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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

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Date: 10/22/98

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
1. memo	George Bush to Pres Reagan re Ottawa Summit, 2p R. 6/27/00 NLSF9B-D10 #1	3/26/81	P1

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-1 National security classified information [(a)(1) of the PRA].
- P-2 Relating to appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA].
- P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA].
- P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA].
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA].
- P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA].
- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- F-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA].
- F-2 Release could disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA].
- F-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA].
- F-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA].
- F-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA].
- F-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA].
- F-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA].
- F-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA].

00051055
M4020

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 19, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Max Friedersdorf *mf*
SUBJECT: Senator Jesse Helms (R-NC)

Senator Helms requested the President be personally advised of the Senator's strong recommendation that the singer, Kate Smith, be awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom.

She is living in Raleigh, North Carolina, according to the Senator, and in poor health.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

March 20, 1981

MR. PRESIDENT:

This is forwarded for your
information.

Jim Baker has established a
committee to review
recommendations for the
Presidential Medal of Freedom.

I am sending a copy of this
note to that committee.



Richard G. Darman

*OK
RE
I must say Kate
would be a
candidate.
RD*

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Date: 3/23/81

NOTE FOR: JAMES A. BAKER III

The President has

seen ✓

acted upon _____

the attached; and it is forwarded
to you for your information.

(Please note the President's comment.)

15/
Richard G. Darman
Deputy Assistant to the President
and Staff Secretary
(X2702)

cc: Aram Bakshian

End
Case
File



THE VICE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON

C/K
R2

MEMORANDUM TO: THE PRESIDENT

March 23, 1981

I received a call from Secretary General Waldheim on March 20th. He wants to meet with you before he goes to Moscow on May 4th. He has mentioned this to Secretary Haig and to Ambassador Kirkpatrick, and called me because we have been friends over the years.

I told him I would pass this message along to you. I called Ambassador Kirkpatrick. She felt the matter should be thought out carefully, given the fact that Waldheim is up for re-election as Secretary General.

He wants to "establish personal contact", and feels it is "appropriate to see the Chief of State of the host country first". He will be out of the USA from April 7 to 20.

My view is that you should see him. Someday we may need his support on some special project and a little courtesy now will pay off. Waldheim is basically pro-West, and I believe his visit can be handled without sending out any signals in terms of his re-election aspirations.

George Bush

cc: Secretary of State Haig
Ambassador Kirkpatrick
Admiral Murphy
Edwin Meese
Richard Allen
James A. Baker, III

End
Case
File

00053255

IT 086

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

March 24, 1981

MR. VICE PRESIDENT:

The President has approved your suggestion. I have referred this to Greg Newell for scheduling through Mike Deaver.

15/
Richard G. Darman

cc: Mike Deaver

The President has seen _____

00056555

FI004

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 26, 1981

OK
WR

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Max L. Friedersdorf *MLF*
SUBJECT: Senate Budget Resolution

In the first important tests today on the Senate Floor, Republicans beat back both amendments to restore funding reductions.

First defeated was the Childs amendment to restore \$330 million in the Veterans Administration budget, by a vote of 44-56.

Another amendment sponsored by Senator Cranston to restore \$100 million in the V.A. budget also failed by a vote of 44-55.

Senators Strom Thurmond (R-S.C.) and Alan Simpson (R-Wyo.) led the fight for the President's budget and deserve a lot of credit for the victories recorded today.

End
case
File

E. Luncheon Attendees (Hall of Fame Members listed only)

Luke Appling	Judy Johnson
Earl Averill	Ralph Kiner
Ernie Banks	Bob Lemon
Lou Boudreau	Buck Leonard
Roy Campanella	Fred Lindstrom
Jocko Conlan	Al Lopez
Joseph Cronin	Eddie Mathews, Jr.
William Dickey	Willie Mays
Joe DiMaggio	Johnny Mize
Bob Feller	Stan Musial
Charles Gehringer	Robin Roberts
Bob Gibson	Red Ruffing
Billy Herman	Joseph Sewell
Waite Hoyt	Duke Snider
Monte Irvin	Early Wynn

There will also be numerous board members of the Baseball Hall of Fame, along with members of their Executive Council, the Commissioner of Baseball, Bowie Kuhn, some senior White House staff members, some members of the House and Senate, some Little League players, and Vice President Bush.

Source: Joe Canzeri, list as of noon on Wednesday, March 25.

F. Luncheon Information

The lunch is to be held at 12:00 noon, Friday, March 27, 1981, in the State Dining Room.

Source: Joe Canzeri's office (Susie Summerall), 3/25/81.

G. Presentation

The Hall of Fame is going to present the President with a painting and a lifetime pass to the Baseball Hall of Fame. They will have him sign a baseball to be put in the Hall of Fame, and they are also bringing along a baseball with Presidents' signatures (back to Taft) just to show him. (These are signatures of Presidents who attended opening-day games.)

Source: Howard Talbot, Director, Baseball Hall of Fame.

016948
50003

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

March 26, 1981

Mr. President:

Herewith a brief fact sheet
which you may wish to quickly
peruse before the Hall of
Fame lunch.

Ken Khachigian

FACT SHEET

BASEBALL HALL OF FAME

GK
per

A. Background information

1. The National Baseball Hall of Fame and Museum was dedicated on June 12, 1939, in Cooperstown, New York. In the last few years the Hall of Fame has gone through a \$3 million remodeling and expansion program, with the rededication in May of last year.
2. Candidates are chosen "on the basis of playing ability, integrity, sportsmanship, character, and their contribution to the team on which they played and to baseball in general."
3. Modern-day players are chosen by secret ballot of members of 10 years' standing in the Baseball Writers' Association of America. Earlier stars (and leading baseball figures not famous as active players) are selected by a special 12-man Committee on Veterans, appointed by the directors of the Hall of Fame.

During the 1970's, there was a Committee on Negro Baseball Leagues which elected players from the Negro Leagues. In the late 1970's, the committee was disbanded, and now the Committee on Veterans can elect someone from those Leagues.

4. In the first ballot by the baseball writers in 1936, a mighty quintet--Ty Cobb, Babe Ruth, Honus Wagner, Walter Johnson, and Christy Mathewson--were swept in.
5. In order to be eligible for the Hall of Fame, one must obtain three-quarters of the votes cast by either committee. The Veterans Committee releases its results the first part of March every year. The Baseball Writers' Association sends out ballots in December and announces the winner(s) in January normally.

Source: Encyclopedia Americana, v. 3, pp.304-305 and verified by Howard Talbot, Director of the Hall of Fame, 607/547-9988.

B. Current Information

1. This year's inductees are Johnny Mize and Andrew "Rube" Foster (elected by the Veterans Committee) and Bob Gibson (elected by the Baseball Writers' Association).
2. This year's Induction Day is August 2, in Cooperstown, of course. The Hall of Fame game is August 3, and it will be between the Oakland A's and the Cincinnati Reds.

3. There are 176 total members of the Hall of Fame, 49 are still living.

Source: Howard Talbot, Director, Baseball Hall of Fame.

C. Museum information

The following is a breakdown of the different exhibits in the Baseball Hall of Fame.

1. Plaque room. (This room is reserved for Baseball Hall of Fame plaques only.)
2. "Why Cooperstown" exhibit.
3. Great Moments in Baseball exhibit.
4. "This Week In Baseball". There are four TV sets that play this television show continuously.
5. Satellite exhibit. This shows the evolution of baseball equipment.
6. History of Baseball exhibit. Shows history in chronological order.
7. Ballparks room. This room exhibits ballparks of the past and present.
8. World Series exhibit. Shows the history of the World Series.
9. All-Star Game exhibit. Shows the history of the All-Star Game.
10. Babe Ruth/Casey Stengel exhibit. This exhibit shows the life story of these two great ballplayers.
11. Minor/Youth Leagues exhibit. This shows the "up-and-coming" effort history of the minor/youth leagues.
12. Old Negro Leagues exhibit.
13. "Baseball Today" exhibit. Shows whats happening today.
14. Records room. The area where they show all time/current records and recordholders.
15. Baseball movies are shown in the basement on the hour.
16. Baseball gum/cigarette cards exhibit.

There is also a National Baseball Library adjacent to the Hall of Fame. It is touted to house the biggest collection of baseball books. It was opened in 1968.

Source: Howard Talbot, Director, Baseball Hall of Fame

End
Case
File

R0012555
FG006

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

March 26, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR

EDWIN MEESE III
COUNSELLOR TO THE PRESIDENT

JAMES A. BAKER III
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
AND CHIEF OF STAFF

This is to confirm my prior verbal directive to you to attend all meetings of the National Security Council, and to participate in such meetings and the activities of the Council as representatives of the President.

Ronald Reagan

For the
reading



President's

No action required G13

The Vice President

of the United States of America

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

March 26, 1981

MR. PRESIDENT:

The attached is self-explanatory. It is the formalization of arrangements you have previously decided upon. This formalizing step is recommended by Fred Fielding and concurred in by Ed Meese and Jim Baker.

Please note three signatures are required on three identical copies.



Richard G. Darman

End
Case
File

CONFIDENTIAL



THE VICE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON

March 26, 1981

OK
PR

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Ottawa Summit

I wanted to follow up briefly on your assignment to me to chair a Cabinet-level task force on the Ottawa Economic Summit.

One of the principal topics in Ottawa will be North-South issues. This is a key topic, especially in view of your decision to participate in the summit in Mexico in the Fall. The Canadians are responsible for the Summit background paper on this subject. To help point the Canadian paper in a direction consistent with our views, a paper on the topic was put together and coordinated interagency. My staff has approved it.

The paper is framed in a positive, realistic manner. It suggests that:

- Development will be a long, difficult process which requires overcoming many serious obstacles;
- Development depends on a strong international economy and strong, sustained domestic economic systems and performance;
- Development cannot happen overnight just by the infusion of resources;
- Industrial countries have done much to foster development through a number of private bilateral channels (trade, investment, training, etc.) as well as official assistance programs. The past and future benefits of these types of relations need to be stressed.

We will continue to emphasize these points, which I think will lead to a constructive discussion in Ottawa.

DECLASSIFIED

NLS F98-010 #1

CONFIDENTIAL

CLASSIFIED BY THE VICE PRESIDENT
REVIEW ON MARCH 26, 1987

BY dlb NARA, DATE 6/27/00

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

There are several interdepartmental groups (IGs) working on the different agenda items for Ottawa. My staff is also working closely with the NSC staff and people on Jim Baker's staff and the Cabinet Council on Economic Affairs to ensure we develop well thought-out and coordinated positions well in advance of the summit.

I'll keep you abreast of our progress, and Cabinet-level reviews as they occur.



George Bush

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

00054355

CA007

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

March 27, 1981

MR. PRESIDENT:

Attached for your decision is a 10-day Civil Aeronautics Board order suspending a Washington-Paris supersonic fare reduction proposed by Air France. The CAB recommendation is based on the reluctance of the French aviation authorities to approve a fare proposal made by TWA.

This decision has been reviewed by appropriate Cabinet departments, OMB, and NSC and they approve of the Board's order.

Fred Fielding and Marty Anderson also recommend that you take no action, and thereby, allow the Board's order to go into effect.

If you approve, you should check Option 1 on the attached memo.

R. G. Darman

Richard G. Darman

*Rec'd by Exec Clerk's Office - 3/30/81
Leslie Keenan, OMB, not. filed - 3/31/81*

*Noted
TS*



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

MAR 24 1981

15/ 3/30/81
OK per

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Civil Aeronautics Board 10-Day Decision:

Washington-Paris Supersonic fare revision proposed
by Compagnie Nationale Air France

Docket 39442

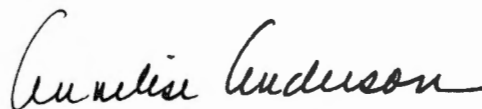
The Civil Aeronautics Board recommends suspending and investigating a Concorde fare reduction proposed by the Compagnie Nationale Air France (Air France). The Board recommends this action in order to increase airline pricing flexibility in the long term.

French aviation authorities have recently demanded that Trans World Airlines (TWA) increase fares on its international ambassador-class service if TWA reconfigures its seating in order to provide more room for passengers. In view of the French government's refusal to permit TWA to set its own prices and standards of service, the CAB feels compelled to deny Air France's proposal to reduce its Washington-Paris supersonic fare.

Within the last several days, the State Department has received unconfirmed reports that the French government will approve TWA ambassador-class service at the TWA requested fare. This order will not be made public until the CAB and the State Department determine that the French intend to disapprove TWA's request. If the French approve the request between now and March 28, this order will not be made public by the CAB. (And, technically, it will be retracted.) If they do not approve the TWA request, the order will be made public. Therefore, public discussion of this case would not be appropriate.

The Departments of State, Defense, Justice, and Transportation and the National Security Council have no objection to the Board's proposed order, with the understanding that the Board will retract the order if French authorities approve TWA's request.

The Office of Management and Budget recommends that you take no action and allow the Board's order to go into effect. The Board's decision will become final unless you disapprove it on or before March 28, 1981.



Annelise Anderson
Associate Director for
Economics and Government

Attachments:

CAB letter of transmittal
CAB order

Options and Implementation Actions:

- PR ☒ 1) Approve the Board's order by taking no action. (DOS, DOD, DOJ, DOT, NSC, OMB).
- ☐ 2) Disapprove the Board's order.
-- Implementation materials to be prepared.
- ☐ 3) See me.

End
Case
File

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 7, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANTHONY R. DOLAN *ARD*

Parade Magazine has a front cover picture and article by you scheduled for July 4th. They are looking for a piece about your thoughts on July 4th, especially any recollections you might have about July 4ths in days gone by.

Mike Deaver suggested we ask you for any thoughts you might have on this matter or of a general patriotic nature for the article.

Since our deadline is the middle of next week, Mike thought you might want to jot down a few lines over the weekend.

To one who was born and grew up in the small towns of the Midwest there is a special kind of nostalgia about the 4th of July. I remember it as a day almost as long anticipated as Christmas. This was helped along by the appearance in store windows of all kinds of fireworks and colorful posters advertising some with vivid pictures of these fireworks in action.

No later than the 3rd of July - sometimes earlier - Dad would bring home what he ^{HE} could afford to see go up in smoke & flame. We'd count & recount the number of firecrackers, display pieces etc. and go to bed determined to be up with the sun so as to offer the first thunderous notice of the 4th of July.

I'm afraid we didn't give too much thought to the meaning of the day. And yes there were tragic accidents to men the day resulting from careless

(over)

handling of the fireworks, I'm sure we are better off now that fireworks are largely handled by professionals in great displays. But there was a thrill never to be forgotten in seeing a tin can blown 30 ft. in the air by a giant "cracker" - giant meaning it was about 4 inches long.

Enough of nostalgia. Somewhere in our growing up we began to be aware ~~of~~ of the meaning of the day and with that awareness came the birth of patriotism. July 4th, the birthday of our nation. I believed then and even more so today - the greatest nation on earth.

In recent years I've come to think of that day as more than just the birthday of a nation. It commemorates the only true philosophical revolution in all history. Oh there have been revolutions before + since ^{BUT THOSE} ~~revolutions~~ ~~that~~ simply exchanged one set of rulers for another. Ours was a revolution that changed the very concept of govt. Let the

4th of July always be a reminder that here in this land for the 1st time it was decided that man is born with certain God given rights; that govt. is ^{ONLY} a convenience created and managed by the people with no powers of it's own except ^{voluntarily} ~~those~~ granted to it by the people.

We some times tend to forget that ^(GREAT TRUTH) ~~and~~ we never should.
Happy 4th of July.

The President has seen _____

April 14, 1981

156013

ME 001-03

No Reply

Dear President Reagan:

It was so kind and thoughtful of you to write me after Peter's death. Your letter reached me the day you were shot and my fervent prayers for your rapid recovery were added to the millions of Americans who were so deeply concerned. How my heart ached for your lovely Nancy during those first days.

I am overwhelmed at the number of letters pouring in from members of your cabinet, senators, congressmen and friends across the country paying tribute to my wonderful fellow. My tremendous heartache is somehow eased by the recognition and awareness of Peter's love for and service to his country. What a bitter thing it was for him to lose his 3rd Senate race to Gary Hart when his problems with MS really started showing.

It was with utter despair that we watched our country sink to such a low level during the past 6 years. And then the elections of 1980 came and you just trounced that man so beautifully! Our daughter, Lynne Arena, worked all summer as co-ordinator for your women's Political Advisory Board and on the transition team -- our son-in-law, Drew Arena, is presently working for Dick Kennedy at State -- and Peter's spirits soared for the first time since his defeat.

He was so proud and delighted with the way you have handled things and we both felt that at long last we had a leader. So I am grateful to you -- I thank you again for your lovely letter which shall be treasured always, and I send our warmest regards to you and Nancy. I hope our paths will cross again. Stay strong and God Bless.

Affectionately,

NANCY

April 14, 1981
"Columbia" lands today

Mrs. Peter H. Dominick
P. O. Box 1440, Hobe Sound, Florida 33455

DEAR PRESIDENT Reagan,

It was so kind and thoughtful of you to write me after Pete's death. Your letter reached me the day you were shot and my fervent prayers for your rapid recovery were added to the millions of Americans who were so deeply concerned. How my heart ached for you lovely Nancy during those first days.

I am overwhelmed at the number of ~~the~~ letters pouring in from members of your Cabinet, Senators, Congressmen and friends across the country paying tribute to my wonderful fellow. My tremendous heartache is somehow eased by the recognition and awareness of Pete's love for and

service to his country. What a bitter thing it was for him to lose his 3rd senator race to Gary Hart when his problems with MS really started showing.

It was with utter despair that we watched our country sink to such a low level during the past 6 years. And then the elections of 1980 came and you just trounced that man so beautifully! Our daughter, Lynne Arena, worked all summer as co-ordinator for your Women's Political Advisory Board and on the transition team — our son-in-law, Drew Arena, is presently working for Dick Kennedy at State — and Peter's spirits soared for the first time since his defeat.

He was so proud and delighted with the way you have handled things and we both felt that at long last we had a leader. So I am grateful to you — I thank you again for your lovely letter which shall be treasured always, and I send warmest regards to you and Nancy. I hope our paths will cross again. Stay strong and God bless. Affectionately, Nancy

End
case
File

End
case
File



THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY
WASHINGTON

April 28, 1981

4/29/81
019107SS
FI003

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Donald T. Regan *DR*

SUBJECT: Increase in the Savings Bond Interest Rate

I recommend that the maximum interest rate on United States Savings Bonds be increased by 1 percent, effective May 1, 1981.

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, with the approval of the President, to increase the maximum interest rate on savings bonds by up to 1 percent during any six-month period. Currently, Series EE bonds bear interest at the maximum rate of 8 percent, and Series HH bonds bear interest at the maximum rate of 7-1/2 percent. These rates became effective November 1, 1980. With the proposed increase, these rates would be 9 percent and 8-1/2 percent, respectively. Additionally, the lower yields for redemptions on both series prior to maturity would also be improved. (Savings bonds may be redeemed at any time six months after purchase; the maximum interest rate is attainable, however, only if they are held to maturity.)

An increase in the savings bond interest rate is essential at this time

- to provide a fair rate of return to the 23 million households participating in the Savings Bonds Program and
- to try to reduce pressures on interest rates from Treasury market borrowing operations.

Because of the increase in market rates of interest on alternative investments, savings bond redemptions have exceeded sales each month beginning with June 1978. One-half percentage point increases in the savings bond rate in June 1979 and January 1980, and a one percentage point increase in November 1980 did not stop the cash drain from the excess of redemptions over sales. Cash drains from the program amounted to \$.3 billion in 1978, \$5.4 billion in 1979, \$11.5 billion in 1980 and \$3.2 billion in the first three months of 1981. These unprecedented cash drains from the Treasury had to be financed by increasing Treasury's net market borrowing, which added significantly to the pressures on market interest rates from deficit financing in the past two years.

Even with the 1 percentage point increase, the savings bond interest rate will be significantly below the interest rates of about 13 percent or more currently paid on Treasury's new issues of marketable securities.

The 1 percentage point increase on the approximately \$70 billion of outstanding savings bonds will result in additional annual budget outlays for savings bonds interest of about \$700 million. The increase will not affect outlays for fiscal 1981 since the interest accrues semi-annually and the first accrual will be in November 1981. To the extent that the rate increase stems the cash drain from the Savings Bonds Program, the increase in budget outlays for interest on savings bonds will be partially offset by reduced outlays for interest on Treasury marketable securities.

Recommendation:

That you approve an increase of 1 percent in the Series EE and Series HH savings bond interest rates at maturity and authorize me to approve increases, for each series, in the lower yields for redemption prior to maturity within the limits set by law.

Approve: ✓

Disapprove:

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Date: 4/29/81

NOTE FOR: SECRETARY REGAN

The President has

seen

acted upon XX

the attached; and it is forwarded
to you for your information.

Richard G. Darman
Deputy Assistant to the President
and Staff Secretary
(X2702)

cc:

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 29, 1981

MR. PRESIDENT:

The attached memo from Secretary Regan (Tab A) requests your approval to raise savings bond interest rates by 1 percent. The Secretary is anxious to announce the increase this afternoon -- because Treasury is testifying on the subject on Thursday.

Marty Anderson agrees with Don Regan's recommendation. Dave Stockman offers no comment. And Murray Weidenbaum concurs while expressing certain reservations (Tab B).

R. G. D.

Richard G. Darman

*Let word to Darman right
away that I've approved this.
RR*

to: Richard G. Darman.

Department
of the Treasury


room: _____ date: 4/28/81

Office of
the Secretary

The attached memorandum requesting the President's approval to raise the interest rate of savings bonds by 1% needs immediate attention. Secretary Regan would like to announce the interest rate increase Wednesday (tomorrow) afternoon. Bay Buchanan testifies Thursday morning and it would be awkward for the announcement not to have been made by that time.

At any rate, the announcement must be made by Friday, May 1.

Please call me if you have any questions or if I can be of further assistance.


David Chew

Attachment

David L. Chew
Executive Assistant
to the Secretary

room 3408
phone 566-5901

Case
File

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

MEMORANDUM TO: Lyn Nofziger
FROM: Lee Atwater
SUBJECT: Special Election in Michigan

There was a special election yesterday for the Michigan Congressional seat vacated by David Stockman. Republican Mark Siljander soundly defeated his democratic opponent, Johnie Rodebush by about 18,000 votes. (45,191 to 16,384)

Siljander, 29 and a bachelor, was serving in the Michigan legislature when he entered the race. He was not the Stockman backed candidate in the primary and has strong fundamental religious ties.

For the past two weeks, the White House was very helpful in his effort. The President signed the attached letter and the Vice President made a radio commercial. I believe we can expect maximum support for the President's programs from Congressman Siljander.

The President may wish to wire or phone him at:

1170 W. Michigan
3 Rivers, Michigan 49093

616/273-9188
616/273-8940
616/273-7000 home
616/279-7125 campaign headquarters

01906655

PR00702

*Mission accomplished
He taped my message of
congratulations
RR*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 10, 1981

Dear Fellow American,

On Tuesday, April 21st, you will have the opportunity to elect a new United States Congressman for Michigan's 4th Congressional District.

It is exceedingly important that the 4th District send a new Representative who can follow in the able footsteps of Dave Stockman.

I believe State Representative Mark Siljander would be an excellent choice, and I strongly urge you to consider Mark when voting. Mark Siljander is young, bright, and hard-working...and he has a very promising future as your next Congressman in Washington, D.C.

Sincerely,

Ronald Reagan

End
case
File

The President has seen _____

01901755

BE004-03

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS
WASHINGTON

OK
182

April 17, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Murray L. Weidenbaum *W*

Subject: First Quarter GNP

On Monday, at 10:00 a. m. the Commerce Department is scheduled to release preliminary estimates for the nation's gross national product in the first quarter of 1981.

The estimates will show the economy increasing at an above average annual rate of 6.5 percent, a rate of inflation of about 8 percent, and a personal saving rate of 4.7 percent.

While the first quarter's results suggest a nice start to the year, our problems with inflation and unemployment show little sign of near-term improvement. Indeed, I expect that in the second quarter the rate of GNP growth will slow substantially.

End
Case
File

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTONOK
wrSELECTED ACTIONS TAKEN ON BEHALF OF THE PRESIDENT

- Transmittals to Congress and Federal Register of determination that Nicaragua is supporting acts of violence in other countries, and that it is important to U.S. security interests to waive immediate repayment of outstanding loans (approved by OMB, NSC, Meese, Baker -- in accord with prior Presidential decision). 4/14/81
- Promotion of George M. Browning, Jr., USAF, to be Lt. General (recommended by DoD and concurred in by Dick Allen and Max Friedersdorf). 4/14/81
- Promotions for 456 individuals to grades of colonel and lieutenant colonel in the Marine Corps. 4/16/81
- Promotions for 126 individuals to grade of second lieutenant in the Marine Corps. 4/16/81
- Appointment and Reappointments for 114 individuals to various grades in the Navy. 4/16/81
- Memorandum for the Departments and Agencies re eliminating wasteful spending on Government periodicals, pamphlets, and audiovisual products. 4/20/81
- Commissions for the following White House staff members: Frank A. Ursomarso, Herbert E. Ellingwood, Richard A. Hauser, Richard S. Williamson, Diana Lozano, J. Steven Rhodes, Judy F. Peachee, Wayne Valis, Virginia H. Knauer, John F. Burgess, Morton C. Blackwell, Aram Bakshian, Jr., Kenneth L. Khachigian, James M. Medas, and Alan F. Holmer. 4/21/81
- Commission for Richard S. Williamson to be a Member of the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations. 4/21/81
- Promotions for 44 individuals to grade of rear admiral in the Navy. 4/22/81
- Nomination for 989 individuals for appointment as first and second lieutenant in the Army. 4/22/81

- Nominations for: Ernest W. Lefever to be Assistant Secretary of State for Human Rights and Humanitarian Affairs; Antonio Monroig to be Assistant Secretary of Housing and Urban Development; Joseph J. Tribble to be Assistant Secretary of Energy (Conservation and Renewable Energy); Rosslee G. Douglas to be Director of Office of Minority Economic Impact; Vincent E. Reed to be Assistant Secretary for Elementary and Secondary Education; Russell A. Rourke to be Assistant Secretary of Defense; Henry Catto, Jr. to be Assistant Secretary of Defense; Sherman E. Unger, to be General Counsel of the Department of Commerce; Gerald J. Mossinghoff to be Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks; Kenneth A. Gilles to be Administrator of the Federal Grain Inspection Service; Loren A. Smith to be Chairman of the Administrative Conference of the United States; and Robert Dean Nesen to be Ambassador to Australia. 4/22/81
- Nominations for Lawrence J. Brady to be Assistant Secretary of Commerce; Arlene Triplett to be Assistant Secretary of Commerce; Paul A. Vander Myde to be Assistant Secretary of Commerce; Edward E. Noble to be Chairman of the Board of the U.S. Synthetic Fuels Corporation; Richard D. DeLauer to be Under Secretary of Defense. 4/22/81
- Memorandum to the Departments and Agencies regarding debt collection. 4/23/81 (see attached)
- Resignation acceptance letter to Harold M. Williams, Chairman, Securities and Exchange Commission. 4/23/81
- Resignation acceptance letters to Kornye K. Horbal, United National Ambassador on the Status on Women, and Myer Rashish, Member and Chairman of the President's Advisory Committee on Trade Negotiations. 4/23/81

ATTACHMENT A

W B P B

Gene Atkinson - D

*He supports
our budget line
& is stating so
publicly* ✓

Aliquippa, Pennsylvania, western part of State, 25th District, 2nd term. Serves on Government Operations and Public Works and Transportation Committees. District, which includes cities of Beaver Falls, Butler, New Castle, and Slippery Rock, is economically dependent on steel industry. Member believes President understands plight of steel industry and will act to provide relief, e.g. delay implementation of pollution regulations.

Don Fuqua - D

*For budget cuts
but opposes Inc. tax cuts.* ✓

Altha, Florida. Northern panhandle, 2nd District, 10th term. Serves on Government Operations and as Chairman of Science and Technology - Space Shuttle - Committees. District, which includes Gainesville and Tallahassee, has State's largest percentage of black voters. Has opposed personal tax cut as too inflationary. Suggests awarding Astronaut John Young Medal of Space.

Can we look into this? →

Bev Byron - D

*Likes the concept.
But wants to see the
final bill before
committing.* ✓

Frederick, Maryland. Northwestern part of State, 6th District. Serves on Armed Services Committee and Select Committee on Aging. Attended Presidential Breakfast for Conservative Democratic Forum - only female member of CDF - and Presidential luncheon for women Members of Congress. Strong supporter of defense.

Sam Gibbons - D

* *He wants to
support us & will
look at Gramm-Scott
when he returns.
Would like to meet
with Rumble & us
& others on tax program.
He sounds supportive.*

Tampa, Florida, a City well known for its large Cuban-American community, which dominates the 7th District. 9th term. Second Ranking Democrat on Ways and Means and Chairman of the Trade Subcommittee. Recent White House Legislative Affairs staff conversation with him determined that he is undecided about which budget resolution to support. His heart is with us in many areas, but it is likely that he will vote with Jones because, among other things, he is concerned about Administration's three-year tax reduction proposals. He supports spending cuts and he will be a key participant on the Floor and in conference on the economic package.

ATTACHMENT A

John Myers - R

He's all for budget cuts but he sure wants a change in the tax pkg. He wants cuts aimed at encouraging savings - exempting tax on 1st 1000 \$ int. for example.

Covington, Indiana, west central part of state, 7th District. 8th term. Serves on the Appropriations Committee and is the ranking Republican on the Energy and Water Development Subcommittee. He has indicated that he is for the spending cuts, but strongly opposed to the tax cut, and has been asking his constituents, "Do you want a tax cut or a balanced budget?" He has indicated that he will probably vote against the Gramm-Latta substitute.

Charles Dougherty - R

He is concerned about cities & jobs. One plant in Phil. just closed - 500 jobs. Another moved 320 jobs to Georgia. I think he's open if we can show him we believe the cities are going to fare better than they now believe.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, northeast part of Philadelphia, 4th District. 2nd term. Serves on the Armed Services and Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committees. He is an urban Republican who has indicated that, while he agrees with the concept of the economic package, he has severe problems with cutbacks in EDA programs, mass transit, student loans, and the announced plan for Conrail. He shares the view that most social programs need to be redefined and redirected. He has indicated that he is leaning toward voting no on the Gramm-Latta substitute.

Matt Rinaldo - R

He is not adverse to what we're trying to do. He wants to look at the bill & get some answers for his district. He seems very supportive.

Union, New Jersey, southwest of greater Newark, consists of almost all of Union County, 12th District. 5th term. Serves on the Energy and Commerce Committee. He has indicated that he is undecided on how he will vote on the budget resolution substitute. He wants to support the Administration but has some concerns; he will have to remain "open" for political protection in his predominately Democratic district.

Jim Jeffords - R

I don't know why I call one like him. - He likes the Jones Bill. Did say he'd keep an open mind until he sees the other bill - but I wouldn't count on him.

Rutland, Vermont (at large Representative) 4th term. Third Ranking on both the Agriculture Committee and the Education and Labor Committee. Actively led House opposition to the President's proposal to forego the April 1 dairy price support increase. Member of the Northeast-Midwest Coalition in the House. Believes his state will lose at least 25% of Federal funding and that his hometown will lose an important EDA grant under the President's proposals. Believes cuts in education are the most difficult to accept. Reported to be "leaning no" on the bipartisan Budget substitute; but not locked in.

Carl Pursell - R

Plymouth, Michigan, South Eastern part of state, 2nd District. 3rd term. Serves on Appropriations. Active in Northeast-Midwest Coalition. Feels Administration's Economic Program especially spending cuts will have initial negative consequences on Midwest - specifically Michigan, where unemployment is currently running 13+%. To date, Ursell has not been supportive of the program, but has been discreet about voicing position.

Claudine Schneider - R

Wants to look it all over 1st. I told her with regard to one concern - we'd get facts to her about finances of package to the various regions. She says there is concern the N.E. might get short changed.

Rhode Island. First Republican Member of the House since 1938, 2nd District, includes part of Providence as well as more areas. 1st term. Serves on Science and Technology and the Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committees. Recent discussions with her indicate that she is concerned about a variety of issues, including, obtaining a balanced budget, the treatment of energy, job training programs, and the 3 year tax reduction program.

Margaret (Peggy) Heckler - R

Has a very real problem. Is faced with re-districting and many farm cuts are extremely sensitive in her area.

There is no doubt of her personal support & desire to be of help. We need to give her good rational explanations re - the cuts such as college loans etc.

North suburbs of Boston and Fall River, 10th District, 8th term.

Is a member of the Science and Technology and Veterans' Affairs Committees. She is co-chairman of the Congresswomen's Caucus.

Peggy wants to support the President but feels vulnerable because her district is likely to be reapportioned and she will be pitted against Barney Frank, a liberal Democrat. She feels that the Jones package accomodates urban proposals that she considers essential to the Northeast (and presumably to her re-election).

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 24, 1981

NOTE FOR THE PRESIDENT

Attached is a list of selected actions taken on your behalf. It covers the period April 14 through April 23. These actions have been taken in accordance with the procedures you, Mike Deaver, Helene, and I discussed on April 14.

I have forwarded this list for your information -- and will keep you informed similarly with respect to additional actions taken on your behalf.



Richard G. Darman

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Date: 4/23/81

FOR: *Frank*

FROM: RICHARD G. DARMAN

Sara

FYI ()

Comment:

Handwriting file

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 23, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR THE HEADS OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES

SUBJECT: STRENGTHENING FEDERAL CREDIT MANAGEMENT

The burden of delinquent debts owed to the Federal Government continues to grow every year and is contributing to our serious problem of inflation. We must again establish the principle that debts to the Federal Government must be paid. Recent studies by the Executive Branch Debt Collection Project and the General Accounting Office reveal that more than \$25 billion of the \$175 billion in debts owed the Federal Government are either delinquent or in default.

We must institute better credit management to prevent debt delinquencies and defaults and use more aggressive debt collection procedures to recover the delinquencies that do occur. We must take firm action now to reduce that portion of the \$25 billion debt backlog that is collectible.

As first steps, I am directing you to designate an official with responsibility and authority for debt collection and submit the name of this official to the Office of Management and Budget by May 15, 1981. Additionally, each department and agency is to complete a review of their agencies debt situation and prepare a detailed plan and schedule for resolving identified problems. This is due by June 15, 1981 to the Office of Management and Budget.

To slow the expansion of delinquent debt, each agency and department will provide a plan for improved credit management and more efficient debt collection. A progress report on the results of your reviews and the development of credit management plans will be due by September 30, 1981 to the Office of Management and Budget. Hereafter, an annual report on debt collection will be submitted in September.

I am instructing the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to issue procedures and guidelines to assist you in carrying out this directive.

Administrative actions are not sufficient to resolve this critical problem. Accordingly, this Administration will support legislation to facilitate better credit management and more effective debt collection.

We cannot afford to allow debt to grow and add to the burden of inflation. Immediate action is required now to restore sound credit management to the Federal Government.

Ronald Reagan

End
Case
File

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F0005-03

MEMORANDUM

The President has seen

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 2, 1981

OK
R

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: RICHARD V. ALLEN *Allen*
SUBJECT: Foreign Media Reaction to the
President's Economic Speech

This international media roundup on your Economic Speech
will be of interest.

CC: The Vice President
Ed Meese
Jim Baker
Mike Deaver



USICA

Foreign Media Reaction

April 30, 1981

SPECIAL: REAGAN ECONOMIC SPEECH

The press, radio and television in many foreign capitals gave prominent and extensive attention to the President's Tuesday night address before a joint session of Congress.

Front-page headlines stressed his courage, optimism and good humor. Correspondents judged that his televised appearance at the House rostrum had produced a wave of sympathy and understanding signaling that a nation shaken by the attempt on his life had returned to normal.

Television in many areas ran filmed excerpts in which the standing ovations and the interruptions by applause stood out dramatically.

Commentators, calling his performance "triumphal," were struck by Mr. Reagan's use of an auspicious occasion to underscore the urgency of his call for a sweeping economic reform program. While analysts emphasized that the fight for acceptance of the economic plan faced strong Congressional opposition, most of them concluded that it would now be a great deal harder for members of Congress to stand up against President Reagan's popularity at a peak of public sentiment in his favor.

* * * * *

COMMENT BY AREA:

Western Europe, p. 2
Latin American, p. 8

East and South Asia, p. 7
Soviet Union, p. 9

International Communication Agency

Encl
Case
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