Ronald Reagan Presidential Library Digital Library Collections

This is a PDF of a folder from our textual collections.

WHORM Subject File Code: SP930-10 Casefile Number(s): Begin – End [2 of 2]

To see more digitized collections visit: https://reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library

To see all Ronald Reagan Presidential Library inventories visit: <u>https://reaganlibrary.gov/document-collection</u>

Contact a reference archivist at: reagan.library@nara.gov

Citation Guidelines: <u>https://reaganlibrary.gov/citing</u>

National Archives Catalogue: <u>https://catalog.archives.gov/</u>

Document No. <u>30775855</u> <u>SP930-10</u>

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE:	ACTION/CONCURREN	CE/COMMENT DUE BY:	3:00 P.M. TODAY
SUBJECT:	RADIO TALK: NI	CARAGUA	
	(3/28 - 12:00 n	oon draft)	
	ACTION FY	1	ACTION FYI
VICE PRESIDENT] McMANUS	
REGAN		MURPHY	
DEAVER		OGLESBY	
STOCKMAN		ROLLINS	
BUCHANAN] SPEAKES	. 🗆 🏹
CHEW		SS SVAHN	☞ □
FIELDING] TUTTLE	
FRIEDERSDORF] VERSTANDIG	
FULLER			
HICKEY			
HICKS		SIMS	
KINGON]	
McFARLANE]	

REMARKS:

Please provide any edits directly to Ben Elliott by 3:00 p.m. today, with an information copy to my office. Thank you.

.

RESPONSE:

noted by Att K

David L. Chew Staff Secretary Ext. 2702 PRESIDENTIAL RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1985

(Elliott)

March 28, 1985 12:00 Noon

Received S S

My fellow Americans, before getting into my subject, I want to speak about some special Americans. Four years ago, a man tried to take my life, and I wouldn't be here today were it not for your prayers, the great skill of the medical team at George Washington Hospital, and the bravery of heroes like Special Agents Tim McCarthy, Jerry Parr, Police Officer Thomas Delahanty, and Al Antennuci.

They and you continue to be in my thoughts, as is the man by my side who was injured that day, my Press Secretary, Jim Brady. Nancy and I ask for your continued prayers and support for Jim and his family, and also for the family of Al Antennuci, the man who helped wrestle my assailant to the ground. Mr. Antunnici died last May. He was a proud American who never asked a thing of others, but who willingly risked his own life to save another.

Now, another subject. This week, the House joined the Senate in approving production of the M.X.-Peacekeeper missile, thereby sending the Soviets an important signal: America <u>will</u> modernize our strategic forces and stand united behind our negotiating team at the arms talks in Geneva.

By keeping our strategic deterrent strong, we can ensure those weapons are never used and meet a crucial challenge to our shared bipartisan responsibility of preserving the peace.

But now another challenge to that shared, bipartisan responsibility, and one every bit as historic and urgent as the

M.X.-Peacekeeper vote, must be squarely faced. It's a challenge that I and members of my Administration will be presenting to you with the utmost seriousness in the days ahead, for it goes to the heart of American security -- the security of our land and waters, and of our economy and people.

I am talking about the Soviet-Cuban-Nicaraguan plan to destroy the fragile flower of democracy and force communism upon our small Central American neighbors, a plan that would spread for the first time to our own borders, but on a much larger scale, the same spectre of economic and financial collapse, the same threat of political terrorism, the same floodtides of refugees we've seen follow every communist takeover from the Ukraine, to Eastern Europe, to Afghanistan, Vietnam, Cambodia, Ethiopia and now Central America.

A key Soviet objective has long been to turn Central America into a beachhead of aggression. By tying us down in this hemisphere, by disrupting our vital sea lanes and crippling our ability to meet our commitments worldwide, the Soviets will find it much easier to project their power, intimidate other nations, and expand their empire.

I know many well-intentioned people would rather not accept these facts. But we who have the responsibility for governing cannot afford to be ostriches with our heads in the sand. We cannot deny that Soviet Foreign Minister Gromyko described the region on our doorstep as "boiling like a cauldron," and urged revolution; or deny that the Soviets turned Grenada into a warehouse of violence; or deny that, in the last 5 years, they

Page 3

provided more military assistance to Cuba and Nicaragua than we did to all of Latin America; or deny the support and manpower Cuba and Nicaragua get from such peace lovers as East Germany, North Korea, Libya, the PLO and Iran; or deny that the communist dictators of Cuba and Nicaragua have not only been quoted repeatedly pledging a revolution without frontiers to transform Central America into one communist state, but have been caught, forgive me, red-handed, trying to do just that.

Right now, Havanna and Managua are waging a campaign of disinformation to cover up their deeds and reassure the American people with soft, reassuring words of peace. There is one simple way to prove their true intent. Recently, the leaders of the pro-democracy movement exiled from Nicaragua met in San Jose, Costa Rica and made this offer: the freedom fighters in Nicaragua will lay down their arms if the communist regime will negotiate, permit free elections and a genuine democracy. The answer came back quick, loud, and clear -- forget it.

That is why U.S. support for the freedom fighters is morally just and vital to our security. But if we refuse even this small price to help others supporting our cause, if we pull the plug and allow the freedom fighters to be wiped out by the same helicopter gunships the Soviets are using to murder thousands of Afghans, then we will find the ultimate price to protect peace and our way of life will be dear indeed.

Nearly 24 years ago, President Kennedy warned against communist penetration in our hemisphere and said, "I want it clearly understood that this government will not hesitate in meeting its primary obligations which are to the security of this Nation." And Congress passed legislation to this effect.

For my part, I want it clearly understood today that those who refuse to meet this obligation will be held fully accountable for the consequences, for we will have sent an unmistakable signal that the greatest power in the world is unwilling and incapable of stopping communist aggression in our own backyard.

Until next week, thanks for listening and God bless you.

Page 4

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

March 29, 1985

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT C. MCFARLANE

FROM:

OLIVER L. NORTH RAYMOND F. BURGHARDT

SUBJECT:

Presidential Radio Talk on March 30: Nicaragua

2525

30775853 SP930-10

Attached at Tab I is a memo from Bob Kimmitt to Ben Elliott forwarding the NSC recommended changes to the draft Presidential Radio Talk on Nicaragua scheduled for March 30 (see changes pages 3 and 4).

RECOMMENDATION

That you authorize Bob Kimmitt to sign and forward the memo at Tab I with Tab A attached.

Approve

Disapprove 1335

Attachment

Tab I - Kimmitt Memo to Elliott Tab A - Draft Presidential Radio Talk on Nicaragua w/Chew Staffing Memo of March 29, 1985

Bud's recommended changes have already been give to Chew.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

ACTION

March 29, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT C. MCFARLANE

RAYMOND F. BURGHARDI

FROM:

Presidential Radio Talk on March 30: Nicaragua SUBJECT:

Attached at Tab I is a memo from Bob Kimmitt to Ben Elliott for the NSC recommended changes to the draft presidential radio talk on Nicaragua schedule for March 30.

RECOMMENDATION:

That you authorize Bob Kimmitt to sign and forward the WH Staffing Memo at Tab I.

concurs. Karna Smal Approve Disapprove

OBE

Attachments: Tab I WH Staffing Memo w/speech

Bud and John provided comment

drectly to Chen. See attached 230 draft.) RMI(3/29

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL



2525

ACTION

March 28, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR ROBERT M. KIMMITT RAYMOND F. BURGHARD FROM:

SUBJECT:

President's March 30 Radio Talk

Ben Elliott's draft speech looks great. The outline of the speech was agreed to at one of the Buchanan group meetings on Tuesday. I have only made one editorial change on page 3, which I have already passed on to Ben.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign your memo to Ben Elliott at Tab I.

Approve _____ Disapprove

North, Small, Matlock, Linhard, Fortier, Menges, Douglass, C. Lehman, Steiner, and Covey concur. CL Unavair Unavair

Attachments:

Tab I Memo to Ben Elliott Tab A Proposed draft

MEMORANDUM FOR BEN ELLIOTT

FROM: ROBERT KIMMITT

SUBJECT: Presidential Radio Talk on March 30: Nicaragua

Attached at Tab A are the NSC recommended changes to the subject draft.

Attachment Tab A - Revised Draft Presidential Radio Talk on Nicaragua

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

MEMORANDUM FOR BEN ELLIOTT

FROM: ROBERT M. KIMMITT

SUBJECT: President's March 30 Radio Talk

The NSC staff concurs in your proposed draft, with the changes as indicated.

Attachment:

Tab A Proposed draft

2525

NORTH INPUT 10:25 29 Mar 85

(Elliott)

March 28, 1985 12:00 Noon Received S S PRESIDENTIAL RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1985

My fellow Americans, before getting into my subject, I want to speak about some special Americans. Four years ago, a man tried to take my life, and I wouldn't be here today were it not for your prayers, the great skill of the medical team at George Washington Hospital, and the bravery of heroes like Special Agents Tim McCarthy, Jerry Parr, Police Officer Thomas Delahanty, and Al Antennuci.

They and you continue to be in my thoughts, as is the man by my side who was injured that day, my Press Secretary, Jim Brady. Nancy and I ask for your continued prayers and support for Jim and his family, and also for the family of Al Antennuci, the man who helped wrestle my assailant to the ground. Mr. Antunnici died last May. He was a proud American who never asked a thing of others, but who willingly risked his own life to save another.

Now, another subject. This week, the House joined the Senate in approving production of the M.X.-Peacekeeper missile, thereby sending the Soviets an important signal: America will modernize our strategic forces and stand united behind our negotiating team at the arms talks in Geneva.

By keeping our strategic deterrent strong, we can ensure those weapons are never used and meet a crucial challenge to our shared bipartisan responsibility of preserving the peace.

But now another challenge to that shared, bipartisan ment be faceal, curdit is responsibility, and one every bit as historic and urgent as the M.X.-Peacekeeper vote, must be squarely faced. It's a challenge that I and members of my Administration will be presenting to you with the utmost seriousness in the days ahead, for it goes to the heart of American security -- the security of our land, and waters, and of our economy and people.

I am talking about the Soviet-Cuban-Nicaraguan plan to destroy the fragile flower of democracy and force communism upon for the fragile flower of democracy and force communism upon for the first time to our own borders, a plan that would spread the same spectre of economic and financial collapse, the same threat of political terrorism, the same floodtides of refugees we've seen follow every communist takeover from the terraine, the Eastern Europe, to Afghanistan, Vietnam, Cambodia, Ethiopia and now Central America.

A key Soviet objective has long been to turn Central America into a beachhead of aggression. By tying us down in this hemisphere, by disrupting our vital sea lanes and crippling our ability to meet our commitments worldwide, the Soviets will find it much easier to project their power, intimidate other nations, and expand their empire.

I know many well-intentioned people would rather not accept these facts. But we who have the responsibility for governing cannot afford to be ostriches with our heads in the sand, We cannot deny that Soviet Foreign Minister Gromyko described the region on our doorstep as "boiling like a cauldron," and urged revolution, or deny that the Soviets turned Grenada into a warehouse of violence, or deny that, in the last 5 years, they

provided more military assistance to Cuba and Nicaragua than we control did to all of Latin America; or deny the support and manpower cuba and Nicaragua der from such peace lovers as East Germany, North Korea, Libya, the PLO and Iran; or deny that the communist dictators of Cuba and Nicaragua have not only been quoted repeatedly pledging a revolution without frontiened to transform Central America into one communist state, but have been caught, forgive me, red-handed, trying to do just that.

know that

5 Wat

Right now, Havanna and Managua are waging a campaign of disinformation to cover up their deeds and reassure the American people with soft, reassuring words of peace. There is one simple way to prove their true intent. Recently, the leaders of the pro-democracy movement exiled from Nicaragua met in San Jose, Costa Rica and made this offer: the freedom fighters in Nicaragua will by down their arms if the communist regime will negotiate, permit free elections and a genuine democracy. The answer came back quick, loud, and clear -- forget it.

That is why U.S. support for the freedom fighters is morally fust and vital to our security. Such if we refuse even this small price to help others supporting our cause, if we pull the plug and allow the freedom fighters to be wiped out by the same helicopter gunships the Soviets are using to murder thousands of Afghans, then we will find the ultimate price to protect peace and our way of life will be dear indeed.

Nearly 24 years ago, President Kennedy warned against communist penetration in our hemisphere and said, "I want it clearly understood that this government will not hesitate in meeting its primary obligations which are to the security of this Nation." And Congress passed legislation to this effect.

For my part, I want it clearly understood today that those who refuse to meet this obligation will be held fully accountable for the consequences, for we will have sent an unmistakable signal that the greatest power in the world is unwilling and incapable of stopping communist aggression in our own backyard.

Until next week, thanks for listening and God bless you.

· Page 4

	Document No. 2525 ADD-	ON
	URGENI	
- 85 M	WR 29 PI2: 32	
DATE:	3/29/85 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: 1:30 TODAY	
SUBJECT:	RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA	
-	(3/29 - 12:30 p.m. draft)	
1		

	ACTION FYI		ACTION FYI
VICE PRESIDENT		McMANUS	
REGAN		MURPHY	
DEAVER		OGLESBY	
STOCKMAN		ROLLINS	
BUCHANAN		SPEAKES	
CHEW	DP ZSS	SVAHN	
FIELDING		TUTTLE	
FRIEDERSDORF	\checkmark \Box	VERSTANDIG	
FULLER		WHITTLESEY	
HICKEY		ELLIOTT	
HICKS			
KINGON			
McFARLANE			

REMARKS:

Please provide any edits directly to Ben Elliott by 1:30 p.m. today, with an information copy to my office.

RESPONSE: NSC concurs with changes noted on pages 3 and 4.

Robert M. Kimmitt Executive Secretary

.

David L. Chew Staff Secretary Ext. 2702

(Elliott) March 29, 1985 12:30 p.m.

ReceivedSS

PRESIDENTIAL RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1985

My fellow Americans, before getting into my subject, I want to speak about some special people. Four years ago, a man tried to take my life, and I wouldn't be here today were it not for your prayers, the great skill of the medical team at George Washington University Hospital, and the bravery of heroes like Special Agents Tim McCarthy, Jerry Parr, Police Officer Thomas Delahanty, and Al Antenucci.

They and you continue to be in my thoughts, as is another man who was injured that day, my Press Secretary, Jim Brady. Nancy and I ask for your continued prayers and support for Jim and his family, and also for the family of Al Antenucci, the man who helped wrestle my assailant to the ground. Mr. Antenucci died last May. He was a proud American who never asked a thing of others, but who willingly risked his own life to save another.

Now, another subject. This week, the House joined the Senate in approving production of the M.X.-Peacekeeper missile, and sent an important signal: America <u>will</u> improve deterrence by modernizing our strategic forces, and we will stand united behind our negotiating team at the arms talks in Geneva. And, by strengthening deterrence, we can ensure those weapons are never used and meet a crucial challenge to our shared bipartisan responsibility of preserving the peace.

But now another crucial challenge must be squarely faced. It's a challenge that I and members of my Administration will be

Page 2

presenting to you with the utmost seriousness in the days ahead, for it goes to the heart of American security -- the security of our land, waters, economy, and people.

I am talking about the Soviet-Cuban-Nicaraguan plan to destroy the fragile flower of democracy and force communism upon our small Central American neighbors, a plan that would, for the first time, spread tyranny to our own borders, carrying the same spectre of economic chaos, the same threat of political terrorism, the same floodtides of refugees we've seen follow every communist takeover from Eastern Europe, to Afghanistan, Laos, Vietnam, Cambodia, Ethiopia, and now Central America.

A key Soviet objective has long been to turn Central America into a beachhead of aggression. By tying us down in this hemisphere, by disrupting our vital sea lanes and crippling our ability to meet our commitments worldwide, the Soviets will find it much easier to project their power, to intimidate other nations, and to expand their empire.

I know many well-intentioned people would rather not accept these facts. But we who have the responsibility for governing cannot afford to be ostriches with our heads in the sand. We know that Soviet Foreign Minister Gromyko described the region on our doorstep as "boiling like a cauldron," and urged revolution; we know that the Soviets turned Grenada into a warehouse of violence; we know that, in the last 5 years, they provided more military assistance to Cuba and Nicaragua than we did to all of Latin America; and we know the support Nicaragua gets from Cuba, Bulgaria, East Germany, North Korea, Libya, the PLO and Iran is a

Page · 3

threat to our security, because the communist dictators of Cuba and Nicaragua have not only pledged to transform all Central America into one communist state, they have been caught, forgive me, red-handed, trying to do just that.

Right now, Havanna and Managua are waging a campaign of disinformation to cover up their deeds and reassure the American people with soft, reassuring words of peace. A secret Nicaraguan memo laked to the Wall Street Journal revealed how the communists have used propaganda to smear their opponents, tighten censorship, and confuse the outside world.

There is another simple way to prove the regime's true intent. On March 1, exiled Nicaraguan leaders representing a broad pro-democracy movement met in San Jose, Costa Rica and made this offer: the freedom fighters in Nicaragua will agree to a cease fire if the communist regime will negotiate, permit free elections and a genuine democracy. The answer came back quick, loud, and clear -- forget it.

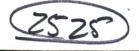
U.S. support for the freedom fighters is morally right and vital to our own security. If we refuse to help their just cause, if we pull the plug and allow the freedom fighters to be wiped out by the same helicopter gunships the Soviets are using to murder thousands of Afghans, then our ultimate price to protect peace, freedom, and our way of life will be dear, indeed.

Nearly 24 years ago, President Kennedy warning against communist penetration in our hemisphere said, "I want it clearly understood that this government will not hesitate in meeting its primary obligations which are to the security of our Nation." For my part, I want it clearly understood today that the fail to meet this obligation, history will how fully accountable for the consequences, for we will have sent an unmistakable signal that the greatest power in the world is unwilling and incapable of stopping communist aggression in our own backyard.

Page 4

Until next week, thanks for listening and God bless you.

Document No.



WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: <u>3/28/85</u> ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY:

3:00 P.M. TODAY

SUBJECT: RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA

(3/28 - 12:00 noon draft)

	ACTION FYI		ACTION FYI
VICE PRESIDENT		McMANUS	
REGAN	□ √	MURPHY	
DEAVER		OGLESBY	
STOCKMAN		ROLLINS	
BUCHANAN		SPEAKES	• 🗸
CHEW	DP DSS	SVAHN	
FIELDING		TUTTLE	
FRIEDERSDORF		VERSTANDIG	
FULLER		WHITTLESEY	
HICKEY		ELLIOTT	
ніскя		SIMS	
KINGON		-	
McFARLANE			

REMARKS:

Please provide any edits directly to Ben Elliott by 3:00 p.m. today, with an information copy to my office. Thank you.

1

RESPONSE:

David L. Chew Staff Secretary Ext. 2702

(Elliott) March 28, 1985 12:00 Noon Eaceived S S

PRESIDENTIAL RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1985

My fellow Americans, before getting into my subject, I want to speak about some special Americans. Four years ago, a man tried to take my life, and I wouldn't be here today were it not for your prayers, the great skill of the medical team at George Washington Hospital, and the bravery of heroes like Special Agents Tim McCarthy, Jerry Parr, Police Officer Thomas Delahanty, and Al Antennuci.

They and you continue to be in my thoughts, as is the man by my side who was injured that day, my Press Secretary, Jim Brady. Nancy and I ask for your continued prayers and support for Jim and his family, and also for the family of Al Antennuci, the man who helped wrestle my assailant to the ground. Mr. Antunnici died last May. He was a proud American who never asked a thing of others, but who willingly risked his own life to save another.

Now, another subject. This week, the House joined the Senate in approving production of the M.X.-Peacekeeper missile, thereby sending the Soviets an important signal: America <u>will</u> modernize our strategic forces and stand united behind our negotiating team at the arms talks in Geneva.

By keeping our strategic deterrent strong, we can ensure those weapons are never used and meet a crucial challenge to our shared bipartisan responsibility of preserving the peace.

But now another challenge to that shared, bipartisan responsibility, and one every bit as historic and urgent as the

ŕ

M.X.-Peacekeeper vote, must be squarely faced. It's a challenge that I and members of my Administration will be presenting to you with the utmost seriousness in the days ahead, for it goes to the heart of American security -- the security of our land and waters, and of our economy and people.

I am talking about the Soviet-Cuban-Nicaraguan plan to destroy the fragile flower of democracy and force communism upon our small Central American neighbors, a plan that would spread for the first time to our own borders, but on a much larger scale, the same spectre of economic and financial collapse, the same threat of political terrorism, the same floodtides of refugees we've seen follow every communist takeover from the Ukraine, to Eastern Europe, to Afghanistan, Vietnam, Cambodia, Ethiopia and now Central America.

A key Soviet objective has long been to turn Central America into a beachhead of aggression. By tying us down in this hemisphere, by disrupting our vital sea lanes and crippling our ability to meet our commitments worldwide, the Soviets will find it much easier to project their power, intimidate other nations, and expand their empire.

I know many well-intentioned people would rather not accept these facts. But we who have the responsibility for governing cannot afford to be ostriches with our heads in the sand. We cannot deny that Soviet Foreign Minister Gromyko described the region on our doorstep as "boiling like a cauldron," and urged revolution; or deny that the Soviets turned Grenada into a warehouse of violence; or deny that, in the last 5 years, they

provided more military assistance to Cuba and Nicaragua than we did to all of Latin America; or deny the support and manpower Cuba and Nicaragua get from such peace lovers as East Germany, North Korea, Libya, the PLO and Iran; or deny that the communist dictators of Cuba and Nicaragua have not only been quoted repeatedly pledging a revolution without frontiers to transform Central America into one communist state, but have been caught, forgive me, red-handed, trying to do just that.

Right now, Havanha and Managua are waging a campaign of disinformation to cover up their deeds and reassure the American people with soft, reassuring words of peace. There is one simple way to prove their true intent. Recently, the leder of the popp of democracy movement exilod from Nicaraguer met in San Jose, Costa Rica and made this offer: the freedom fighters in Nicaragua will lar down their arms if the communist regime will negotiate, permit free elections and a genuine democracy. The answer came back quick, loud, and clear -- forget it.

That is why U.S. support for the freedom fighters is morally just and vital to our security. But if we refuse even this small price to help others supporting our cause, if we pull the plug and allow the freedom fighters to be wiped out by the same helicopter gunships the Soviets are using to murder thousands of Afghans, then we will find the ultimate price to protect peace and our way of life will be dear indeed.

Nearly 24 years ago, President Kennedy warned against communist penetration in our hemisphere and said, "I want it clearly understood that this government will not hesitate in meeting its primary obligations which are to the security of this Nation." And Congress passed legislation to this effect.

For my part, I want it clearly understood today that those who refuse to meet this obligation will be held fully accountable for the consequences, for we will have sent an unmistakable signal that the greatest power in the world is unwilling and incapable of stopping communist aggression in our own backyard.

Until next week, thanks for listening and God bless you.

Page 4

, .	Document	URGENT
DATE:	3/29/85 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY:	1:30 TODAY
SUBJECT:	RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA	≥

(3/29 - 12:30 p.m. draft)

	ACTION FYI					
VICE PRESIDENT			McMANUS			
REGAN		\checkmark	MURPHY	*		
DEAVER			OGLESBY			
STOCKMAN			ROLLINS			
BUCHANAN			SPEAKES			
CHEW	□P	∀ ss	SVAHN			
FIELDING			TUTTLE			
FRIEDERSDORF	\checkmark		VERSTANDIG			
FULLER			WHITTLESEY			
HICKEY			ELLIOTT			
ніскя						
KINGON						
McFARLANE	V					

REMARKS:

27

.

Please provide any edits directly to Ben Elliott by 1:30 p.m. today, with an information copy to my office.

RESPONSE:

David L. Chew Staff Secretary Ext. 2702 T

(Elliott) March 29, 1985 12:30 p.m.

ReceivedSS

PRESIDENTIAL RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1985

My fellow Americans, before getting into my subject, I want to speak about some special people. Four years ago, a man tried to take my life, and I wouldn't be here today were it not for your prayers, the great skill of the medical team at George Washington University Hospital, and the bravery of heroes like Special Agents Tim McCarthy, Jerry Parr, Police Officer Thomas Delahanty, and Al Antenucci.

They and you continue to be in my thoughts, as is another man who was injured that day, my Press Secretary, Jim Brady. Nancy and I ask for your continued prayers and support for Jim and his family, and also for the family of Al Antenucci, the man who helped wrestle my assailant to the ground. Mr. Antenucci died last May. He was a proud American who never asked a thing of others, but who willingly risked his own life to save another.

Now, another subject. This week, the House joined the Senate in approving production of the M.X.-Peacekeeper missile, and sent an important signal: America <u>will</u> improve deterrence by modernizing our strategic forces, and we will stand united behind our negotiating team at the arms talks in Geneva. And, by strengthening deterrence, we can ensure those weapons are never used and meet a crucial challenge to our shared bipartisan responsibility of preserving the peace.

But now another crucial challenge must be squarely faced. It's a challenge that I and members of my Administration will be

presenting to you with the utmost seriousness in the days ahead, for it goes to the heart of American security -- the security of our land, waters, economy, and people.

I am talking about the Soviet-Cuban-Nicaraguan plan to destroy the fragile flower of democracy and force communism upon our small Central American neighbors, a plan that would, for the first time, spread tyranny to our own borders, carrying the same spectre of economic chaos, the same threat of political terrorism, the same floodtides of refugees we've seen follow every communist takeover from Eastern Europe, to Afghanistan, Laos, Vietnam, Cambodia, Ethiopia, and now Central America.

A key Soviet objective has long been to turn Central America into a beachhead of aggression. By tying us down in this hemisphere, by disrupting our vital sea lanes and crippling our ability to meet our commitments worldwide, the Soviets will find it much easier to project their power, to intimidate other nations, and to expand their empire.

I know many well-intentioned people would rather not accept these facts. But we who have the responsibility for governing cannot afford to be ostriches with our heads in the sand. We know that Soviet Foreign Minister Gromyko described the region on our doorstep as "boiling like a cauldron," and urged revolution; we know that the Soviets turned Grenada into a warehouse of violence; we know that, in the last 5 years, they provided more military assistance to Cuba and Nicaragua than we did to all of Latin America; and we know the support Nicaragua gets from Cuba, Bulgaria, East Germany, North Korea, Libya, the PLO and Iran is a

threat to our security, because the communist dictators of Cuba wheel and Nicaragua have not only pledged to transform all Central peudlice America into one communist state, they have been caught, forgive countries me, red-handed, trying to do just that.

these are those who refuse

ADDORT (

listen. clust two does ago

Right now, Havanna and Managua are waging a campaign of disinformation to cover up their deeds and reassure the American with people with soft, reassuring words of peace. A secret Nicaraguan memo leaked to the Wall Street Journal revealed how the communists have used propaganda to smear their opponents, tighten curd censorship, and confuse the outside world.

There is another simple way to prove the regime's true intent. On March 1, exiled Nicaraguan leaders representing a broad pro-democracy movement met in San Jose, Costa Rica and made this offer: the freedom fighters in Nicaragua will agree to a cease fire if the communist regime will negotiate, permit free elections and a genuine democracy. The answer came back quick, loud, and clear -- forget it.

U.S. support for the freedom fighters is morally right and vital to our own security. If we refuse to help their just cause, if we pull the plug and allow the freedom fighters to be wiped out by the same helicopter gunships the Soviets are using to murder thousands of Afghans, then our ultimate price to protect peace, freedom, and our way of life will be dear, indeed.

Nearly 24 years ago, President Kennedy warning against communist penetration in our hemisphere said, "I want it clearly understood that this government will not hesitate in meeting its primary obligations which are to the security of our Nation." For my part, I want it clearly understood today that if we will be held to meet this obligation, history will hold us fully accountable for the consequences. for we will have sent an unmistakable signal that the greatest power in the world is unwilling and incapable of stopping communist aggression in our own backyard.

Page 4

Until next week, thanks for listening and God bless you.

2525 NSUS-These orig Notes need to be added to the file (Record file)

10ms #/2/85

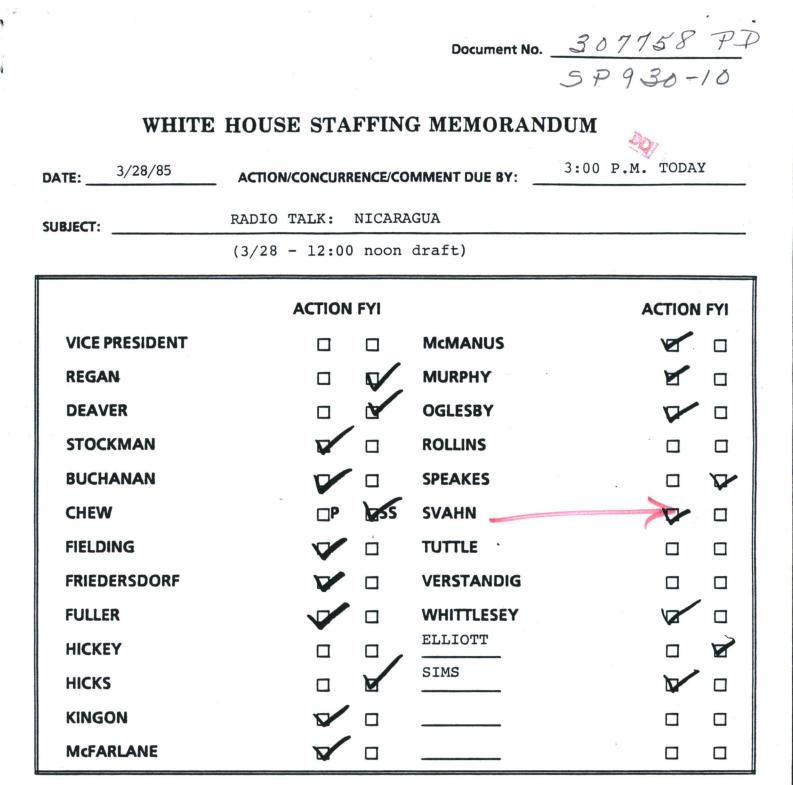
8		House System #	Z Z Z S Z S Z S Z S Z S Z S S S S S S S
Bob Pearson Bob Kimmitt John Poindexter Paul Thompson Wilma Hall		HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
Bob Kimmitt John Poindexter Paul Thompson Wilma Hall	2	P	
John Poindexter Paul Thompson Wilma Hall	2		
Paul Thompson Wilma Hall		K	
Wilma Hall	- State		
1			
Bud McFarlane _			
Bob Kimmitt _			
NSC Secretariat	3		N
Situation Room			
I = Information A = Action	R = Retain	D = Dispatch N	= No further Action
cc: VP Meese Baker	Deaver O	ther	
COMMENTS	Should be	seen by:	(Date/Time)

em National Security Council The White House I System # Package # 2525 MAR 28 P4: 6 DISPOSITION SEQUENCE TO HAS SEEN **Bob Pearson Bob Kimmitt** 3 John Poindexter **Paul Thompson** Wilma Hall **Bud McFarlane Bob Kimmitt** 4 **NSC Secretariat** Situation Room I = Information R = Retain D = Dispatch N = No further Action A = Action) cc: VP Meese Regan Deaver Other Should be seen by: COMMENTS (Date/Time) u may wish to review. The

* *			CB
	National Securit The White H	y Council louse	+
		System #	
		Package #	2525
85 MAN 29	P : 27		
	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
Bob Pearson		ť	-
Bob Kimmitt	2		1
John Poindexter	3	A -	
Paul Thompson		0	
Wilma Hall			
Bud McFarlane			
Bob Kimmitt		Λ/	
NSC Secretariat	-4	150	N
Situation Room			
I = Information A = A	ction R = Retain	D = Dispatch N =	No further Action
cc: VP Meese	Baker Deaver Oth	ner	
COMMENTS	Suoria pe se	een by:	(Date/Time)
But was a	invided an e	alio dias	+ 3/21
Provide the second seco		La construction	-1201

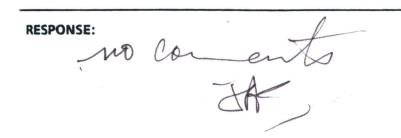
-	26	,									**		P
Q	A CAL	1	NSC/S PI	OFILE		UNC	LASSIFI	ED		ID 85	0252	25	
	3							RECE	IVED	28 MAR	85	13	
	то	MCFARLANE		FROM	CHEW,	D		DOC	DATE	28 MAR	85		
												•	
							,						
	KEYWORDS:	NICARAGUA			MEDIA		C	IRGEI					
		CHEW REFE	RRAL					-61	VT				
	SUBJECT:	PRES 30 MA	R RADIO !	CALK / N	ICARAGU	JA							
	Silve	he life life life life life life life lif	lafan Salam Salam Salam Salam Salam Salam Salam Sa	an Jahn Jahn Jahn Jahn Jahn Jahn Jahn J	lahun Salam Salam Salam Salam Salam Sa	ter Salter Salter	1 dan 1 dan 1 dan 1 dan 1 dan 1 dan	1	1400 1400 1400 1400 1400	lahen Sahen Sahen Sahen Sahen Sahen	1.000 Talon Talon Tal	ne later later later	1
	ACTION.	MEMO KIMMI	TT TO ELI	LIOTT	DU	JE :	28 MAR	85 STATUS	S	FILES	WH		
	film film film film film film film film	FOR ACTION	jagan jagan jagan jagan jagan jagan jagan jagan j	an jigan jigan jigan jigan jigan jigan jigan j	FOR		URRENCE	29an 29an 29an 29an 29an 29an 29an 29an	F	OR INF	0	na filina filina filina	
		BURGHARDT		NORTH-04	THUN			OUT TOWN					
			3	NORTH-04	maur	2		s - concur					
			Pirang	MATLOCK	- OUT OF	al.		c concu					
				MATLOCK		5	STEINER			ILDRES	S		
				FORTIER		bww	COVEY		RI	NGDAHL	0		
	COMMENTS	*** EDITS	REQUESTEI				`						
	REF#		1	LOG			N	SCIFID		(н	W)	
14	n Silan Silan Silan Silan Silan Silan Silan Silan Sil	per Jahes Jahes Jahes Jahes Jahes Jahes Jahes Jahes Jahes	Jahre Jahre Jahre Jahre Jahre Jahre Jahre J	ber Salter Salter Salter Salter Salter Salter Salter S	lden Silve Silve Silve Silve Silve Si	Per Salter Salter Salt	n fiden Salen Salen Salen Salen Salen Salen	ligher ligher ligher ligher ligher ligher ligher ligher	lahur Sahur Sahur Sahur Sahur	fillen fillen fillen fillen fillen fillen	Salare Salare Salare Sal	ter Jahr Salter Jahr	,
Z	CTION OF	TICER (S)	ASSIGNE		ACTION	REC	UIRED	DUE	C	OPIES	то		
ţ	immit	ĽX	3/28	tor	Sign	at	ure	3/2	9-				
_			3/29	OBE	per		BOA CO	sind Xle	R		-11	_	
-		<u>C</u>	3/29	OBE/	Actu	n	Compl	etcel p	2 K	mme	<u>u</u>	<u>n</u>	,
				/						2151	1	RE	-
-	TODIECT									- fild	1-	ST	2
L	DISPATCH							W/ATTCH	FIL	E WT	1 (UN1	

	NSC/S	PROFILE	UN	CLASSIFIED		ID 8502	525
	1				RECEIVED	28 MAR 8	5 13
то	MCFARLANE	FROM	CHEW, D		DOCDATE	E 28 MAR 8	5
			BURGHARD	Т		28 MAR 8	5
			CHEW, D			29 MAR 8	5
KE YWORDS	: NICARAGUA		MEDIA				
	CHEW REFERRAL						
SUBJECT:	PRES 30 MAR RADIO	O TALK / N	ICARAGUA				
	MEMO KIMMITT TO I						
	FOR ACTION		FOR CON	CURRENCE		FOR INFO	
	BURGHARDT	NORTH		MENGES	C	CANNISTRAR	0
		SMALL		DOUGLASS	I	PEARSON	
		MATLOCK		LEHMAN, C	I	KIMMITT	
		LINHARD		STEINER	c	CHILDRESS	
		FORTIER		COVEY	I	RINGDAHL	
COMMENTS	*** COMMENTS DUE	BY 1:30 T	ODAY ***				
REF#		LOG		NSCIE	TD	(HW	JF)
ACTION OF	FICER (S) ASSIG	NED Reo'd	ACTION RE	QUIRED Wates for f	DUE	COPIES TO)
DISPATCH				W,	ATTCH FI	ile WH	EAL



REMARKS:

Please provide any edits directly to Ben Elliott by 3:00 p.m. today, with an information copy to my office. Thank you.



David L. Chew Staff Secretary Ext. 2702

(Elliott) March 28, 1985 12:00 Noon Received S S

PRESIDENTIAL RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1985

My fellow Americans, before getting into my subject, I want to speak about some special Americans. Four years ago, a man tried to take my life, and I wouldn't be here today were it not for your prayers, the great skill of the medical team at George Washington Hospital, and the bravery of heroes like Special Agents Tim McCarthy, Jerry Parr, Police Officer Thomas Delahanty, and Al Antennuci.

They and you continue to be in my thoughts, as is the man by my side who was injured that day, my Press Secretary, Jim Brady. Nancy and I ask for your continued prayers and support for Jim and his family, and also for the family of Al Antennuci, the man who helped wrestle my assailant to the ground. Mr. Antunnici died last May. He was a proud American who never asked a thing of others, but who willingly risked his own life to save another.

Now, another subject. This week, the House joined the Senate in approving production of the M.X.-Peacekeeper missile, thereby sending the Soviets an important signal: America <u>will</u> modernize our strategic forces and stand united behind our negotiating team at the arms talks in Geneva.

By keeping our strategic deterrent strong, we can ensure those weapons are never used and meet a crucial challenge to our shared bipartisan responsibility of preserving the peace.

But now another challenge to that shared, bipartisan responsibility, and one every bit as historic and urgent as the

Page 2

M.X.-Peacekeeper vote, must be squarely faced. It's a challenge that I and members of my Administration will be presenting to you with the utmost seriousness in the days ahead, for it goes to the heart of American security -- the security of our land and waters, and of our economy and people.

I am talking about the Soviet-Cuban-Nicaraguan plan to destroy the fragile flower of democracy and force communism upon our small Central American neighbors, a plan that would spread for the first time to our own borders, but on a much larger scale, the same spectre of economic and financial collapse, the same threat of political terrorism, the same floodtides of refugees we've seen follow every communist takeover from the Ukraine, to Eastern Europe, to Afghanistan, Vietnam, Cambodia, Ethiopia and now Central America.

A key Soviet objective has long been to turn Central America into a beachhead of aggression. By tying us down in this hemisphere, by disrupting our vital sea lanes and crippling our ability to meet our commitments worldwide, the Soviets will find it much easier to project their power, intimidate other nations, and expand their empire.

I know many well-intentioned people would rather not accept these facts. But we who have the responsibility for governing cannot afford to be ostriches with our heads in the sand. We cannot deny that Soviet Foreign Minister Gromyko described the region on our doorstep as "boiling like a cauldron," and urged revolution; or deny that the Soviets turned Grenada into a warehouse of violence; or deny that, in the last 5 years, they provided more military assistance to Cuba and Nicaragua than we did to all of Latin America; or deny the support and manpower Cuba and Nicaragua get from such peace lovers as East Germany, North Korea, Libya, the PLO and Iran; or deny that the communist dictators of Cuba and Nicaragua have not only been quoted repeatedly pledging a revolution without frontiers to transform Central America into one communist state, but have been caught, forgive me, red-handed, trying to do just that.

Right now, Havanna and Managua are waging a campaign of disinformation to cover up their deeds and reassure the American people with soft, reassuring words of peace. There is one simple way to prove their true intent. Recently, the leaders of the pro-democracy movement exiled from Nicaragua met in San Jose, Costa Rica and made this offer: the freedom fighters in Nicaragua will lay down their arms if the communist regime will negotiate, permit free elections and a genuine democracy. The answer came back quick, loud, and clear -- forget it.

That is why U.S. support for the freedom fighters is morally just and vital to our security. But if we refuse even this small price to help others supporting our cause, if we pull the plug and allow the freedom fighters to be wiped out by the same helicopter gunships the Soviets are using to murder thousands of Afghans, then we will find the ultimate price to protect peace and our way of life will be dear indeed.

Nearly 24 years ago, President Kennedy warned against communist penetration in our hemisphere and said, "I want it clearly understood that this government will not hesitate in

Page 4

meeting its primary obligations which are to the security of this Nation." And Congress passed legislation to this effect.

For my part, I want it clearly understood today that those who refuse to meet this obligation will be held fully accountable for the consequences, for we will have sent an unmistakable signal that the greatest power in the world is unwilling and incapable of stopping communist aggression in our own backyard.

Until next week, thanks for listening and God bless you.

O • OUTGOING H • INTERNAL I • INCOMING Date Correspondence / /	WHITE HO ONDENCE TRAC		SI	<u>7758 си</u> 1930-10
D1 111 F	ser Codes: (A)_ ucaraqua		B)`	_ (C)
Subject: Khalla Sack 1	<u>neu aigno</u>	WENTER O	427	
ROUTE TO:	<u>Inu</u>	TION	DISI	POSITION
Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Completion Date Code YY/MM/DD
CUHOLL	ORIGINATOR	85 103.128		C 85103128
WAT 17	Referral Note:	85103128		6 85,03,39
NUFIEL	Referral Note:	-85 SMC 85,03,29	MEMO 1	C Fielding PM C 85103129
	3-29- Referral Note:	S FFF M	EMO TO	ELLIOTT
enole, recipe	Referral Note:			····
billy?	-Recondary	<u> </u>		
ACTION CODES: A · Appropriate Action C · Comment/Recommendation D · Draft Response F · Furnish Fact Sheet to be used as Enclosure	Referral Note: I - Info Copy Only/No Ac R - Direct Reply w/Copy S - For Signature X - Interim Reply	tion Necessary	DISPOSITION CODES: A - Answered B - Non-Special Refe COR OUTGOING CORF Type of Response = Code =	C - Completed erral S - Suspended RESPONDENCE: Initials of Signer
comments:			Code = Completion Date =	

Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).

Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files. Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Central Reference, ext. 2590.

RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

CLASSIFICATION SECTION

No. of Additional Correspondents:_

Media:

Individual Codes:

Prime <u>BP 930-10</u> Secondary Subject Codes:

PRESIDENTIAL REPLY

<u>Code</u> <u>Date</u>	Con gona	nment Administra	Form
c	Time:	Liebsina in	<u>P-</u>
DSP	_ <u>Time:</u>		Media:
NATURE CODES:		MEDIA CODES:	•
Pn - Presidential Correspondence n - 0 - Unknown n - 1 - Ronald Wilson Reagan n - 2 - Ronald Reagan	User Grides (M)	B - Box/package C - Copy D - Official document	
n - 3 - Ron n - 4 - Dutch n - 5 - Ron Reagan n - 6 - Ronald		G - Message H - Handcarried L - Letter M- Mailgram	
n - 7 - Ronnie Ln - First Lady's Correspondence		O - Memo P - Photo R - Report	
n - 0 - Unknown n - 1 - Nancy Reagan n - 2 - Nancy		S - Sealed T - Telegram V - Telephone X - Miscellaneous	
n - 3 - Mrs. Ronald Reagan Bn - Presidential & First Lady's Corr		Y - Study	

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 29, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR BEN ELLIOTT DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF SPEECHWRITING

FROM:

FRED F. FIELDINGrig signed by FFF COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Presidential Radio Talk: Nicaragua

We have reviewed the above-referenced draft Presidential radio address, and have no legal objections to it.

We note, however, that the language of the last paragraph of those remarks, which states, "I want it clearly understood today that those who refuse to meet this obligation [to defend the national security] will be held fully accountable for the consequences," may, in light of the recent MX debates, be viewed by some as "congress-bashing." Accordingly, we suggest that this language be specifically reviewed and approved by White House Legislative Affairs.

cc: David L. Chew

FFF:SMC:sc 3/29/85 cc: FFFielding SMCooksey Subj. Chron.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 29, 1985

MEMORANDUM FOR FRED F. FIELDING

FROM:

SHERRIE M. COOKSEY SMC

SUBJECT:

Presidential Radio Talk: Nicaragua

David Chew requested that we provide any comments or edits on the above-referenced draft Presidential remarks (which were received in my office at 2:30) directly to Ben Elliott by 3:00 p.m. today.

As we discussed, the last paragraph of these proposed remarks contains the statement, "I want it clearly understood today that those who refuse to meet this obligation [to defend the security of the Nation] will be held fully accountable for the consequences." Because concerns about "congress-bashing" and the meaning of "accountability" were raised during the recent MX debates, you felt it appropriate to recommend to Ben Elliott that the above-referenced sentence be carefully reviewed and approved by Legislative Affairs.

Attached for your review and signature is such a memorandum.

Attachment

Document No. <u>307758CU</u>

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3/28/85	ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY:	3:00 P.M. TODAY					
SUBJECT: RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA							
(3/28 - 12:00 noon draft)							
	ACTION FYI	ACTION FYI					
VICE PRESIDENT	C McMANUS						
REGAN							
DEAVER	OGLESBY						
STOCKMAN							
BUCHANAN							
CHEW	P SS SVAHN	☑ ☑					
FIELDING							
FRIEDERSDORF	VERSTANDIG						
FULLER							
HICKEY	$\Box \Box \checkmark \frac{\text{Elliott}}{}$						
HICKS							
KINGON							
McFARLANE							

REMARKS:

Please provide any edits directly to Ben Elliott by 3:00 p.m. today, with an information copy to my office. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

1985 MAR 28 PM 12: 40

David L. Chew Staff Secretary Ext. 2702 12:00 Noon Received S S L RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA

(Elliott)

March 28, 1985

PRESIDENTIAL RADIO TALK: NICARAGUA SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1985

My fellow Americans, before getting into my subject, I want to speak about some special Americans. Four years ago, a man tried to take my life, and I wouldn't be here today were it not for your prayers, the great skill of the medical team at George Washington Hospital, and the bravery of heroes like Special Agents Tim McCarthy, Jerry Parr, Police Officer Thomas Delahanty, and Al Antennuci.

They and you continue to be in my thoughts, as is the man by my side who was injured that day, my Press Secretary, Jim Brady. Nancy and I ask for your continued prayers and support for Jim and his family, and also for the family of Al Antennuci, the man who helped wrestle my assailant to the ground. Mr. Antunnici died last May. He was a proud American who never asked a thing of others, but who willingly risked his own life to save another.

Now, another subject. This week, the House joined the Senate in approving production of the M.X.-Peacekeeper missile, thereby sending the Soviets an important signal: America <u>will</u> modernize our strategic forces and stand united behind our negotiating team at the arms talks in Geneva.

By keeping our strategic deterrent strong, we can ensure those weapons are never used and meet a crucial challenge to our shared bipartisan responsibility of preserving the peace.

But now another challenge to that shared, bipartisan responsibility, and one every bit as historic and urgent as the

Page 2

M.X.-Peacekeeper vote, must be squarely faced. It's a challenge that I and members of my Administration will be presenting to you with the utmost seriousness in the days ahead, for it goes to the heart of American security -- the security of our land and waters, and of our economy and people.

I am talking about the Soviet-Cuban-Nicaraguan plan to destroy the fragile flower of democracy and force communism upon our small Central American neighbors, a plan that would spread for the first time to our own borders, but on a much larger scale, the same spectre of economic and financial collapse, the same threat of political terrorism, the same floodtides of refugees we've seen follow every communist takeover from the Ukraine, to Eastern Europe, to Afghanistan, Vietnam, Cambodia, Ethiopia and now Central America.

A key Soviet objective has long been to turn Central America into a beachhead of aggression. By tying us down in this hemisphere, by disrupting our vital sea lanes and crippling our ability to meet our commitments worldwide, the Soviets will find it much easier to project their power, intimidate other nations, and expand their empire.

I know many well-intentioned people would rather not accept these facts. But we who have the responsibility for governing cannot afford to be ostriches with our heads in the sand. We cannot deny that Soviet Foreign Minister Gromyko described the region on our doorstep as "boiling like a cauldron," and urged revolution; or deny that the Soviets turned Grenada into a warehouse of violence; or deny that, in the last 5 years, they

Page 3

provided more military assistance to Cuba and Nicaragua than we did to all of Latin America; or deny the support and manpower Cuba and Nicaragua get from such peace lovers as East Germany, North Korea, Libya, the PLO and Iran; or deny that the communist dictators of Cuba and Nicaragua have not only been quoted repeatedly pledging a revolution without frontiers to transform Central America into one communist state, but have been caught, forgive me, red-handed, trying to do just that.

Right now, Havanna and Managua are waging a campaign of disinformation to cover up their deeds and reassure the American people with soft, reassuring words of peace. There is one simple way to prove their true intent. Recently, the leaders of the pro-democracy movement exiled from Nicaragua met in San Jose, Costa Rica and made this offer: the freedom fighters in Nicaragua will lay down their arms if the communist regime will negotiate, permit free elections and a genuine democracy. The answer came back quick, loud, and clear -- forget it.

That is why U.S. support for the freedom fighters is morally just and vital to our security. But if we refuse even this small price to help others supporting our cause, if we pull the plug and allow the freedom fighters to be wiped out by the same helicopter gunships the Soviets are using to murder thousands of Afghans, then we will find the ultimate price to protect peace and our way of life will be dear indeed.

Nearly 24 years ago, President Kennedy warned against communist penetration in our hemisphere and said, "I want it clearly understood that this government will not hesitate in meeting its primary obligations which are to the security of this Nation." And Congress passed legislation to this effect.

For my part, I want it clearly understood today that those who refuse to meet this obligation will be held fully accountable for the consequences, for we will have sent an unmistakable signal that the greatest power in the world is unwilling and incapable of stopping communist aggression in our own backyard.

Until next week, thanks for listening and God bless you.

/

Page 4