a flight from the field to a destination of the hijackers' choice.

The sources said the negotiators requested an additional day to complete the search for all of the imprisoned members of the group.

One of the hijackers said he needed 20 minutes to consult with his companions. After a long radio silence, he said they were willing to wait another 24 hours.

The Saudi national guardsmen around the plane were removed from the vicinity and the compressor, which had been withdrawn, was hooked up again for the plane's ventilation system.

The hijackers at the Riyadh airport are in radio contact with the Moslem extremists who have taken control of the airport control tower at the Dharhan airport in the Eastern Province.

TERRORISTS AT TWO SAUDI AIRPORTS SPEAK ARABIC WITH YEMENI ACCENT

RIYADH, Saudi Arabia, Nov. 24--Saudi officials reported today that terrorists occupying the Dharhan airport, in radio contact with the hijackers of the Saudi Arabian Airways jumbo jet at the Riyadh airport, are speaking Arabic with a Yemeni accent.

Although both terrorist groups continue to demand the release of all imprisoned members of the gang which attacked the Grand Mosque in Mecca in November 1979, suspicion is growing here that something more is involved besides the Mecca prisoners.

Some Western diplomats speculate that a Cuban-led South Yemeni force might invade the adjacent Dhofar province in Oman, where Marxist guerillas have been kept under control by Omani forces led by British officers.

A mostly Cuban combat brigade, trained by the Soviet Union in Cuba, is stationed in Southern Yemen. From Dhofar it would be positioned to move toward the Strait of Hormuz, the passageway for the Persian Gulf.

Other diplomats believe that there is a concerted effort to destabilize the Saudi government and, perhaps, encourage some U.S.-trained F-15 pilots to attempt a coup. Some see the hand of Iran in the Shiite disturbances in the Eastern oil province. Teheran wants Riyadh to grant the Saudi Shiites more religious freedom.

Palestininans here insist that Washington is hatching a plot to take over Saudi oil facilities, as Radio Moscow keeps saying.

The coup theorists point out that the Saudi Air Force has, more than once, been the source of coup attempts, and at least one Saudi F-15 pilot has attacked the palace and disappeared westward, with no report of where he landed.

Meanwhile, in the Eastern oil province where the Dhaman airport is located, Shiite demolition teams continue to destroy oil facilities.

U.S. READY TO HELP DEFEND OIL

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24--The State Department today refused to confirm or deny reports that Saudi Arabia has requested American military help to secure the Saudi oil facilities.

Saudi officials deny requesting any aid, with Riyadh maintaining that it is reaching a deal with the Moslem renegades at the Riyadh and Dharhanairports and, after that can handle the Shiite disturbances in the Eastern Province.

The problem is that the Saudi National Guard has been thinned out in the oil area in order to beef up protection of Saudi government facilities and residences in Riyadh.

Apparently, there is fear of Saudi armoured forces joining with Air Force pilots to attempt a coup, especially highly-trained F-15 pilots who can attack ground targets from miles away. Some Saudi royal family members are said to believe that long training in the United States may have affected the loyalty of some of the pilots. One purpose of the Saudi National Guard is to protect the royal family from the Army.

A State Department spokesman said that in the event U.S. assistance is requested by the Saudi government, crack units of the Rapid Deployment Force are ready to move immediately from Oman bases and naval assault ships to the area of the Saudi oil facilities.

SAUDI JET HIJACKERS WANT TO JOIN GROUP HOLDING DHARHAN AIRPORT

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Nov. 24--Hijackers holding more than 300 hostages on a Saudi jetliner at the Riyadh airport said they would release most of the hostages, including some of the Saudi family members, if the Saudi authorities provide an aircraft to take them and the remaining hostages to the Dharhan airport so that they can join other members of their movement.

Riyadh agreed.

MOSLEM EXTREMISTS HOLDING SAUDI AIRPORT THREATEN SAUDI HOSTAGES

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Nov. 25--Moslem religious extremists who seized the Dharhan airport control tower and most of the airfield two days ago are threatening to kill three high-ranking Saudi family members unless the Saudi government releases all of the imprisoned members of the Salifiya movement who were captured after seizing the Grand Mosque at Mecca four years ago.

Members of the group holding the airport were joined by the hijackers of the Saudi jumbo jet during its flight from Taif near Mecca to Riyadh. With more than 100 hostages, they landed in a Saudi Airlines 737 this morning, on a temporarily cleared runway. The Mecca group immediately moved vehicles to continue blocking all of the Dharhan airport runways.

It is not clear whether the threatened members of the Saudi royal family are part of the newly-arrived hostages or are passengers on the British Airways 747 which was apparently hijacked by the extremists during its flight from London to Dharhan.

Saudi authorities agreed to the transfer of some of the hostages held on the Saudi jumbo jet to the smaller Saudi 737 in return for the release of over 200 hostages, including members of the Saudi royal family. According to one released hostage, the hijackers speak Arabic with a Yemeni accent.

The Moslem extremists holding the Dharhan airport set a deadline of noon tomorrow for the delivery of all of the imprisoned members of their movement to the airport. Otherwise, the three high-ranking Saudi family members will be executed, their leader said.

Meanwhile, Shiites continue their disturbances and attacks on oil facilities in the Eastern oil province.

U.S. FORCES LAND IN SAUDI OIL AREA TO SECURE PRODUCTION FACILITIES

Marines Land on Saudi Gulf Shore--Paratroopers Surround Occupied Airport

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25--A State Department spokesman said that advanced elements of the Rapid Deployment Force have landed in the Eastern Province of Saudi Arabia to help Saudi authorities secure oil facilities, which have been the target of Shiites demonstrating for more religious freedom.

U.S. Marines landed on the Saudi Gulf shore near Qatif, in the heart of the oil producing area, and are linking up with American paratroopers dropped further inland.

Other paratroopers have surrounded the Dharhan airport occupied by Moslem extremists who are demanding the release of fellow members of the Mahdist group who; were imprisoned after seizing the Grand Mosque in Mecca four years ago.

The paratroopers were flown from airport facilities on the Omani island of Masirah in the Arabian Sea. Marine assault ships temporarily moved into the Persian Gulf from their permanent station in the Indian Ocean, joined with U.S. vessels of the naval force permanently based in Bahrain, less than 50 miles from Qatif.

According to the American Arabian Oil Company, Aramco, Shiite disturbances have all but terminated, apparently because Shiite demolition teams fear injuring Americans. Aramco operates the oil facilities in the Eastern Province for the Saudi Government.

The request for U.S. aid to help protect Saudi oil facilities was relayed to the State Department late last night by the U.S. Ambassador in Riyadh.

Prince Abdullah ibn Abdul Aziz, second deputy prime minister and commander of the Saudi National Guard, denied any aid request, according to a statement from the Saudi Arabia embassy here.

SHEIK PROCLAIMS INDEPENDANT ISLAMIC STATE IN SAUDI OIL AREA

TEHERAN, Iran, Nov. 26--Pars, the Iranian news agency, reported today that Shiites in the Eastern Province of Saudi Arabia have "liberated their homeland" and proclaimed the independent Islamic State of Hasa.

Hasa was the name of the Eastern Province until Saudi authorities changed it in 1950.

According to an Iranian official, the proclamation was made by Sheik Hazzam ibn Khalid Al Araiar, the leader of the Bani Khalid, the clan which ruled Hasa until subjugated in 1913 by the the man who later became known as King Ibn Saud.

The Iranian official stated that the Islamic Republic of Iran had recognized the Islamic State of Hasa and offerred assistance to its ruler Sheik Hazzam.

U.S. COMMANDER NEGOTIATES WITH SURROUNDED AIRPORT OCCUPIERS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26--According to a Defense Department spokesman, the commander of the Rapid Deployment Force contingent surrounding the airport occupied by Moslem extremists seeking release of their imprisoned comrades is negotiating with their leader.

The commander has been authorized to offer safe passage to a destination of their choice in return for surrender of the airport and release of the hostages.

Now that the airport is surrounded by the U.S. forces the Saudi authorities are stalling on the release of any of the "Mahdists" who were imprisoned after they seized the Grand Mosque in Mecca four years ago. These orthodox Islamic conservatives seek a return by Saudi Arabia to strict Islamic teachings.

The negotiations are being conducted in Arabic by a member of the U.S. contingent.

The Mahdist leader agreed to postpone killing any hostages for 24 hours.

PRESIDENT DECIDING U.S. POLICY TOWARDS REBELLIOUS SHIITES

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26--The National Security Council, chaired by President Reagan, met in emergency session all day today on whether to attempt to defend Saudi oil facilities against renewed attacks by Shiite demolition teams, an almost impossible task, or recognize the new Islamic State of Hasa proclaimed by rebellious Shiites.

State Department experts favor the continued support of the Saudi royal family, and Secretary Alexander M. Haig Jr. represents the view that consistency requires reaffirmation of the special relationship between Washington and Riyadh,

But another group, led by National Security Advisor Richard V. Allen, emphasizes that the Saudis, especially after the 1979 doubling of oil prices, are no friends of the U.S., which has still not recovered from high energy prices.

Mr. Allen points out that Saudi oil, which costs less than 15 cents a barrel to produce, is OPEC price-fixed at \$48, and that the Saudis have continually reduced oil production to maintain upward pressure on prices.

The President is expected to announce his decision at a news conference early tomorrow morning.

PRESIDENT RECOGNIZES NEW ISLAMIC STATE IN PERSIAN GULF OIL AREA

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27--In a 2 A.M. news conference today, President Reagan announced that the U.S. is reluctantly recognizing the new Islamic State of Hasa proclaimed by Shiite rebels in Saudi Arabia.

The President said he has instructed the U.S. commander of the Rapid Deployment Force to cooperate with Sheik Hazzam, the leader of the dissident Shiites, who overcame weak Saudi resistance to their takeover of Hasa.

Sheik Hazzam has agreed to help protect all oil facilities in cooperation with the Arabian American Oil Company, Aramco, which has been operating the oil facilities for the Saudi Government. Aramco, at its expense, has been instructed to increase oil production capacity to 16 million barrels a day from the present 10.5 million capacity.

Until the Shiite takeover of the Eastern oil province of Saudi Arabia, the Saudis were producing only 6.5 million barrels of oil a day. Sheik Hazzam has ordered Aramco to expand production to 10.5 million barrels a day as soon as possible, and to slowly increase it to 16 million with the added capacity facilities.

The Hasa ruler says he will have nothing to do with OPEC price-fixing, but will market Hasa oil at a reasonable price, especially for the poor people of the world.

Hasa oil is expected to sell at \$10 a barrel rather than the OPEC-fixed price of \$48. But at 10 to 16 million barrels a day the \$10 price will produce enormous proceeds for the new Islamic state.

The new head of state also wishes a defense treaty with the U.S. and expects the U.S. to permanently station land, air and naval forces in Hasa to protect it from enemies.

AIRPORT OCCUPIERS DROP DEMANDS IN RETURN FOR SAFE PASSAGE

All Hostages to be Released Unharmed

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27--A Defense Department spokesman said that at noon Persian Gulf time the Moslem extremists occupying the Dharhan airport agreed to give up on their goal of freeing the imprisoned members of their group who seized the Grand Mosque in Mecca four years ago.

In return for a U.S. guarantee of safe passage to a destination of their choice, all of the hostages they have been holding will be freed without harm.

An Arab diplomat here speculated that the Mahdist goal of returning Saudi Arabia to strict Islamic teachings will now largely be accomplished by the tremendous reduction of income resulting from loss of most of the Saudi oil facilities, now in the new Islamic State of Hasa.

A White House spokesman said that the U.S. is willing to defend Hasa's oil from all enemies, especially the Soviets, who are now net oil importers.

Out of respect for the old friendship between Saudi Arabia and the U.S., the Administration will use its influence to see that the border between Hasa and Saudi Arabia be drawn so that ample oil will remain on the Saudi side to provide a comfortable living for its people, the spokesman added,

U.S. DENIES PLOT TO SEIZE SAUDI OIL

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28--A White House spokesman today denied that there was any Administration plan to seize Saudi oil facilities. Moscow has repeatedly accused the United States of plotting to grab Saudi oil.

The spokesman, National Security
Advisor Richard V. Allen, said the U.S. had absolutely no connection with the Shiite insurgency in the Saudi oil province or with the proclamation of an independent state there, and that American forces were sent to secure the oil facilities only after requested by the Saudi Government.

A spokesman at the Saudi Arabia Embassy here denied today that any aid request was made to Washington.

The State Department said that a high-ranking minister of the Saudi Government requested U.S. aid from the U.S. Ambassador in Riyadh, but the State Department official admitted that there may have been a misunderstanding. The American Embassy in Saudi Arabia has been in continuous contact with the Saudi oil minister, Sheik Ahmad Zaki Yamani, since Shiite disturbances began in the Saudi oil province a week ago.

RUSH TO RECOGNIZE NEW GULF STATE

TEHERAN, Iran, Nov. 28--An Iranian Government official said today that many countries have followed Iran's lead and recognized the new Islamic State of Hasa.

Shiite insurgents, under the leadership of Sheik Hazzam ibn Khalid, overcame weak Saudi resistance in the predominantly Shiite province of Saudi Arabia which produced most Saudi oil. Sheik Hazzam's family was the hereditary ruler of Hasa before being subjugated by the Sauds in 1913.

The normally strong Saudi National Guard forces in the Eastern Province had been thinned to protect Riyadh from any coup attempt during the crisis arising from a hijacked Mecca jetliner.

OPEC OIL PRICE-FIXING TO END

ROTTERDAM, Netherlands, Nov. 28--Oil experts here agreed today that the days of OPEC price fixing of crude oil are over if the new Hasa ruler increases production to 16 million barrels a day from the present 6.5 million set by Saudi Arabia to maintain upward pressure on oil prices.

Saudi light crude presently sells for \$48 a barrel. If Sheik Hazzam ibn Khalid, the ruler of the new Islamic State of Hasa who took over the Saudi Eastern oil province, raises production immediately to the present capacity of 10.5 million barrels a day, the resulting glut of oil together with the promise of a still larger glut, will shatter OPEC price fixing.

OPEC members Libya, Algeria and Iraq, known as OPEC "hawks" because they constantly pressure OPEC for higher oil prices, have been livid in denouncing the "oil companies plot to recapture control of oil pricing and production."

These three OPEC members will have to increase production in order to get even a fraction of their present oil proceeds, as will all oil-exporting countries, if the price falls to about \$10 a barrel for Hasa oil, as most oil experts here expect.

Some experts say the price can go even lower as supply of oil increasingly exceeds demand.

PROSPERITY IS JUST AROUND CORNER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28--U.S. economists all agree that if the price of oil falls to around \$10 a barrel due to a glut produced by Hasa free marketed oil, the combination of inflation and high unemployment, stagflation, will end dramatically and that prosperity will return to America in a few months.

Already, auto stocks are booming-together with almost all auto-related stocks. For the first time, the Dow Jones industrial average has surged way above 1000.

America was built on hard work and cheap energy, one economist said, and cheap energy has returned.

GROUP HOLDING PERSIAN GULF AIRPORT LEAVE ON BRITISH JET

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Nov. 28--The Moslem extremists who hijacked a Saudi jumbo jet flight from Mecca to Riyadh eight days ago, together with other members of their movement who hijacked a British Airways Boeing 747 two days later and landed at the Dharhan airport and seized the airport, boarded the British jetliner and took off for an undisclosed destination this morning.

The United States has guaranteed safe passage.

The British jetliner was parked near the Dharhan airport control tower. The passengers on the British airways flight, apparently kept comfortable on the jet during the six day ordeal, left with the group, who gave up on their demand for the release by Saudi authorities of imprisoned members of the Mahdist group who seized the Grand Mosque in Mecca four years ago.

The group was persuaded by the commander of the American force that surrounded the airport to give up in return for guaranteed safe passage.

All of the hostages taken on the hijacked Saudi jumbo jet flight from Taif near Mecca to Riyadh were released unharmed and apparently in good health. The remaining hostages from the British flight are to be released when the group reaches its chosen destination.

The American force, a paratrooper contingent of the Rapid Deployment Force, surrounded the Dharhan airport three days ago and persuaded the leader of the extremists to drop his demands.

U.S.Navy fighters from one of the aircraft carriers patrolling in the Arabian Sea off Oman are accompanying the hijacked British jetliner to its destination.

COMMANDER OF PERSIAN GULF FORCE LAUDS PERFORMANCE OF PARATROOPS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28--The commander of the Rapid Deployment Force, Lieut. Gen. P.X. Kelley, commended the units of the 82nd Airborne Division which parachuted into the former Eastern Province of Saudi Arabia to help defend oil facilities under attack from insurgent Shiite demolition teams demanding religious freedom. General Kelley also had loud praise for the Marines which landed on the Gulf shore of the oil area, later proclaimed as the Islamic State of Hasa.

Not one life was lost according to the commander, apparently because there was no opposition to the American forces. The Shiites ceased their disturbances and attacks on the oil facilities when the new state was proclaimed. The few Saudi National Guardsmen left in the area, after most of the Guardsmen were moved to Riyadh to guard against a coup, refused to fire on the Americans.

While the Reagan Administration was surprised with the turn of events leading to the establishment of Hasa, the most surprised was the local paratroop commander who negotiated with the leader of the group that held the Dharhan airport. According to the paratrooper, as the group leader closed the door of the British 747, which was to takethe hijackers to their destination, the leader said "Shalom."

The jumbo jet flew from Dharhan to the Israeli airbase in Sinai near Elath. As the jet landed its exact twin was taking off. Its pilot reported that the British Airways flight from London to Dharhan was hijacked by Israelis over the Mediterranean and flown to the Sinai airbase, where the passengers and crew were treated royally the last six days.

Under the Camp David accords, the Sinai airbase was to be turned over to Egypt in April 1982, but the Israeli Government refused because Egypt did not reach an agreement on autonomy for the West Bank and Gaza Palestinians.

MEMORANDUM

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR: RICHARD V. ALLEN

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

March 24, 1981

SUBJECT:

FROM:

Initial Media Reaction to Your CPAC Speech

Here is a sampler of the initial European reactions to your remarks to the CPAC:

JIM RENTSCHLER DENNIS BLAIR

London seems to have given the speech greatest play, probably because of the direct reference to the British Labor Party:

"Pacificists and Economic Crisis 'Threaten Europe'" (Financial Times)

"Criticism of Labor by Reagan Adviser" (Times)

"US Anxiety and European Arms Attitude" (Daily Telegraph)

"Reagan Defense Aid Attacks Labor Party's 'Pacifist' Policies" (Guardian)

Embassy London cabled quotations from the resolutions adopted at the Labor Party Conference of last October, noted archly that they were contradictory and that they "do not at this point constitute part of the Party's election platform." Among the relevant resolutions appears the following: "The Conference... demands...the next Labour Party manifesto...must include a firm commitment opposing British participation in any defence policy based on the use or threatened use of nuclear weapons; a pledge to close down all nuclear bases, British or American,. . . " We would submit this resolution amounts to a "renunciation of nuclear weapons," the phrase you used.

The German papers stressed the "growing pacifist tendencies" passages of the speech. Dr. Alois Mertes, CDU Bundestag spokesman, visiting the US for the Konrad Adenauer seminar at Princeton, called to say that he had just spoken to reporters in New York, and had said he, "agreed with everything Dick Allen said." We promised to send him a copy of what you actually did say.

Finally, Brussels reports that both Schmidt and Giscard (there for the EC Summit) had read the speech. Schmidt's offthe-record was that he was not, repeat not, upset nor confused. Giscard's spokesman resorted to the non sequitur: "Security problems will undoubtedly merit attention during the European Council."

If we can stir up this much attention in one day's staff work, boss, wait until you see what we can do with three days.

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MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

March 26, 1981

F6006-12 Maynes, Charles William

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR:

RICHARD V. ALLEN

FROM:

JIM LILLEY

SUBJECT:

Invitation for you to Speak to the Editorial.

Board of Foreign Policy Magazine

This memo concerns an invitation for you to speak off-therecord to the Editorial Board of the Foreign Policy magazine on May 4th in Washington.

The letter was sent to me because the current editor of Foreign Policy is a very good friend of mine, Bill Maynes. Although Bill and I disagree politically on many things, we are nevertheless old friends. You know that Foreign Policy has a liberal bias but they are the smarter and more responsible brand of liberal. It would obviously be a challenging meeting, but I think with your command of current foreign affairs you could turn it to our advantage.

RECOMMENDATION:

I recommend that you give serious consideration to going to this meeting.

I but lake : not may if.

Will not attend meeting

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FROM LILLEY

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Charles William Maynes Editor

11 Dupont Circle, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036 Telephone 202 797-6420

March 23, 1981

James Lilley National Security Council The White House Washington, DC 20500

Dear Jim:

I want to follow up our telephone conversation the other day regarding my desire to extend an invitation to Richard Allen to speak off the record to the Editorial Board of FOREIGN POLICY magazine. The Board will meet for dinner at 7:00 p.m. on May 4 in the private dining room of a local restaurant.

As I mentioned, it has been somewhat of a tradition for senior members of previous administrations to speak off the record to the Editorial Board. Prominent officials in the past who have met with board include James Schlesinger, Cyrus Vance, Zbigniew Brezezinski and, from abroad, Shimon Peres.

The format is informal. There is considerable give and take. And it is all off the record. Normally, we have in attendance about 15 people, including the staff of the magazine. Our board, a list of which is attached, includes some of the more active commentators on foreign policy issues. They represent very different points of view and areas of specialization. Our foreign members include the directors of the key foreign policy institutes in France, Germany and Great Britain.

I think the evening could be of benefit to all involved. Board members could understand first hand the special problems and concerns of the administration. Dr. Allen could understand the questions that prominent analysts of foreign policy are already or soon will be posing in their future writings and lecturing.

I hope very much that Dr. Allen will be able to attend. Please give me a call if you have any questions not answered by this letter.

Sincerely,

Charles William Maynes Editor

FOREIGN POLICY Editorial Members include:

Thomas L. Hughes
Richard H. Ullman
Albert Fishlow
Frances FitzGerald
Morton H. Halperin
Stanley Hoffmann
Samuel P. Huntington
Karl Kaiser
Jan M. Lodal
Thierry de Montbrial
Joseph S. Nye, Jr.
John E. Rielly
William D. Rogers
Tad Szulc
David Watt

. . .

April 7, 1981

Mr. Michael A. S. Guth P. O. Box 941 Houston, Texas 77001

Dear Mike:

Thank you for your kind letter of March 18. I am sorry that my hectic schedule, coupled with my husband's illness, prevented me from getting together the last time you were in Washington.

Your assignment at the American Embassy in Bonn should be very exciting. The two topics you have selected for research sound timely and challenging. I would be interested in receiving copies of your final reports.

I appreciate your invitation to speak at Rice University during the 1981-82 academic year. It is too soon to determine what my speaking schedule will be this fall, so I am afraid I cannot give you a definite answer. However, if you will write again during the summer, I will certainly entertain an invitation at that time.

Have a great summer in Bonn.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth H. Dole Assistant to the President for Public Liaison

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THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

TO: Suna/	lem	
FROM: Charlett	<u> </u>	
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Washington, D.C. 20520

March 18, 1981

Mrs. Elizabeth Dole Asst. to the President The White House Washington. D.C. 20500

Dear Mrs. Dole:

I was in Washington last month and talked with Sally Hardwick to set up an appointment to talk with you again, but unfortunately your schedule and your husband's illness precluded the meeting. For remember me ongres Spouses' Briefing. I also mailed you a newspaper clipping where you were mentioned some months ago, but I never found out if Trou remember me ongressional you received it.

I will be working at the American Embassy in Bonn next summer and am preparing two reports while there. The first is on the use of an embassy as an instrument of foreign policy: are all the decisions made in Washington and then Bonn implements them. or does Bonn have significant policy inputs that Washington rubber-stamps. The report will generally cover international operations oversight.

The second concerns the co-determination system in Germany, where members of the labor force sit on the boards of directors of large companies. The economic report will generally cover government-business-labor relations with emphasis on increasing the German worker's productivity.

You formerly were on the FTC, and I thought you might know of some firm or government agency that would be interested in either of these reports. I will have them finished in August, but if they would like me to research a specific question in the report I will need details of it fairly soon.

I am also an officer in the Rice University Student government.

The university's Public Lecture Comm. is interested in inviting you to come to Rice and speak. If an invitation were mailed to you for academic year 1981/82, could you tell me whether you would be able to consider speaking here?

Thank you for the Rice University Student government.

The I am also an officer in the Rice University Student government.

Sincerely,

Michael A.S. Guth

P.O.Box 941 Houston, Tx. 77001

MG: pnk