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Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name DOBRIANSKY, PAULA: FILES

Withdrawer

RBW 1/23/2017

File Folder ROMANIA - CORRESPONDENCE (7)

FOLA

F1640/3

Box Number 5 HERSHBERG

			52	
ID Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
187602 LETTER	RR TO NICOLAE CEAUSESCU	3	1/24/1985	B1
187608 MEMO	ROBERT MCFARLANE TO RR RE. PROPOSED REPLY TO ROMANIAN PRESIDENT CEAUSESCU	1	1/24/1985	B1
187614 LETTER	CEAUSESCU TO RR	4	12/15/1984	4 B1
187617 MEMO	PAULA DOBRIANSKY TO ROBERT MCFARLANE RE. LETTER TO CEAUSESCU	1	1/23/1985	B1
187621 MEMO	NICHOLAS PLATT TO MCFARLANE RE. LETTER FROM RR TO CEAUSESCU	1	1/23/1985	B1
187623 LETTER	DRAFT RR TO CEAUSESCU	5	ND	B1

The above documents were not referred for declassification review at time of processing Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

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B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

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Collection Name DOBRIANSKY, PAULA: FILES

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File Folder

ROMANIA - CORRESPONDENCE (7)

FOIA

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ID Doc Type	Document Description	No of Doc Date Restrictions Pages
187624 LETTER	CEAUSESCU TO RR	4 ND BI
187629 CABLE	011535Z APR 85	6 4/1/1985 B1

1/23/2017 NLR-145-5-31-10-0 #187629

The above documents were not referred for declassification review at time of processing Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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Box Number 5	52		
ID Document Type Document Description	No of Doc Date Restric- pages tions		

1/24/1985

B1

RR TO NICOLAE CEAUSESCU

187602 LETTER

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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WASHFAX RECEIPT

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REMARKS FOR IMPORMATION; ORIGINAL LETTER GIVEN TO THE VICE PRESIDENT.

WASHFAX RECEIPT

THE WHITE HOUSE



MESSAGE NO	CLASSIFICATI	ON_CONFIDENTIA	PAGES three
FROM ROBERT	KIMMITT	456-2224	Gf1/WW
(NAME		(EXTENSION)	(ROOM NUMBER)
MESSAGE DESCRI	PTION PRES LTR TO CEAU	SESCU	
		NSC LOG #	0595
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PEMARKS FOR I	FORMATION; ORIGINAL LET	TER GIVEN TO THE V	ICE PRESIDENT,

WHO WILL GIVE IT TO THE ROMANIAN AMBASSADOR.

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name

DOBRIANSKY, PAULA: FILES

RB 1/23/2017

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File Folder FOIA

ROMANIA - CORRESPONDENCE (7) F1640/3

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Box Number

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ID	Document Type Document Description	No of Doc Date pages	Restric- tions
187608	MEMO	1 1/24/1985	

ROBERT MCFARLANE TO RR RE. PROPOSED REPLY TO ROMANIAN PRESIDENT CEAUSESCU

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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Department of State

7 S/S-0 __ INCOMINI

PAGE 03 OF 07 BUCHAR 04163 00 OF 02 2706287 C01/15 008052

NODS 09

4. THE FOREIGN MINISTRY'S ENGLISH-LANGUAGE TRANSLATION OF THE ROMANIAN TEXT (WHICH WE HAVE CHECKED AGAINST THE ROMANIAN TEXT AND ADJUSTED AS REQUIRED) FOLLOWS:

6/25/84

OUOTE
HIS EXCELLENCY
MR. RONALD REAGAN
PRESIDENT
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
DEAR MR. PRESIDENT.

DECLASSIFIED

Authoritistate Waives 11/6/15

BY LW MARADITE 1/23/17

I HAVE RECEIVED YOUR MESSAGE CONVEYED TO ME ON 24TH OF MAY, 1984 AND, FOR MY PART, I WISH TO EMPHASIZE THE IMPORTANCE AND USEFULNESS OF OUR CONTINUING EXCHANGE OF MESSAGES IN RECENT YEARS.

I CONSIDER, AS WOULD YOU, THAT THE STATE OF THE ... ROMANIAN-AMERICAN RELATIONS IS GOOD. INDEED. IN THE SPIRIT OF UNDERSTANDINGS CONVENED BETWEEN US. EXCHANGES OF MINISTERIAL-LEVEL VISITS HAVE CONTINUED, ECONOMIC RELATIONS HAVE BEEN POSITIVELY DEVELOPED. AND CONSULTATIONS BETWEEN OUR TWO GOVERNMENTS REGARDING THE MAIN ISSUES OF INTERNATIONAL IFE HAVE INTENSIFIED. I APPRECIATE. HOWEVER. THAT THERE ARE STILL MANY POSSIBILITIES WHICH SHOULD BE EXPLOITED FOR EXPANDING ECONOMIC RELATIONS AND. ESPECIALLY, FOR PRODUCTION AND TECHNICAL-SCIENT.FIC COOPERATION. THEREFORE, I CONSIDER IT NECESSARY TO FIND WAYS FOR ENCOURAGING THE AMERICAN FIRMS AND COMPANIES TO COOPERATE WITH ROMANIA AND TO FACILITATE LICENSING AGREEMENTS IN THE FIELD OF TECHNOLOGY THAT WOULD ENABLE ROMANIAN PRODUCTS. INCLUDING THOSE DESTINED FOR EXPORT TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, TO BE AT A HIGHER TECHNICAL LEVEL.

I AVAIL MYSELF OF THIS OPPORTUNITY TO EXPRESS MY PROFOUND CONCERN IN CONNECTION WITH THE EXTREMELY GRAVE TENSION REACHED IN THE INTERNATIONAL LIFE. THE

INTENSIFICATION OF THE ARMS RACE. ESPECIALLY NUCLEAR ARMS, HAS LED TO AN INCREASE OF THE DANGER OF A WORLD



Department of State

8 S/S-O

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PAGE Ø4 OF Ø7 BUCHAR Ø4163 ØØ OF Ø2 27Ø628Z CØ1/15 ØØ8Ø52
WAR WHICH WOULD INEVITABLY BECOME A NUCLEAR WAR.
ENDANGERING THE VERY CONDITIONS OF LIFE ON OUR PLANET.
OF ESPECIAL GRAVITY IS THE SITUATION CREATED IN EUROPE
AS A CONSEQUENCE OF THE BEGINNING OF THE DEPLOYMENT
BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OF MEDIUM RANGE NUCLEAR
MISSILES IN SOME WEST EUROPEAN COUNTRIES AND THE
BEGINNING OF THE APPLICATION OF ANNOUNCED NUCLEAR
COUNTER-MEASURES BY THE SOVIET UNION.

UNDER THESE CONDITIONS, I REGARD WITH SATISFACTION THE IMPORTANCE YOU PAY TO THE MAINTAINING CLOSE CONTACTS WITH THE LEADERSHIP OF THE SOVIET UNION AND TO THE RESUMING OF THE SOVIET-AMERICAN NEGOTIATIONS IN GENEVA. INDEED, THE ONLY RATIONAL ALTERNATIVE TO THIS DANGEROUS COURSE IN INTERNATIONAL LIFE AND TO THE POLICY OF CONFRONTATION AND ARMAMENT IS DIALOGUE AND NEGOTIATIONS.

FOLLOWING THE TALKS I HAVE RECENTLY HAD IN MOSCOW WITH THE PRESIDENT OF THE SUPREME SOVIET OF THE USSR K. U. CHERNENKO, I AM LEFT WITH THE IMPRESSION THAT THERE ARE POSSIBILITIES AND THAT THE SOVIET UNION DESIRES TO RESUME (LIT.: ARRIVE AT A RESUMPTION) THE DIALOGUE WITH THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET-AMERICAN NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA FOR COMING TO AN UNDERSTANDING ON A SUITABLE SOLUTION. THEREFORE, I CONSIDER IT WOULD BE ESSENTIAL THAT THE UNITED STATES TAKE AN INITIATIVE THAT WOULD PERMIT OVERCOMING THE PRESENT SITUATION. IN THIS RESPECT ONE COULD HAVE IN MIND THAT THE USA WOULD STOP DEPLOYMENT OF MEDIUM RANGE MISSILES IN EUROPE AND THE USSR WOULD STOP APPLYING NUCLEAR COUNTER-MEASURES AND, ON THIS BASIS, THAT NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE USA BE RESUMED WHICH WOULD LEAD TO THE TOTAL ELIMINATION OF THE MEDIUM RANGE NUCLEAR MISSILES AND THEN OF ALL NUCLEAR ARMS IN EUROPE AND IN THE WORLD.

AS IN THE PAST, ROMANIA WISHES TO COLLABORATE WITH THE USA AND WITH THE OTHER STATES FOR A SUCCESSFUL

CONCLUSION OF THE CONFERENCE ON CONFIDENCE BUILDING MEASURES AND DISARMAMENT AT STOCKHOLM, FOR REACHING AN

CONFIDENTIAL Department of State

9 S/S-6 _ INCOMIN

PAGE 05 OF 07 BUCHAR 04163 00 OF 02 270628Z C01/15 008052 NOD509 AGREEMENT IN THE NEGOTIATIONS AT VIENNA, FOR THE ADOPTING OF EFFECTIVE DISARMAMENT MEASURES AT THE CONFERENCE AT GENEVA, AND FOR PUTTING A STOP TO THE ARMS RACE AND BEGINNING DISARMAMENT, AND, FIRST OF ALL. NUCLEAR DISARMAMENT.

UNDER PRESENT INTERNATIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES IT IS NECESSARY TO ACT MORE ACTIVELY FOR A DURABLE AND JUST SETTLEMENT OF THE CONFLICT IN THE MIDDLE EAST. I CONSIDER THAT THE ONLY REAL SOLUTION THAT COULD BRING A GLOBAL SETTLEMENT OF THIS CONFLICT SHOULD BE THE CONVENING OF AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE. UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION. WITH THE PARTICIPATION OF ALL INTERESTED PARTIES. INCLUDING THE ORGANIZATION FOR THE LIBERATION OF PALESTINE.

SIMILARLY, I WOULD LIKE TO REFER TO SOME INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC PROBLEMS, AND ESPECIALLY TO THE GRAVE SITUATION OF THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. AS A CONSEQUENCE OF THE INCREASE OF THEIR FOREIGN DEBTS AND TO THE DEEPENING GAP BETWEEN THE RICH AND POOR COUNTRIES. I REGARD AS ESPECIALLY IMPORTANT THE RESUMING AS SOON AS POSSIBLE OF THE GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION TO SOLVE THESE PROBLEMS AND FOR SETTING UP A NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORDER. BASED ON EQUALITY AND EQUITY, AN E-SENTIAL CONDITION FOR ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL STABILITY IN THE WORLD.

FIRST, I CONSIDER THAT THERE BE A GLOBAL AND NOT A SELECTIVE SOLUTION, AS A NEW APPROACH, REGARDING THE PROBLEM OF FOREIGN DEBTS OF THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. THAT WOULD ASSURE THE CANCELLATION OF THESE DEBTS FOR THE POOREST COUNTRIES, THE REDUCING OF AN IMPORTANT PROPORTION FOR OTHER COUNTRIES, RESCHEDULING OF DEBTS

ON A LONG TERM WITHOUT INTEREST OR WITH LOW. SYMBOLIC INTEREST AND PROVIDING NEW CREDITS UNDER FAVORABLE CONDITIONS FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TO HELP THEIR EFFORTS FOR ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT.

IN THIS REGARD A SPECIAL DIALOGUE SHOULD BE ORGANIZED



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PAGE 06 OF 07 BUCHAR 04163 00 OF 02 270628Z C01/15 008052
AT LEAST BETWEEN THE DEVELOPED AND THE DEVELOPING
COUNTRIES FOR REACHING AN AGREEMENT ON GENERAL PRINCIPLES
REGARDING DEALING WITH THE FOREIGN DEBTS OF DEVELOPING
COUNTRIES AND, PROCEEDING ON THIS BASIS. TO SOLVE THE
PROBLEMS FOR EACH COUNTRY. IN MY VIEW, THE DEVELOPING
COUNTRIES SHOULD CONSIDER PROVIDING 10-15 PER CENT OF
THE TOTAL VALUE OF THEIR EXPORTS FOR PAYING FOREIGN
DEBTS, INCLUDING INTEREST AND, IN THIS WAY, TO RETAIN
THE NECESSARY MEANS FOR THEIR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND
FOR SOLVING SOME OF THEIR SOCIAL PROBLEMS.

I EXPRESS MY CONVICTION THAT WE WILL ALSO ACT IN THE FUTURE TO EXPAND ROMANIAN-AMERICAN RELATIONS, TO PROMOTE A POLICY OF PEACE, DETENTE, DISARMAMENT AND COLLABORATION OF RESPECT FOR THE NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE OF ALL PEOPLES.

SINCERELY, NICOLAE CEAUSESCU UNOUOTE

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ID	Document Type	No of Doc Date Restric-
	Document Description	pages tions

4 12/15/1984

B1

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

187614 LETTER

CEAUSESCU TO RR

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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B1

PAULA DOBRIANSKY TO ROBERT MCFARLANE RE. LETTER TO CEAUSESCU

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

187617 MEMO

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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Document DescriptionNo of pagesDoc Date tions187621 MEMO1 1/23/1985 B1

NICHOLAS PLATT TO MCFARLANE RE. LETTER FROM RR TO CEAUSESCU

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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187623 LETTER	5 ND B1

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ID	Document Type Document Description	No of pages	Doc Date	Restric- tions
18762	4 LETTER	4	ND	B1

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

CEAUSESCU TO RR

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PAGE 03 OF 07 BUCHAR 04163 00 OF 02 270628Z C01/15 008052

NOD509

4. THE FOREIGN MINISTRY'S ENGLISH-LANGUAGE TRANSLATION OF THE ROMANIAN TEXT (WHICH WE HAVE CHECKED AGAINST THE ROMANIAN TEXT AND ADJUSTED AS REQUIRED) FOLLOWS:

6/25/84

HIS EXCELLENCY MR. RONALD REAGAN

PRESIDENT

OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA DEAR MR. PRESIDENT.

I HAVE RECEIVED YOUR MESSAGE CONVEYED TO ME ON 24TH OF MAY, 1984 AND, FOR MY PART, I WISH TO EMPHASIZE THE IMPORTANCE AND USEFULNESS OF OUR CONTINUING EXCHANGE OF MESSAGES IN RECENT YEARS.

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INTENSIFICATION OF THE ARMS RACE. ESPECIALLY NUCLEAR ARMS. HAS LED TO AN INCREASE OF THE DANGER OF A WORLD

By RW State Waiver 11/6/15



CONELDENTTAL Department of State

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PAGE Ø4 OF Ø7 BUCHAR Ø4163 ØØ OF Ø2 270628Z CØ1/15 ØØ8Ø52 NOD5Ø9 WAR WHICH WOULD INEVITABLY BECOME A NUCLEAR WAR. ENDANGERING THE VERY CONDITIONS OF LIFE ON OUR PLANET. OF ESPECIAL GRAVITY IS THE SITUATION CREATED IN EUROPE AS A CONSEQUENCE OF THE BEGINNING OF THE DEPLOYMENT BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OF MEDIUM RANGE NUCLEAR MISSILES IN SOME WEST EUROPEAN COUNTRIES AND THE BEGINNING OF THE APPLICATION OF ANNOUNCED NUCLEAR COUNTER-MEASURES BY THE SOVIET UNION.

UNDER THESE CONDITIONS, I REGARD WITH SATISFACTION THE IMPORTANCE YOU PAY TO THE MAINTAINING CLOSE CONTACTS WITH THE LEADERSHIP OF THE SOVIET UNION AND TO THE RESUMING OF THE SOVIET-AMERICAN NEGOTIATIONS IN GENEVA. INDEED, THE ONLY RATIONAL ALTERNATIVE TO THIS DANGEROUS COURSE IN INTERNATIONAL LIFE AND TO THE POLICY OF CONFRONTATION AND ARMAMENT IS DIALOGUE AND NEGOTIATIONS.

FOLLOWING THE TALKS I HAVE RECENTLY HAD IN MOSCOW WITH THE PRESIDENT OF THE SUPREME SOVIET OF THE USSR K. U. CHERNENKO, I AM LEFT WITH THE IMPRESSION THAT THERE ARE POSSIBILITIES AND THAT THE SOVIET UNION DESIRES TO RESUME (LIT.: ARRIVE AT A RESUMPTION) THE DIALOGUE WITH THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET-AMERICAN NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA FOR COMING TO AN UNDERSTANDING ON A SUITABLE SOLUTION. THEREFORE. I CONSIDER IT WOULD BE ESSENTIAL THAT THE UNITED STATES TAKE AN INITIATIVE THAT WOULD PERMIT OVERCOMING THE PRESENT SITUATION. IN THIS RESPECT ONE COULD HAVE IN MIND THAT THE USA WOULD STOP DEPLOYMENT OF MEDIUM RANGE MISSILES IN EUROPE AND THE USSR WOULD STOP APPLYING NUCLEAR COUNTER-MEASURES AND, ON THIS BASIS, THAT NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE USA BE RESUMED WHICH WOULD LEAD TO THE TOTAL ELIMINATION OF THE MEDIUM RANGE NUCLEAR MISSILES AND THEN OF ALL NUCLEAR ARMS IN EUROPE AND IN THE WORLD.

AS IN THE PAST, ROMANIA WISHES TO COLLABORATE WITH THE USA AND WITH THE OTHER STATES FOR A SUCCESSFUL

CONCLUSION OF THE CONFERENCE ON CONFIDENCE BUILDING MEASURES AND DISARMAMENT AT STOCKHOLM, FOR REACHING AN

CONFIDENTIAL Department of State

S/S-O ____

NOD589

PAGE Ø5 OF Ø7 BUCHAR Ø4163 ØØ OF Ø2 27Ø628Z CØ1/15 ØØ8Ø52
AGREEMENT IN THE NEGOTIATIONS AT VIENNA, FOR THE
ADOPTING OF EFFECTIVE DISARMAMENT MEASURES AT THE
CONFERENCE AT GENEVA, AND FOR PUTTING A STOP TO THE
ARMS RACE AND BEGINNING DISARMAMENT, AND, FIRST OF ALL.
NUCLEAR DISARMAMENT.

UNDER PRESENT INTERNATIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES IT IS NECESSARY TO ACT MORE ACTIVELY FOR A DURABLE AND JUST SETTLEMENT OF THE CONFLICT IN THE MIDDLE EAST. I CONSIDER THAT THE ONLY REAL SOLUTION THAT COULD BRING A GLOBAL SETTLEMENT OF THIS CONFLICT SHOULD BE THE CONVENING OF AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE. UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION. WITH THE PARTICIPATION OF ALL INTERESTED PARTIES. INCLUDING THE ORGANIZATION FOR THE LIBERATION OF PALESTINE.

SIMILARLY, I WOULD LIKE TO REFER TO SOME INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC PROBLEMS, AND ESPECIALLY TO THE GRAVE SITUATION OF THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. AS A CONSEQUENCE OF THE INCREASE OF THEIR FOREIGN DEBTS AND TO THE DEEPENING GAP BETWEEN THE RICH AND POOR COUNTRIES. I REGARD AS ESPECIALLY IMPORTANT THE RESUMING AS SOON AS POSSIBLE OF THE GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION TO SOLVE THESE PROBLEMS AND FC? SETTING UP A NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORDER BASED JN EQUALITY AND EQUITY, AN ESSENTIAL CONDITION FOR ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL STABILITY IN THE WORLD.

FIRST, I CONSIDER THAT THERE BE A GLOBAL AND NOT A SELECTIVE SOLUTION, AS A NEW APPROACH, REGARDING THE PROBLEM OF FOREIGN DEBTS OF THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, THAT WOULD ASSURE THE CANCELLATION OF THESE DEBTS FOR THE POOREST COUNTRIES, THE REDUCING OF AN IMPORTANT PROPORTION FOR OTHER COUNTRIES, RESCHEDULING OF DEBTS

ON A LONG TERM WITHOUT INTEREST OR WITH LOW, SYMBOLIC INTEREST AND PROVIDING NEW CREDITS UNDER FAVORABLE CONDITIONS FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TO HELP THEIR EFFORTS FOR ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT.

IN THIS REGARD A SPEC:AL DIALOGUE SHOULD BE ORGANIZED



CONFIDENTIAL . Department of State

S/S-0 27 INCOMING

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PAGE 06 OF 07 BUCHAR 04163 00 OF 02 270628Z C01/15 008052
AT LEAST BETWEEN THE DEVELOPED AND THE DEVELOPING
COUNTRIES FOR REACHING AN AGREEMENT ON GENERAL PRINCIPLES
REGARDING DEALING WITH THE FOREIGN DEBTS OF DEVELOPING
COUNTRIES AND, PROCEEDING ON THIS BASIS. TO SOLVE THE
PROBLEMS FOR EACH COUNTRY. IN MY VIEW, THE DEVELOPING
COUNTRIES SHOULD CONSIDER PROVIDING 10-15 PER CENT OF
THE TOTAL VALUE OF THEIR EXPORTS FOR PAYING FOREIGN
DEBTS, INCLUDING INTEREST AND, IN THIS WAY, TO RETAIN
THE NECESSARY MEANS FOR THEIR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND
FOR SOLVING SOME OF THEIR SOCIAL PROBLEMS.

I EXPRESS MY CONVICTION THAT WE WILL ALSO ACT IN THE FUTURE TO EXPAND ROMANIAN-AMERICAN RELATIONS, TO PROMOTE A POLICY OF PEACE, DETENTE, DISARMAMENT AND COLLABORATION OF RESPECT FOR THE NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE OF ALL PEOPLES.

SINCERELY,
NICOLAE CEAUSESCU
UNOUOTE

5. EMBASSY COMMENT: ON THE SURFACE--AND PROBABLY BELOW IT AS WELL--MOST OF THE LETTER IS VINTAGE CEAUSESCU. THE POINTS HAVING BEEN MADE BEFORE IN NUMEROUS SPEECHES. ANDREI HOWEVER, MADE A POINT OF CALLING ATTENTION OF THE LANGUAGE USED BY CEAUSESCU WHEN SUGGESTING HOW INF TALKS MIGHT BE RESUMED ("ONE COULD HAVE IN MIND THAT THE U.S. HALT THE DEPLOYMENT OF MEDIUM RANGE MISSILES..."). THIS LANGUAGE INDEED IS DIFFERENT THAN CEAUSESCU'S--AND. FOR THAT MATTER. SOVIET--DEMANDS THAT THE U.S. HALT INF DEPLOYMENT (AND WITHDRAW MISSILES ALREADY DEPLOYED) AS A PREREQUISITE FOR THE RESUMPTION OF INF TALKS AND SURGEST OTHER PROPOSALS

MIGHT BE CONSIDEREED. THIS MAY BE WERELY TYPICAL CEAUSESCU.
HE COULD BE READING MORE INTO SOVIET THINKING THAN IS
MERITED. HE COULD BE FABRICATING. HE MAY ALSO BE TRYING
TO ADD SOME LUSTER TO HIS OWN CREDENTIALS AS A USEFUL
GO-BETWEEN. NEVERTHELESS. ON THE CHANCE THAT THERE MAY

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EXDIS

E. O. 12356: DECL: OADR TAGS: ETRD, KOLY, OPDC, PREL, RO, US

LETTER TO PRESIDENT CEAUSESCU FROM PRESIDENT

REAGAN

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT.)

2. EMBASSY REQUESTED TO DELIVER TEXT OF FOLLOWING LETTER FROM PRESIDENT HEAGAN TO PRESIDENT CEAUSESCU TO HIGHEST LEVEL MFA OFFICIAL IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE.

3. BEGIN TEXT:

DEAR MR. PRESIDENT:

- -- I HAVE FOUND OUR CORRESPONDENCE OVER THE PAST FEW YEARS USEFUL AND WOULD LIKE TO DISCUSS SEVERAL MATTERS OF INTEREST TO BOTH OF OUR COUNTRIES, INCLUDING ROMANIA'S PARTICIPATION IN THE SUMMER OLYMPIC GAMES.
- -- THE STATE OF U.S. -ROMANIAN RELATIONS IS GOOD. THE 1983 VISITS OF VICE PRESIDENT BUSH AND SECRETARY OF COMMERCE BALDRIGE TO ROMANIA, AS WELL AS THE VISITS OF FOREIGN MINISTER ANDRE! AND MINISTER NECULA TO THE UNITED STATES THIS YEAR, ARE RECENT EXAMPLES OF THE FREQUENT AND CONSTRUCTIVE EXCHANGES WE ENJOY.
- -- OUR BILATERAL TRADE RELATIONS HAVE ALSO EXPANDED SIGNIFICANTLY THIS YEAR, AND WE EXPECT THAT EXPANSION TO CONTINUE. IN THIS CONNECTION, I WISH TO INFORM YOU THAT SHORTLY I WILL SUBMIT TO CONGRESS MY DETERMINATION OF THE EXTENSION OF ROMANIA'S MOST-FAVORED-NATION TARIFF STATUS FOR ANOTHER YEAR. MOREOVER, THIS SUMMER WE WILL AGAIN BE EXTENDING FOR THREE YEARS THE BILATERAL COMMERCIAL AGREEMENT WHICH HAS SERVED THE INTERESTS OF BOTH OUR COUNTRIES.
- -- OUR GOVERNMENTS HAVE CONSULTED REGULARLY ON IMPORTANT MULTILATERAL ISSUES SUCH AS VARIOUS PROBLEMS AT THE UNITED NATIONS, THE CDE CONFERENCE IN STOCKHOLM, INF, THE MIDDLE EAST, AND SOUTHERN AFRICA. WE HAVE ALSO KEPT YOUR ABLE REPRESENTATIVE IN WASHINGTON,

PAGE Ø1 STATE 152611 5631 888727 SS05485 AMBASSADOR MALITZA, INFORMED ON OUR CONTINUING EFFORTS TO IMPROVE RELATIONS WITH THE NEW LEADERSHIP OF THE SOVIET UNION. WE BELIEVE IT IS ESSENTIAL TO THE MAINTENANCE OF PEACE AND SECURITY THAT WE REMAIN IN CLOSE CONTACT WITH THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP, AND THAT THE IMPORTANT NEGOTIATIONS IN WHICH WE WERE ENGAGED, ESPECIALLY ON INF AND START, BE RESUMED. WE WELCOME ROMANIA'S SUPPORT FOR THESE NEGOTIATIONS AND HOPE THAT THEY CAN BE RESUMED SOON AND WITHOUT PRECONDITIONS.

RO-US

-- REGARDING THE OLYMPICS WE ARE HOSTING IN LOS ANGELES THIS SUMMER, I WISH TO INFORM YOU THAT SOVIET CONCERNS ABOUT THE SAFETY OF THEIR ATHLETES AND OTHER PARTICIPANTS ARE GROUNDLESS. AS YOU MAY KNOW, I HAVE PERSONALLY ASSURED THE INTERNATIONAL OLYMPIC COMMITTEE THAT THE U.S. WILL LIVE UP TO THE OLYMPIC CHARTER. THE LOS ANGELES OLYMPIC ORGANIZING COMMITTEE, IN CLOSE COORDINATION WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL AUTHORITIES. IS WORKING WITH THE UTHOST DILIGENCE TO ENSURE THAT ALL LEGITIMATE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE COMFORT AND SAFETY OF VISITING ATHLETES ARE FULLY MET. IT IS OUR HOPE THAT THE ROMANIAN OLYMPIC COMMITTEE WILL CONCUR IN THIS AND THAT THE ROMANIAN OLYMPIC TEAM WILL HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO PARTICIPATE IN THE GAMES THIS SUMMER.

SINCERELY.

END TEXT.

4. EMBASSY SHOULD ADVISE MFA THAT THERE WILL BE NO SIGNED ORIGINAL. SHULTZ

Ronald Reagan Library

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FROM CEAUSESCU, NICOLAE DOCDATE 01 AUG 85

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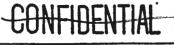
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DEPARTMENT OF STATE EXECUTIVE SECRETARIAT TRANSMITTAL FORM

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Date	August	1,	1985			

For: Mr. Robert C. McFarlane
National Security Council
The White House

Reference:

To: President Reagan	From: Romanian President Ceausescu
Date: March 11, 1985	Subject: Letter from President
Ceausescu to President Rea	
WH Referral Dated: July 17,	1985 NSC ID# 850 6110
-	(if any)
The attached item was Department of State	as sent directly to the
Action Taken:	
A draft reply is	attached.
A draft reply wi	ll be forwarded.
A translation is	attached.
An information c	opy of a direct reply is attached.
We believe no re cited below.	sponse is necessary for the reason
The Department o proposed travel.	f State has no objection to the
Other.	
Remarks: No Action Nece	ssary.
	1/1 / 1 / 1

Nicholas Platt Executive Secretary

CONFIDENTIAL PASIT.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE DIVISION OF LANGUAGE SERVICES

(TRANSLATION)

LS NO. 116741 C/ADS Romanian

[Seal]
President of the
Socialist Republic of Romania

Bucharest, March 11, 1985

Dear Mr. President:

In the framework of the exchange of views established between us and considering the problems existing in international life, I should like to present my views on a number of international aspects today.

We now find ourselves at a decisive moment in the future evolution of international life, and the way in which events will unfold this year will depend largely on whether the present dangerous course can be successfully arrested or whether humanity will continue to head for a world war, a nuclear catastrophe.

I attribute great value to the meeting in January between the foreign ministers of the United States of America and the Soviet Union and the understanding regarding the beginning of American-Soviet negotiations, of March 12 of this year. Of course, the beginning of negotiations does not signify a change in the course of international events nor a solution of the serious problems of nuclear armaments.

His Excellency
Ronald Reagan,
President of the
United States of America



The peoples of our nations, as well as all peoples of the world, expect that the negotiations between the United States of America and the Soviet Union will lead to an understanding that will ensure an end to the nuclear arms race, prevention of the militarization of the cosmos, and a transition to practical measures for nuclear disarmament.

I especially appreciate the statements made by you and the leaders of the Soviet Union to the effect that both parties are prepared to take radical measures to reduce nuclear armaments.

Since it is possible that the negotiations may last for a considerable time, I believe it is necessary during the period of the negotiations to halt or freeze nuclear armaments, first of all the production of new nuclear arms, the stationing of American medium-range missiles in some of the West European countries, and the application of nuclear countermeasures of the Soviet Union, as well as any action militarizing cosmic space. Such a step would be welcomed by all European states and by all the peoples of the world.

The adoption of such measures at the very beginning of the Soviet-American negotiations would lead to an enhancement of mutual trust, would give proof of the desire of both parties participating in the negotiations to reach a suitable agreement, and would constitute an expression of their desire and intention to put an end to the nuclear arms race, to reduce the nuclear arsenals and arsenals of other armaments, and would have a positive influence on the outcome of the Geneva negotiations.

To carry on the negotiations and at the same time have a continuation of the nuclear arms race is inconceivable. Moreover, how could progress be made in identifying solutions if there is a continuation of the production and stationing of new arms, which would bring about a continual change in the base point for the negotiations.

A halt to the increase, and transition to a reduction, in strategic arms, and the cessation of any actions directed toward the militarization of cosmic space are certainly of extraordinary importance for the effort to put an end to the nuclear arms race. To extend the arms race into the cosmos will lead to an intensification of the arms race in general and will increase the danger of a nuclear war. However, since medium-range nuclear arms continue to be stationed in Europe, they constitute an immediate problem of major importance for the peoples of the continent. Therefore I believe that in the framework of the Geneva negotiations priority should be given to halting the stationing of medium-range American nuclear missiles in some of the West Eureopean countries and Soviet countermeasures, so that one may achieve suitable understandings which will ensure the withdrawal of nuclear missiles now on the continent and the liberation of Europe from all nuclear arms.

Since the problems forming the subject of the Soviet
American negotiations concern the life, existence, and security

of all peoples, I believe it is necessary that the USA and the USSR be in agreement and that conditions be created under which all nations will have an active role and contribute to a successful conclusion of the Geneva negotiations.

Mindful of the serious situation existing in Europe owing to the great concentrations of nuclear arms and other arms of mass destruction, I believe it is necessary for the European countries to show more initiative and participate in a form appropriate for the negotiations between the USSR and the USA regarding disarmament. In a special way I believe it is imperative that the countries should meet each other in the framework of the Warsaw Pact and NATO and actively contribute to the success of the Soviet-American negotiations.

It is especially important that, parallel with the negotiations between the Soviet Union and the United States, there should be an intensification of the activity of the Geneva Disarmament Conference, the Stockholm Conference for Trust and Disarmament, the Vienna negotiations concerning reduction of armaments and armed forces in Central Europe and the efforts through other international conferences in the field of disarmament to reach appropriate agreements, which would have a positive influence on the progress and success of the Soviet-American negotiations.

The strengthening of international peace and security requires a resolution of the state of war and conflict in

various regions of the world. Romania has pronounced itself, and pronounces itself, firmly in favor of a political settlement, through negotiations, of all litigious situations between states.

In this spirit I believe it is necessary at present to intensify diplomatic activity with a view to achieving a lasting and just peace in the Middle East.

I view the recent Jordanian-Palestinian agreement as a positive factor tending toward a political solution in the Middle East. It is now necessary to continue efforts to bring about a political solution in the Middle East through the organization of an international conference in the framework of the United Nations, with the participation of all interested parties, the Organization for the Liberation of Palestine, the USA and the USSR. It is necessary to take action in order to reach an agreement in connection with organization of this conference, in which Syria, too, must necessarily participate. I believe that any initiative must have in view the active participation of Syria. I am firmly convinced that Syria must not be left aside in the discussions and resolution of the situation in the Middle East, while its engagement and active participation would provide a real prospect of reaching a global settlement in the Middle East.

For the preparation of this international conference one might consider authorizing the Secretary General of the United

Nations to contact the two parties -- like the action taken in the Cyprus problems -- and organize indirect negotiations between the two parties.

These are some of the considerations which I have wanted to share with you in connection with the upcoming Soviet-American negotiations and with the present situation in the Middle East.

I do not wish on this occasion to deal at length with bilateral Romanian-American relations. I am confident that in the spirit of the understandings previously established we will act to extend commercial exchanges and cooperation in production in order to intensify relations in the field of science and technology, education, culture and other areas.

I am convinced that development of bilateral Romanian-American relations, with intensification of our cooperation on the international level, is in keeping with the interests of the two countries, the policy of peace, security and international collaboration.

Cordially yours,
[s] N. Ceausescu



Bucuresti, 11 martie 1985

Președintele Prepublicii Socialiste România

Stimate domnule președinte,

In cadrul schimbului de păreri statornicit între noi și ținînd seama de problemele existente în viața internațională, doresc să vă prezint considerentele mele cu privire la unele aspecte ale actualității mondiale.

Acum ne aflăm într-un moment hotărîtor pentru evoluția viitoare a vieții internaționale și de felul cum se vor desfășura evenimentele în acest an va depinde foarte mult dacă se va reuși oprirea actualului curs periculos sau omenirea va continua să se îndrepte spre un război mondial, spre catastrofă nucleară.

Dau o înaltă apreciere întîlnirii, din ianuarie, dintre miniștrii de externe ai Statelor Unite ale Americii și Uniunii Sovietice și înțelegerii privind începerea negocierilor americanc sovietice la 12 martie a.c. Desigur, începerea negocierilor nu înseamnă schimbarea mersului evenimentelor internaționale și nic: soluționarea problemelor grave ale înarmărilor nucleare.

Popoarele țărilor noastre, ca și toate popoarele lumii, așteaptă ca negocierile dintre Statele Unite ale Americii și Uniunea Sovietică să ducă la înțelegeri care să asigure oprirea cursei înarmărilor nucleare, prevenirea militarizării Cosmosului trecerea la măsuri practice de dezarmare nucleară.

Apreciez în mod deosebit declarațiile dumneavoastră și ale conducătorilor Uniunii Sovietice că ambele părți sînt gata să meargă la măsuri radicale de reducere a armamentelor nucleare.

EXCELENTEI SALE

DOMNULUI RONALD REAGAN

PRESEDINTELE STATELOR UNITE ALE AMERICII

Authorio State Waives 1/16/15
BY PW MATE 1/23/17



- 2 -

Intrucît este posibil ca negocierile să dureze un timp mai îndelungat, consider că este necesar ca pe perioada tratativelor să fie oprite sau înghețate înarmările nucleare și în primul rînd producerea de noi arme nucleare, amplasarea rachetelor nucleare americane cu rază medie de acțiune în unele țări vest-europene și aplicarea contramăsurilor nucleare ale Uniunii Sovietice, precum și orice acțiuni de militarizare a spațiului cosmic. O asemenea măsură ar fi salutată de toate statele europene, de toate popoarele lumii.

Trecerea la astfel de măsuri, chiar la începerea negocierilor sovieto-americane ar duce la creșterea încrederii reciproce, ar fi o dovadă a voinței ambelor părți participante la negocieri de a ajunge la un acord corespunzător, ar constitui o expresie a dorinței și voinței lor de a pune capăt cursei înarmărilor nucleare, de a trece la reducerea arsenalelor nucleare și a celorlalte armamente, ar influența pozitiv rezultatul tratativelor de la Geneva.

Nu se poate concepe desfășurarea tratativelor și continuarea, în același timp, a cursei înarmărilor nucleare. De altfel, cum s-ar putea înainta în identificarea soluțiilor, dacă vor continua producerea și amplasarea de noi arme, ceea ce ar determina o schimbare continuă a bazei de pornire pentru negocieri.

Oprirea creșterii și trecerea la reducerea armelor strategice, încetarea oricăror acțiuni îndreptate spre militarizarea spațiului cosmic prezintă, desigur, o însemnătate deosebită pentru efortul de încetare a cursei înarmărilor nucleare. Extinderea cursei înarmărilor în Cosmos va duce la intensificarea cursei înarmărilor în general, va crește pericolu unui război nuclear. Dar, întrucît armele nucleare cu rază medic de acțiune continuă să fie amplasate în Europa, ele reprezintă c problemă imediată, de importanță majoră pentru popoarele de pe continent.



- 3 -

De aceea, consider că în cadrul negocierilor de la Geneva ar trebui să aibă prioritate problemele privind oprirea amplasării rachetelor nucleare americane cu rază medie de acțiune în unele țări vest-europene și a contramăsurilor sovietice, să se ajungă la realizarea de înțelegeri corespunzătoare, care să asigure retragerea rachetelor nucleare existente pe continent, eliberarea Europei de orice arme nucleare.

Decarece problemele care fac obiectul negocierilor sovieto-americane privesc viața, existența și securitatea tuturor popoarelor, consider că este necesar ca S.U.A. și U.R.S.S. să fie de acord și să se creeze condițiile ca toate statele să aibă și un rol activ și să contribuie la încheierea cu succes a tratativelor de la Geneva.

Tinînd seama de situația gravă existentă în Europa datorită marii concentrări de arme nucleare, de alte arme de distrugere în masă, consider că este necesar ca țările europene să manifeste mai multă inițiativă și să participe într-o formă potrivită la negocierile dintre U.R.S.S. și S.U.A. privind dezarmarea. În mod deosebit consider că se impune ca țările din cadrul Tratatului de la Varșovia și din N.A.T.O. să se întîlnească și să contribuie activ la succesul negocierilor sovieto-americane.

Este de o deosebită importanță ca, paralel cu negocierile dintre Uniunea Sovietică și Statele Unite, să se intensifice activitatea Conferinței pentru dezarmare de la Geneva, a Conferinței pentru încredere și dezarmare de la Stockholm, negocierile de la Viena privind reducerea armamentelor și efectivelor armate din centrul Europei și eforturile în cadrul altor conferințe internaționale în domeniul dezarmării, pentru a se ajunge la acorduri corespunzătoare, ceea ce ar influența pozitiv desfășurarea și succesul negocierilor sovieto-americane.

Intărirea păcii și securității internaționale necesită soluționarea stărilor de război și conflict din diferite regiuni ale lumii. România s-a pronunțat și se pronunță în mod ferm pentru reglementarea pe cale politică, prin pegazioni



In acest spirit, consider că în prezent este necesar să fie intensificată activitatea diplomatică în vederea realizării unei păci trainice și juste în Orientul Mijlociu.

Apreciez că recentul acord iordaniano-palestinian este un factor pozitiv care merge în direcția unei soluționări politice în Orientul Mijlociu. Acum este necesar să se depună în continuare eforturi pentru o soluție politică în Orientul Mijlociu prin organizarea unei Conferințe internaționale în cadrul Organizației Națiunilor Unite, cu participarea tuturor părților interesate, a Organizației pentru Eliberarea Palestinei, a S.U.A. și U.R.S.S. Este necesar să se acționeze pentru a se ajunge la un acord în legătură cu organizarea acestei Conferințe, la care să participe neapărat și Siria. Consider că orice inițiativă ar trebui să aibă în vedere participarea activă a Siriei. Sînt ferm convins că Siria nu poate fi lăsată de o parte în discuțiile și soluționarea situației din Orientul Mijlociu, în timp ce angajarea și participarea sa activă ar da o perspectivă reală pentru a se ajunge la o soluție globală în Orientul Mijlociu.

Pentru pregătirea acestei Conferințe internaționale s-ar putea avea în vedere ca secretarul general al Organizației Națiunilor Unite să fie împuternicit să intre în contact cu cele două părți - așa cum s-a acționat în problemele Ciprului - și să organizeze tratative indirecte între cele două părți.

Acestea au fost unele considerente pe care am vrut să vi le împărtășesc în legătură cu apropiatele negocieri sovieto-americane și cu situația actuală din Orientul Mijlociu.



- 5 -

Nu doresc cu acest prilej să mă refer pe larg la relațiile bilaterale româno-americane. Imi exprim încrederea că în spiritul înțelegerilor stabilite anterior vom acționa pentru extinderea schimburilor comerciale și a cooperării în producție, pentru intensificarea raporturilor în domeniul științei și tehnicii, învățămîntului, culturii și în alte domeni.

Sînt convins că dezvoltarea relațiilor bilaterale româno-americane, intensificarea conlucrării noastre pe plan internațional corespund intereselor celor două națiuni, politicii de pace, securitate și colaborare internațională.

Cu prietenie,

W. Meccanses



Președintele Republicii Socialiste România

București, 11 martie 1985

Stimate domnule președinte,

In cadrul schimbului de păreri statornicit între noi și ținînd seama de problemele existente în viața internațională, doresc să vă prezint considerentele mele cu privire la unele aspecte ale actualității mondiale.

Acum ne aflăm într-un moment hotărîtor pentru evoluția viitoare a vieții internaționale și de felul cum se vor desfășura evenimentele în acest an va depinde foarte mult dacă se va reuși oprirea actualului curs periculos sau omenirea va continua să se îndrepte spre un război mondial, spre catastrofă nucleară.

Dau o înaltă apreciere întîlnirii, din ianuarie, dintre miniștrii de externe ai Statelor Unite ale Americii și Uniunii Sovietice și înțelegerii privind începerea negocierilor americanc sovietice la 12 martie a.c. Desigur, începerea negocierilor nu înseamnă schimbarea mersului evenimentelor internaționale și nici soluționarea problemelor grave ale înarmărilor nucleare.

Popoarele țărilor noastre, ca și toate popoarele lumii, așteaptă ca negocierile dintre Statele Unite ale Americii și Uniunea Sovietică să ducă la înțelegeri care să asigure oprirea cursei înarmărilor nucleare, prevenirea militarizării Cosmosului, trecerea la măsuri practice de dezarmare nucleară.

Apreciez în mod deosebit declarațiile dumneavoastră și ale conducătorilor Uniunii Sovietice că ambele părți sînt gata să meargă la măsuri radicale de reducere a armamentelor nucleare.

EXCELENTEI SALE

DOMNULUI RONALD REAGAN

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Intrucît este posibil ca negocierile să dureze un timp mai îndelungat, consider că este necesar ca pe perioada tratativelor să fie oprite sau înghețate înarmările nucleare și în primul rînd producerea de noi arme nucleare, amplasarea rachetelor nucleare americane cu rază medie de acțiune în unele țări vest-europene și aplicarea contramăsurilor nucleare ale Uniunii Sovietice, precum și orice acțiuni de militarizare a spațiului cosmic. O asemenea măsură ar fi salutată de toate statele europene, de toate popoarele lumii.

Trecerea la astfel de măsuri, chiar la începerea negocierilor sovieto-americane ar duce la creșterea încrederii reciproce, ar fi o dovadă a voinței ambelor părți participante la negocieri de a ajunge la un acord corespunzător, ar constitui o expresie a dorinței și voinței lor de a pune capăt cursei înarmărilor nucleare, de a trece la reducerea arsenalelor nucleare și a celorlalte armamente, ar influența pozitiv rezultatul tratativelor de la Geneva.

Nu se poate concepe desfăşurarea tratativelor și continuarea, în același timp, a cursei înarmărilor nucleare. De altfel, cum s-ar putea înainta în identificarea soluțiilor, dacă vor continua producerea și amplasarea de noi arme, ceea ce ar determina o schimbare continuă a bazei de pornire pentru negocieri.

Oprirea creșterii și trecerea la reducerea armelor strategice, încetarea oricăror acțiuni îndreptate spre militarizarea spațiului cosmic prezintă, desigur, o însemnătate deosebită pentru efortul de încetare a cursei înarmărilor nucleare. Extinderea cursei înarmărilor în Cosmos va duce la intensificarea cursei înarmărilor în general, va crește pericolu unui război nuclear. Dar, întrucît armele nucleare cu rază medie de acțiune continuă să fie amplasate în Europa, ele reprezintă c problemă imediată, de importanță majoră pentru popoarele de pe continent.



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De aceea, consider că în cadrul negocierilor de la Geneva ar trebui să aibă prioritate problemele privind oprirea amplasării rachetelor nucleare americane cu rază medie de acțiune în unele țări vest-europene și a contramăsurilor sovietice, să se ajungă la realizarea de înțelegeri corespunzătoare, care să asigure retragerea rachetelor nucleare existente pe continent, eliberarea Europei de orice arme nucleare.

Deoarece problemele care fac obiectul negocierilor sovieto-americane privesc viața, existența și securitatea tuturor popoarelor, consider că este necesar ca S.U.A. și U.R.S.S. să fie de acord și să se creeze condițiile ca toate statele să aibă și un rol activ și să contribuie la încheierea cu succes a tratativelor de la Geneva.

Tinînd seama de situația gravă existentă în Europa datorită marii concentrări de arme nucleare, de alte arme de distrugere în masă, consider că este necesar ca țările europene să manifeste mai multă inițiativă și să participe într-o formă potrivită la negocierile dintre U.R.S.S. și S.U.A. privind dezarmarea. În mod deosebit consider că se impune ca țările din cadrul Tratatului de la Varșovia și din N.A.T.O. să se întîlnească și să contribuie activ la succesul negocierilor sovieto-americane.

Este de o deosebită importanță ca, paralel cu negocierile dintre Uniunea Sovietică și Statele Unite, să se intensifice activitatea Conferinței pentru dezarmare de la Geneva, a Conferinței pentru încredere și dezarmare de la Stockholm, negocierile de la Viena privind reducerea armamentelor și efectivelor armate din centrul Europei și eforturile în cadrul altor conferințe internaționale în domeniul dezarmării, pentru a se ajunge la acorduri corespunzătoare, ceea ce ar influența pozitiv desfășurarea și succesul negocierilor sovieto-americane.

Intărirea păcii și securității internaționale necesită soluționarea stărilor de război și conflict din diferite regiuni ale lumii. România s-a pronunțat și se pronunță în mod ferm pentru reglementarea pe cale politică, prin negocieri, a tuturor stărilor litigioase dinternationale dinternation de stărilor litigioase dinternation de stărilor litigioase dinternation de stărilor litigioase dinternation de stărilor litigioase dinternații înternaționale necesită soluționarea stărilor de război și conflict din diferite regiuni ale lumii.



In acest spirit, consider că în prezent este necesar să fie intensificată activitatea diplomatică în vederea realizării unei păci trainice și juste în Orientul Mijlociu.

Apreciez că recentul acord iordaniano-palestinian este un factor pozitiv care merge în direcția unei soluționări politice în Orientul Mijlociu. Acum este necesar să se depună în continuare eforturi pentru o soluție politică în Orientul Mijlociu prin organizarea unei Conferinte internationale în cadrul Organizației Națiunilor Unite, cu participarea tuturor părților interesate, a Organizației pentru Eliberarea Palestinei, a S.U.A. și U.R.S.S. Este necesar să se acționeze pentru a se ajunge la un acord în legătură cu organizarea acestei Conferințe, la care să participe neapărat și Siria. Consider că orice inițiativă ar trebui să aibă în vedere participarea activă a Siriei. Sînt ferm convins că Siria nu poate fi lăsată de o parte în discuțiile și soluționarea situației din Orientul Mijlociu, în timp ce angajarea și participarea sa activă ar da o perspectivă reală pentru a se ajunge la o soluție globală în Orientul Mijlociu.

Pentru pregătirea acestei Conferințe internaționale s-ar putea avea în vedere ca secretarul general al Organizației Națiunilor Unite să fie împuternicit să intre în contact cu cele două părți - așa cum s-a acționat în problemele Ciprului - și să organizeze tratative indirecte între cele două părți.

Acestea au fost unele considerente pe care am vrut să vi le împărtășesc în legătură cu apropiatele negocieri sovieto-americane și cu situația actuală din Orientul Mijlociu.



Nu doresc cu acest prilej să mă refer pe larg la relațiile bilaterale româno-americane. Imi exprim încrederea că în spiritul înțelegerilor stabilite anterior vom acționa pentru extinderea schimburilor comerciale și a cooperării în producție, pentru intensificarea raporturilor în domeniul științei și tehnicii, învățămîntului, culturii și în alte domeni

Sînt convins că dezvoltarea relațiilor bilaterale româno-americane, intensificarea conlucrării noastre pe plan internațional corespund intereselor celor două națiuni, politicii de pace, securitate și colaborare internațională.

Cu prietenie,

W. Meserses