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Last Updated: 06/26/2025

April 26, 1983

Dear Jus:

Glad you liked the report. You are right about those who think promises have not been kept. Actually I think we've done darn well. What you said about the Congress is right on the nose.

Right now in this year of '83 if we had gotten all the cuts we asked for in the '82 and '83 budgets, the deficit would be \$40 billion less.

Thanks for all you are doing. Love to Punky.

Sincerely,

Mr. Justin Dart Dart & Kraft, Inc. 8480 Beverly Boulevard Los Angeles, California 90048

-rr;avh;pps

RR Dictation

From the desk of President Ronald Reagan:

Mr. Justin Dart - Dont & Kryst dur. 8480 Beneve Bluck. L.a. Call. 90048

Dear Jus

Alad you sheet the report.

You are right about these who

think promises have not learn best.

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What you said about the Congress

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Thanks for all you are doing. Love to Prophy. Simily Rom



End case File

April 22, 1983

Dear Mr. Larchian

Through our mutual friend, Betsy Bloomingdale,
I've received your kind letter.

Nancy

Thank you for your generous words. Nancy sends her thanks also.

Sincerely,

Mr. Jean-Pierre Larchian 23-26 31 Drive Astoria, New York 11106

RR:AVH:pps

RR Dictation

Dear Thr Reagan,

I am very proud to have you for our President. I have been waiting, for a better america, over twenty years.

You are our only hope.

My sincere respects to you and

This Reagan.

god Bless you.

Jean Perre Lardian.

Home:

Mr Jean Rerre LARCHIAN 23-26 31 Drive. ASTORIA. NY. 11106

WORK.

From the desk of President Ronald Reagan:

Den Wy. Farchien

Though our mutual

Friend Balay Bloomingdale

I've received your hind letter.

Thank your for your genomes

words. Hency sends her thank

alear. But Ragner

RR



Ead (45e File

April 26, 1983

Dear Mrs. Nuese:

It has been quite awhile since you sat in that empty bedroom writing me of your son's departure. I've often thought about him and you and wondered how he's getting along and if he's happy with the choice he made. I hope he is. I don't know which branch he chose.

It is a gray rainy day here in Washington and I've been reading your letter again. I don't mean to impose but if you could find the time to write and let me know about your son I'd be most grateful. If you'd send the letter to me at the White House in care of Kathy Osborne (my secretary) I'd get it right away.

Best regards,

Transport of the state of the s

Mrs. Dorothy Nuese Box 22 Laurel, Iowa 50141

RR:AVH:pps

RR Dictation

From the desk of President Ronald Reagan: To Mes. Downly Nume Bax 22 Laurel form 50141 Dan Mrs. Nevere It has been quite a while proper take his too now exich badreon withing me of your sons there theret rette su'b sutraget getting others and if he's happy with the chaice he made. I hope he is. I have know which branch he chase. It is a gray round any here min Wash. and I'm green teading your setter again, I sont mean to impose ent if you could print would am tal of stinu at ainst sho term sol to de most times gratiful. If you'd hand the letter to me at the White Kouse in come of Kathy O alvane (my , mans then it the sold (materials Beet Rogans

End case File

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April 26, 1983

Dear Walter:

Just a line to thank you for your commentary and to say Amen.

There is a h--l of a lot of demagoguery going on up there on the Hill and you have written a fitting reply.

Nancy sends her love and from both of us to Lee.

Sincerely,

The Honorable Walter H. Annenberg "Inwood"
Llanfair Road
Wynnewood, Pennsylvania 19096

RR:AVH:pps

RR Dictation

From the desk of President Ronald Reagan:

Po ambourden Walter H. Anwenting. "Inwood" Blanfair Rd.
Wynnewood Pa. 19096

Den Walter

Just a line to thank you

for your commentary & to Any amon.

There is a h-l of a lost of

demography going on up there con

the hill and you have written

a fitting reply.

Namey smas her love & from

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Kon



WALTER H. ANNENBERG

April 18, 1983

Dear Nancy & Mr. President:

It occurred to me that you will find of interest my Commentary, "The High Price of Liberty" appearing in the April 16-22 issue of TV GUIDE magazine.

Sincerely,

Walker

Enclosures

"Inwood" Llanfair Road Wynnewood, PA 19096

MEMORANDUM

The President has seen_

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 28, 1983

Der dure son son

TO:

THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

ANNE HIGGINSOMN Higgin

SUBJECT:

Response to 4/27 Speech on Latin America

As of 9:00 a.m. this morning the responses to last night's speech coming into the White House were very favorable. Mailgrams and telegrams are running roughly 3 - 1 in support of your Latin American policy, while telephone calls are about 2 - 1 favorable.

The heaviest response in support appears to be coming from Florida, Texas, and California, but we have noticed an unusually strong response from Connecticut as well - the people there apparently embarrassed by their Senator's canned performance in reaction to your speech.

P.S. We'll be answering the support mail with a Presidential letter so these can just come back to me.

En (GS

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

April 30, 1983

0 1

MR. PRESIDENT:

The attached disaster declarations for the State of Utah and the Virgin Islands have been recommended for approval by the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and concurred in by Ed Meese's office and Fred Fielding's office.

If you approve, we will have the originals executed in Washington.

Richard G. Darman

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Federal Emergency Management Agency

Washington, D.C. 20472

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

UTAH

On April 12, 1983, a landslide occurred in Spanish Fork Canyon just north of the unincorporated Town of Thistle. The slide formed a dam in a narrow portion of the canyon and created a reservoir. Due to advance warning, everyone in Thistle was safely evacuated. There were no deaths. One woman was placed in the hospital with a heart condition aggravated by the incident. The slide is still moving into Spanish Fork Canyon, and the reservoir created by the slide now contains an estimated 8,000 acre feet of water. This slide has blocked and destroyed portions of U.S. Highways 6 and 89 as well as the mainline of the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad (D&RG). The current water depth is 105 feet and increasing. If dewatering measures are not instituted, the depth may reach an estimated 160 feet with 59,000 acre feet of water by July of this year. The Governor implemented the State emergency plan and made a request for a major-disaster declaration. His request is for both Individual Assistance and Public Assistance in Utah, Carbon and Emery Counties. The physical damage is located in Utah County. The impact in Carbon and Emery Counties is economic due to the severance of essential transportation services.

INDIVIDUAL ASSISTANCE

The Town of Thistle is under water, and the homes and businesses have been destroyed. The community consisted of between 20 and 22 families along with about 8 businesses. There were no flood insurance policies in effect in Thistle at the time of the disaster.

There is a temporary housing requirement for all families. Currently, they are staying with friends or relatives. Since these are mostly elderly people and on fixed incomes, probably all will qualify for the maximum amount of an Individual and Family Grant (IFG) - \$5,000 per family or individual. Temporary housing needs can be satisfied with existing resources in the nearby area, and there does not appear to be any requirement for mobile homes. Total cost of temporary housing is estimated at \$45,000. The IFG program cost is estimated at \$100,000. The IFG program, by law, is cost shared with the State on a 75/25 basis. The Federal portion for this is \$75,000.

The Small Business Administration (SBA) estimates its disaster loan requirement at \$700,000 for 15 home and personal property loans and 8 business loans at \$500,000. This does not include a potential loan to the D&RG for an additional \$500,000. The closing of the highways and the rail line has resulted in a reduction of income to numerous small businesses such as motels, restaurants, grocery stores and gas stations. Since it will be several months before rail and road service is restored, a need for the SBA economic injury loan program may be required in all three counties.

Company officials of the D&RG have advised FEMA that several hundred employees have temporarily lost their jobs as a result of the main line closure. Those affected are applying for regular unemployment benefits. Currently, there is no indication of a need for the Disaster Unemployment Assistance program.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) has advised FEMA that there is no current requirement for its emergency loan program administered by the Farmers Home Administration or other USDA programs. However, in the event that the dam fails, losses in the agricultural areas could total \$2.5 million.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

All Public Assistance damages and related costs are located in Utah County only. Debris removal is estimated at \$50,000. The estimate is based on removal costs, including destroyed buildings in Thistle, once the reservoir is drained.

Protective costs are estimated at \$6 million. This includes \$1 million for the construction of a creek level drainage tunnel. This may not be required if the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers provides assistance under its own authorities. The Governor has requested such assistance, and a decision is pending.

The remaining \$5 million pertain to preventing encroachment of the slide area onto additional property and reducing the threat to communities and areas downstream from the slide area.

Another possible category of eligible Public Assistance is community disaster loans for communities located in Carbon and Emery Counties. County officials estimate potential revenue losses at 40 to 50 percent due to the closures of the railroad and highways. Such a need cannot be ascertained immediately.

U.S. Highways 6 and 89 are on the Federal-aid system. The State of Utah intends to submit a request to the Federal Highway Administration for assistance in the rebuilding of these highways. Initial estimates of the costs are from \$3 million to \$10 million. If a major rerouting is required, the higher figure would apply.

Although there is no damage to public schools, the highway closures have forced relocation of 35 students in the Nebo School District.

DISCUSSION

The Governor appears to have complied with all statutory requirements of the Act. The State has acted responsibly in limiting the threat of additional damage.

A solution to this problem may fall into two phases, similar to the Spirit Lake situation in the State of Washington. Initially, the threat of future damage must be met. Afterwards, a permanent solution must be sought. It is not known whether a permanent dewatering of the reservoir and restoration to the original state of the area can be accomplished or whether it will be more feasible to allow a permanent reservoir with a controlled level of water to remain. If the latter is adopted, rerouting of roads and rail lines may be necessary. In any event, Federal assistance will be necessary.

CONCLUSIONS

- ° The situation is of such severity and magnitude that Federal disaster assistance is required to supplement the capabilities of the State and local governments.
- o The situation warrants a major-disaster declaration.
- o In the event of a declaration, I intend to designate Utah County for Individual Assistance and Public Assistance, and the remaining two counties for Individual Assistance only. Community disaster loans can be provided at a later date if the need for such loans becomes established.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Governor's request be granted.

Director
Federal Emergancy Management Agency

Date:

Attachments:
Declaration Letter
Telegram to the Governor
Notice to the Press
Congressional Representation
State Map
Governor's Request

UTAH REPRESENTATION

The Governor of Utah is:

Scott M. Matheson (D)

Utah Senators are:

Jake Garn (R) Orrin G. Hatch (R)

Representing the Affected Areas:

Howard C. Nielson (R)

3rd District

For further information, contact FEMA at (202) 287-0400.



Federal Emergency Management Agency

Washington, D.C. 20472

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

VIRGIN ISLANDS

Beginning on April 17, 1983 over 18 inches of rain fell on the Virgin Islands within a 36-hour period; 14 inches of that total fell during a 12-hour time frame. The intensity of the heavy rain storms also produced landslides and flooding. The impact of the severe weather resulted in damage to both private and public property. One death and four injuries were ascribed to the power of the storms.

Governor Juan Francisco Luis implemented the Virgin Islands Emergency Operations and Disaster Control Plan on April 18, 1983. In a letter of April 23, 1983, amended and supplemented on April 26, the Governor requested a major-disaster declaration for St. Thomas and St. John. Representatives from the FEMA Regional Office in New York joined with other Federal and local officials on April 24 and 25, 1983 in making an on-site damage assessment of the affected areas. The results and an analysis of the assessment are detailed below.

INDIVIDUAL ASSISTANCE

About 600 families were directly impacted by the force of the storms. However, the Virgin Islands demonstrated an effective local response to their problems. Self-help and cooperative efforts have combined with the work of the Red Cross, church groups and the local government to stabilize the situation.

Approximately 169 homes were affected by this incident. One home was destroyed, 33 homes had major damage and 135 homes reported minor damage. Most of these families have been assisted by local groups and are staying with relatives or friends. There was also some insurance coverage in the area. Due to this combination of factors and resources, the Governor did not request the Temporary Housing program or the Individual and Family Grant program.

The Small Business Administration's disaster loan program, if implemented, could expect about 100 home-loan applicants and 50 business applicants for disaster loans. The estimated cost of the program is placed at \$3,850,000.

The damage to businesses resulted in 28 persons becoming immediately unemployed. Those individuals could be covered by the Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA) program. Total program costs for a two-month period are estimated at \$27,776.

About 20 farms were affected by this incident. Damages to buildings, equipment and crops were slight. The damage is estimated at \$10,000 and assistance could come from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

There are 2,040 flood insurance policies in the Virgin Islands. There have been 72 claims submitted as a result of this incident.

The Governor's request also references the Internal Revenue Service's (IRS) disaster casualty loss refund program. About 150 persons may be eligible for this procedure.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

The great majority of damage in the public sector breaks down into four areas: debris clearance, road systems, public buildings, and public utilities. While the Territory estimates total public damage at \$12,952,700, the FEMA survey estimates eligible damage at \$3,759,704.

The majority of debris-related problems occurred on the Island of St. Thomas. The major impacts involved the closing of the airport for over three days, the clogging of the island drainage systems and the paralysis of the transportation system from three to five days following the storms. Total cost for debris clearance is estimated at just under \$900,000.

Major impact on roads occurred on the Island of St. Thomas. Damages occurred primarily to retaining walls, with some road washouts and culvert damage. Some areas have been isolated because of these damages, but the overall roadway network on the island, as of April 26, 1983, was mostly restored. Extensive work by both force account and contract was performed during the rain storm to remove debris and clear roads for emergency access. Many roads which presented a major threat to public safety were closed. The current roadway system is passable but repairs are needed to culverts, headwalls, roadway undermining, asphalt replacement, and bridge and guard-rail repairs to protect the public safety. Eligible damage is estimated at about \$1 million.

Regarding damage to public buildings, the Territory has estimated damage of \$7,457,450, while the region estimates eligible costs of \$662,184. Approximately one-fourth of the claimed damages by the Virgin Islands were related to the building contents. The balance of the differential relates to site restoration. Also included in Territorial estimates was the damage sustained by 23 public schools. This damage may be covered by the U.S. Department of Education programs. Despite the damage, all schools were reported open as of April 26, 1983.

In the public utilities area, FEMA estimates eligible damage at \$659,760. Sewage treatment plants, pump stations, utility poles, transformers, water distribution and drainage facilities suffered damage to varying degrees. The overall impact does not, at the present time, appear to have any major adverse effect on the overall infrastructure. Because of the large amounts of silt associated with this type of storm, many additional problems could become apparent to drainage, pumping systems, sewage and water supply systems.

DISCUSSION

Over the last decade, the Virgin Islands have endured two droughts and four intense flooding incidents. The financial impact on the Territory budget because of these recurring incidents must be considered as a contributory cause to the present budget deficit of the Virgin Islands. That deficit is currently estimated to be between \$30 and \$35 million. Despite these financial problems, the Governor has made a substantial commitment to the recovery process.

It should also be pointed out that the Virgin Islands government has acted quickly and responsibly in responding to the situation. This has been a pattern of that government. The last Presidential declaration for the Territory, FEMA-602 (Hurricane David and Frederick) included the Section 406 requirement for Hazard Mitigation planning. The Territory satisfied the Section 406 requirement by developing a satisfactory hazard mitigation plan. Several of the major projects identified in the plan were subsequently implemented with non-Federal funds. Unfortunately, all the mitigation projects were done on St. Croix, where the intensity of this storm was very light.

The Public Assistance work will be substantial. There may also be further Hazard Mitigation planning opportunities on the Islands of St. Thomas and St. John that may affect our decisions regarding certain Public Assistance projects.

CONCLUSIONS

- O The severity and magnitude of the situation are beyond the capabilities of the Territorial government.
- ° The situation warrants a major disaster declaration.

° In the event of a declaration, I intend to designate the Islands of St. Thomas and St. John eligible for Individual Assistance and Public Assistance.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Governor's request be granted.

Director

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Date

Attachments:
Declaration Letter
Telegram to the Governor
Notice to the Press
Congressional Representation
Map
Governor's Request

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON April 30, 1983

Dear Mr. Giuffrida:

I have determined that the damage in certain areas of the Virgin Islands of the United States of America, resulting from severe storms, landslides and flooding, beginning on or about April 17, 1983, is of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant a major-disaster declaration under Public Law 93-288. I therefore declare that such a major disaster exists in the Virgin Islands of the United States of America.

In order to provide Federal assistance, you are hereby authorized to allocate, from funds available for these purposes, such amounts as you find necessary for Federal disaster assistance and administrative expenses. Consistent with the requirement that Federal assistance be supplemental, any Federal funds provided under PL 93-288 for Public Assistance will be limited to 75 percent of total eligible costs in the designated area.

Sincerely,

onald Veagan

The Honorable Louis O. Giuffrida Director Federal Emergency Management Agency Washington, D.C. 20472

VIRGIN ISLANDS REPRESENTATION

The Governor of the Virgin Islands of the United States is:

Juan Francisco Luis (Ind)

The Virgin Islands Delegate to Congress:
Ron de Lugo (D)

For further information, contact FEMA at (202) 287-0400.

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253241 PROOS-01

BARRY W. MIRKIN CENTURY TOWERS 2222 AVENUE OF THE STARS LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90067 4/30/83 Dear Mr. Breadent, Quiel always treasure your warm response through the courtesy of our delightful freend, Dathe Deutsch, in gour signaturing the Two shatos returned to me with the gersonal notes from on each of them. Most apprecia tule, Bary Mirkin

WHORM: Presidential Handwriting File

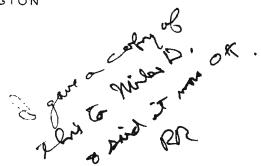
FILE TRANSFER BY THE REAGAN LIBRARY STAFF

NSA, Assestant to the Pres. for!

Previously filed:	Austra Vol. I (2) 1/20/81-4/30/83 Box 9/330
New file location:	Presidential Hand writing File/Presidential Records Folder 81
Date of transfer:	MDP 11/19/98

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

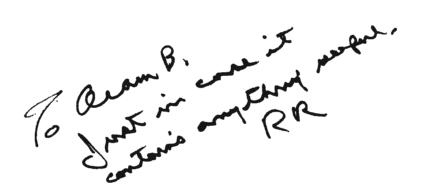


MEMORANDUM FOR THE WHITE HOUSE STAFF

SUBJECT: Swearing-in Ceremony for Helene von Damm

It was my pleasure to nomitate Helene von Damm as our next Ambassador to Austria. It is not surprising that the Senate swiftly confirmed the nomination of one of my longest and most trusted associates.

Helene will be sworn in on Monday, May 16, at 5:00 p.m., in the Rose Garden. We will all miss her -- and I would like to invite you to join me for the swearing-in ceremony, and to wish her much luck and happiness in her new post.



Can they really have forgotten?

By VERMONT ROYSTER Wall Street Journal --Ottaway News Service

For those who survive a great war, be they soldiers or civilians, the experience is unforgettable. All else is anticlimax.

If you think not so, listen to old soldiers gather to talk of Dunkirk, Anzio, Okinawa or more lately even of Vietnam. Or to civilians who lived through the terror of London or Coventry.

So when the television recently brought us that 18-hour marathon account of the coming of World War II, there were two separate audiences among the millions who watched. Those who remember. And those who can't.

remember. And as I watched Herman Wouk's tale, with all the contrivances and coincidences of story the critics harped upon, I couldn't help wondering if those too young to remember drew from it the lessons those times have to offer.

Some of the lessons may have been obscured in the television telling. Hitler's Mein Kampf, for example, is mentioned in passing. Was it clear to the young that Hitler told the world then exactly what he planned to do—and no one believed him?

The destruction of Poland, the fall of France, the plight of beleagured Britain, all this was vividly told. Was it clear to the young that none of this need have happened if Poland, France, Britain had not ignored the gathering storm?

To many younger viewers Wouk's fictionalized Jewish scholar, Aaron Jastrow, seemed merely a naive, even foolish, old man in his refusal to flee the menace of Naziism. Did they understand he was symbolic of many who said what was true, that there were good Germans as well as bad ones, and so were long blind to the evil that engulfed them all?

Through the figure of President Roosevelt, our own effort to rearm at the last minute was recounted. Do the young know that even after

Hitler came to power in 1932 we left our arms in disrepair; that on the very eve of being engulfed by the war our soldiers were drilling with brooms as make-believe rifles, driving trucks as make-believe tanks, because we had none other?

Thus when my own time came to be wrenched from a happy civillan home, I was put aboard a destroyer that had no radar, no sound-searching gear, no modern guns to defend the convoys we were supposed to shepherd against marauding submarines. Those called to man land armies were no better served.

Yet that is the way it was. With Europe already conquered by Nazi legions, with Great Britain upon the edge of defeat, with Pearl Harbor but a few weeks away, our country preferred to think the war would not come our way. Were there not, after all, two great oceans that lay like moats to keep us safe? The politicians in Congress were not alone in asking what need we had of cailing our young to arms, of spending our treasure on the arms for them, when there were so many other needs here at home in a nation still suffering from the Great Depression.

I hope the young will not suppose that this myopia, from Munich to Pearl Harbor, sprang from selfish or immoral motives. It was rooted in one of the deepest desires of the human spirit, to live in peace. It was expressed clearly in a slogan heard everywhere in those days, "Peace, it's wonderful!" It was said in prayers, sung where good people gathered, chanted in street parades to protest the horrors of war.

That war came anyway despite the prayers, and brought with it horrors up to then unimagined, was not the fault of those of good will and one cannot fault them for those prayers. War came anyway because not all men are men of good will, because evil has not been banished from the earth.

Nor can one fault those men of good will, either, when the trial came. Once it became clear the choice was war or surrender to evil,

men of good will went off and died by the millions lest evil triumph unopposed.

The truth is that peace is easy to achieve. The Poles, the French, the Belgians, the British, could have easily had their peace. All they had to do was say "better to be Nazi than dead," lay down their arms, fight no more, and they would have had their peace. The question is whether the world would have been better for such a peace.

That is why those of us who remember, watching the unfolding story on a television screen, have a sense of deja vu the young cannot know, seeing the parades today of those who once more cry, "Peace, it's wonderful!" and seek it by laying down arms while, across the world, others build arms and more arms.

We find it strangest when this cry is heard in Europe. In that last war our country was spared the worst largely because people far away bore the brunt of war before us. Our own country has never been invaded and occupied. But the peoples of Europe, from the coast of Norway to the Mediterranean Sea, lived under a brutal heel until at long last, and after much dying, it was removed.

Can they really have forgotten how it was? Have those who temember nothing to say to the young who cannot? Can the young looking eastward to neighbors already under a brutal heel, think peace so wonderful as to be bought at such a price?

For now, as before, it can be bought at a price. Western Europe can easily have its peace, as can we. All that is required is to lay down arms, to think it better to be red than dead, and all danger of another war will vanish. Conquerors have no need of war when there are neither arms nor will to resist them.

As one who remembers how it was before, I wonder if the voices of surrender speak today for the peoples of Europe. Perhaps I can find out if I go back again and listen.

File

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 29, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

CRAIG L. FULLER

SUBJECT:

Stephanie Lee-Miller

Stephanie Lee-Miller, from the Department of Commerce, handed me the attached letter which she wrote to you. In the letter she indicates that she would like to be considered for a position in the Office of Public Liaison.

I will be pleased to talk with Faith about Stephanie and arrange a meeting, unless you wish to become involved.

other

other

other

cc: Ed Meese James Baker

	5/2/83
Date:	

NOTE FOR: CRAIG FULLER

The President has

XX seen

acted upon

commented upon XX

the attached; and it is forwarded to you for your:

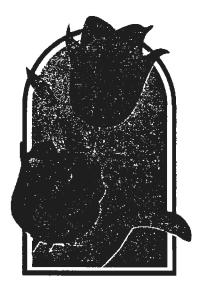
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action

Richard G. Darman Assistant to the President (x-2702)

Edwin Meese cc: James Baker Faith Whittlesey Central Files - Original ←



April 20, 1983

My dear President Reagan:

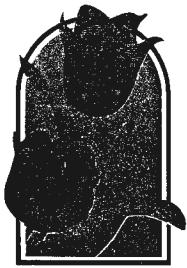
Several years ago you wrote me a letter with a bit of advice. You told me that you had to "push a little" to become accepted as a public speaker within the Republican party. Well, Mr. President, I am writing to you today to "push a little."

As you know, I came to Washington to help out as a volunteer on the Commerce transition team. My plan was to work at an agency for two years, then look for an opportunity to work for you at the White House. First, I wanted to learn the "lay of the land" in the federal bureaucracy.

As a Special Assistant for Public Affairs at Commerce, I have handled numerous assignments successfully. My most recent accomplishment was the national promotion of the Export Trading Company Act, of 1982. My efforts to promote ETCs have been lauded by a number of Commerce officials. You even cited the successful promotion in your trade speech at the Commonwealth Club.

I have made every effort to make a positive contribution to your Administration, in spite of many obstacles that have made my tenure very trying and frustrating. After two years of toiling in the trenches of the bureaucracy, I am now anxious to assume a more responsible position that will allow me to make a greater contribution to the Administration.

I understand that Faith Whittlesey is staffing the Office of Public Liaison. I am very interested in being considered for a position in that office. As former owner of a public relations firm in Beverly Hills, and



as a public affairs specialist at a federal agency, I believe I am qualified.

In 1975, you honored me with your endorsement for Los Angeles City Council. I hope you will do me the honor again of lending your support to my efforts to secure a position with Mrs. Whittlesey.

As it says in the scripture, a person must take their light from under a bushel and place it on a candlestick. My light has been under the bureaucratic bushel learning the ways of Washington. Now, I am ready to place my light on the candlestick of your Administration and shine your message of inspiration and hope to the many constituencies we are faced with in the coming months.

Thank you very much for your help. I look forward to seeing you soon.

Sincerely,

Stephanie Lee-Miller 377-2253 (work) 829-7320 (home)

14/740 4000

> PR (105-0 PR)14 AR

THE WILLTE HOUSE WASHINGTON

May 2, 1983

Dear Justin:

Thank you very much for your drawings of the Owl and the Puma Cub. They are excellent. I'm just a doodler but I recognize quality work when I see it and yours is that.

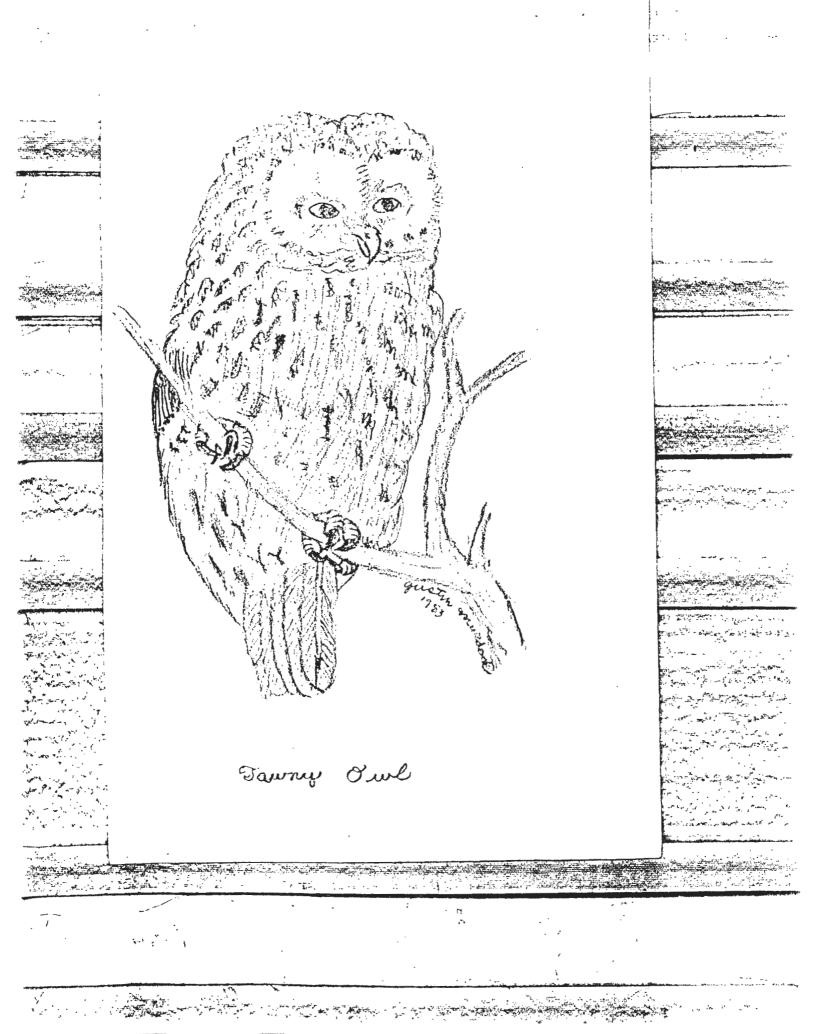
Thanks again and give my regards to your parents.

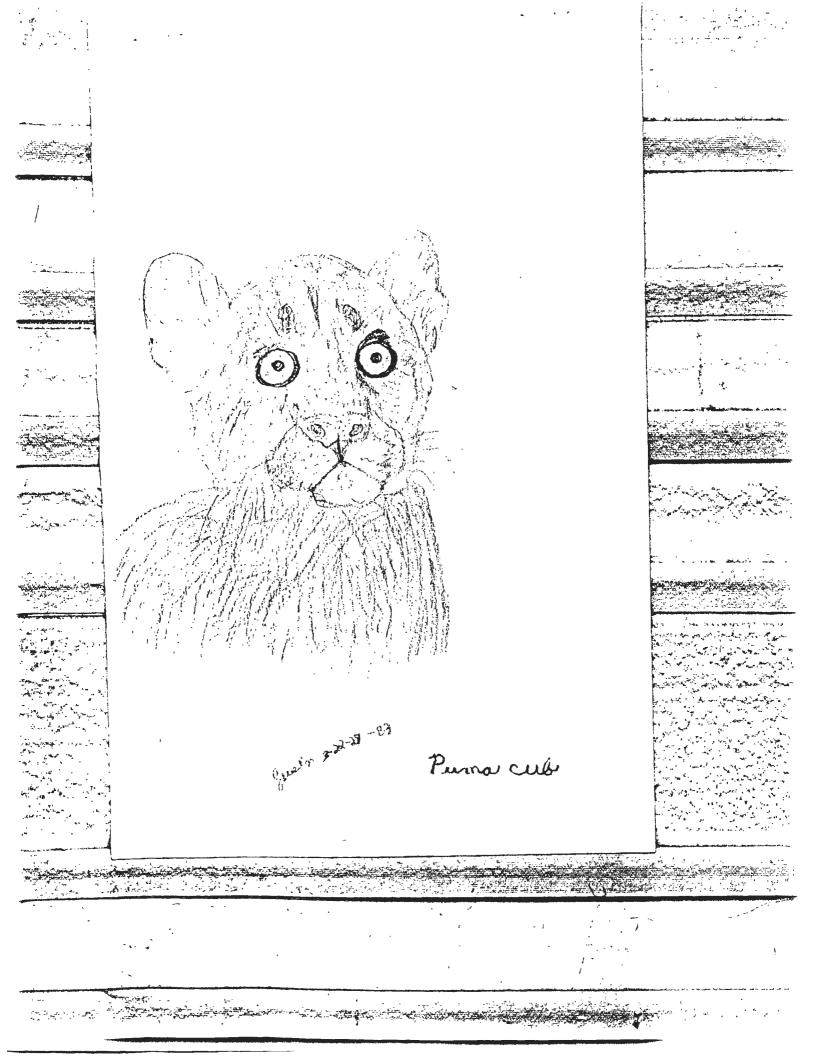
Sincerely,
Roused Ros

Justin Murdock 10744 Bellagio Road Los Angeles, California 90024

a danse

Dear Mr. President, d an sending a drawing of an owl and a puma cub that I made for your. Thank you for the special trip to the Oval Office. It was a great honor I incerely yours Justin Murdock





101741 FG006-1:

May 2, 1933

Dear John:

I thank you for accepting the post. I know very well how ably you will serve. There is a record going back to 1966 which gives proof of that.

I'm delighted that you will be a part of our Administration and again my heartfelt thanks.

Sincerely,

MONALD REASON A

Mr. John T. Dailey
Dailey Enterprises
Post Office Box 2817
540 North Tulip Street
Escondido, California 92025

RR:AVH:RCH:pps

RR Dictation



DAILEY ENTERPRISES

Post Office Box 2817
540 NORTH TULIP STREET, ESCONDIDO, CALIFORNIA 92025
TELEPHONE (XM: 745-2102) (New Area Code 619)

April 22, 1983

President Ronald Reagan THE WHITE HOUSE Washington, D. C. 20005

Dear President Reagan:

Thank you for appointing me to the Advisory Committee for Trade Negotiations. It is my fondest wish that I can serve your administration and make a contribution to our nation. Hopefully, during the course of the next two years, I can make at least some small contribution to Ambassador Bill Brock's efforts.

Working for Ronald Reagan has become a habit with me dating back to 1966 when, as a vice president of Rexall Drug and Chemical's chemical operations under Ralph Knight and Justin Dart, I was able to work in Beverly Hills for your election to the governorship. Through the years, supporting you has been an easy and pleasurable experience culminating in the 1980 campaign as a member of the Reagan Finance Committee in San Diego County under Gordon Luce. As an alternate delegate to the Detroit convention I was fortunate enough to cast a vote for your nomination. Having raised substantial monies for your campaign, I was privileged to become a member of the Reagan Ten Club and to enjoy with great personal satisfaction your inauguration in Washington.

Therefore, it is with great pride and honor indeed that I find myself associated with your administration. Again, thank you and God bless you. Keep up the good work.

Sincerely,

John T. Dailey

President

JTD:md

This is to the sam of the Mundrele in Calif. - I'm sure me have his adares - he is a was step Repuer. Briance chairman.

Thank you very much for the office of the one & the Puma lut. They are excellent. I'm first a doubler but de recognize quality work bout yours is that.

Thanks again & quie my regulas to your pounts.

90 Mr. John T. Dailey - Dailey Enterprises P.O. Box 2217 Exempliar Park.

Dear John I thank you for accepting the food. I know may mee how aby you will have. I take There is a record going back to 1966 which gives proof of that.

an administration and again my houtful throat

Sminn

End (45C File

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May 2, 1983

Dear Lt. Swanson:

Your mother has just left the Oval Office after presenting me with a plaque portraying George Washington kneeling in prayer at Valley Forge. Your mother and others also gave me a new Bible. She spoke of you and gave me a snapshot of you and your "voice of freedom" a Tomcat F-14.

I just wanted to check in with my thanks for what you and all your teammates are doing in behalf of freedom. There are no words to properly express my pride in all of you.

God bless you.

Sincerely,

Lt. Dave C. Swanson UF 142 U.S.S. Eisenhower FPO New York, New York 09501

RR:AVH:RCH:pps

RR Dictation

From the desk of President Ronald Reagan:

Lt. Danc C. Suranam UF 142 U.S.S. Eisenhamen CUN 69 FPO, N.Y. N.Y. 09501

Jon St. I monson

Joen Lt. I monson

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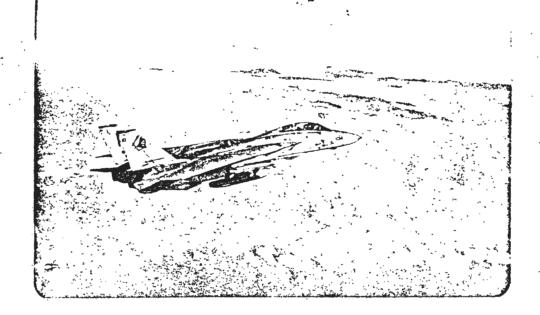
sured to prepare express my

pride in all of your

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Lead in all of your

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MAY 2. 1383

Dear Mrs. Talbert:

Nancy and I have just learned of your great loss. We know there are no words that can help but do want you to know that you are in our thoughts and prayers. You have our deepest sympathy and, yes, we share your loss.

12.65

Tex was so much a part of all the good things that happened to us. He was a true and treasured friend. We can only trust in God's infinite wisdom and mercy and believe that He does have a plan for each one of us. And we know that plan includes the healing that time can bring.

God bless you.

Sincerely,

Mrs. Paul H. Talbert 12431 Mulholland Drive Beverly Hills, California 90210

RR:AVII:RCH:pps

RR Dictation

From the desk of President Ronald Reagan.

To Mrs. Paul K. Fallert 12431 Mushalland Dr. Bouerey Kries Calif.

Dear Mrs. Talbert North there first barned of your great loss. We know there are no words that can beef but do want you to barner that you are in our thoughts to propers. You have our despect toympothyous yes me share your

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